

23 June 2023

Jason Letchford Secretary The Shearing Contractors' Association of Australia

Sent via email: <u>scaa@scaa.org.au</u> CC: <u>kirsten@scaa.org.au</u> <u>greg@pageharrison.com.au</u>

Dear Jason Letchford

The Shearing Contractors' Association of Australia Financial Report for the year ended 30 November 2022 – (FR2022/206)

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 November 2022 for the Shearing Contractors' Association of Australia. The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 13 June 2023.

The financial report has now been filed.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under sections 253, 265, 266 and 268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under section 268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 30 November 2023 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged. I make the following comments to assist you when you next prepare a financial report. The Commission will confirm these concerns have been addressed prior to filing next year's report.

Reports must be presented to general meeting within 6 months after end of financial year

Under section 266(1) of the RO Act, the report must be presented to a general meeting of members within 6 months after the end of the financial year (i.e. by 31 May 2023). The designated officer's certificate states that the financial report was presented to a general meeting of members on 1 June 2023.

If this date is correct, the reporting unit should have applied for an extension of time for the holding of the general meeting in accordance with section 265(5) of the RO Act.

Please note that in future financial years if an extension of time to hold the general meeting later than 6 months is required, a written request, signed by a relevant officer, including any reason for the delay, must be made prior to the expiry of the 6 month period.

Registered auditor's details

I note that the auditor's statement provided states the incorrect registration number of the registered auditor. The registration number of the auditor, Gregory Richards is AA2022/21.

Please ensure that in future years the auditor's statement includes the correct registration number of the registered auditor.

Reporting Requirements

The Commission's website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via <u>this link</u>.

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please contact Kylie Ngo on 1300 341 665 or via email at regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Fair Work Commission

THE SHEARING CONTRACTORS ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALIA

ABN 82 193 025 602

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

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CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER

s268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

Certificate for the year ended 30 November 2022

I, Jason Letchford, being the Secretary of the Shearing Contractors Association of Australia certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia for the period ended 30 November 2022 referred to in s.268 of the *Fair Work* (*Registered Organisations*) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 31st March 2023; and
- that the full report was presented to a general meeting of members on 1st June 2023 in accordance with s.266 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*.

Signature of prescribed designated officer:

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Name of prescribed designated officer: Jason Letchford

Title of prescribed designated officer: Secretary

Dated: 5th June 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE SHEARING CONTRACTORS ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALIA

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia (the Reporting Unit) which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 November 2022, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 November 2022, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; the Committee of Management Statement, the Subsection 255(2A) Report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia as at 30 November 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the *Fair Work* (*Registered Organisations*) *Act 2009* (the RO Act).

I declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Reporting Unit is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report. I am independent of the Reporting Unit in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS (CONT.)

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon (Cont.)

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Reporting Unit is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Reporting Unit's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Reporting Unit or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Reporting Unit's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.



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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS (CONT.)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (Cont.)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Reporting Unit's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Reporting Unit to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Reporting Unit to express an opinion on the financial report. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Reporting Unit audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I declare that I am an approved auditor registered under the RO Act.

Page Harrison & Co Chartered Accountants

GREGORY RICHARDS Director

Sydney

Date: 31st March 2023

Registration number (as required by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2018/40

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) on the Reporting Unit for the year ended 30 November 2022.

Categories of expenditures	2022 \$	2021 \$
Remuneration and other employment-related costs and expenses - employees	-	-
Advertising	-	-
Operating costs	293,328	234,012
Donations to political parties	-	-
Legal costs	-	-

Signature of prescribed designated officer:

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Name of prescribed designated officer: Jason Letchford

Title of prescribed designated officer: Secretary

Dated: 31st March 2023

OPERATING REPORT

The Committee of Management presents its report on the Reporting Unit for the financial year ended 30 November 2022.

Review of principal activities

The principal activities of the association during the financial year were to look after the interests of shearing contractors around Australia, including;

- Negotiation of pay rates and conditions of the shearing industry labour force
- Disseminate statutory and helpful information to members
- Provide discounted merchandise to members
- Provision of industry specific material and resources to streamline operations

Results of principal activities

The Association's principal activities resulted in the preservation of the interests of shearing contractors allowing them to operate within a financially viable environment; along with the preservation of the interests of the industry in general.

Significant changes in the nature of principal activities

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Association's principal activities during the financial year.

Significant changes in financial affairs

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Association's financial affairs during the financial year.

Right of members to resign

In accordance with the resignation rule (Rule 12) a member has the right to resign from the Association.

Officers or members who are superannuation fund trustee(s) or director of a company that is a superannuation fund trustee where being a member or officer of a registered organisation is a criterion for them holding such position

No officer or member of the Association was:

- (i) a trustee of a superannuation entity or an exempt public sector superannuation scheme; or
- (ii) a director of a company that is a trustee of a superannuation entity or an exempt public sector superannuation scheme.

Number of members

The number of members who were recorded at the end of the financial year was 189.

Number of employees

The number of persons who were employed by the Association at the end of the financial year was -NIL.

OPERATING REPORT (CONT.)

Names of Committee of Management members and period positions held during the financial year

The persons who held office as members of the Committee of Management of the Association during the reporting period (unless otherwise stated):

Name	Position	Date
Michael Schofield Andrew Morrison Steven Rigby Jason Letchford Vic McCalman Peter Smith Robbie Crouch Julian Kelly	President Vice President Vice President Secretary-Treasurer Trustee Trustee Committee of Management	5 May 2022 5 May 2022
Richard Rees	Committee of Management	5 May 2022

Signature of designated officer:

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Name and title of designated officer: Jason Letchford (Secretary)

Dated: 31st March 2023

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

On the 31 March 2023 the Committee of Management of the Association passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report (GPFR) for the year ended 30 November 2022:

The Committee of Management declares that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - (i) meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (ii) the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (iii) the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
 - (iv) where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner with each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - (v) where information has been sought in any request by a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act the information has been provided to the member or Commissioner; and
 - (vi) where any order for inspection of financial records has been made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

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Signature of designated officer:

Name and title of designated officer: Jason Letchford (Secretary)

Dated this day: 31st March 2023

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customer	3		
Membership subscription		124,943	102,798
Levies	3B	-	21,216
Other sales of goods or services to members		169,781	109,914
Total revenue from contracts with customers		294,724	233,928
Other Income			
Investment income	3H	1,414	3,385
Other income	3J	-	7,110
Total other income		1,414	10,495
Total income		296,138	244,423
Expenses			
Employee expense	4A	-	-
Cost of goods sold		(148,567)	(102,887)
Affiliation fees	4C	-	-
Administration expenses	4D	(33,875)	(23,320)
Legal costs	4H	-	(1,138)
Other expenses	4K	(103,886)	(100,556)
Audit fees	11	(7,000)	(5,500)
Total expenses		(293,328)	(233,401)
Surplus (deficit) for the year	_	2,810	11,022

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	314,922	314,142
Trade and other receivables	5B	19,873	20,074
Inventories	5C	2,066	2,241
Other current assets	5C	-	-
Total current assets	_	336,861	336,457
Total assets	_	336,861	336,457
Trade payables	6A	-	2,406
Other payables	6B	-	-
Provisions	6C	-	-
Total current liabilities		-	2,406
Total liabilities	-	-	2.406
Net assets	_	336,861	334,051
EQUITY			
General funds	7A	112,413	112,413
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)		224,448	221,638
Total equity	_	336,861	334,051

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

		General funds	Retained earnings	Total equity
	Note	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 December 2020		112,413	210,616	323,029
Surplus / (deficit) for the year		-	11,022	11,022
Closing balance as at 30 November 2021		112,413	221,638	334,051
Surplus / (deficit) for the year		-	2,810	2,810
Closing balance as at 30 November 2022		112,413	224,448	336,861

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Customers and members		294,925	232,362
Receipts from other reporting units/controlled entity(s)			-
Interest		1,414	3,385
Other			-
Cash used		296,339	235,747
Suppliers		(295,559)	(230,415)
Payment to other reporting units/controlled entity(s)			-
Net cash from (used by) operating activities	8A	780	5,332
Net increase (decrease) in cash held	_	780	5,332
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		314,142	308,810
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	5A	314,922	314,142

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (**AASB**) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009* (**RO Act**). For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by accounting standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

There are no accounting assumptions or estimates identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standards and amendments

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following amendments to accounting standards and other changes in accounting policy, which have been adopted for the first time this financial year:

• AASB 2021-3 Amendments to AASs – COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

The Association does not foresee any material impact on its financial statements from the application of this standard.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont.)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards and amendments (Cont.)

Future Australian Accounting Standards

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to future reporting periods that are expected to have a future financial impact on The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia include:

Standard	Application date of standard	Application date for Association	Impact
AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current	1 January 2023	1 December 2023	The amendments clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The Association does not expect the adoption of this amendment to have an impact on its financial statements.

1.5 Acquisition of assets and or liabilities that do not constitute a business combination

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia did not acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009,* a restructure of the branches of the Association or a determination or revocation by the General Manager of the Fair Work Commission under subsections 245(1) or 249(1) of the RO Act.

1.6 Current versus non-current classification

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont.)

1.6 Current versus non-current classification (Cont.)

Current versus non-current classification

• There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

1.7 Revenue

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Where The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia has a contract with a customer, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling price of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia contractors Association of Australia recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont.)

1.7 Revenue (Cont.)

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, The Sharing Contractors Association of Australia has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia at their standalone selling price, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

1.8 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

1.9 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

1.10 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

1.11 Financial assets

Contract assets and receivables

A contract asset is recognised when The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia right to consideration in exchange goods or services that has transferred to the customer when that right is conditioned on The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia future performance or some other condition.

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract assets and receivables are subject to impairment assessment. Refer to accounting policies on impairment of financial assets below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont.)

1.11 Financial assets (Cont.)

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (**SPPI**) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into five categories:

- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (**EIR**) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont.)

1.11 Financial assets (Cont.)

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
 - a) The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
 - b) The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

When The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment

Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have [30-day] terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses (ECLs) at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

(i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs which requires lifetime ECLs to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont.)

1.12 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost or at fair value through profit or loss.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

1.13 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.14 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated, and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Cont.)

1.15 Taxation

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has an obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (**FBT**) and the Goods and Services Tax (**GST**).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO); and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified within operating cash flows.

1.16 Inventory

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the selfmated costs necessary to make the sale.

1.17 Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal trading activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Association's continued existence is ultimately dependent upon future sales of merchandise and member subscriptions.

The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue as a going concern basis.

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There has not been any matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia in subsequent financial periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

2022	2021
\$	\$

Note 3 Revenue and income

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia revenue by type of arrangement is provided on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer:

Type of customer		
Members	294,724	233,928
Other reporting units	-	-
Government	-	-
Other parties	-	-
Total revenue from contracts with customers	294,724	233,928

Disaggregation of income for furthering activities

A disaggregation of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia income by type of arrangement is provided on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of income by funding source:

Income funding sources		
Members	294,724	233,928
Other reporting units	-	-
Government	-	-
Other parties	-	-
Total income for furthering activities	294,724	233,928
Note 3B: Levies		
Special levy to members – Covid	-	21,216
Total levies	-	21,216
Note 3C: Grants and/or donations [*] Grants Donations	-	-
Total grants and donations	-	-
Note 3H: Investment income		
Interest Deposits Loans	1,414	3,385
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	_
Dividends	-	-
Total investment income	1,414	3,385
Note 3J: Other income		
Sponsorship	-	6,450
AGM – Dinner	-	660
Total other income		7,110

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Note 4 Expenses		
Note 4D: Administration expenses		
Total paid to employers for payroll deductions of membership subscriptions Compulsory levies	:	-
Fees/allowances – meetings and conferences	-	-
Conference and meeting expenses	11,425	976
Advertising & promotion	1,680	2,845
Office expenses	6,130	6,945
Information communications technology	2,920	3,137
Other	11,720	9,417
Total administration expenses	33,875	23,320
Note 4E: Grants or donations		
Grants:		
Total expensed that were \$1,000 or less	-	-
Total expensed that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Donations:		
Total expensed that were \$1,000 or less	-	-
Total expensed that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Total grants or donations	-	-
Note 4H: Legal costs		
Litigation	-	-
Other legal costs	-	1,138
	-	1,138
Note 4K: Other expenses		
Rent	9,335	9,075
Consultants and contractors	94,551	91,481
	103,886	100,556

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Note 5 Current Assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	314,922	314,142
Total cash and cash equivalents	314,922	314,142
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting unit[s]		
Total receivables from other reporting unit[s]	-	-
Less provision for doubtful debts	-	
Total receivables from other reporting unit[s] (net)	-	-
Other receivables:		
GST receivable from the Australian Taxation Office Other amounts receivable from the Australian Taxation Office	10,642	10,614
Other trade receivables	9,231	9,460
Total other receivables	19,873	20,074
Total trade and other receivables (net)	19,873	20,074
Note 5C: Other Current Assets		
Stock on hand	2,066	2,241
Prepayments	-	-
Total other current assets	2,066	2,241
Note 6 Current Liabilities		
Note 6A: Trade payables		
Trade creditors and accruals	-	2,406
Subtotal trade creditors	-	2,406
Payables to other reporting unit[s]		
Subtotal payables to other reporting unit[s]		
Total trade payables		- 2,406
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.	_	2,400

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

S S Note 6B: Other payables - Payable to employers for making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions - Legal costs - Prepayments received - Total other payables - Total other payables are expected to be settled in: - No more than 12 months - More than 12 months - Total other payables - Note 6C: Provisions - Employee Provisions - Annual Leave - Long Service Leave - Separation and redundancy - Other Employee Provisions - Total Employee Provisions - Note 7 Equity - Note 7 Funds - General Fund - Balance as at start of year 112,413 Transferred to reserve - Transferred out of reserve - Transferred out of reserve - Balance as at end of year 112,413 Taskerves -		2022	2021
Payable to employers for making payroll deductions of membership - Legal costs - Prepayments received - Total other payables - Total other payables are expected to be settled in: - No more than 12 months - More than 12 months - Note 6C: Provisions - Employee Provisions - Annual Leave - Long Service Leave - Separation and redundancy - Other Employee Provisions - Total Employee Provisions - Note 7 Equity - Note 7 Equity - Note 7 Equity - Seneral Fund 112,413 Balance as at start of year - Transferred to reserve - Transferred out of reserve - Transferred out of reserve - Balance as at end of year 112,413		\$	\$
subscriptions - - Legal costs - - Prepayments received - - Total other payables - - Total other payables are expected to be settled in: - - No more than 12 months - - More than 12 months - - Total other payables - - Note 6C: Provisions - - Employee Provisions - - Annual Leave - - Long Service Leave - - Separation and redundancy - - Other Employee Provisions - - Total Employee Provisions - - Note 7 Equity Note 7A: Funds - General Fund 112,413 112,413 112,413 Balance as at start of year - - - Transferred to reserve - - - Transferred out of reserve - - - Balance as at end of year 112,413 112,413 112,413 <td>Note 6B: Other payables</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Note 6B: Other payables		
Legal costs - - - Prepayments received - - - Total other payables - - - Total other payables are expected to be settled in: - - - No more than 12 months - - - - Total other payables - - - - Total other payables -		-	-
Prepayments received - - Total other payables - - Total other payables are expected to be settled in: . - No more than 12 months - - More than 12 months - - Total other payables - - Total other payables - - Note 6C: Provisions - - Employee Provisions - - Annual Leave - - Long Service Leave - - Separation and redundancy - - Other Employee Provisions - - Total Employee Provisions - - Note 7 Equity - - Note 7 Equity - - Note 7 Equity - - Note 7 Farinds - - Balance as at start of year 112,413 112,413 Transferred to reserve - - Tansferred out of reserve - - Balance as at end of year 112,413 112,413	•	-	-
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More than 12 monthsTotal other payablesNote 6C: ProvisionsEmployee ProvisionsAnnual LeaveLong Service LeaveSeparation and redundancyOther Employee ProvisionsTotal Employee ProvisionsNote 7 EquityNote 7 EquityNote 7A: Funds112,413112,413Transferred to reserveTransferred out of reserveTransferred out of reserveBalance as at end of year112,413112,413	Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
Total other payablesNote 6C: ProvisionsEmployee ProvisionsAnnual Leave-Long Service Leave-Separation and redundancy-Other Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7 A: Funds-General Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve-Transferred out of reserve-Transferred out of reserve-112,413112,413112,413112,413	No more than 12 months	-	-
Note 6C: ProvisionsEmployee ProvisionsAnnual LeaveLong Service LeaveSeparation and redundancyOther Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7A: FundsGeneral Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve-Transferred to reserveBalance as at end of year112,413112,413112,413112,413112,413112,413	More than 12 months	-	-
Employee ProvisionsAnnual Leave-Long Service Leave-Separation and redundancy-Other Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7A: Funds-General Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve Transferred out of reserve-Transferred to reserve-Transferred to reserve-Transferred to reserve-Transferred to fear112,413112,413112,413	Total other payables	-	-
Annual Leave-Long Service Leave-Separation and redundancy-Other Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7A: Funds-General Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve Transferred out of reserve-Balance as at end of year112,413112,413112,413	Note 6C: Provisions		
Long Service Leave-Separation and redundancy-Other Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7A: Funds-General Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve Transferred out of reserve-Balance as at end of year112,413112,413112,413	Employee Provisions		
Separation and redundancy Other Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7A: Funds-General Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve Transferred out of reserve-Transferred out of reserve 112,413-Balance as at end of year112,413112,413112,413	Annual Leave	-	-
Other Employee Provisions-Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7A: Funds-General Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve Transferred out of reserve-Transferred out of reserve 112,413-Balance as at end of year112,413	Long Service Leave	-	-
Total Employee Provisions-Note 7 Equity Note 7A: Funds-General Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve Transferred out of reserve-Transferred out of reserveBalance as at end of year112,413112,413112,413	Separation and redundancy	-	-
Note 7 Equity Note 7A: FundsGeneral Fund Balance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve Transferred out of reserve-Transferred out of reserve-Balance as at end of year112,413	Other Employee Provisions	-	-
Note 7A: FundsGeneral FundBalance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve-Transferred out of reserve-Balance as at end of year112,413	Total Employee Provisions	-	
General FundBalance as at start of year112,413Transferred to reserve-Transferred out of reserve-Transferred out of reserve-Balance as at end of year112,413	Note 7 Equity		
Balance as at start of year112,413112,413Transferred to reserveTransferred out of reserveBalance as at end of year112,413112,413	Note 7A: Funds		
Transferred to reserveTransferred out of reserveBalance as at end of year112,413112,413	General Fund		
Transferred out of reserve-Balance as at end of year112,413112,413112,413	Balance as at start of year	112,413	112,413
Balance as at end of year112,413112,413		-	-
		-	-
Total Reserves 112,413 112,413	Balance as at end of year	112,413	112,413
	Total Reserves	112,413	112,413

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

2022	2021
\$	\$

Note 8 Cash Flow

Note 8A: Cash Flow Reconciliation

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement:

Cash and cash equivalents as per:		
Cash flow statement	314,922	314,142
Statement of financial position	314,922	314,142
Difference	-	-
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities:		
Profit/(deficit) for the year	2,810	11,022
Changes in assets/liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	201	(8,676)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	175	580
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(2,406)	2,406
Net cash from (used by) operating activities	780	5,332

Note 9 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 9A: Commitments and Contingencies

Operating lease commitments—as lessee

There are no operating lease commitments as at 30 November 2022.

Capital commitments

At 30 November 2022 the entity has commitments of \$Nil (2021:Nil).

Finance lease commitments—as lessee

There are no finance lease commitments as at 30 November 2022.

Other contingent assets or liabilities

The entity is not subject to any other contingent obligations for the year ended 30 November 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 10 Related Party Disclosures

Note 10A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Expenses paid to Michael Schofield includes the following:		
President's Honorarium	5,000	5,000
Expenses paid to Jason Letchford includes the following:		
Secretarial, administrative and bookkeeping services	75,000	74,100
Rent	9,335	9,075

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The honorarium is paid on an annual basis in agreement with the Committee of Members.

The fees paid to Jason Letchford are paid to his sole trader business for services provided in maintaining the books and records of the Association as the Association has no employees. The terms are on normal commercial terms agreed by the Committee of Members.

The Association has no permanent address and therefore rent is paid to Jason Letchford for the use of his property in conducting the business of the Association. These payments are made in agreement with the Committee of Members.

There are no amounts payable to or receivable from any related party as at 30 November 2022.

Note 11 Remuneration of Auditors

Value of the services provided		
Financial statement audit services	7,000	5,500
Other services	-	-
Total remuneration of auditors	7,000	5,500

No other services were provided by the auditors of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Note 12 Financial Instruments		
Note 12A: Financial Assets		
Held-to-maturity investments:		
Cash at bank	314,922	314,142
Total	314,922	314,142
Loans and receivables:		
Trade receivables	9,231	9,460
GST receivable	10,642	10,614
Other receivables	-	-
Total	19,873	20,074
Carrying amount of financial assets	334,795	334,216
Note 12B: Financial Liabilities		
Other financial liabilities:	-	-
Trade payables	-	2,406
Total	-	2,406

Note 12C: Interest Rate Risk

Carrying amount of financial liabilities

The following details the Association's exposures to interest rates risk as at 30 November 2022:

• Cash on hand of \$314,922 attracting a variable interest rate of 0.5%-1.0% (2021: \$314,142 at 0.5%-1.0%)

Note 12D Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contracted obligations resulting in financial loss to

the Association. The Association has adopted the policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral or other security where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Association measures credit risk on a fair value basis.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any provisions for losses, represents the Association's maximum financial exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral or other security obtained.

2,406

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

Note 12 Financial Instruments (Cont.)

Note 12D Credit Risk (Cont.)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on financial assets using a provision matrix:

30 November 2022		Trade	and other re	ceivables		
	Days past due					
			30-60	61-90		
	Current	<30 days	days	days	>91 days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expected credit loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total gross carrying amount	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note 13 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commissioner:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT

I, Jason Letchford, being the Secretary of The Shearing Contractors Association of Australia, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 November 2022.

The reporting unit did not:

- agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- receive capitation fees or any other revenue amount from another reporting unit
- receive donations or grants
- receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- incur fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- pay capitation fees or any other expense to another reporting unit
- pay affiliation fees to other entity
- pay compulsory levies
- pay wages and salaries to holders of office
- pay superannuation to holders of office
- pay leave and other entitlements to holders of office
- pay separation and redundancy to holders of office
- pay wages and salaries to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay superannuation to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay leave and other entitlements to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay separation and redundancy to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay other employee expenses to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- have a receivable with other reporting unit(s)
- have a payable with other reporting unit(s)
- have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to litigation
- have a annual leave provision in respect of holders of office
- have a long service leave provision in respect of holders of office
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of holders of office
- have other employee provisions in respect of holders of office
- have a annual leave provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have a long service leave provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)

- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have other employee provisions in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have a fund or account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity
- provide cash flows to another reporting unit and/or controlled entity
- receive cash flows from another reporting unit and/or controlled entity
- have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

etd al

Signed by the officer: Jason Letchford

Dated: 31st March 2023