

21 September 2023

Gary O'Halloran Branch Secretary

Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of

Australia - Plumbing Division Queensland Divisional Branch

Sent via email: gary@plumbersunionqld.com
CC: sgreene@mgisq.com.au

Dear Gary O'Halloran

Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia - Plumbing Division Queensland Divisional Branch
Financial Report for the year ended 31 March 2023 – (FR2023/11)

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 31 March 2023 for the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia - Plumbing Division Queensland Divisional Branch. The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 18 September 2023.

The financial report has now been filed. You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under sections 253, 265, 266 and 268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under section 268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 31 March 2024 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

Reporting Requirements

The Commission's website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via this link.

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please call Kylie Ngo on 1300 341 665 or email regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Kylie Ngo Fair Work Commission

s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER

Certificate for the period ended 31 March 2023

I Gary O'Halloran being the Branch Secretary of the Communications, Electrical Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Communications, Electrical Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch for the period ended 31 March 2023 referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 27 July 2023; and
- that the full report was presented a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 5 September 2023 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer: A Challerow

Name of prescribed designated officer: Gary O'Halloran

Title of prescribed designated officer: Branch Secretary

Dated: 18 September 2023

ABN 51 918 867 235

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Operating Report

The Committee of Management presents its report on the operations of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch (the Branch) for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Branch during the year fell in the following categories:

- Organising existing members and new members
- Bargaining, negotiating and arbitrating for improvements in wages and conditions of employment for members of the Branch.
- Representing members in work related grievances or other matters
- Undertaking training and development for delegates of the Branch.

Over the year the Branch negotiated many Collective Agreements delivering improvements in wages and conditions to CEPU – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch members.

There have been no changes in the principal activities of the Branch during the year.

Operating Result

The surplus of the Branch amounted to \$213,176. No provision for tax was necessary as the Union is considered exempt.

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

There were no significant changes to the financial affairs of the Branch during the year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

Members Right to Resign

The right of members to resign from the Branch is set out in the Rules of the CEPU – Plumbing Division (and Section 174 of the RO Act). A member may resign membership by written notice addressed and delivered to the Branch Secretary.

Number of Members

Total number of members at 31 March 2023: 3,703.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Number of Employees

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time employees and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 14.33.

Officer or Members who are superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation fund Trustee

Currently the Branch does not have any officers or members who hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2)(d) of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act* 2009, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such as position is as follows:

Name	Position	Period of Office
Damian O'Sullivan	Branch President/ Trustee	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
Gary O'Halloran	Branch Secretary	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
Michael Wiech	Branch Assistant Secretary	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
Daniel Gillett	Branch Vice-President/ Trustee	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
Sean Trainor	Committee Member	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
Andrew Burn	Committee Member	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
Kenny Murdoch	Committee Member	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
James MacDonald	Committee Member	01/04/22 - 31/03/23
Tyler Watts	Committee member	01/04/22 - 31/03/23

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Wages Recovery Activity

The Branch continuously undertook recovery of wages on behalf of members. It is Branch policy that any successful wage recovery from employers is paid directly to those effected members. As a result, no wage recovery activity is accounted through via the Branch's bank accounts and therefore is not reflected in these financial statements.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Gary O'Halloran Branch Secretary

25 July 2023

South Brisbane



accountants + auditors

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE

COMMUNICATIONS, ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC, ENERGY, INFORMATION, POSTAL, PLUMBING AND ALLIED SERVICES UNION OF AUSTRALIA – PLUMBING DIVISION – QUEENSLAND BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch for the year ended 31 March 2023; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

S C Greene

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 25 July 2023

Registration number (as registered by the General Manager under the RO Act): AA2017/119

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

On 25 July 2023, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and
- the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation;
- iii. the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act;
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation;
- where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or the General Manager duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or the General Manager; and
- vi. where any order for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer: Gary O'Halloran

Title of Designated Officer: Branch Secretary

Signature: La Challonous

Date: 25 July 2023

accountants + auditors



Level 1, 200 Mary Street GPO Box 1087 Brisbane QLD 4001 Australia t. +61 7 3002 4800 f. +61 7 3229 5603

Independent Audit Report to the Members of Communications,

Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and

Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch f. +61 7 5591 1772

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

e. info@mgisq.com.au w. www.mgisq.com.au

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch as at 31 March 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the
 direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit
 opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, Registered Company Auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

S C Greene

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 25 July 2023

Registration number (as registered by the General Manager under the RO Act): AA2017/119

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers	3		
Membership subscriptions	_	1,784,961	1,706,542
Total revenue from contracts with customers	_	1,784,961	1,706,542
Revenue from furthering objectives			
Grants or donations	3	1,863,976	1,372,003
Total income from furthering objectives	_	3,648,937	3,078,545
Other income			
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		156,763	89,545
Interest	3A	49,032	18,865
Sponsorship income	3B	198,582	196,395
Compliance income	3C	346,447	337,173
Other income	3D	235,411	283,929
Total other income	-	986,235	925,907
Total revenue	-	4,635,172	4,004,452
Expenses			
Employee expenses	4A	(2,633,572)	(2,454,753)
Sustentation/ capitation fees	4B	(198,000)	(181,688)
Affiliation fees	4C	(43,408)	(39,782)
Audit fees	14	(27,177)	(28,290)
Legal costs and fines	4D	(96,060)	(78,948)
Grants or donations	4E	(120,500)	(2,573)
Depreciation and amortisation	4F	(200,901)	(187,634)
Finance costs	4G	(7,956)	(3,263)
Administration expense	4H	(1,082,042)	(602,439)
Other expense	41	(12,380)	(11,953)
Total expenses	=	(4,421,996)	(3,591,323)
Surplus for the year	-	213,176	413,129
•	-	213,170	713,123
Other comprehensive income Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)		2 600 256	242 222
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,608,256 2,821,432	343,222 756,351
rotal comprehensive income for the year	_	2,021,432	7 30,331

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	4,588,750	5,176,825
Trade and other receivables	5B	59,729	57,653
Other current assets	5C	47,536	41,548
Total current assets		4,696,015	5,276,026
Non-Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	5B	2,127,562	-
Land and buildings	6A	3,673,265	2,299,691
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	6B	39,260	52,618
Motor vehicles	6C	293,480	221,829
Total non-current assets		6,133,567	2,574,138
Total assets		10,829,582	7,850,164
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	308,569	293,732
Other payables	7B	1,940,939	1,920,317
Borrowings	8A	-	250,000
Lease liability	8B	106,017	17,181
Employee provisions	9A	1,333,394	1,200,199
Total current liabilities		3,688,919	3,681,429
Non-Current Liabilities			
Lease liability	8B	168,034	22,024
Employee provisions	9A	41,924	37,438
Total non-current liabilities		209,958	59,462
Total liabilities		3,898,877	3,740,891
Net assets		6,930,705	4,109,273
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		2,041,979	1,828,803
Reserves	10A	4,888,726	2,280,470
Total equity		6,930,705	4,109,273
·	:	-,,	,,

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

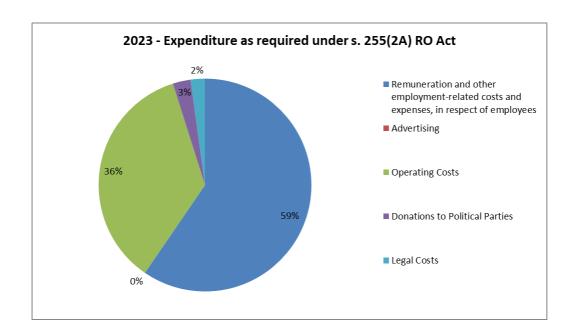
	Asset Revaluation Reserve	General Reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 April 2021	1,662,366	274,882	1,415,674	3,352,922
Surplus for the year	-	-	413,129	413,129
Other comprehensive income	343,222	-	-	343,222
Closing balance as at 31 March 2022	2,005,588	274,882	1,828,803	4,109,273
Surplus for the year	-	-	213,176	213,176
Other comprehensive income	2,608,256	-	-	2,608,256
Closing balance as at 31 March 2023	4,613,844	274,882	2,041,979	6,930,705

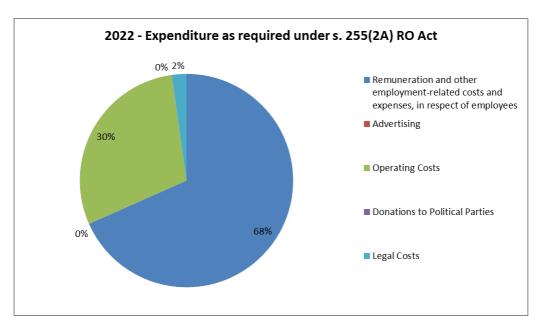
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received Receipts from other reporting units Receipts from other customers Interest received	·	- 4,576,310 18,865
Cash received Receipts from other reporting units Receipts from other customers 11B	4,919,606	
Receipts from other reporting units 11B Receipts from other customers	4,919,606	
Receipts from other customers	4,919,606	
•		
Interest received	13,271	18,865
Cash used		
Payments to employees and suppliers	(4,389,987)	(3,451,111)
Payments to other reporting units 11B	(211,412)	(194,427)
Net cash provided by operating activities	394,585	949,637
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1,655,436	91,078
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(238,262)	(198,132)
Advances to related parties	(2,091,801)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(674,627)	(107,054)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Lease repayments (principal)	(58,033)	(24,151)
Loan repayments	(250,000)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(308,033)	(24,151)
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash held	(588,075)	818,432
,	(222,310)	513,102
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	5,176,825	4,358,393
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period 11A	4,588,750	5,176,825

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) on the Branch for the year ended 31 March 2023:





Gary O'Halloran Branch Secretary

South Brisbane 25 July 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009*. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch (the Branch) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements are in Australian dollars and have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Key Estimates

Impairment - general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

Lease Liabilities/ Right to Use Asset

Key assumptions used in the determination of the Branch's lease liability/ right to use assets are:

Incremental borrowing rate: 6.31%

Annual rental increases: 3%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

Key Judgements (Continued)

Key Judgements

Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workers compensation and payroll tax.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

New accounting standards and amendments applied for the first time for this annual reporting period commencing 1 April 2022 did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in the current or prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect future periods.

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, several new, but not yet effective, Standards and amendments to existing Standards, and Interpretations have been published by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB). None of these Standards or amendments to existing Standards have been adopted early by the Branch.

The Committee of Management anticipates that all relevant pronouncements will be adopted for the first period beginning on or after the effective date of the pronouncement. New Standards, amendments and Interpretations not adopted in the current year have not been disclosed as they are not expected to have a material impact on the Branch's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue

The Branch enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Where the Branch has a contract with a customer, the Branch recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Branch accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Branch.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Branch recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Branch's promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Branch allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Branch charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), the Branch recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Branch has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Branch at their standalone selling price, the Branch accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue (Continued)

Income of the Branch as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by the Branch to enable the entity to further its objectives. The Branch recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when the Branch obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or services to the customer; and
- the Branch's recognition of the cash contribution does not give to any related liabilities.

Income recognised from transfers

Where, as part of an enforceable agreement, the Branch receives consideration to acquire or construct a non-financial asset such as property, plant and equipment to an identified specification and for the Branch's own use, a liability is recognised for the obligation to acquire or construct the asset. Income is recognised as the obligation to acquire or construct the asset is satisfied, which is typically over time. The asset that is being acquired or constructed is recognised in accordance with the policy on property, plant and equipment.

Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Employee benefits (Continued)

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

Employees of the Branch have the following vesting periods for their Long Service Leave balance paid upon termination (on a pro-rata basis):

Elected (paid) officers 3 years
 Officials 3 years
 Administration Staff 5 years
 Other staff 10 years

The Branch does not have an unconditional right to deferred settlement (for those employees who have met their vesting period), resulting in Long Service Leave entitlements to be reported at reporting date as current liabilities.

1.7 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

1.8 Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/ or expense in the year to which it relates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.9 Leases

For any leases entered into, the Branch considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition the Branch assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- The contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Branch;
- The Branch has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract:
- The Branch has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use.
- The Branch assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Branch recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Branch, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Branch depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Branch also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Branch measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Branch's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in insubstance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.9 Leases (continued)

The Branch has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. On the statement of financial position, right-of-use assets have been included in property, plant and equipment and lease liabilities have been included in trade and other payables.

1.10 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

1.11 Financial assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Branch's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Branch's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Branch commits to purchase or sell the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.11 Financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:

- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The reporting unit measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Branch's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.11 Financial assets (continued)

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
 - a) the Branch has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - b) the Branch has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Branch continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment

Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.11 Financial assets (continued)

(i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Branch applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Branch does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

(ii) Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Branch recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Branch expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs
 are provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12month ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Branch considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Branch may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Branch is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost unless or at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Branch's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.13 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.14 Liabilities relating to contracts with customers

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Branch transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Branch performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Refund liabilities

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. The Branch refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount the Branch ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Branch updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

1.15 Property, Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Revaluations—Land and Buildings

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient frequency such that the carrying amount of assets do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values as at the reporting date.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reversed a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the surplus/deficit. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the profit or loss except to the extent that they reverse a previous revaluation increment for that class. Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the asset is restated to the revalued amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.15 Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the Branch Committee of Management to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from those assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows, which will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with that item will flow to the Branch and the costs of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

Class of Fixed Asset

Buildings

2.5%

Plant and equipment

10% - 33%

Motor Vehicles

25%

Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

1.17 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.18 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 16.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.18 Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

1.19 Grants

Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Branch will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Branch recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, grants whose primary condition is that the Branch should purchase, construct otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Branch with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 31 March 2023, and/ or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2022	2023	
\$	\$	

Note 3 Revenue and income

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with custome A disaggregation of the Branch's revenue by type of arrange	ments is provided on the face of	
of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a c	lisaggregation of revenue by ty	pe of customer.
Type of customer		
Members	1,784,961	1,706,542
Total revenue from contracts with customers	1,784,961	1,706,542
Disaggregation of revenue from furthering objectives		
A disaggregation of the Branch's revenue by type of arrange		
of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a c	lisaggregation of revenue by ty	pe of customer.
Type of customer		
Other – Training grants	1,863,976	1,372,003
Total revenue from furthering objectives	1,863,976	1,372,003
Note 3A: Interest		
Deposits – 3 rd parties	13,271	18,865
Related entity (PGEU)	35,761	-
Total interest	49,032	18,865
Note 3B: Sponsorship income		
Sponsorship income - general	198,582	196,395
Total organising income	198,582	196,395
Note 3C: Compliance income		
Compliance fees	214,027	209,447
Collection/ administration fee for service	132,420	127,726
Total compliance income	346,447	337,173
Note 3D: Other income		
Board fees	96,511	87,643
Other Income	138,900	27,573
Legal fee recoveries	-	81,179
Total other income	235,411	196,395

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 4 Expenses Note 4A: Employee expenses Holders of office: Wages and salaries 375,568 359,891 Superannuation 52,382 49,885 Leave and other entitlements 95,954 93,572 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 523,904 503,348 Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries 1,440,033 1,975,036 Superannuation 229,280 203,473 Leave and other entitlements 287,957 251,733 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688 Total Sustentation fees 198,000 181,688			2023	2022
Note 4A: Employee expenses Holders of office: Wages and salaries 375,568 359,891 Superannuation 52,382 49,885 Leave and other entitlements 95,954 93,572 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 523,904 503,348 Employees other than office holders: *** *** Wages and salaries 1,440,033 1,375,036 Superannuation 229,280 203,473 Leave and other entitlements 287,957 251,733 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688			\$	\$
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Superannuation 52,382 49,885 Leave and other entitlements 95,954 93,572 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 523,904 503,348 Employees other than office holders:	Holders o	f office:		
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Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 523,904 503,348 Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries 1,440,033 1,375,036 Superannuation 229,280 203,473 Leave and other entitlements 287,957 251,733 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Supera	nnuation	52,382	49,885
Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries 1,440,033 1,375,036 Superannuation 229,280 203,473 Leave and other entitlements 287,957 251,733 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Leave	and other entitlements	95,954	93,572
Wages and salaries 1,440,033 1,375,036 Superannuation 229,280 203,473 Leave and other entitlements 287,957 251,733 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Subtotal 6	employee expenses holders of office	523,904	503,348
Superannuation 229,280 203,473 Leave and other entitlements 287,957 251,733 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Employee	es other than office holders:		
Leave and other entitlements 287,957 251,733 Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Wages	and salaries	1,440,033	1,375,036
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Supera	nnuation	229,280	203,473
holders 1,957,270 1,830,242 Add: Payroll tax expense 55,823 62,516 Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Leave	and other entitlements	287,957	251,733
Add: BERT, BEWT, CIPQ contributions and workers compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688		employee expenses employees other than office	1,957,270	1,830,242
compensation 96,575 56,702 Add: Fringe benefits tax - 1,945 152,398 121,163 Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Add: Payre	oll tax expense	55,823	62,516
Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688			96,575	56,702
Total employee expenses 2,633,572 2,454,753 Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Add: Fring	e benefits tax	-	1,945
Note 4B: Sustentation fees CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688			152,398	121,163
CEPU – Plumbing Division 198,000 181,688	Total emp	oloyee expenses	2,633,572	2,454,753
<u> </u>	Note 4B:	Sustentation fees		
Total Sustentation fees 198,000 181,688	CEPU – P	lumbing Division	198,000	181,688
	Total Sus	tentation fees	198,000	181,688

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses (Continued)		
Note 4C: Affiliation fees		
Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland)	18,539	17,532
Queensland Council of Unions	21,586	19,179
Union Shopper	3,283	3,071
Total affiliation fees	43,408	39,782
Note 4D: Legal costs		
Litigation	63,022	23,693
Other legal matters	33,038	55,255
Total legal costs	96,060	78,948
Note 4E: Donations Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	500	2,573
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	120,000	2,575
Total grants or donations	120,500	2,573
Note 4F: Depreciation and amortisation		
Depreciation		
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	9,211	7,314
Buildings	38,358	70,151
Motor vehicles	100,524	89,019
Total depreciation	148,093	166,484
Amortisation expense		
Buildings	31,658	-
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	21,150	20,150
Total amortisation	52,808	20,150
Total depreciation and amortisation	200,901	187,634

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses (Continued)		
Note 4G: Finance costs		
Interest expense for leasing arrangements	7,956	3,263
Total finance costs	7,956	3,263
Note 4H: Administration expenses		
Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences	6,067	5,373
Conference and meeting expenses	101,534	46,111
Contractor/ consultant expenses	21,845	29,457
Property expenses	42,072	35,828
Information technology costs	100,061	109,384
Motor vehicle costs	73,823	57,050
Travel expenses	63,734	53,527
Labour day expenses	66,937	65,607
Printing, postage and stationery	44,389	38,303
Grant delivery costs	401,890	39,734
Other administration expenses	159,690	122,065
Total administration expenses	1,082,042	602,439
Note 4I: Other expenses		
Levies – CEPU National Council	12,380	11,953
Total other expenses	12,380	11,953

Levies

The CEPU National Council issued a levy during the year to assist in funding its day-to-day operations.

Note 5 Current Assets

Total cash and cash equivalents	4,588,750	5,176,825
Term deposits	-	626,599
Cash on hand	2,062	2,062
Cash at bank	4,586,688	4,548,164

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Note 5	Current Assets (Continued)		
Note 5B: T	rade and Other Receivables		
Trade rece	eivables:		-
Trade rece	eivables	59,326	38,614
Less: Prov	rision for doubtful debtors	(18,636)	-
Sub-total to	rade receivables	40,690	38,614
Other rece	eivables:		
Receivable	es to related parties (PGEU)	2,127,562	-
Accrued in	come	19,039	19,039
Total other	er receivables	2,146,601	19,039
Total trade	e and other receivables (net)	2,187,291	57,653
Current		59,729	57,653
Non-currer	nt	2,127,562	-
Total trade	e and other receivables	2,187,291	57,653

During the year the Branch provided funding to the Plumbers and Gasfitters Employees' Union Queensland, Union of Employees (PGEU) to assist in purchasing the building located at 11 Lang Parade, Milton.

The terms of the loan receivable is:

- 1. The loan is interest bearing and is charged at the cash target rate set by the Reserve Bank of
- The loan is secured against the land and building located at 11 Lang Parade, Milton
 The loan is to be repaid over 10 years.

Note 5C: Other Current Assets

Total other current assets	47,536	41,548
Merchandise	47,536	41,548
Prepayments	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 6: Non-Current Assets		
Note 6A: Land and Buildings		
Land and buildings:		
41 Peel Street, South Brisbane	-	1,607,484
at fair value		(142,024)
accumulated depreciation	-	1,465,460
4-6 Quindus Street, Beenleigh		
at fair value	3,420,000	870,000
accumulated depreciation	-	(35,769)
	3,420,000	834,231
11 Lang Parade, Milton		,
Right of use asset – at cost	284,923	-
Accumulated amortisation	(31,658)	-
	253,265	-
Total Land and Buildings	3,673,265	2,299,691
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land a	nd Buildings	
As at 1 April		
Gross book value	2,477,484	2,286,257
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(177,793)	(259,637)
Net book value 1 April	2,299,691	2,026,620
Additions:		
By purchase	-	-
By leasing arrangement	284,923	-
By revaluation	2,608,256	343,222
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(70,016)	(70,151)
Disposals:		
By sale	(1,449,589)	-
Net book value 31 March	3,673,265	2,299,691
Not beak value as of 24 March represented by		
Net book value as of 31 March represented by:		
Gross book value	3,704,923	2,477,484
•	3,704,923 (31,658) 3,673,265	2,477,484 (177,793) 2,299,691

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Valuation Details

4 -6 Quindus Street, Beenleigh

On 13 April 2023 (valuation effective 31 March 2023), the land and buildings at 4 -6 Quindus Street, Beenleigh was valued by Mr Alistair Burke AAPI CPV and Mr Andrew Stone AAPI CPV of Opteon Property Group Pty Ltd. The land and buildings valuation was based on a highest and best use, which was determined as a commercial warehouse/ training facility (the asset current use).

Fair value is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date. Fair value is determined by direct reference to recent market transactions on arm's length terms for land and buildings comparable in size and location to those held by the Branch and to market based yields for comparable properties. Fair value was based on the highest and best use of the land and building, which was assessed as a technical trade training site.

Key assumptions utilised in the valuation were:

•	Lettable area	6,716 m ²
•	Land area	11,490 m ²
•	Land value m ²	374 m ²
•	Building added value m ²	\$2,450 -\$2,936 m ²

The Branch owns 12% of the land and building at 4-6 Quindus Street, Beenleigh. As a result, the amount reflected at 31 March 2023 represents the portion held by the Branch. The fair value of the entire land and building was \$28,500,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 6B: Furniture, Fittings and Office Equipment		
Furniture, fittings and office equipment:		
at cost	375,946	378,101
accumulated depreciation	(336,686)	(325,483)
Total Furniture, Fittings and Office Equipment	39,260	52,618

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Furniture, Fittings and Office Equipment

As at 1 April		
Gross book value	378,101	373,430
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(325,483)	(297,018)
Net book value 1 April	52,618	76,412
Additions:		
By purchase	17,003	4,670
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(30,361)	(27,464)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 31 March	39,260	53,618
Net book value as of 31 March represented by:		
Gross book value	375,946	378,101
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(336,686)	(325,483)
Net book value 31 March	39,260	52,618

Included in the net carrying amount of furniture, fittings and office equipment are right to use assets as follows:

Right of use asset

At cost	98,701	98,701
accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	(84,600)	63,450
Total right of use asset – furniture, fittings and office	14,101	35,251
equipment		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 6C: Motor Vehicles		
Motor vehicles:		
at cost	453,778	378,547
accumulated depreciation	(160,298)	(156,718)
Total Motor Vehicles	293,480	221,829
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Moto	or Vehicles	
As at 1 April		
Gross book value	378,547	396,056
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(156,718)	(277,137)
Net book value 1 April	221,829	118,919
Additions:		
By purchase	172,175	193,462
Depreciation expense	(100,524)	(89,019)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	(1,533)
Net book value 31 March	293,480	221,829
Net book value as of 31 March represented by:		
Gross book value	453,778	378,547
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(160,298)	(156,718)
Net book value 31 March	293,480	221,829

	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) ENDED 31 MARCH 2023	2023 \$	2022 \$
Note 7 Curre	ent Liabilities	·	Ψ
Note 7A: Trade p	ayables		
Trade creditors		85,880	88,730
Accrued expenses	3	21,000	21,500
Subtotal trade pa	ayables	106,880	110,230
Payables to othe	r reporting units		
CEPU – Plumb		201,689	183,502
CEPU – Nation	nal Council	-	-
Subtotal payable	s to other reporting units	201,689	183,502
Total trade payal	oles	308,569	293,732
Settlement is usua	ally made within 30 days.		
Note 7B: Other p	ayables		
Income received i	n advance	1,870,810	1,790,413
Legal costs			
Other legal ma	tters	-	645
PAYG payable		43,406	49,661
GST payable (net) ditor (PGUE commercial construction levy)	- 16,150	24,452 13,524
Other sundry pays	•	10,130	41,622
Total other paya	—	1,940,939	1,920,317
. •			<u> </u>
• •	es are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 1		1,940,939	1,920,317
More than 12 m	-	-	
Total other paya	bles	1,940,939	1,920,317

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	2023	2022
Note 8 Financial Liabilities	\$	\$
Note 8A: Borrowings		
Current Related party borrowings - Plumbers & Gasfitters Employees' Union Queensland, Union of Employees	-	250,000
Non-Current	-	-
Total borrowings	-	250,000

PGEU Loan

There loan is not secured against any assets of the Branch nor is any interest paid by the PGEU. As the Branch does not have an unconditional right to defer payment (in the event that the PGEU calls upon the loan), the loan has been classified by the Committee of Management as a current liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

2023 2022 \$

Note 8B: Lease

Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

Current	106,017	17,181
Non-Current	168,034	22,024
Total leases	274,051	39,205

The Branch leases compute, photocopying equipment and a commercial office building at 11 Lang Parade, Milton. Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Branch to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Branch. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. The Branch is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. For leases over office buildings, the Branch must keep those properties in a good state of repair and return the properties in their original condition at the end of the lease. Further, the Branch must insure items of property, plant and equipment and incur maintenance fees on such items in accordance with the lease contracts.

The table below describes the nature of the Branch's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on the statement of financial position:

Right of use asset	No of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term	Average remaining term	No of leases with extension options	No of leases with options to purchase	No of leases with variable payments linked to index	No of leases with termination options
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	1	0.5 years	0.5 years	-	-	-	-
Land and buildings	1	2.6 years	2.6 years	-	-	1	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 8B: Lease (Continued)

Future minimum lease payments at 31 March 2023 were as follows:

Minimum	lease	payments	due
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	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years		After 5 years		Total
31 March 2023									
Lease payments	120,772	105,736	71,887	-		-		-	298,395
Finance charges	(14,755)	(7,902)	(1,687)	-		-	•	-	(24,344)
Net present value	106,017	97,834	70,200	-		-		-	274,051
31 March 2022									
Lease payments	24,152	18,115	-	-		-		-	42,267
Finance charges	(2,128)	(934)	-	-		-		-	(3,062)
Net present value	22,024	17,181	-	-		-		-	39,205

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 9 Provisions Note 9A: Employee provisions Office Holders: Annual leave 46,898 44,300 RDO 7,715 5,743 Long service leave 226,319 207,837 Other (retirement allowance) 310,741 280,032 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders Employees other than office holders: 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: 38,077 43,509 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739			2023	2022
Note 9A: Employee provisions Office Holders: Annual leave 46,898 44,300 RDO 7,715 5,743 Long service leave 226,319 207,837 Other (retirement allowance) 310,741 280,032 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: Annual leave 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739			\$	\$
Office Holders: Annual leave 46,898 44,300 RDO 7,715 5,743 Long service leave 226,319 207,837 Other (retirement allowance) 310,741 280,032 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: Annual leave 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Note 9	Provisions		
Annual leave 46,898 44,300 RDO 7,715 5,743 Long service leave 226,319 207,837 Other (retirement allowance) 310,741 280,032 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Note 9A: Em	nployee provisions		
RDO 7,715 5,743 Long service leave 226,319 207,837 Other (retirement allowance) 310,741 280,032 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: 40,760 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Office Holde	ers:		
Long service leave 226,319 207,837 Other (retirement allowance) 310,741 280,032 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: Annual leave 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Annual le	eave	46,898	44,300
Other (retirement allowance) 310,741 280,032 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: 200 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	RDO		7,715	5,743
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 591,673 537,912 Employees other than office holders: 315,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Long serv	vice leave	226,319	207,837
Employees other than office holders: Annual leave 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Other (ret	tirement allowance)	310,741	280,032
Annual leave 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Subtotal em	nployee provisions—office holders	591,673	537,912
Annual leave 135,978 128,760 RDO 38,077 43,509 Long service leave 365,901 325,739	Employees	other than office holders:		
Long service leave 365,901 325,739			135,978	128,760
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	RDO		38,077	43,509
	Long serv	vice leave	365,901	325,739
Other (retirement allowance) 243,689 201,717	Other (ret	tirement allowance)	243,689	201,717
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 783,645 699,725		nployee provisions—employees other than office	783,645	699,725
Total employee provisions 1,375,318 1,237,637	Total emplo	byee provisions	1,375,318	1,237,637
Current 1,333,394 1,200,199	Current		1,333,394	1,200,199
Non-Current 41,924 37,438	Non-Current	t	41,924	37,438
Total employee provisions 1,375,318 1,237,637	Total emplo	oyee provisions	1,375,318	1,237,637

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 10 Reserves	2023 \$	2022 \$
Note 10A: General reserve		
Opening balance – 1 April	274,882	274,882
Movement to/ from reserves	-	
Closing balance – 31 March	274,882	274,882
The general reserve records funds set assist for future expansion o	f the Branch.	
Note 10B: Asset revaluation reserve		
Opening balance – 1 April	2,005,588	1,662,366
Revaluations	2,608,256	343,222
Movement to/ from reserves	-	
Closing balance – 31 March	4,613,844	2,055,588

The asset revaluation reserve records the revaluation movements of property, plant and equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 11 Cash Flow		
Note 11A: Cash Flow Reconciliation		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Stateme Position to Cash Flow Statement:	ent of Financial	
Cash and cash equivalents as per:		
Cash flow statement	4,588,750	5,176,825
Statement of financial position	4,588,750	5,176,825
Difference	-	-
Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:		
Surplus for the year	213,176	413,129
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Depreciation/ amortisation	200,901	187,634
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(156,763)	(89,545)
Interest expense on leases	7,956	3,263
Interest income on loan receivable	(35,761)	
Changes in assets/ liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in net receivables	(2,076)	(3,252)
(Increase)/ decrease in other current assets	(5,988)	11,953
Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables	35,459	272,074
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions	137,681	154,381
Net cash provided by operating activities	394,585	949,637

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 11 Cash Flow (Continued)	2023 \$	2022 \$
Note 11B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units CEPU – Plumbing Division	63,107	-
Total cash inflows	63,107	-
Cash outflows to other reporting units CEPU – Plumbing Division CEPU – National Council Total cash outflows	(197,794) (13,618) (211,412)	(181,278) (13,149) (194,427)

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

Note 11C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

Borrowings (related party loan - unsecured)

Used facility	-	250,000
Unused facility	-	-
Total facility	-	250,000

Note 11D: Non-cash transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the year (2022: Nil).

Note 11E: Net debt reconciliation

Cash and cash equivalents	4,588,750	5,176,825
Borrowings – repayable within one year	-	(250,000)
Leases - repayable within one year	(106,017)	(17,181)
Leases – repayable after one year	(168,034)	(22,024)
Net debt	4,314,699	4,887,620

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 11 Cash Flow (Continued)

Note 11F: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	Other Assets	Liabilities from	Liabilities from financing activities							
	Cash assets	Related Party Loans – due within 1 year	Lease – due within 1 year	Lease – due after 1 year	Total					
Net debt at 1 April 2022	4,358,393	(250,000)	(20,889)	(39,204)	4,048,300					
Cash flows	818,432	-	3,708	17,180	839,320					
Net debt at 31 March 2023	5,176,825	(250,000)	(17,181)	(22,024)	4,887,620					
Cash flows	(588,075)	250,000	(88,836)	(146,010)	(572,921)					
Net debt at 31 March 2023	4,588,750	-	(106,017)	168,034	4,314,699					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 12 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 12A: Commitments and Contingencies

Capital commitments

At 31 March 2023, the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2022: Nil).

Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

Legal Case

ABCC

The Australian Building and Construction Commission (ABCC) and the Branch has been engaged in ongoing legal matter throughout the year. The Branch continues to defend the allegations brought by the ABCC and believe that ultimately the Branch will be successful in defending the matter. As a result the Branch has not recognised any liability or contingent liability at 31 March 2023, as the matter continues. All legal expenses associated with the use of external lawyers continues to be expensed and recorded in the statement of financial position under legal costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 13 Related Party Disclosures

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, under the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

CEPU National Council

Electrical Division

CEPU - Electrical Division

CEPU - QLD/ NT Electrical Branch

CEPU - NSW Electrical Branch

CEPU - VIC Electrical Branch

CEPU - SA Electrical Branch

CEPU - TAS Electrical Branch

CEPU - WA Electrical Branch

Plumbing Division

CEPU - Plumbing Division

CEPU - QLD Plumbing Branch

CEPU - NSW Plumbing Branch

CEPU - VIC Plumbing Branch

CEPU - WA Plumbing Branch

Communications Division

CEPU - Communications Division

CEPU - QLD Communications Branch

CEPU - NSW Communications T&S Branch

CEPU – NSW Communications P&T Branch

CEPU – VIC Communications T&S Branch

CEPU - VIC Communications P&T Branch

CEPU - SA/ NT Communications Branch

CEPU - WA Communications Branch

Other Related Parties

Plumbers & Gasfitters Employees' Union Queensland, Union of Employees

The Plumbers & Gasfitters Employees' Union Queensland, Union of Employees (being a state registered trade union) has members on its Committee of Management that are consistent with that of the Branch. Further, all members of the Branch are joint members with the state registered union.

Services Trade College Australia

The Services Trade College Australia is a Registered Training Organisation (RTO) that provides high-quality trade and post-training in the Fire, Mechanical and Plumbing industries. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran and Assistant Branch Secretary Mick Wiech are members of the Services Trade College Australia Board.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 13 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

Services Trades Queensland (STQ)

STQ provides extensive post trade training, workplace health and safety advice, WH&S systems, apprenticeship mentoring services within the Fire, Mechanical and Plumbing industries. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran and Assistant Branch Secretary Mick Wiech are members of the STQ Board.

Construction Income Protected Limited (CIP)

CIP provides income protection and portability of sick leave benefits for workers in the building and construction industry within Queensland. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran is a member of the CIP Board.

Building Employees Redundancy Trust (BERT)/ BERT Fund No. 2

BERT provides redundancy payments and benefits to members and training grants for employees in the building and construction industry within Queensland. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran is a member of the BERT Board.

Building Employees Welfare Trust (BEWT) Limited

BEWT provides welfare funding for employees in the building and construction industry within Queensland. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran is a member of the BEWT Board.

BERT Training Fund

BERT Training Fund provides the Queensland construction industry with a source of funds to train construction workers and to provide the development of skills, training and education of works within the industry. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran is a member of the BERT Training Fund Board.

CEPUTEC

CEPUTEC is a RTO that provides dedicated training supporting the CEPU – Plumbing Division members. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran is a member of the CEPUTEC Board.

Plumbers Industry Climate Action Centre (PICAC)

PICAC is unique industry led training facility in Brunswick, Melbourne. The centre is a 5 Star Green rated building and is a working example of innovative design and sustainable plumbing. Through providing access to a training resource without peer, the industry is taking up the challenge of new technology, new risk and new approaches. Branch Secretary Garry O'Halloran is a member of the PICAC Board.

Fire Industry Training (FIT)

FIT is a Registered Training Organisation (RTO) providing training to the Fire Industry. Branch Secretary Garry O'Halloran is a member of the FIT Board.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 13 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

2023	2022
\$	\$

Plumbing Industry Training (PIT)

PIT is a RTO providing training services for the plumbing industry. Branch Secretary Gary O'Halloran is a member of the PIT Board.

Services Trades Council (STC)

STC is established under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002* to provide a voice for the services trade and to protect the public's health and safety as well as the environment. The STC operates under the Queensland Building and Construction Commission (QBCC) framework and provides recommendations to the QBCC Commission regarding licencing functions within the plumbing and drainage industry.

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

Expenses paid to CEPU – National Council includes the following:

Levies	12,380	11,953
Revenue received from CEPU –Plumbing Division includes		
the following:		
Contribution towards election donations	60,000	-
Merchandise sales	2,824	-
Expenses paid to CEPU – Plumbing Division includes the following:		
Sustentation/ capitation fees	198,000	181,688
Amounts owed to CEPU – Plumbing Division includes the		
following:		
Sustentation/ capitation fees	201,689	185,502

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 13 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue received from CIP Limited includes the following:		
Board fees	26,344	25,666
Sponsorship income	10,427	10,227
Compliance income	57,222	56,100
Expense paid to CIP Limited includes the following:		
Income protection contributions	23,337	21,643
Sponsorship	2,100	2,100
Amounts owed by CIP Limited includes the following:		
Board Fees	6,654	6,316
Revenue received from CEPUTEC includes the following:		
Training services	13,864	16,509
Sponsorship	1,364	-
Expense paid to CEPUTEC includes the following:		
Training services	3,850	193
Reimbursement of other operating expenses	3,483	600
Revenue received from BERT/ BERT Fund No 2 includes the		
following:		
Board fees	54,102	44,998
Sponsorship	11,927	10,227
Compliance income	60,000	58,830

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 13 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Expenses paid to BERT/ BERT Fund No 2 includes the	Φ	φ
following:		
Redundancy contributions	53,150	20,675
Amounts owed by BERT/ BERT Fund No 2 includes the		
following:		
Board fees	10,383	11,070
Revenue received from BERT Training Fund includes the		
following:		
Board fees	10,761	10,500
Grants	1,596,390	1,296,000
Sponsorship	-	10,000
Amounts owed by BERT Training Fund includes the		
following:		
Board fees	2,002	1,900
Revenue received from BERT Welfare Ltd includes the		
following: Grants	197,200	196,824
Board fees	7,927	7,723
Board rees	1,521	7,723
Revenue received from BEWT includes the following:		
Grants	12,240	12,000
Expense paid to BEWT includes the following:		
BEWT contributions	6,854	2,667
Revenue received from STQ includes the following:		
Compliance income/ grants	184,258	177,726
Sponsorship	92,274	60,000
Other	<i>52,21</i> -	608
Othor	-	000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 13 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue received from PGUE includes the following:		
Legal fee recoveries	10,779	81,179
Interest income	35,761	-
Expense paid to PGUE includes the following		
Rent/ occupancy costs	50,811	-
Amounts owed by PGUE includes the following:		
Receivables	2,127,562	-
Amounts owed to PGUE includes the following:		
Commercial construction levy	16,150	13,524
Borrowings	-	250,000
Revenue received from Fire Industry Training includes the		
following:		
Sponsorship	1,364	1,500
Training income	· -	2,675
Travel reimbursement	738	-

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2022: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 14 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined key management personnel comprise of:

- Gary O'Halloran (Branch Secretary)
- Michael Wiech (Branch Assistant Secretary)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	
Note 13B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the Re	eporting Period		
Short-term employee benefits			
Salary (including annual leave taken) Other	423,941 -	407,628 -	
Total short-term employee benefits	423,941	407,628	
Post-employment benefits:			
Superannuation	52,382	49,885	
Total post-employment benefits	52,382	49,885	
Other long-term benefits:			
Long-service leave	16,872	16,651	
Retirement provision	30,709	29,184	
Total other long-term benefits	47,581	45,835	
Termination benefits			
Total	523,904	503,348	

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Note 14	Remuneration of Auditors and Consultants		
Value of the	he services provided		
Financi	al statement audit services	27,177	28,290
Other s	ervices	21,845	29,457
Total rem	uneration of auditors	49,022	57,747

Other services relate to taxation services, accounting and non-financial statement audit services provided by MGI Audit Pty Ltd and related entities.

Note 15 Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Policy

The Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of sustentation fees from state branches.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 15 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2023

	Current Trading Terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	2,184,261	-	-	3,030	2,187,291
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,184,261	-	-	3,030	2,187,291
Ageing of financial assets the	nat were past due Current Trading	but not impaired for	2022 61 to 90		
	Terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	41,039	-	4,330	12,284	57,653
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-
Total	41,039	-	4,330	12,284	57,653

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 31 March 2023, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 31 March 2023 (2022: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 15 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5	1 to 5 Years		5 Years	Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	(308,569)	(293,732)	-	-	-	-	(308,569)	(293,732)
Other payables	(1,940,939)	(1,920,317)	-	-	-	-	(1,940,939)	(1,920,317)
Financial liabilities	-	(250,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(250,000)
Lease liabilities	(106,017)	(17,181)	(168,034)	(22,024)	-	-	(274,051)	(39,205)
Total expected outflows	(2,355,525)	(2,481,230)	(168,034)	(22,024)	-	-	(2,523,559)	(2,503,254)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 15 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis (Continued)

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5	1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets – cash flow receivable									
Cash and cash equivalents	4,588,750	5,176,825		-	-	-	4,588,750	5,176,825	
Trade and other receivables	59,729	57,653	2,127,562	-	-	-	2,187,291	57,653	
Total anticipated inflows	4,648,479	5,234,478	2,127,562	-	-	-	6,776,041	5,234,478	
Net inflow on financial instruments	2,292,954	2,753,248	1,959,528	(22,024)	-	-	4,252,482	2,731,224	

(c) Market Risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is managed using a mix of fixed and floating financial instruments. The effective interest rate expenditure to interest rate financial instruments are as follows:

	Weighte Effectiv F			
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	%	%	\$	\$
Floating rate instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	0.42	0.11	4,588,750	5,176,825
Trade and other receivables (related parties)	3.60	-	2,127,562	-
Borrowings (related parties)	-	-	-	250,000
Lease liabilities	6.31	5.43	274,051	39,205

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 15 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(d) Market Risk

i. Interest rate risk (Continued)

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

Year ended 31 March 2023	Profit \$	Equity \$
+1% in interest rates -1% in interest rates	64,397 (38,276)	64,397 (38,276)
Year ended 31 March 2022 +1% in interest rates -1% in interest rates	48,851 (6,328)	48,851 (6,328)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Branch has no material direct exposures to currency risk. There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year

ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iii. Price risk

The Branch is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 16 Fair Value Measurements

Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

		2023		2022	
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	4,588,750	4,588,750	5,176,825	5,176,825
Accounts receivable and					
other debtors	(i)	2,187,291	2,187,291	57,653	57,653
Total financial assets	<u>.</u>	6,776,041	6,776,041	5,234,478	5,234,478
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	(i)	308,569	308,569	293,732	293,732
Other payables	(i)	1,940,939	1,940,939	1,920,317	1,920,317
Financial liabilities	(i)	-	-	250,000	250,000
Lease liabilities	(i)	274,051	274,051	39,205	39,205
Total financial liabilities	<u>-</u>	2,523,559	2,523,559	2,503,254	2,503,254

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables and leases are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 9.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 16 Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The following tables provide an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

Fair value hierarchy - 31 March 2023

	Note	Date of Valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value Land and buildings – 4-6 Quindus Street, Beenleigh	6A	31 March 2023	-	3,420,000	-
Total			-	3,420,000	

The Branch does not have any other assets or liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

Note 16 Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Fair value hierarchy - 31 March 2022

	Note	Date of Valuation \$	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$
Assets measured at fair value Land and buildings – 41 Peel	6A	5 July 2022	-	1,440,000	-
Street, South Brisbane Land and buildings – 4 Quindus Street, Beenleigh	6A	16 July 2019	-	204,000	-
Land and buildings – 6 Quindus Street, Beenleigh	6A	5 August 2019	-	666,000	-
Total		- -	-	2,310,000	_

The Branch does not have any other assets or liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

Note 17 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

(1) A member of a reporting unit, or the General Manager, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.

The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.

(2) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

Note 18 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

CEPU – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch 11 Lang Parade MILTON QLD 4101

Note 19 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting business segment being the provision of trade union services.

The Branch operates from one reportable geographical segment being Queensland and the Northern Territory.

OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT

I Gary O'Halloran, being the Branch Secretary of the Communications, Electrical, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Plumbing Division – Queensland Branch declare that the following did not occur during the reporting period ended 31 March 2023:

The reporting unit did not:

- Agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refer to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amounts)
- Agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continued as a going concern (refer to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amounts)
- Acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation Under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination of revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- · Receive capitation fees from another reporting unit
- Receive revenue via compulsory levies
- Receive donations
- Receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- Incur fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- Pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- Pay a grant that exceeds \$1,000
- Pay separation and redundancy to holders of office
- Pay other employee expenses to holders of office
- pay separation and redundancy to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay other employee expenses to employees (other than holders of office)
- Have a receivable to another reporting unit(s)
- Have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- Have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to litigation
- Have a payable in respect of other legal costs
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of holders of office
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- Have a fund of account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- Transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity
- Have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- Make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Gary O'Halloran
Branch Secretary
25 July 2023