

3 November 2023

Anthony Tassone
Branch President
The Pharmacy Guild of Australia-Victoria Branch

Sent via email: info@vic.guild.org.au

CC: Kylee.Byrne@pitcher.com.au

Dear Anthony Tassone

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia-Victoria Branch Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2023 – (FR2023/123)

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2023 for the Pharmacy Guild of Australia-Victoria Branch. The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 12 October 2023.

The financial report has now been filed.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under sections 253, 265, 266 and 268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under section 268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 30 June 2024 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged. I make the following comments to assist you when you next prepare a financial report. The Commission will confirm these concerns have been addressed prior to filing next year's report.

Reference to Registered Organisations Commissioner

The Fair Work Commission has been the regulator for registered organisations since 6 March 2023. All references to the Registered Organisations Commission and Commissioner of the Registered Organisations Commission must be changed to the Fair Work Commission and General Manager of the Fair Work Commission.

I note that item (c)(iii) of the operating report, item (v) of the committee of management statement and Note 27 refer to the Commissioner instead of the General Manager of the Fair Work Commission. In the future years, please update these references accordingly.

Reporting Requirements

The Commission's website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via this link.

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please call 1300 341 665 or email regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Kylie Ngo Fair Work Commission



CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER For the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2023

- I, Anthony Tassone, President of the Victorian Branch of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia, certify that:
 - The documents lodged herewith are copies of the auditor's report, the accounts and statements and Operating Report and the Committee of Management Report for the Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Branch for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
 - The auditor's report, the accounts and statements and the Operating Report and the Committee of Management Report in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2023 were made available to members free of charge on 19 September 2023; and
 - 3. The full report was presented at the Annual General Meeting of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Branch on 11th October 2023 in accordance with s.266 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.*

President

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria

Date: 11/10/2023

Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria

ABN: 35 603 508 734

Consolidated Financial Report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

Pitcher Partners

Level 13, 664 Collins Street, Docklands VIC 3008 p: +61 3 8610 5000

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Operating report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

We, being the designated officers responsible for preparing this report for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria, report as follows:

(a) Review of principal activities

- (i) The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria is an employers' organization servicing the needs of proprietors of independent community pharmacies and representing their interests in industrial matters.
- (ii) The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria has continued to assist the National Council and the National Executive of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia ("the Guild") in carrying out the overall policy and objectives of the Guild.
- (iii) Included in the Annual Report are the various reports compiled by The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Branch President, Directors and Officers outlining the activities for the year. There were no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year under review.

(b) Significant changes in financial Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the financial affairs of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria during the year.

(c) Members advice

- (i) Under Section 174 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 and Rule 36 of the Constitution of the Guild, a member may resign from membership by written notice addressed and delivered to the Branch Director;
- (ii) The register of members of the organisation was maintained in accordance with the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- (iii) Section 272 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 outlines members and the Commissioner of the Registered Organisations Commission's rights to certain prescribed information. This information is detailed in Note 5 of the financial statements.

(d) Officers & employees who are superannuation fund trustee(s) or director of a company that is a superannuation fund trustee

During the reporting period, none of the members of the Branch Committee was a Director of Guild Trustee Services Pty Limited, the Trustee of the Guild Retirement Fund, which includes Guild Super and Guild Pension.

(e) Number of members

As at 30 June 2023 the number of members of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria was 923 including Honorary Life & 50 Year Life Members.

(f) Number of employees

As at 30 June 2023 the number of equivalent full-time employees of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria was 23.

(g) Names of Committee of Management members and period positions held during the financial year

During the reporting period, the following persons were members of the Branch Committee for the whole year unless otherwise stated:

Mr. A. Tassone	Branch President
IVII. A. Tassone	Branch President

Ms. G. Chong Vice President – Finance

Mr. P. Krassaris Vice President Ms. M. Tsitonakis Vice President Mr. A. Pricolo **Branch Committee** Mr. K. Chong **Branch Committee** Mr. B. Robertson **Branch Committee** Ms. C. Streeter **Branch Committee** Mr. S. Wilkes **Branch Committee** Ms. M. Kazantzis **Branch Committee** Mr. B. Green **Branch Committee** Mr. S. E. Ahmad **Branch Committee**

(h) Insurance of Officers

During the financial year, The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria paid insurance to cover all officers of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria. The officers of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria covered by the insurance policy include all the Committee of Management. Other officers covered by the contract are the management of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria. The liabilities insured include costs and expenses that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may bebrought against the officers in their capacity as officers of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria.

ANTHONY TASSONE

Branch President

19 September 2023

Vice President - Finance



PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA

ABN: 35 603 508 734

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA

In relation to the independent audit for the year ended 30 June 2023, to the best of my knowledge and belief there have been no contraventions of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards).

This declaration is in respect of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria and the entities it controlled during the year.

K L BYRNE Partner

19 September 2023

PITCHER PARTNERS Melbourne

Petrper Parties

For the year ended 30 June 2023

		Consolia	lated	Pare	nt
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
INCOME					
Revenue	4(a)	4,968,229	4,391,320	4,704,329	3,658,499
(Loss)/Gain on divestment of investment	4(b)	(3,881)	75 <i>,</i> 067	-	-
Unrealised gain/(loss) from Financial					
Assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(c)	272,220	(436,875)	-	-
Other Income	4(d)	188,756	134,657	157,327	141,092
		5,425,324	4,164,169	4,861,656	3,799,591
PROJECT PAYMENTS AND OTHER EXPENSES					
Administration		330,229	414,709	604,119	645,119
		3,000	3,000	604,119	645,119
Management fees		· ·	•	112.076	105 140
Building outgoings Committee fees and allowances	5	308,875 3,720	310,317 4,200	112,076 3,720	105,140 4,200
	5	•	-		
Depreciation Employee benefit expenses	5	40,430 2,640,042	55,206 2,611,701	40,430 2,640,042	55,206 2,611,701
Legal and professional fees	5	319,648	2,611,701	189,607	109,858
Membership contributions to National		319,046	203,633	109,007	109,636
Council	5	1,063,067	845,419	1,063,067	845,419
Expected credit loss	3	4,000	2,000	(36,612)	5,817
Public relations		14,668	24,778	14,668	19,181
Travelling expenses		77,912	65,841	77,912	65,841
Loss on revaluation of investment property	5	77,912	529,321	77,912	03,641
Loss of revariation of investment property	3	4,805,591	5,070,347	4,709,029	4,467,482
				,	
Share of (loss)/profit from associate	13	(2,477,685)	93,450	-	_
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		(1,857,952)	(812 <i>,</i> 728)	152,627	(667,891)
Income tax expense			-	-	
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)

Statement of Comprehensive Income (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Consolidated		Paren	nt
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
(Loss)/Profit attributable to:				
Members of the parent entity	(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)
	(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)
Other comprehensive income attributable to: Members of the parent entity	<u>-</u>	-	-	
	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:				
Members of the parent entity	(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)
	(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)

		Consolidated			ent
	Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	2,281,882	2,104,793	439,628	618,034
Trade and other receivables	7	140,492	107,197	126,445	80,577
Other assets	8	257,609	190,638	78,268	70,160
		2,679,983	2,402,628	644,341	768,771
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	3,283,818	3,126,990	-	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		5,963,801	5,529,618	644,341	768,771
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
nvestment in subsidiary		-	-	175,002	175,002
Property, plant and equipment	10	62,096	38,520	62,096	38,520
Assets under construction		-	-	-	-
Right- of-use assets	11	8,974	25,289	8,974	25,289
nvestment property	12	13,581,537	13,500,000	-	-
nvestment in Associate	13	1,453,847	3,931,532	-	-
nvestment in The Guild Properties (Vic)					
Unit Trust		-	-	8,852,714	8,852,714
oan to Associate	14	2,100,000	2,100,000	-	-
resent entitlement receivable from					
The Guild (Vic) Computer Unit Trust	19	-	-	4,184,990	4,784,990
The Guild Properties (Vic) Unit Trust	19	-	-	787,768	708,154
OTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		17,206,454	19,595,341	14,071,544	14,584,669
TOTAL ASSETS		23,170,255	25,124,959	14,715,885	15,353,440
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Frade and other payables	15	1,386,793	1,463,653	1,268,033	2,007,935
ease Liability	11	4,662	18,987	4,662	18,987
Employee benefit provisions	16	288,565	308,946	288,565	308,946
OTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,680,020	1,791,586	1,561,260	2,335,868
ION-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
ecurity deposit held in trust	15	81,812	52,167	-	-
nterest held in trust	15	2,887	2,144	-	-
ease Liabilities	11	4,510	6,790	4,510	6,790
Employee benefit provisions	16	17,076	30,370	17,076	30,370
OTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		106,285	91,471	21,586	37,160
OTAL LIABILITIES		1,786,305	1,883,057	1,582,846	2,373,028
NET ASSETS		21,383,950	23,241,902	13,133,039	12,980,412
QUITY					
Accumulated funds		15,490,844	17,348,796	9,348,959	9,196,332
Reserves	17	5,893,106	5,893,106	3,784,080	3,784,080
TOTAL EQUITY		21,383,950	23,241,902	13,133,039	12,980,412

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Reserves (Notes 17)	Accumulated funds	Total
	\$	\$	\$
CONSOLIDATED	<u> </u>	,	•
At 1 July 2021	5,893,106	18,161,524	24,054,630
Loss for the year	-	(812,728)	(812,728)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
At 30 June 2022	5,893,106	17,348,796	23,241,902
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	- -	(1,857,952)	(1,857,952)
At 30 June 2023	5,893,106	15,490,844	21,383,950
PARENT	Revaluation reserves \$	Accumulated funds \$	Total \$
At 1 July 2021	3,784,080	9,864,223	13,648,303
Loss for the year	, , <u>-</u>	(667,891)	(667,891)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
At 30 June 2022	3,784,080	9,196,332	12,980,412
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	152,627	152,627
At 30 June 2023	3,784,080	9,348,959	13,133,039
At 30 Julie 2023	3,704,080	3,340,333	13,133,033

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria does not operate a fund for voluntary levies or voluntary contributions. Consequently, The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria has not invested any voluntary funds in any years.

	Consolidated		Parent	
Note	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
19(d)(i)	1,107,287 3,802,221	947,335 3,775,338	1,102,259 3,223,675	1,017,708 2,979,778
19(d)(ii) - 18	(1,337,226) (843,932) (2,475,184) 182,715 (80,027) (33,242) (47,403) (252,097)	(962,629) (2,554,530) 83,318 (229,147)	(509,124) (2,475,185) 7,826 (80,027)	(519,212)
	-	- (400,000)	535,000	850,000
10	(44,313) 27,727	(22,702) 13,636	(44,313) 27,727	(22,702) 13,636
12	111,511 (81,537) -	336,460 (29,321) (104,025)	- - -	- - -
_	161,029	123,165	-	
_	174,417	(172,787)	518,414	840,934
			,	·
				(789)
_				(20,105)
_	(20,440)	(20,094)	(20,440)	(20,894)
uivalents	177,089 2,104,793	(474,189) 2,578,982	(178,406) 618,034	(83,130) 701,164
6	2,281,882	2,104,793	439,628	618,034
	19(d)(i) 19(d)(ii) 18 10 12	Note 2023 \$ 19(d)(i) 1,107,287 3,802,221 19(d)(ii) (1,337,226) (843,932) (2,475,184) 182,715 (80,027) (33,242) (47,403) (252,097) 18 23,112 - 10 (44,313) 27,727 111,511 12 (81,537) - 161,029 174,417 (457) (19,983) (20,440) uivalents 177,089 2,104,793	Note 2023 2022 \$ \$ \$ 19(d)(i) 1,107,287 947,335 3,802,221 3,775,338 19(d)(ii) (1,337,226) (1,086,173) (843,932) (962,629) (2,475,184) (2,554,530) 182,715 83,318 (80,027) (229,147) (33,242) (54,036) (47,403) (1,787) (252,097) (198,197) 18 23,112 (280,508) - (490,000) 10 (44,313) (22,702) 27,727 13,636 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 111,511 336,460 1174,417 (172,787) - (104,025) 161,029 123,165 174,417 (172,787) (457) (789) (19,983) (20,105) (20,440) (20,894) 21,104,793 2,578,982	Note

NOTE 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria is the Victorian branch of an employers' organisation (the 'Branch" or "Organisation") which is registered in Australia under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

The registered office and principal place of business of the Branch is 40 Burwood Road, Hawthorn VIC 3122.

The principal activities of the Organisation are to deliver a range of leading professional services which enable members to run a profitable business while servicing the health care needs of their community. These financial statements and notes represent those of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria and Controlled Entities (the "Consolidated Group" or "Group").

The financial report was authorised for issue on 19 September 2023 by the Branch Executive of the Group.

NOTE 2 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of the financial report

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Interpretations and other applicable authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (RO Act).

The financial report covers The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria (the 'Branch') as an individual entity and its controlled entities (the 'Group'). The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria is a not-for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements.

The following are the significant accounting policies adopted by the group in the preparation and presentation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

Compliance with IFRS

The financial report also complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Historical Cost Convention

The financial report has been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, as modified by revaluations to fair value for certain classes of assets and liabilities as described in the accounting policies. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar (\$), except when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Accounting Standards issued but not yet effective

AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

This Standard amends AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements* to clarify requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current. For example, the amendments clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. This Standard applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 (as amended by AASB 2022-6 and AASB 2020-6) and will first be applied by the Group in the financial year commencing 1 July 2024. Earlier application is permitted.

The Group does not adopt this amendment earlier than the application date and does not expect the adoption to have an impact on its financial statements.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of entities controlled by The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria at the reporting date. A controlled entity is any entity over which The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Control will generally exist when the parent owns, directly or indirectly through entities, more than half of the voting power of an entity. In assessing the power to govern, the existence and effect of holdings of actual and potential voting rights are also considered.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 21 to the financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements, all inter-group balances and transactions between entities in the consolidated group have been eliminated in full on consolidation. Accounting policies of related entities have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with those adopted by the parent entity.

Non-controlling interests, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to a parent, are shown separately within the equity section of the statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income. The non-controlling interest's interest in the net assets comprises their interests at the date of the original business combination and their share of changes in equity since that date.

2.4 Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the Group's normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months
 after the reporting period.

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

2.5 Revenue

The Branch enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, student fees, charges and project funding. The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contract with customers

Where the Branch has a contract with a customer, the Branch recognises revenue when or as it transfers controls of goods or services to the customer. The Branch accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- The arrangement is enforceable; and
- The arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

2.5 Revenue (continued)

(a) Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customer revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Guild.

The Guild recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on th passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Guild's promise to stand ready to provid assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Branc allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone sellin price of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices ar estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that charges for that good or service in standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtair control of the good (for example, workbooks) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example member services or training course), the Branch recognises revenue at the amount of the transactio price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Branch has elected to apply the practice expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing componer because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Branch at the standalone selling price, the Branch accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

(b) Training income

Training income for Fees for Services is recognised on nominal hours completed per student. Other sho courses fees are recognised when training services have been provided.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis and is recorded using the actual interest rate.

(d) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

2.5 Revenue (continued)

(e) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Branch will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in the income statement on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Branch recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary conditions is that the Branch should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the statement of financial position and transferred to the income statement on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Branch with no future related costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they become receivable.

(f) Receivables for good and services

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance. Collectability of debts is reviewed at the end of the reporting period.

(g) Rental income

Leases in which the Guild as a lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from leasing of office space is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

(h) Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of comprehensive income when the asset is derecognised.

(i) Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

All revenue is stated net of amount of goods and services tax (GST).

2.6 Investment in subsidiary

Investments in subsidiaries held by the Branch are accounted for at cost less any impairment charges. Dividends received from subsidiaries are recorded as a component of other income, and do not impact the recorded cost of the investment. Upon receipt of dividend payments from subsidiaries, the parent will assess whether any indicators of impairment of the carrying value of the investment in the subsidiary exist. Where such indicators exist, to the extent that the carrying value of the investment exceeds it recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised.

2.7 Income tax

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria is exempt from income tax under Section 50-15 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936*.

2.8 Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except:

- When the GST incurred on a sale or purchase of assets or services is not payable to or recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the revenue or the expense item or as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset, as applicable.
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at-call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from customers for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less an allowance for impairment.

2.11 Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair values as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the property, plant and equipment if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all plant and equipment (excluding freehold land building), is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of plant and equipmentUseful lifePlant and equipment3 to 15 yearsMotor vehicles3 to 6 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and loss on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or loss are included in profit or loss.

2.12 Investment property

Investment property represents the land and building located at 40 Burwood Road, Hawthorn which is held to generate long term rental yields.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequently to initial recognition investment property is stated at fair value, which is based on active market prices as well as an annual valuation either by an external independent valuer or director's valuation. The independent valuation is based on a notional net rental on an "in use" basis for this location. Gain or loss arising from a change in fair value of the investment property is recognised in the profit or loss in the period which it arises.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceed sand the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

2.13 Investment in associates

Associate companies are companies in which the Group has significant influence through holding, directly or indirectly, 20% or more of the voting power of the company and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the financial statements by applying the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the associate company. In addition, the Group's share of the profit or loss of the associate company is included in the Group's profit or loss.

Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associates are eliminated to the extent they relate to the Group's investment in the associates.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equal or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Upon the associate subsequently making profits, the Group will resume recognising its share of those profits once its share of the profits equals the share of the losses not recognised.

Details of the Group's investments in associates are shown at Note 13.

2.14 Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. The assessment will include considering external sources of information and internal sources of information. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to dispose and value in use to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

2.15 Leases

The Branch assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Branch as a lessee

The Branch applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Branch recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

2.15 Leases (continued)

Right-of-use assets

The Branch recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the leases (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of these liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct cost incurred, and lease payment made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	2023	2022
Right-of-use Asset – Motor vehicle	20 to 24 months	20 to 24 months
Plant and equipment	36 to 60 months	36 to 60 months

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Branch at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Branch recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Branch exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Branch uses the implicit interest rate or incremental borrowing rate if the implicit lease rate is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

Lease payments made in relation to leases of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets (for which a lease asset and a lease liability has not been recognised) are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.16 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria during the reporting period which remains unpaid.

The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

2.17 Unearned and deferred revenue

Deferred revenue relates to revenue invoiced, and received, in advance for membership fees and training revenue which are unearned at year end and are presented as liabilities.

Unearned revenue relates to revenue invoiced in advance, but not received, which are unearned a year end and are presented as liabilities.

2.18 Provisions and employee benefit

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a resu of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will b required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insuranc contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or los and other comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leaves and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required, and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) an termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of th reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts.

The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of th liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months ar measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Branch i respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

2.18 Provisions and employee benefit (continued)

Long service leaves and annual leave

The Group does not expect its long service leave or annual leave benefits to be settled wholly within 12 months of each reporting date. The Group recognises a liability for long service leave and annual leave measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service.

Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

2.19 Financial instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Group commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e., trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss" in which case transaction costs are expensed to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income immediately.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Branch's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Branch's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

2.19 Financial instruments (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured and classified in five categories:

- (i) financial assets at amortised cost;
- (ii) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- (iii) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- (iv) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss;
- (v) investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method.

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Branch measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Branch's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

2.19 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment - Trade Receivables

Receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Branch applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Branch does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Branch recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Branch expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are
 provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12-month
 ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Branch considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Branch may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Branch is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2.20 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured.

2.20 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets (continued)

Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

2.21 Comparative figures

Where required by Australian Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

2.22 Fair value measurement

The Group measures non-financial assets, such as investment properties and financial assets such as Australian listed equities, global listed equities and interest-bearing securities, at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

2.22 Fair value measurement (continued)

The Group determines the policies and procedures for recurring fair value measurement, such as investment properties and financial assets.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The critical assumptions adopted in determining the valuation included the location of the land and buildings, the current strong demand for land and buildings in the area and recent sales data for similar properties.

At each reporting date, the Group analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Group's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Group verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2.23 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest expenses calculated using the effective interest method and financ charges in respect of lease arrangements.

Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred. All borrowing costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.24 Going concern

The Group is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on as going concern basis.

NOTE 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprises cash, financial assets, related party balances, trade ar other receivables and trade and other payables.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Organisation's Branch Committee is responsible for, among other issues, monitoring and managing financial risk exposures of the Organisation. The Branch Committee reviews and agrees on policies f managing the effectiveness of controls relating to credit risk, financial risk and interest rate risk. The overrisk management strategy seeks to ensure that the organisation meets its financial targets, whilst minimising potential cash flow shortfalls.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments are reasonable approximations of fair values.

NOTE 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk is minimal. Cash and cash equivalents are being held in interest-bearing accounts.

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	2,281,882	2,104,793	439,628	618,034

Sensitivity

If interest rates were to increase/decrease by 100 basis points from the rates prevailing at the reporting date, assuming all other variables remain constant, then the impact of profit for the year and equity would be as follows:

	CONSOLIDATED		PAREI	V <i>T</i>
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
+1/- 100 basis points				
Impact on profit after tax	22,819	21,048	4,396	6,180

The movement in profit is due to higher/lower interest costs from variable rate cash balances Significant assumptions used in the interest rate sensitivity analysis include:

- Reasonably possible movements in interest rates were determined based on the Group's relationship with financial institutions and economic forecaster's expectations.
- The net exposure at balance sheet date is representative of what the Group was and is expecting to be exposed to in the next twelve months from balance date.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other part by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Group's exposure to credit risk arises from the potential default of the counterparty, with maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. Credit risk is minimal.

Subscription receivable amounts are considered "past due" when the debt has not been settled with the terms and conditions agreed between the Group and the member or the counterparty to the transactions.

NOTE 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining their willingness to pay and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Group.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect of any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

The Group does not have any material credit risk with respect of any single counterparty or group of counterparties under financial instruments entered into by the group.

Credit risk is managed through maintaining procedures ensuring, to the extent possible, that members and counterparties to transactions are sound credit worthiness. Risk is also minimised through investing surplus funds in financial institutions that maintain a high credit rating or in entities that the Committee has otherwise cleared as being financially sound.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The following table outlines the Group's remaining contractual maturities for non-derivative financial instruments. The amounts presented in the table are the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities, allocated to time based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

CONSOLIDATED	< 6 months \$	6 - 12 months \$	1 - 5 years \$	Total contractual cash flows \$	Carrying amount \$
Year ended 30 June 2023					
Trade and other payables	507,272	-	-	507,272	507,272
Legal cost payable	7,216	-	-	7,216	7,216
Related party payables	99,364	-	-	99,364	99,364
Lease Liabilities	2,910	1,752	4,510	9,172	9,172
Net maturities	616,762	1,752	4,510	623,024	623,024
Year ended 30 June 2022					
Trade and other payables	382,169	-	-	382,169	382,169
Legal cost payable	-	-	-	-	-
Related party payables	129,344	-	-	129,344	129,344
Lease Liabilities	10,234	8,753	6,790	25,777	25,777
Net maturities	521,747	8,753	6,790	537,290	537,290
	-				

NOTE 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

	< 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying amount
PARENT	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2023					
Trade and other payables Legal cost payable	392,045	-	-	392,045	392,045
Related party payables	109,702	_	-	109,702	109,702
Lease Liabilities	2,910	1,752	4,510	9,172	9,172
Net maturities	504,657	1,752	4,510	510,919	510,919
Year ended 30 June 2022					
Trade and other payables	321,820	-	-	321,820	321,820
Legal cost payable	-	-	-	-	-
Related party payables	738,320	-	-	738,320	738,320
Lease Liabilities	10,234	8,753	6,790	25,777	25,777
Net maturities	1,070,374	8,753	6,790	1,085,917	1,085,917

The Group manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- Preparing forward-looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financing activities;
- Only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- Proactively monitoring the recovery of unpaid subscriptions.

Fair value measuring using

NOTE 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

(d) Fair value measurement

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the group's assets.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for assets as at 30 June 2023:

	_	ran varae measaring asing				
	_		Quoted			
			prices in	Significant	Significant	
			active	observable	unobservable	
	Date of		markets	inputs	inputs	
	valuation	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Assets measured at fair value:						
CONSOLIDATED Investment properties (Note 12)	30 June 2023	13,581,537	-	13,581,537	-	
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (Note 9)	30 June 2023	3,283,818	3,283,818	-	-	

NOTE 4 REVENUE AND INCOME

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of the Group's revenue by type of arrangement is provided on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer:

	Consolidated		Pare	ent
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Disaggregation of revenue from contracts				
with customers				
Type of customer				
Members	2,128,249	2,115,122	2,128,249	2,115,122
Other reporting units	-	-	-	-
Government	371,006	199,982	371,006	199,982
Other parties	81,241	92,384	81,241	92,384
Total income for furthering activities	2,580,496	2,407,488	2,580,496	2,407,488

NOTE 4 REVENUE AND INCOME (continued)

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
(a)	Income				
	Revenue				
(i)	Membership contribution received by the Branch	2,128,249	2,115,122	2,128,249	2,115,122
	- Capitation fee	-	-	-	-
	- Levies	-	-	-	-
	- Interest	-	-	-	-
	- Rental revenue	-	-	-	-
	- Other revenue	-	-	-	-
	_	2,128,249	2,115,122	2,128,249	2,115,122
(ii)	Grants and/or donations				
(''')	- Grants	_	_	_	_
	- Donations	_	_	_	_
		-	-	-	-
(iii)	Other Revenue				
(,	Commission	151,913	3,073	151,913	3,073
	Interest	179,662	79,336	7,826	780
	Sundry Income	68,067	37,675	68,067	37,675
	Rental income Guild Properties	718,229	702,990	11,550	3,025
	Distribution income from:	. =0,==0	. 02,000	,	3,023
	- The Guild Properties (Victoria) Unit Trust	-	-	614,615	45,700
	Training income	838,809	697,644	838,809	697,644
	Pharmacy Business Support Services	883,300	755,480	883,300	755,480
	- -	2,839,980	2,276,198	2,576,080	1,543,377
	- -	4,968,229	4,391,320	4,704,329	3,658,499

NOTE 4 REVENUE AND INCOME (continued)

		Consolic	lated	Pare	nt
		2023 \$	2022 \$	2023 \$	2022 \$
(b)	(Loss)/gain on divestment of investment	(3,881)	75,067	-	-
(c)	Unrealised Fair Value (loss)/gain on Financial Asset at Fair Value through Profit and Loss	272,220	(436,875)	-	-
(d)	Other Income				
	Gain from sale of assets Distribution income from The Guild	27,727	11,492	27,727	11,492
	(Victoria) Computer Unit Trust	-	-	-	-
	Management Fees	-	-	129,600	129,600
	Dividends Income	161,029	123,165	-	
		188,756	134,657	157,327	141,092
	Total Income	5,425,324	4,164,169	4,861,656	3,799,591
	-				
NOTE	5 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR				
		Consolio	lated	Pare	nt
		Consolio 2023		Pare 2023	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Profi	t for the year has been determined after Expenses				
Profit		2023	2022	2023	2022
(a)	Expenses Capitation fee expense - membership	2023 \$	2022 \$	<i>2023</i> \$	2022 \$
(a)	Expenses Capitation fee expense - membership contributions to National Council Committee fees and allowances for	2023 \$ 1,063,067	2022 \$ 845,419	2023 \$ 1,063,067	2022 \$ 845,419
(a) (b)	Expenses Capitation fee expense - membership contributions to National Council Committee fees and allowances for attendance at meeting and conference Employee benefit relating to "Holders of	2023 \$ 1,063,067	2022 \$ 845,419	2023 \$ 1,063,067	2022 \$ 845,419
(a) (b)	Expenses Capitation fee expense - membership contributions to National Council Committee fees and allowances for attendance at meeting and conference Employee benefit relating to "Holders of Office"	2023 \$ 1,063,067 3,720	2022 \$ 845,419 4,200	2023 \$ 1,063,067 3,720	2022 \$ 845,419 4,200
(a) (b)	Expenses Capitation fee expense - membership contributions to National Council Committee fees and allowances for attendance at meeting and conference Employee benefit relating to "Holders of Office" - Wages	2023 \$ 1,063,067 3,720	2022 \$ 845,419 4,200	2023 \$ 1,063,067 3,720 155,429	2022 \$ 845,419 4,200
(a) (b)	Expenses Capitation fee expense - membership contributions to National Council Committee fees and allowances for attendance at meeting and conference Employee benefit relating to "Holders of Office" - Wages - Superannuation	2023 \$ 1,063,067 3,720	2022 \$ 845,419 4,200	2023 \$ 1,063,067 3,720 155,429	2022 \$ 845,419 4,200

NOTE 5 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (continued)

	Consolidated		Pare	nt
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Employee benefit relating to "Other than				
Holders of Office"				
- Wages	1,714,460	1,793,376	1,714,460	1,793,376
- Superannuation	242,902	252,609	242,902	252,609
- Leave and other entitlements	234,607	172,764	234,607	172,764
- Separation and redundancies	94,245	30,716	94,245	30,716
- Other employee expense	183,437	195,691	183,437	195,691
Total employee benefits	2,469,651	2,445,156	2,469,651	2,445,156
_				
Total employee benefit	2,640,042	2,611,701	2,640,042	2,611,701

There were no expenses incurred by Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria as consideration for making payroll deduction of membership subscription.

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Grants and donations				
Grants:				
- Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	-	-	-	-
- Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	_	-	-	
		-	-	
Donations:				
- Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	3,578	1,645	3,578	1,645
- Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	4,210	6,636	4,210	6,636
	7,788	8,281	7,788	8,281
	Grants: - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Donations: - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	Grants and donations Grants: - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - Donations: - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 4,210	Z023 Z022 \$ \$ Grants and donations \$ Grants: - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations: - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,578 1,645 - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 4,210 6,636	2023 2022 2023 \$ \$ \$ Grants and donations Grants: - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - - Donations: - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,578 1,645 3,578 - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 4,210 6,636 4,210

Purpose of donations/grants greater than \$1,000 have been disclosed separately in a statement lodged under Section 237 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

		Consolidated		Pare	nt
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
(e)	Levies				
	Levies imposed		-	-	-
(f)	Members briefing costs	3,688	5,062	3,688	5,062

NOTE 5 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (continued)

		Consolic	lated	Parei	nt
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
(g)	Legal expense				
	- litigations	-	-	-	-
	- other legal matters	28,733	21,780	15,003	4,350
	<u>_</u>	28,733	21,780	15,003	4,350
	Analysis of legal expense:				
	- legal expense paid	21,517	21,780	15,003	4,350
	- legal expense payable	7,216	-	-	
	<u> </u>	28,733	21,780	15,003	4,350
(h)	Affiliation fees	-	-	-	-
(i)	Penalties - Fair Works (Registered	_	_	_	_
	Organisations) Act 2009				
(j)	Conference and Meeting Expenses				
	Conference and training expenses	15,861	13,938	15,861	13,938
	Branch Committee meeting expenses	3,034	2,127	3,034	2,127
	<u>_</u>	18,895	16,065	18,895	16,065
(k)	Loss on revaluation of investment property_	-	(529,321)	-	

Consolidated expenses listed in this note relate solely to the Branch and its controlled entities and are disclosed in accordance with Fair Work Australia Reporting Guideline Item 16.

NOTE 6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated		Parer	nt
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash at bank	1,830,512	1,687,786	439,628	618,034
Term deposits	451,370	417,007	-	-
	2,281,882	2,104,793	439,628	618,034

Cash at bank earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits mature every 30 days or 180 days and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rate. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represents fair value.

Reconciliation to the statement of cash flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of the above.

NOTE 7 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade receivables	81,439	48,556	67,372	30,480
Other receivables	61,687	56,184	61,707	47,640
	143,126	104,740	129,079	78,120
Related party receivables	10,366	11,457	10,366	52,069
	153,492	116,197	139,445	130,189
Less: Provision for Expected Credit Loss	(13,000)	(9,000)	(13,000)	(49,612)
Trade and Other Receivables	140,492	107,197	126,445	80,577

The movement in the provision for expected Credit Loss of trade and other receivables is as follows:

At 1 July				
Provision for expected credit loss	(9,000)	(7,000)	(49,612)	(43,795)
Additional provision	(4,000)	(2,000)	(7,388)	(5,817)
Write-off		-	44,000	-
At 30 June	(13,000)	(9,000)	(13,000)	(49,612)

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days. At 30 June, the analysis of trade and other receivables that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Consolia	lated Par		nt
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Neither past due nor impaired	107,085	97,538	107,105	70,918
Past due but not impaired:				
< 30 days	19,031	1,410	4,964	1,410
30 - 60 days	5,246	4,981	5,246	2,337
> 60 days	9,130	3,268	9,130	5,912
	33,407	9,659	19,340	9,659
Total trade and other receivables	140,492	107,197	126,445	80,577

NOTE 8 OTHER ASSETS

	Consolic	Consolidated		nt
	2023	2023 2022		2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prepayments	55,089	74,805	53,343	70,160
Accrued income	116,528	56,301	24,925	-
Deferred Rent Assets	85,992	59,532	-	-
	257,609	190,638	78,268	70,160

NOTE 9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Consolid	Consolidated		ent
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Australia listed equities	1,572,568	1,461,251	-	-
Global equities	1,325,025	1,286,438	-	-
Interest bearing securities	386,225	379,301	-	
	3,283,818	3,126,990	-	-

As at 30 June 2023, the Group held the following financial instruments measured at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 30 June 2023	\$	\$	\$
Australia listed equities	1,572,568	-	-
Global equities	1,325,025	-	-
Interest bearing securities	386,225	-	
	3,283,818	-	
As at 30 June 2022			
Australia listed equities	1,461,251	-	-
Global equities	1,286,438	-	-
Interest bearing securities	379,301	-	
	3,126,990	-	

NOTE 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Conso	olidated	Pa	nt:	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Plant and equipment					
At cost	1,157,977	1,113,664	1,157,977	1,113,664	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,095,881)	(1,076,352)	(1,095,881)	(1,076,352)	
Net carrying amount	62,096	37,312	62,096	37,312	
Motor vehicles					
At cost	19,597	57,505	19,597	57,505	
Accumulated depreciation	(19,597)	(56,297)	(19,597)	(56,297)	
Net carrying amount	-	1,208	-	1,208	
,	-	•			
Total property, plant and equipment					
At cost	1,177,574	1,171,169	1,177,574	1,171,169	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,115,478)	(1,132,649)	(1,115,478)	(1,132,649)	
Net carrying amount	62,096	38,520	62,096	38,520	
Plant and equipment Balance at the beginning of the year At cost Accumulated depreciation	1,113,664 (1,076,352)	1,090,962 (1,053,587)	1,113,664 (1,076,352)	1,090,962 (1,053,587)	
Net carrying amount	37,312	37,375	37,312	37,375	
Additions	44,313	22,702	44,313	22,702	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation charge for the year	(19,529)	(22,765)	(19,529)	(22,765)	
Balance at the end of the year - net carrying amount	62,096	37,312	62,096	37,312	
Motor vehicles					
Balance at the beginning of the year					
At cost	57,505	69,005	57,505	69,005	
Accumulated depreciation	(56,297)	(53,523)	(56,297)	(53,523)	
Net carrying amount	1,208	15,482	1,208	15,482	
Additions	-	-	-	-	
Disposals	-	(2,145)	-	(2,145)	
Depreciation charge for the year	(1,208)	(12,129)	(1,208)	(12,129)	
Balance at the end of the year - net carrying amount	-	1,208	-	1,208	
•					

NOTE 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Conso	lidated	Parent		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Total property, plant and equipment					
Balance at the beginning of the year					
At cost	1,171,169	1,159,967	1,171,169	1,159,967	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,132,649)	(1,107,110)	(1,132,649)	(1,107,110)	
Net carrying amount	38,520	52,857	38,520	52,857	
Additions	44,313	22,702	44,313	22,702	
Disposals	-	(2,145)	-	(2,145)	
Depreciation charge for the year	(20,737)	(34,894)	(20,737)	(34,894)	
Balance at the end of the year - net carrying amount	62,096	38,520	62,096	38,520	

NOTE 11 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

		Consolid	dated	Pare	nt
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	Right-of-use assets				
(a)	Motor Vehicles under finance lease				
	As at 1 July 2021	40,307	32,024	40,307	32,024
	Addition	8,390	8,283	8,390	8,283
	Accumulated Depreciation	(41,604)	(32,850)	(41,604)	(32,850)
	Impairment	-	-	-	
	As at 1 July 2022	7,093	7,457	7,093	7,457
	Additions	3,378	8,390	3,378	8,390
	Depreciation	(8,137)	(8,754)	(8,137)	(8,754)
	Impairment	-	-	-	
	As at 30 June 2023	2,334	7,093	2,334	7,093
(b)	Equipment under operating lease				
	As at 1 July 2021	-	-	-	-
	Addition	39,222	39,222	39,222	39,222
	Accumulated Depreciation	(21,026)	(9,470)	(21,026)	(9,470)
	Impairment	-	-	-	
	As at 1 July 2022	18,196	29,752	18,196	29,752
	Additions	-	-	-	-
	Depreciation	(11,556)	(11,556)	(11,556)	(11,556)
	Impairment	-	-	-	-
	As at 30 June 2023	6,640	18,196	6,640	18,196
	Total carrying amount of right-of-use assets	8,974	25,289	8,974	25,289

NOTE 11 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

		Consoli	idated	Parent	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	Lease Liabilities				
(a)	Current				
	Motor vehicles under lease	2,383	7,429	2,383	7,429
	Equipment under lease	2,279	11,558	2,279	11,558
		4,662	18,987	4,662	18,987
(b)	Non-current Motor vehicles under lease	_	_	_	
		4 510	6 700	4 510	6 700
	Equipment under lease	4,510	6,790	4,510	6,790
		4,510	6,790	4,510	6,790

NOTE 12 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Consoli	dated	Par	ent
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 July	13,500,000	14,000,000	-	-
Additions	81,537	29,321	-	-
Net loss from fair value adjustments	-	(529,321)	-	
Closing balance at 30 June	13,581,537	13,500,000	-	_
Investments in freehold land and buildings	13,581,537	13,500,000	-	

(a) Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on Investment property:

Valuation				
Significant unobservable Inputs	technique	Ran	ge (weighted a	verage)
			2023	2022
Estimated office area rental per sqm per month	Capitalisation method	\$	455 \$	380
Estimated car space rental per car park bay per month	Capitalisation method	\$	280 \$	213
Discount rate			7.25%	5.40%

NOTE 13 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

	Conso	lidated
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Investment in associate, FRED IT Group Pty Ltd	1,453,847	3,931,532

The equity interest in FRED IT Group Pty Ltd is 35% (2022: 35%) and has been equity accounted.

Movement during the year in equity accounted investment in associate

Balance at 1 July	3,931,532	3,838,082
Add: share of associate's (loss)/profit after income tax post adjustments	(2,477,685)	93,450
Less: dividend revenue from associate	-	-
Balance at 30 June	1,453,847	3,931,532

The investment in FRED IT Group Pty Ltd is higher than the share of the net assets due to premium on acquisition. The current year's share of loss on FRED IT Group Pty Ltd is significantly higher due to payment for litigation damages awarded against FRED IT Group Pty Ltd in April 2023.

The following illustrates summarized financial information relating the Group's investment in joint venture entity.

Extract from the associate's statement of financial position

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Current assets	12,383,900	9,788,500
Non-current assets	39,422,300	29,268,100
	51,806,200	39,056,600
Current liabilities	34,540,600	24,108,700
Non-current liabilities	13,472,100	4,187,600
	48,012,700	28,296,300
Net assets	3,793,500	10,760,300
Less: Non-controlling interest share of net assets	(116,400)	(97,500)
Adjusted net assets	3,677,100	10,662,800
Share of associate's net assets 35% (2022:35%)	1,286,985	3,731,980

NOTE 13 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Extract from the associate's statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue	72,034,500	60,270,500
Net (loss)/profit after tax	(7,060,200)	237,000
Net (loss)/profit attributable to majority interest	(7,079,100)	267,000
Share of associates net (loss)/profit after tax 35% (2022:35%)	(2,477,685)	93,450

NOTE 14 LOAN TO ASSOCIATE

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-current				
Loan to associate	2,100,000	2,100,000	-	-

The loan to associate is unsecured and bears an interest at the Bank Bill Swap Rate plus 4% margin. Subsequent to year end, a further \$2.8 million has been provided as an extension of the existing loan of \$2.1 million. Both loan repayment dates are 30 June 2024. No expected credit losses have been recognised in relation to any outstanding balances, and no expense has been recognised in respect of expected credit losses due from loan to associate.

NOTE 15 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLE

	Consolid	dated	Parent		
	2023 2022		2023	2022	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Current					
Trade payables and accruals	507,272	382,169	392,045	321,820	
Legal cost payable	7,216	-	-	-	
Unearned revenue	41,717	5,390	41,717	5,390	
Deferred revenue	731,224	946,750	724,569	942,405	
Payable to employers for making payroll					
deductions of membership subscriptions	-	-	-	-	
Security deposit held in trust	-	-	-	-	
	1,287,429	1,334,309	1,158,331	1,269,615	
Related party payables	99,364	129,344	109,702	738,320	
_	1,386,793	1,463,653	1,268,033	2,007,935	
Non-current					
Security deposit held in trust	81,812	52,167	-	-	
Interest held in trust	2,887	2,144			
	84,699	54,311	-	-	
•					

Trade payables are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

NOTE 15 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLE (continued)

Terms and conditions of the above liabilities:

- Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms.

For terms and conditions relating to related party payables, refer to Note 19.

For terms and conditions related to unearned revenue and deferred revenue, refer to Note 2.17.

For explanations on the Group's liquidity risk management process, refer to Note 3(c).

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PROVISION

	Consolidated		Parer	nt
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current				
Annual leave	140,240	180,064	140,240	180,064
Long service leave	148,325	128,882	148,325	128,882
_	288,565	308,946	288,565	308,946
Non-Current				
Long service leave	17,076	30,370	17,076	30,370
_	17,076	30,370	17,076	30,370
Total Employee benefit provisions	305,641	339,316	305,641	339,316

Refer to Note 2.18 for the relevant accounting policy and a discussion of the significant estimation and assumptions applied in the measurement of employee benefit provisions.

	Conso	Consolidated		ent
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Employee benefit provisions are analysed a	s follows:			
(i) Relating to "Holders of Offices"				
- Annual leave	-	-	-	-
 Long service leave 	39,786	-	39,786	-
- Separation and redundancies	-	-	-	-
- Other employee provisions	-	-	-	-
 Other employee expenses 		-	-	-
	39,786	-	39,786	-
(ii) Relating to employees				
("other than Holders of Offices")				
- Annual leave	140,240	180,064	140,240	180,064
 Long service leave 	125,615	159,252	125,615	159,252
- Separation and redundancies	-	-	-	-
 Other employee provisions 	-	-	-	-
 Other employee expenses 		-	-	-
	265,855	339,316	265,855	339,316
Total ampleyee han efit provisions	205 644	220.216	20E 644	220.216
Total employee benefit provisions	305,641	339,316	305,641	339,316

NOTE 16 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PROVISION (continued)

Provision for employee benefits

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the Branch does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the Branch does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlements.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of longservice leave being taken is based upon historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria for employee benefit liabilities have been discussed in Note 2.18.

Amounts not expected to be settled within the next 12 months

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current leave obligations expected to be settled after 12 months	87,506	57,069	87,506	57,069

No provisions were made for:

- (i) employee benefits relating to Branch Committee (2022: Nil).
- (ii) separation and redundancies or other employee provisions (2022: Nil).
- (iii) payables to employee as consideration for the employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions (2022: Nil).
- (iv) employee related payables in respect of legal costs and expenses related to:
 - (a) Litigation; and
 - (b) Other legal matters.

NOTE 17 RESERVES

	Consolidated		Pare	nt
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
RESERVES				
Asset revaluation reserve	-	-	3,784,080	3,784,080
Income reserve - capital gain	5,893,106	5,893,106	-	
	5,893,106	5,893,106	3,784,080	3,784,080

The income reserve records the capital from the sale of part of the Group's investment in FRED IT Group Pty Ltd's shares.

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets.

NOTE 18 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Reconciliation of net profit for the year to net cash used in operations				
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(1,857,952)	(812,728)	152,627	(667,891)
Adjustment for:				
Depreciation & Amortisation	40,430	55,206	40,430	55,206
Impairment on revaluation of investment property	-	529,321	-	-
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(27,727)	(11,492)	(27,727)	(11,492)
Distribution income from :				
The Guild (Victoria) Computer Unit Trust	-	-	-	-
The Guild Properties (Victoria) Unit Trust	-	-	(614,615)	(45,700)
Interest paid classified as financing cash flow	457	789	457	789
Dividend income classified as investing cash flow	(161,029)	(123,165)	-	-
(Gain)/loss on divestment of other investments	3,881	(75,067)	-	-
Unrealised fair value gain/(loss)	(272,220)	436,875	-	-
Bad Debts written off	-	-	3,388	-
Expected credit loss from trade receivables	4,000	2,000	4,000	5,817
Share of (Profit)/loss from joint venture entity	2,477,685	(93,450)	-	-
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	(37,295)	(18,790)	(53,256)	(10,605)
Decrease/(increase) in other assets	(66,971)	118,375	(8,108)	37,219
(Decrease)/Increase in trade and other payables	(76,859)	(163,050)	(139,901)	463,857
(Decrease)/increase in employee benefit liabilities	(33,675)	(130,370)	(33,675)	(130,370)
(Decrease)/Increase in other liabilities	30,387	5,038	-	(600,000)
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	23,112	(280,508)	(676,380)	(903,170)

NOTE 19 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Director and executive disclosure

The following persons held positions on the Branch Committee or were Directors during the reporting period:

Mr. A. Tassone Ms. G. Chong Mr. P. Krassaris Ms. M. Tsitonakis Mr. A. Pricolo Mr. K. Chong Mr. B. Robertson Ms. C. Streeter Mr. S. Wilkes Ms. M. Kazantzis Mr. B. Green Mr. S. E. Ahmad	Branch President Vice President – Finance Vice President Vice President Branch Committee
Mr. S. E. Ahmad	Branch Committee

FRED IT Group Pty Ltd

Mr. P. Krassaris Director FRED IT Group Pty Ltd
Mr. A. Pricolo Director FRED IT Group Pty Ltd

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
(b)	Balances with related parties				
(i)	Amount payable to related parties:				
	Amount included in trade and other				
	payable - Note 15				
	Current				
	The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (National Secretariat)	(95,398)	(120,427)	(95,398)	(120,427)
	Guild Group Holding Ltd Guild Insurance Ltd	- (3,966)	(8,917)	- (2,795)	(7,115) -
	The Guild Properties (Victoria) Unit Trust	-	-	(11,509)	(10,778)
	Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd		-	-	(600,000)
		(99,364)	(129,344)	(109,702)	(738,320)

(b) Balances with related parties (continued)

The loan provided by Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd to Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria bears interest rate at 4.0% and was payable on 19 January 2023. On 16 February 2023, Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd has forgiven the debt of \$600,000 and converted the debt as a distribution to Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria.

All related party transactions are at arm's length.

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
(ii) Amount receivable from related parties:				
The Pharmacy Guild of Australia				
(National Secretariat)	-	10,506	-	10,506
The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (NSW)	-	818	-	818
Guild Group Holding Ltd	-	133	-	133
Gold Cross Products and Services	10,366	-	10,366	
-	10,366	11,457	10,366	11,457
Present Entitlement receivable from :				
The Guild (Vic) Computer Unit Trust	-	-	4,184,990	4,784,990
The Guild Properties (Victoria) Unit Trust	-	-	787,768	708,154
	-	-	4,972,758	5,493,144

Related parties outstanding balances at year end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash.

(c) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions took place with related parties during the reporting period:

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	Pharmacy Guild of Australia National Stariat				
(i)	Funding for Business Support Services	883,300	755,480	883,300	755,480
(ii)	Rental received by Victoria Branch	11,550	3,025	11,550	3,025
(iii)	Funding for Community Pharmacy Project	27,000	-	27,000	-
(iv)	Funding for political associate function	-	3,136	-	3,136
(v)	Other reimbursable expenses	11,850	15,722	11,850	15,722
	_	933,700	777,363	933,700	777,363
(vi)	Membership contributions paid by Victorian Branch				
	Terms: 50% (2022:50%) of gross membership fees received.	(966,191)	(914,571)	(966,191)	(914,571)
(vii)	Support fees for maintenance of national membership database	(28,570)	(28,750)	(28,570)	(28,750)
(viii)	Share of annual e-Learning licence fees	-	(6,780)	-	(6,780)
(ix)	Workplace Relation Support Fee	(54,000)	(12,000)	(54,000)	(12,000)
(x)	Immunization & Vaccination Module Delivery fees	-	(7,008)	-	(7,008)
(xi)	Share of consultancy fee	-	(21,276)	-	(21,276)
(xii)	Share of Subscription fee	(4,421)	-	(4,421)	
(xiii)	Other reimbursable expenses	(2,586)	(1,357)	(2,586)	(1,357)
	- -	(1,055,768)	(991,742)	(1,055,768)	(991,742)
The P	harmacy Guild of Australia (NSW)				
(i)	Commission Income received by Victoria Branch	-	3,073	-	3,073

(c) Transactions with related parties (continued)

	Consoli	Consolidated		ent
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (QLD)				
(i) Other reimbursable expenses		2,119	-	2,119
The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (ACT)				
(i) Reimbursement of Trainer cost		(850)	-	(850)
Other related parties				
Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd				
(i) Management Fee paid to Victorian Branc	h -	-	33,000	33,000
(ii) Loan to associate (iii) Loan interest income from Associate	- 146,178	490,000 78,714	-	-
to an interest income from Associate	146,178	568,714	33,000	33,000

The loan provided by Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd to Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria bears interest rate at 4.0% and was payable on 19 January 2023. During the year, the interest charge has been waived. On 16 February 2023, Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd had forgiven the debt of \$600,000 and converted the debt as a distribution to Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria.

The loan provided by Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd to FRED IT Group Pty Ltd bears interest rate at the bank bill swap rate plus 4% margin and is due for repayment on 30 June 2024.

(c) Transactions with related parties (continued)

Associates of Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd

		Consolid	ated	Pare	ent
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	FRED IT Group Pty Ltd				
(i)	Loan interest from \$2.1	446.470	70.744		
	million(2022;\$2.10 million) loan released	146,178	78,714	-	-
(ii)	to assist in progression of projects Payment for reimbursable expenses	(102)	_	(102)	_
(,		146,076	78,714	(102)	-
Guile					
(i)	Management Fees paid to Victorian				
. ,	Branch	-	-	99,600	99,600
(ii)	Office rental paid by Victorian Branch	-	-	(235,707)	(232,840)
(iii)	Building outgoings costs & maintenance	-	_	(85,319)	(80,490)
/iv/\	paid by Victoria Branch Reimbursement of Expenses			817	1 105
(iv)				(220,609)	1,105 (212,625)
(iv)	Distribution of income to Victorian Branch	_	_	535,000	804,300
	Term: Normal commercial term	-	_	314,391	591,675
	idiaries of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia:				
	d Insurance Ltd				
(i)	Vehicle insurance premium for Victoria Branch	(11,894)	(28,249)	(11,894)	(28,249)
(ii)	Insurance Referral Income	118,017	-	118,017	-
		106,123	(28,249)	106,123	(28,249)
Guile	d Group Holding Ltd				
(i)	Group insurance premium for Victoria Branch	-	(41,689)	-	(41,689)
(ii)	Reimbursement of expenses	226	121	226	121
	_	226	(41,568)	226	(41,568)
Guile	dlink Pty Ltd				
(i)	Domain fees	7,107	10,660	7,107	10,660
(ii)	Reimbursement of Expenses	45	-	45	-
		7,152	10,660	7,152	10,660
Gold	Cross Product Services				
(i)	Product Referral Fees	33,895	-	33,895	-
Aust	ralasian College of Pharmacy				
(i)	Vax course capitation fee	(4,416)	-	(4,416)	-

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		\$	\$	\$	\$
(d)	Cash flow movements with related				
(i)	parties Receipts from related parties				
• •	The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (National Secretariat)	792,996	849,551	792,996	849,551
	The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (NSW)	818	3,174	818	3,174
	The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (QLD)	-	2,331	-	2,331
	Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd	-	-	33,000	40,150
	The Guild Properties (Victoria) Unit Trust	- 7.967	- 11 726	110,459 7,867	110,776
	Guildlink Pty Ltd	7,867 381	11,726	•	11,726
	Guild Group Holdings Guild Insurance Ltd		-	381	-
		129,819	-	129,819	-
	FRED IT Group Pty Ltd	148,487	80,553	-	-
	Gold Cross Products and Services Pty Ltd _	26,919	- 047.225	26,919	- 4 047 700
	=	1,107,287	947,335	1,102,259	1,017,708
(ii)	** All receipts from related parties are on cor	mmercial terms			
("/	The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (National Secretariat)	1,280,482	989,608	1,280,482	986,858
	The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (ACT)	-	2,387	-	2,387
	Guild Insurance Ltd	-	30,794	-	30,794
	Guild Group Holding Ltd	56,632	63,384	45,331	45,582
	The Guild Properties (Victoria) Unit Trust	-	-	347,076	336,139
	FRED IT Group Pty Ltd	112	-	112	

1,337,226

1,086,173

1,673,001

1,401,760

^{**} All payments to related parties are on commercial terms

NOTE 20 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Branch during the year are as follows:

Key Management Personnel

•	Consolia	Consolidated		nt
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wages and salaries	460,475	432,108	460,475	432,108
Superannuation	48,764	45,246	48,764	45,246
Leave & other entitlements	30,101	19,549	30,101	19,549
Separation & redundancies	52,210	111,535	52,210	111,535
Branch Committee allowances	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
	594,550	611,438	594,550	611,438

NOTE 21 CONTROLLED ENTITIES CONSOLIDATED

Subsidiaries or associated entities of The	Country of	Percentage Owne	ed (%)
Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria	incorporation	2023	2022
Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
The Guild (Victoria) Computer Unit Trust	Australia	100	100
Care Energy Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100
The Guild Properties (Victoria) Unit Trust	Australia	100	100
Associates of The Pharmacy Computers	Country of	Percentage Owne	ed (%)
Australia Pty Ltd	incorporation	2023	2022
FRED IT Group Pty Ltd	Australia	35	35

Care Energy Australia Pty Ltd has been dormant since 2021. During the year, the members of Care Energy Australia Pty Ltd resolved for the company to be voluntary dissolved due to cessation of business and its dormant status. Amount owing by Care Energy Australia of \$44,000 has been waived via a Deed of Debt Forgiveness entered between Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria and Care Energy Australia Pty Ltd on 16 February 2023. The Form 6010 (Voluntary Deregistration of Company) has also been lodged with ASIC in May 2023.

NOTE 22 AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Amount received or due and receivable by Pitcher Partners (Melbourne) for:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
An audit of the financial report of the entity and any		
other entity is the consolidated group	59,165	51,150

NOTE 23 CAPITAL LEASE AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating leases commitments – as lessee

No amounts have been shown for 30 June 2023 as this is now recognised as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as a result of adopting the new accounting standard AASB 16. Refer to Note 11 for further details.

(b) Operating lease commitments – as lessor

The Group has entered into operating leases on its investment property. These leases have terms between 3 to 5 years. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis ranging from Consumer Price Index adjustment to fixed increase rate of 3% to 3.5%.

Commitments for minimum operating lease income in relation to operating leases are as follows:

	Consolidated		Par	rent
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Within one year	603,408	484,444	-	-
After one year but not more than five years _	539,954	436,547	-	<u>-</u>
Total minimum lease income	1,143,362	920,991	-	-

(c) Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments as at 30 June 2023 (30 June 2022: Nil).

NOTE 24 EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

Subsequent to the year-end, Pharmacy Computers Australia Pty Ltd has provided an addition loan of \$2.8 million to FRED IT Pty Ltd. The loan is an extension of the existing loan of \$2.1 million which bears interest at the Bank Bill Swap Rate plus 4% margin. Both loans repayment dates are 30 June 2024.

NOTE 25 ENTITY DETAILS

The registered office of the Group is:

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Guild House, 40 Burwood Road Hawthorn VIC 3122

NOTE 26 OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR PURPOSES OF SECTION 235 FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009

(a) General Requirements for Presentation and Disclosure

(i) Financial Support

The Branch's ability to continue as a going concern is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit(s).

The Branch has not agreed to provide financial support to ensure another reporting unit(s) has the ability to continue as a going concern.

(ii) Assets and liabilities acquired

The Branch has not acquired an asset or liability during the financial year as a result of:

- (a) a restructure of the Branches of the organisation; or
- (b) a determination by the General Manager under subsection 245(1) of the RO Act of an alternative reporting structure for the organization; or
- (c) a revocation by the General Manager under subsection 249(1) of the RO Act of a certificate issued to an organisation under subsection 245(1).

The Branch has not acquired an asset or liability during the financial year as part of a business combination.

(b) Statement of changes in equity

There were no other funds or accounts operated by the Branch other than the general fund of the Branch during the financial year (2022: Nil).

(c) Recovery of wages activity

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria has not undertaken any recovery of wages activity during the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

(d) Other expenses

No expenses are incurred as:

- (i) consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions;
- (ii) affiliation fees to any political party, any federation, congress, council or group of organisations or any international body having an interest in industrial matters;
- (iii) compulsory levies imposed on the Branch.

NOTE 27 INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED TO MEMBERS OR COMMISSIONER

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

- 1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- 2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- 3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

The committee of management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) on the reporting unit for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Report under S255(2A)

Report under 3233(2A)				
	Consolidated		Pare	nt
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Category of Expenses				
Remuneration and other employment- related costs and expenses - employees	2,640,042	2,611,701	2,640,042	2,611,701
Advertising	-	-	-	-
Operating costs	1,022,394	992,547	936,174	941,707
Donations to political parties	7,788	8,281	7,788	8,281
Legal costs	28,733	21,780	15,003	4,350
	3,698,957	3,634,309	3,599,007	3,566,039

ANTHONY TASSONE Branch President

19 September 2023

GRACE CHONG

Vice President - Finance

On 19 September 2023, the Committee of Management of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report (GPFR) for the year ended 30 June 2023.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that, in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria for the financial year to 30 June 2023;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that financial year:
 - (i) meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation, including the rules of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Branch; and
 - (ii) the financial affairs of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation, including the rules of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Branch;
 - (iii) the financial records of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria Branch have been kept and maintained, in accordance with the RO Act; and
 - (iv) the financial records have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner with each of theother reporting units of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia; and
 - (v) where information has been sought in any request by a member of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria or the Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been furnished or made available to the member or Commissioner; and
 - (vi) where any order for inspection of financial records has been made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

ANTHONY TASSONE

Branch President

GRACE CHONG

Vice President - Finance

19 September 2023

Officer Declaration

I, Anthony Tassone, being the Branch President of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2023.

Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria, did not:

- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount).
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission.
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity.
- have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit.
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit.

ANTHONY TASSONE Branch President

Dated: 19 September 2023



THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA ABN: 35 603 508 734

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Victoria and its subsidiaries ("the Guild"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255 (2A) report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Guild as at 30 June 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

I declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Guild is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* "the Code" that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Committee of Management are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Guild's annual report and the Operating Report for the year ended 30 June 2023, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA ABN: 35 603 508 734

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA

Responsibilities of the Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The committee of management of the Guild are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the committee of management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the committee of management is responsible for assessing the Guild's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee of management either intends to liquidate the Guild or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Guild's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Guild's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the 's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA ABN: 35 603 508 734

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, VICTORIA

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
 or business activities within the Guild to express an opinion on the financial report. We are
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Guild audit. We remain solely
 responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors report is Kylee Byrne who is an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and holds a current Certificate of Public Practice.

K L BYRNE

PITCHER PARTNERS

Peters Parties

Melbourne

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/154

Date: 19 September 2023