

8 December 2023

Alexander Scott Branch Secretary

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Queensland Together Branch

Sent via email: <u>alex.scott@together.org.au</u> CC: <u>sgreene@mgisq.com.au</u>

Dear Alexander Scott

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Queensland Together Branch Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2023 – (FR2023/87)

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2023 for the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Queensland Together Branch. The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 6 December 2023.

The financial report has now been filed. You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under sections 253, 265, 266 and 268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under section 268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 30 June 2024 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

#### **Reporting Requirements**

The Commission's website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via <a href="mailto:this.">this link</a>.

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please call 1300 341 665 or email regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

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Mihiri Jayawardane Fair Work Commission

#### Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch

s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

#### CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER

Certificate for the year ended 30 June 2023

I, Alexander Scott being the Branch Secretary of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch for the period ended 30 June 2023 referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the Committee of Management passed the required resolution in relation to the General-Purpose Financial Report at a meeting held on 16 November 2023; and
- that the full report was provided to members via the website on 28 November 2023; and
- that the full report was presented to a meeting of the Committee of Management of the reporting unit on 4 December 2023 held under s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer:

Name of prescribed designated officer: Alexander Scott

Title of prescribed designated officer: Branch Secretary

Dated: 6 December 2023

ABN 97 853 552 816

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### **Operating Report**

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch ("the Branch"), for the year ended 30 June 2023.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the Branch during the year fell in the following categories:

- Organising existing members and new members
- Bargaining, negotiating and arbitrating for improvements in wages and conditions of employment for members of the Branch.
- Representing members in work related grievances or other matters
- Undertaking training and development for delegates of the Branch.

Over the year the Branch negotiated many Collective Agreements delivering improvements in wages and conditions to ASU members.

There have been no changes in the principal activities of the Branch during the year.

#### **Operating Results**

The surplus for the financial year amounted to \$227,332. Events which contributed to this result include:

- 1. Membership income increased by \$559,190 (or 3.46%) to \$16,712,535. This increase has been predominately driven by an increase in membership within the public sector division.
- 2. Wages and salaries expenditure increased by \$420,363 (or 4.37%) to \$10,047,434.
- 3. The Branch contributed \$1,000,000 to the Public Sector Defence Fund a fund established by the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees to support and defend members employed in the Queensland Public Sector.

No provision for tax was necessary as the Branch is considered exempt.

#### Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

A review of the operations of the Branch during the financial year found that there was no significant change in the financial affairs of the Branch's operations during the year.

#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Members Right to Resign

All members have the right to resign from the Branch in accordance with National Rule 32 - Resignation of the Union Rules (and Section 174 of the Act); namely, by providing written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch of which they are a member.

#### Membership of the Branch

Total number of members as at 30 June 2023: 30.537.

#### **Employees of the Branch**

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 69.14.

### Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

There were no officers or members of the Branch who held a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2) (d) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation.

#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name	Period of Appointment	Position
Sharon Abbott	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Branch President
Michele Bailey	14/06/2022 to 30/06/2023	Branch Assistant Treasurer
Rachel Barley	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
Lucy Besnard	01/07/2022 to 14/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
	14/06/2023 to 30/06/2023	Vice President - Public Service
Ray Booker	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
Michelle Byard	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Vice President - Public Health
Sandy Donald	01/07/2022 to 14/06/2023	Senior Vice-President
Eva Foster	01/07/2022 to 14/06/2023	Branch Assistant Treasurer
Christine Fox	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
Rohan Huguenin	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
Paul O'Driscoll	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Branch Treasurer
Erin Quinn	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Vice President – General
Trevor Rankin	01/07/2022 to 01/04/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
Angie Saville-Balsamo	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
Alex Scott	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Branch Secretary
Danielle Spink	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Branch Assistant Secretary
Elisabeth Stalker	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
Carleigh Stapleton	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Other Branch Executive Member
James Swan	01/07/2022 to 14/06/2023	Vice-President – Public Service
	14/06/2023 to 30/06/2023	Senior Vice-President
Michael Thomas	01/07/2022 to 30/06/2023	Branch Assistant Secretary

#### **Wages Recovery Activity**

The Branch continuously undertakes recovery of wages on behalf of members. It is Branch policy that any successful wage recovery from employers is paid directly to those effected members. As a result, no wage recovery activity is accounted via the Branch's bank accounts and therefore not reflected in these financial statements.

#### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Alex Scott Branch Secretary

16 November 2023 South Brisbane

#### **COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

On 16 November 2023, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the Branch concerned; and
- ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation, including the rules of the branch concerned; and
- iii. the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
- v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or Commissioner; and
- vi. where any order for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer:

Alex Scott

Title of Designated Officer:

**Branch Secretary** 

Signature:

16 November 2023

Date:





Brisbane GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australia

Gold Coast GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australia

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# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION – QUEENSLAND TOGETHER BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch for the year ended 30 June 2023; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**MGI Audit Pty Ltd** 

S C Greene

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 16 November 2023

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Revenue from contracts with customers         3         \$           Membership subscription         16,712,535         16,153,345           Total revenue from contracts with customers         16,712,535         16,153,345           Other income           Interest         3A         112,173         29,699           Other revenue         3B         317,715         74,843           Total other income         429,888         104,542           Expenses           Employee expenses         4A         (10,047,434)         (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B         (963,024)         (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C         (289,920)         (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D         (898,464)         (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E         (1,200)         (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F         (595,962)         (737,701)           Legal costs         4G         (65,515)         (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H         (218,938)         (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4I         (24,000)         (24,000)           Finance costs <th></th> <th></th> <th>2023</th> <th>2022</th>			2023	2022
Membership subscription         16,712,535         16,153,345           Total revenue from contracts with customers         16,712,535         16,153,345           Other income           Interest         3A         112,173         29,699           Other revenue         3B         317,715         74,843           Total other income         429,888         104,542           Expenses           Employee expenses         4A         (10,047,434)         (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B         (963,024)         (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C         (289,920)         (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D         (898,464)         (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E         (1,200)         (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F         (595,962)         (737,701)           Legal costs         4G         (65,515)         (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H         (218,838)         (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4H         (218,000)         (24,000)           Finance costs         4J         (220,008)         (105,626)           Oth		Notes	\$	\$
Other income         3A         112,173         29,699           Other revenue         3B         317,715         74,843           Total other income         429,888         104,542           Total revenue         17,142,423         16,257,887           Expenses         4A         (10,047,434)         (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B         (963,024)         (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C         (289,920)         (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D         (898,464)         (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E         (1,200)         (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F         (595,962)         (737,701)           Legal costs         4G         (65,515)         (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H         (218,838)         (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4I         (24,000)         (24,000)           Finance costs         4J         (220,968)         (105,626)           Other expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Total expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Cother comprehe	Revenue from contracts with customers	3		
Other income           Interest         3A         112,173         29,699           Other revenue         3B         317,715         74,843           Total other income         429,888         104,542           Total revenue         17,142,423         16,257,887           Expenses         Employee expenses         4A         (10,047,434)         (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B         (963,024)         (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C         (289,920)         (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D         (898,464)         (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E         (1,200)         (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F         (595,962)         (737,701)           Legal costs         4G         (65,515)         (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H         (218,838)         (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4I         (24,000)         (24,000)           Finance costs         4J         (220,968)         (105,626)           Other expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Total expenses         (16,915,091)	Membership subscription		16,712,535	16,153,345
Interest Other revenue         3A 3A 3B 317,715 74,843           Total other income         3B 317,715 74,843           Total revenue         17,142,423 16,257,887           Expenses         4A (10,047,434) (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B (963,024) (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C (289,920) (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D (898,464) (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E (1,200) (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F (595,962) (737,701)           Legal costs         4G (65,515) (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H (218,838) (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4I (24,000) (24,000)           Finance costs         4J (220,968) (105,626)           Other expenses         4K (3,589,766) (3,104,649)           Total expenses         4K (3,589,766) (3,104,649)           Surplus for the year         227,332 303,149           Other comprehensive income Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)         4E (1,200,10)	Total revenue from contracts with customers		16,712,535	16,153,345
Other revenue         3B         317,715         74,843           Total other income         429,888         104,542           Total revenue         17,142,423         16,257,887           Expenses         4A         (10,047,434)         (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B         (963,024)         (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C         (289,920)         (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D         (898,464)         (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E         (1,200)         (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F         (595,962)         (737,701)           Legal costs         4G         (65,515)         (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H         (218,838)         (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4I         (24,000)         (24,000)           Finance costs         4J         (220,968)         (105,626)           Other expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Total expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Other comprehensive income         227,332         303,149	Other income			
Total other income         429,888         104,542           Total revenue         17,142,423         16,257,887           Expenses         4A         (10,047,434)         (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B         (963,024)         (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C         (289,920)         (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D         (898,464)         (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E         (1,200)         (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F         (595,962)         (737,701)           Legal costs         4G         (65,515)         (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H         (218,838)         (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4I         (24,000)         (24,000)           Finance costs         4J         (220,968)         (105,626)           Other expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Total expenses         (16,915,091)         (15,954,738)           Surplus for the year         227,332         303,149           Other comprehensive income         Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)         1         1         1	Interest	3A	112,173	29,699
Total revenue         17,142,423         16,257,887           Expenses         Employee expenses         4A         (10,047,434)         (9,627,071)           Capitation fees         4B         (963,024)         (975,643)           Affiliation fees         4C         (289,920)         (253,707)           Administration expenses         4D         (898,464)         (690,158)           Grants or donations         4E         (1,200)         (74,050)           Depreciation and amortisation         4F         (595,962)         (737,701)           Legal costs         4G         (65,515)         (153,375)           Audit and other professional fees         4H         (218,838)         (208,758)           Service agreement expenses         4I         (24,000)         (24,000)           Finance costs         4J         (220,968)         (105,626)           Other expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Total expenses         (16,915,091)         (15,954,738)           Other comprehensive income         227,332         303,149	Other revenue	3B	317,715	74,843
Expenses  Employee expenses	Total other income		429,888	104,542
Employee expenses       4A       (10,047,434)       (9,627,071)         Capitation fees       4B       (963,024)       (975,643)         Affiliation fees       4C       (289,920)       (253,707)         Administration expenses       4D       (898,464)       (690,158)         Grants or donations       4E       (1,200)       (74,050)         Depreciation and amortisation       4F       (595,962)       (737,701)         Legal costs       4G       (65,515)       (153,375)         Audit and other professional fees       4H       (218,838)       (208,758)         Service agreement expenses       4I       (24,000)       (24,000)         Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses       (16,915,091)       (15,954,738)         Other comprehensive income         Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Total revenue		17,142,423	16,257,887
Capitation fees       4B       (963,024)       (975,643)         Affiliation fees       4C       (289,920)       (253,707)         Administration expenses       4D       (898,464)       (690,158)         Grants or donations       4E       (1,200)       (74,050)         Depreciation and amortisation       4F       (595,962)       (737,701)         Legal costs       4G       (65,515)       (153,375)         Audit and other professional fees       4H       (218,838)       (208,758)         Service agreement expenses       4I       (24,000)       (24,000)         Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses       (16,915,091)       (15,954,738)         Other comprehensive income         Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Expenses			
Affiliation fees 4C (289,920) (253,707) Administration expenses 4D (898,464) (690,158) Grants or donations 4E (1,200) (74,050) Depreciation and amortisation 4F (595,962) (737,701) Legal costs 4G (65,515) (153,375) Audit and other professional fees 4H (218,838) (208,758) Service agreement expenses 4I (24,000) (24,000) Finance costs 4J (220,968) (105,626) Other expenses 4K (3,589,766) (3,104,649)  Total expenses (16,915,091) (15,954,738)  Surplus for the year 227,332 303,149  Other comprehensive income Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Employee expenses	4A	(10,047,434)	(9,627,071)
Administration expenses       4D       (898,464)       (690,158)         Grants or donations       4E       (1,200)       (74,050)         Depreciation and amortisation       4F       (595,962)       (737,701)         Legal costs       4G       (65,515)       (153,375)         Audit and other professional fees       4H       (218,838)       (208,758)         Service agreement expenses       4I       (24,000)       (24,000)         Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses       (16,915,091)       (15,954,738)         Other comprehensive income         Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Capitation fees	4B	(963,024)	(975,643)
Grants or donations       4E       (1,200)       (74,050)         Depreciation and amortisation       4F       (595,962)       (737,701)         Legal costs       4G       (65,515)       (153,375)         Audit and other professional fees       4H       (218,838)       (208,758)         Service agreement expenses       4I       (24,000)       (24,000)         Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses         Complete spenses         Complete spenses         Other comprehensive income         Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Affiliation fees	4C	(289,920)	(253,707)
Depreciation and amortisation       4F       (595,962)       (737,701)         Legal costs       4G       (65,515)       (153,375)         Audit and other professional fees       4H       (218,838)       (208,758)         Service agreement expenses       4I       (24,000)       (24,000)         Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses         Surplus for the year       227,332       303,149     Other comprehensive income  Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Administration expenses	4D	(898,464)	(690,158)
Legal costs       4G       (65,515)       (153,375)         Audit and other professional fees       4H       (218,838)       (208,758)         Service agreement expenses       4I       (24,000)       (24,000)         Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses         Gurplus for the year         Other comprehensive income         Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Grants or donations	4E	(1,200)	(74,050)
Audit and other professional fees  Service agreement expenses  Finance costs  Other expenses  AH  (218,838) (208,758)  (24,000) (24,000)  (24,000)  AU  (220,968) (105,626)  AK  (3,589,766) (3,104,649)  (16,915,091) (15,954,738)   Other comprehensive income  Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Depreciation and amortisation	4F	(595,962)	(737,701)
Service agreement expenses       4I       (24,000)       (24,000)         Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses       (16,915,091)       (15,954,738)         Surplus for the year       227,332       303,149         Other comprehensive income       Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Legal costs	4G	(65,515)	(153,375)
Finance costs       4J       (220,968)       (105,626)         Other expenses       4K       (3,589,766)       (3,104,649)         Total expenses       (16,915,091)       (15,954,738)         Surplus for the year       227,332       303,149         Other comprehensive income Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)       -       -	Audit and other professional fees	4H	(218,838)	(208,758)
Other expenses         4K         (3,589,766)         (3,104,649)           Total expenses         (16,915,091)         (15,954,738)           Surplus for the year         227,332         303,149           Other comprehensive income             Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Service agreement expenses	41	(24,000)	(24,000)
Total expenses  (16,915,091) (15,954,738)  Surplus for the year  227,332 303,149  Other comprehensive income Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Finance costs	4J	(220,968)	(105,626)
Surplus for the year 227,332 303,149  Other comprehensive income Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Other expenses	4K	(3,589,766)	(3,104,649)
Other comprehensive income  Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Total expenses		(16,915,091)	(15,954,738)
Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)	Surplus for the year		227,332	303,149
tax)	Other comprehensive income			
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	•		227,332	303,149

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

Notes   S   S   S			2023	2022
Current Assets         5A         11,313,920         10,253,151           Trade and cash equivalents         5B         24,202         307,002           Other current assets         5C         535,684         570,230           Total current assets         11,873,806         11,130,383           Non-Current Assets         11,772,391         2,505,394           Property, plant and equipment         6         1,772,391         2,505,394           Total non-current assets         13,646,197         13,635,777           LIABILITIES         2         505,394           Current Liabilities         7A         1,203,153         784,833           Other payables         7B         1,001,832         894,749           Employee provisions         8A         2,553,370         2,744,684           Lease liabilities         9A         372,391         369,670           Total current liabilities         5,130,746         4,793,936           Non-Current Liabilities         8A         1,08,517         150,284           Lease liabilities         9A         1,104,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         9A         1,104,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities <td< th=""><th></th><th>Notes</th><th>\$</th><th>\$</th></td<>		Notes	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents       5A       11,313,920       10,253,151         Trade and other receivables       5B       24,202       307,002         Other current assets       5C       535,684       570,230         Total current assets       11,873,806       11,303,833         Non-Current Assets       1,772,391       2,505,394         Property, plant and equipment       6       1,772,391       2,505,394         Total non-current assets       13,646,197       13,635,777         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities         Trade payables       7A       1,203,153       784,833         Other payables       7B       1,001,832       894,749         Employee provisions       8A       2,553,370       2,744,684         Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       5,130,746       4,793,936         Non-Current Liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       9A       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631	ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables Other current assets         5B C S35,684 570,230         307,002 570,230           Total current assets         5C S35,684 570,230         570,230           Non-Current Assets         Injage, 200,230           Property, plant and equipment         6 1,772,391 2,505,394           Total non-current assets         1,772,391 2,505,394           Total assets         13,646,197 13,635,777           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities           Trade payables         7A 1,203,153 784,833           Other payables         7B 1,001,832 894,749           Employee provisions         8A 2,553,370 2,744,684           Lease liabilities         9A 372,391 369,670           Total current liabilities         8A 108,517 150,284           Lease liabilities         8A 104,303 1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         8A 1,04,303 1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         9A 1,104,303 1,616,258           Total liabilities         6,343,566 6,560,478           Net assets         7,302,631 7,075,299           EQUITY         Retained earnings         7,302,631 7,075,299	Current Assets			
Other current assets         5C         535,684         570,230           Total current assets         11,873,806         11,130,383           Non-Current Assets         31,772,391         2,505,394           Property, plant and equipment         6         1,772,391         2,505,394           Total non-current assets         13,646,197         13,635,777           LIABILITIES         2         13,646,197         13,635,777           Liabilities         7A         1,203,153         784,833           Other payables         7B         1,001,832         894,749           Employee provisions         8A         2,553,370         2,744,684           Lease liabilities         9A         372,391         369,670           Total current liabilities         8A         108,517         150,284           Lease liabilities         8A         1,04,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         9A         1,104,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         6,343,566         6,560,478           Net assets         7,302,631         7,075,299           EQUITY         Retained earnings         7,302,631         7,075,299	Cash and cash equivalents	5A	11,313,920	10,253,151
Total current assets         11,873,806         11,130,383           Non-Current Assets         2,505,394           Total non-current assets         1,772,391         2,505,394           Total assets         13,646,197         13,635,777           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities           Trade payables         7A         1,203,153         784,833           Other payables         7B         1,001,832         894,749           Employee provisions         8A         2,553,370         2,744,684           Lease liabilities         9A         372,391         369,670           Total current liabilities         8A         108,517         150,284           Lease liabilities         9A         1,04,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         9A         1,704,303         1,616,258           Total liabilities         9A         1,704,303         1,616,258           Total liabilities         6,343,566         6,560,478	Trade and other receivables	5B	24,202	307,002
Non-Current Assets         Property, plant and equipment       6       1,772,391       2,505,394         Total non-current assets       13,646,197       13,635,777         LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities         Trade payables       7A       1,203,153       784,833         Other payables       7B       1,001,832       894,749         Employee provisions       8A       2,553,370       2,744,684         Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Non-Current Liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       9A       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       Retained earnings       7,302,631       7,075,299	Other current assets	5C	535,684	570,230
Property, plant and equipment         6         1,772,391         2,505,394           Total non-current assets         1,772,391         2,505,394           Total assets         13,646,197         13,635,777           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities           Trade payables         7A         1,203,153         784,833           Other payables         7B         1,001,832         894,749           Employee provisions         8A         2,553,370         2,744,684           Lease liabilities         9A         372,391         369,670           Total current liabilities           Employee provisions         8A         108,517         150,284           Lease liabilities         9A         1,104,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         9A         1,104,303         1,616,258           Total liabilities         9A         1,212,820         1,766,542           Total sesets         7,302,631         7,075,299           EQUITY         Retained earnings         7,302,631         7,075,299	Total current assets		11,873,806	11,130,383
Total non-current assets         1,772,391         2,505,394           Total assets         13,646,197         13,635,777           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities           Trade payables         7A         1,203,153         784,833           Other payables         7B         1,001,832         894,749           Employee provisions         8A         2,553,370         2,744,684           Lease liabilities         9A         372,391         369,670           Total current liabilities         5,130,746         4,793,936           Non-Current Liabilities         8A         108,517         150,284           Lease liabilities         9A         1,104,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         1,212,820         1,766,542           Total liabilities         6,343,566         6,560,478           Net assets         7,302,631         7,075,299           EQUITY         Retained earnings         7,302,631         7,075,299	Non-Current Assets			
Total assets   13,646,197   13,635,777	Property, plant and equipment	6	1,772,391	2,505,394
LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities         Trade payables       7A       1,203,153       784,833         Other payables       7B       1,001,832       894,749         Employee provisions       8A       2,553,370       2,744,684         Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       5,130,746       4,793,936         Non-Current Liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       Retained earnings       7,302,631       7,075,299	Total non-current assets		1,772,391	2,505,394
Current Liabilities         Trade payables       7A       1,203,153       784,833         Other payables       7B       1,001,832       894,749         Employee provisions       8A       2,553,370       2,744,684         Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       5,130,746       4,793,936         Non-Current Liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       9A       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       Retained earnings       7,302,631       7,075,299	Total assets		13,646,197	13,635,777
Trade payables       7A       1,203,153       784,833         Other payables       7B       1,001,832       894,749         Employee provisions       8A       2,553,370       2,744,684         Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Employee provisions       8A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       7,302,631       7,075,299	LIABILITIES			
Other payables       7B       1,001,832       894,749         Employee provisions       8A       2,553,370       2,744,684         Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       5,130,746       4,793,936         Non-Current Liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       9A       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       Retained earnings       7,302,631       7,075,299	Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions       8A       2,553,370       2,744,684         Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       5,130,746       4,793,936         Non-Current Liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       7,302,631       7,075,299	Trade payables	7A	1,203,153	784,833
Lease liabilities       9A       372,391       369,670         Total current liabilities       5,130,746       4,793,936         Non-Current Liabilities       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       7,302,631       7,075,299	Other payables	7B	1,001,832	894,749
Total current liabilities         5,130,746         4,793,936           Non-Current Liabilities         8A         108,517         150,284           Lease liabilities         9A         1,104,303         1,616,258           Total non-current liabilities         1,212,820         1,766,542           Total liabilities         6,343,566         6,560,478           Net assets         7,302,631         7,075,299           EQUITY Retained earnings         7,302,631         7,075,299	Employee provisions	8A	2,553,370	2,744,684
Non-Current Liabilities         Employee provisions       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       7,302,631       7,075,299	Lease liabilities	9A	372,391	369,670
Employee provisions       8A       108,517       150,284         Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       1,212,820       1,766,542         Net assets       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       7,302,631       7,075,299	Total current liabilities		5,130,746	4,793,936
Lease liabilities       9A       1,104,303       1,616,258         Total non-current liabilities       1,212,820       1,766,542         Total liabilities       6,343,566       6,560,478         Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       7,302,631       7,075,299	Non-Current Liabilities			
Total non-current liabilities         1,212,820         1,766,542           Total liabilities         6,343,566         6,560,478           Net assets         7,302,631         7,075,299           EQUITY         Retained earnings         7,302,631         7,075,299	Employee provisions	8A	108,517	150,284
Total liabilities 6,343,566 6,560,478  Net assets 7,302,631 7,075,299  EQUITY Retained earnings 7,302,631 7,075,299	Lease liabilities	9A	1,104,303	1,616,258
Net assets       7,302,631       7,075,299         EQUITY       Retained earnings       7,302,631       7,075,299	Total non-current liabilities		1,212,820	1,766,542
EQUITY  Retained earnings 7,302,631 7,075,299	Total liabilities		6,343,566	6,560,478
Retained earnings <b>7,302,631</b> 7,075,299	Net assets		7,302,631	7,075,299
	EQUITY			
<b>Total equity 7,302,631</b> 7,075,299	Retained earnings		7,302,631	7,075,299
	Total equity		7,302,631	7,075,299

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

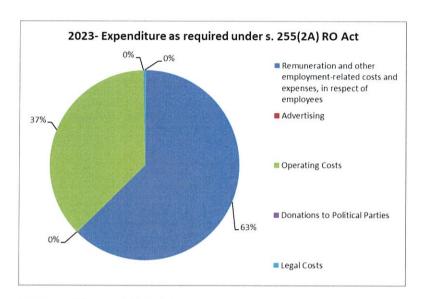
	Notes	Retained earnings	Total equity
		\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2021		6,772,150	6,772,150
Surplus for the year		303,149	303,149
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	-	
Closing balance as at 30 June 2022		7,075,299	7,075,299
Surplus for the year		227,332	227,332
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2023	<u>-</u>	7,302,631	7,302,631

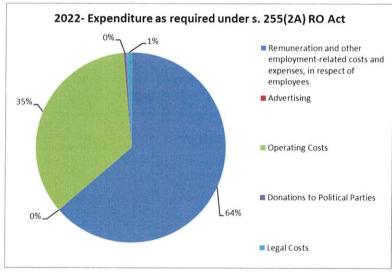
### CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units	10B	11,249	15,451
Receipts from members and other customers		18,405,787	17,877,006
Interest		112,173	29,699
		18,529,209	17,922,156
Cash used			
Employees and suppliers		(15,955,683)	(15,135,394)
Payment to other reporting units	10B	(1,104,158)	(1,135,382)
		(17,059,841)	(16,270,776)
Net cash provided by operating activities	:	1,469,368	1,651,380
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		2,550	26,612
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(104,948)	(430,659)
Net cash used in investing activities		(102,398)	(404,047)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of lease liabilities		(306,201)	(522,613)
Net cash used in financing activities		(306,201)	(522,613)
Net increase in cash held		1,060,769	724,720
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	•	10,253,151	9,528,431
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	10A	11,313,920	10,253,151

# REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 on the Branch for the year ended 30 June 2023:





Alex Scott Branch Secretary

16 November 2023 South Brisbane

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### **Index to the Notes of the Financial Statements**

Note 1	Summary of significant accounting policies
Note 2	Events after the reporting period
Note 3	Revenue and income
Note 4	Expenses
Note 5	Current assets
Note 6	Non-current assets
Note 7	Current liabilities
Note 8	Provisions
Note 9	Borrowings
Note 10	Cash flow
Note 11	Contingent liabilities, assets and commitments
Note 12	Related party disclosures
Note 13	Remuneration of auditors and other professional fees
Note 14	Financial instruments
Note 15	Fair value measurement
Note 16	Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009
Note 17	Branch Details
Note 18	Segment Information

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009*. Compliance with Australia Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by IASB. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

#### 1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### 1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

#### Key Estimates

Impairment - general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

#### Lease Liabilities/ Right to Use Asset

Key assumptions used in the determination of the Branch's lease liability/ right to use assets are:

- Incremental borrowing rate:3.00% (buildings) and 8.56% (plant and equipment)
- Annual rental increases: CPI 3.00% (top of the RBA inflation target range) or as specified in d in each building lease.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

#### Key Judgements

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

#### Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

#### On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workcover and payroll tax.

#### 1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

#### **Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard and amendments**

New accounting standards and amendments applied for the first time for this annual reporting period commencing 1 July 2022 did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in the current or prior periods and are not expected to significant affect future periods.

#### Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to future reporting periods that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include:

### AASB 2022-1 – Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

This Standard amends AASB 101 to clarify requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current. For example, the amendments clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. This Standard applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Earlier application is permitted

The Branch does not expect the adoption of this amendment to have an impact on its financial statements

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.5 Revenue

The Branch enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Where the Branch has a contract with a customer, the Branch recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Branch accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- · the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

#### **Membership subscriptions**

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Branch.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Branch recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Branch's promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Branch allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Branch charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), the Branch recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Branch has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.5 Revenue (Continued)

#### **Membership subscriptions (Continued)**

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Branch at their standalone selling price, the Branch accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

#### Income of the Branch as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by the Branch to enable the entity to further its objectives. The Branch recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when the Branch obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the
  arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or
  services to the customer; and
- the Branch's recognition of the cash contribution does not give to any related liabilities.

#### Income recognised from transfers

Where, as part of an enforceable agreement, the Branch receives consideration to acquire or construct a non-financial asset such as property, plant and equipment to an identified specification and for the Branch's own use, a liability is recognised for the obligation to acquire or construct the asset. Income is recognised as the obligation to acquire or construct the asset is satisfied, which is typically over time. The asset that is being acquired or constructed is recognised in accordance with the policy on property, plant and equipment.

#### Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

#### Rental income

Leases in which the Branch as a lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.6 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### 1.7 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Branch in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The Branch recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.8 Leases

For any leases entered into the Branch considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition the Branch assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- The contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Branch;
- The Branch has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract;
- The Branch has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use.
- The Branch assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

#### Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Branch recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Branch, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Branch depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Branch also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Branch measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Branch's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### 1.10 Financial assets

#### Contract assets and receivables

A contract asset is recognised when the Branch's right to consideration in exchange goods or services that has transferred to the customer when that right is conditioned on the Branch's future performance or some other condition.

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract assets and receivables are subject to impairment assessment. Refer to accounting policies on impairment of financial assets below.

#### Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Branch's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Branch's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Branch commits to purchase or sell the asset.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:

- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

The reporting unit measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Branch's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
  - a) The Branch has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - b) the Branch has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Branch continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### Impairment

#### Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

#### (i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Branch applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Branch does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Financial assets (continued)

#### (ii) Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Branch recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Branch expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs
  are provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12month ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Branch considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Branch may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Branch is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### 1.11 Financial Liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost unless or at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Branch's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

#### Subsequent Measurement

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.11 Financial liabilities (continued)

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.12 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

#### 1.13 Liabilities relating to contracts with customers

#### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Branch transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Branch performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

#### **Refund liabilities**

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. The Branch refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount the Branch ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Branch updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.14 Plant and Equipment

#### Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

#### Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

Plant and equipment 2 to 12 years 2 to 12 years Motor Vehicles 6 to 7 years 6 to 7 years

#### Derecognition

An item of land, buildings, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.15 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

#### 1.16 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

#### 1.17 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.18 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 15.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 1 Summary of Signification Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 1.18 Fair value measurement (Continued)

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

#### Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2023, and /or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

2023	2022
\$	\$

#### Note 3 Revenue and income

#### Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of the Branch's revenue by type of arrangements is provided on the face of the Statement of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer.

Type of customer		
Members	16,712,535	16,153,345
Total revenue from contracts with customers	16,712,535	16,153,345
Note 3A: Interest		
Deposits	112,173	29,699
Total interest	112,173	29,699
Note 3B: Other revenue		
Rental income	54,383	56,404
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	19,552	11,258
Other	243,780	7,181
Total other revenue	317,715	74,843

		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Note 4	Expenses		
	Employee expenses		
Holders of	f office:		
Wages	and salaries	792,544	600,496
Supera	nnuation	146,755	112,567
Leave a	and other entitlements	108,462	92,826
Subtotal e	mployee expenses holders of office	1,047,761	805,889
Employee	s other than office holders:		
	and salaries	5,305,357	5,999,258
•	nnuation	1,144,923	1,129,241
Leave a	and other entitlements	2,549,393	1,692,683
Subtotal e	mployee expenses employees other than office	8,999,673	8,821,182
	loyee expenses	10,047,434	9,627,071
Note 4B: 0	Capitation fees		
	Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union	963,024	975,643
Total capi	tation fees	963,024	975,643
Note 4C: A	Affiliation fees		
Australian	Labor Party (State of Queensland)	23,316	21,043
	d Council of Unions	229,691	230,698
Queenslan	d Community Alliance	32,413	, -
	cers Association of Australia	4,500	-
Brisbane L	abour History Association	, -	100
UNI Global	•	-	1,866
Total affili	ation fees	289,920	253,707
		•	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 4D: Administration expenses		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	937	1,280
Compulsory levies		
ASU National Office (NADC Levy)	4,477	4,477
Conference and meeting expenses	574,932	316,254
Executive expenses	47,374	10,286
Membership expenses	-	27,857
Subscriptions – refunds	10,816	12,025
Office expenses (rent, occupancy costs etc.)	226,543	215,078
Repairs and maintenance	21,379	24,517
Other administration expenses	12,006	78,384
Total administration expenses	898,464	690,158

#### Purpose of Levies

NADC Levy

The purpose of the levy raised by the ASU – National Office is to fund activities with respect to members within the National Airline Industry Division.

Note 45: Create or denotions		
Note 4E: Grants or donations  Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	<u>-</u>	50
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	1,200	74,000
Total grants or donations	1,200	74,050
Note 4F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation		
Plant and equipment	139,827	94,401
Motor vehicles	78,095	157,837
Total depreciation	217,922	252,238
Amortisation		
Plant and equipment	46,186	51,788
Buildings	331,854	433,675
Total amortisation	378,040	485,463
Total depreciation and amortisation	595,962	737,701
Note 4G: Legal costs		
Litigation	15,226	52,006
Other legal matters	50,289	101,369
Total legal costs	65,515	153,375

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 4H: Audit and professional fees		
External audit fees	43,200	40,150
Professional fees	175,638	168,608
Total audit and professional fees	218,838	208,758
•		200,100
Note 4I: Service agreement expenses		
Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	24,000	24,000
Total service agreement expenses	24,000	24,000
·		
Note 4J: Finance costs		
Bank fees and charges	165,010	73,617
Interest expense for leasing arrangements	55,958	32,008
Total finance costs	220,968	105,626
		.00,020
Note 4K: Other expenses		
Loss on sale of plant and equipment	-	55,426
Contribution towards Public Sector Defence Fund (operated by	1,000,000	500,000
Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees)		
Advertising expenses	-	3,939
Fringe benefit tax	28,578	45,495
Insurance	126,368	183,228
Insurance - AHP Indemnity	153,430	178,450
Insurance - Corrections Legal	262,504	250,687
Motor vehicle expenses	115,211	87,273
Mortality benefits payments	24,000	18,091
Travel expenses	156,463	93,011
Postage and courier expenses	115,752	20,779
Telephone expenses	96,911	79,489
Computer and membership IT expenses	424,469	429,704
Office supplies expense	85,316	58,282
Industrial campaigns	76,042	289,105
Payroll tax	514,687	479,990
Honoraria	52,481	55,805
Labour day expenses	84,515	98,850
Other expenses	273,039	177,045
Total other expenses	3,589,766	3,104,649

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 5 Current assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	5,630,461	4,635,881
Term deposits	5,683,459	5,617,270
Total cash and cash equivalents	11,313,920	10,253,151
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units		
Australian Services Union - Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch	3,707	-
Total receivables from other reporting units	3,707	
Other receivables		
Other trade and sundry receivables	20,495	3,590
Total other receivables	20,495	3,590
Receivables from other related parties		
Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	-	303,412
Total receivables from other related parties	-	303,412
Total trade and other receivables (net)	24,202	307,002
Note 5C: Other Current Assets		
Prepayments	535,684	570,230
Total other current assets	535,684	570,230

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 6 Non-Current Assets		
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Property, Flant and Equipment		
Property, plant and equipment comprises of:	070 770	105 5 10
Plant and equipment (Note 6A)	376,779 114,480	495,548
Motor Vehicles (Note 6B) Land and Buildings (Note 6C)	1,281,132	161,823 1,848,023
Total land and buildings	1,772,391	2,505,394
Note 6A: Plant and Equipment Plant and Equipment:		
at cost	897,143	829,900
accumulated depreciation	(520,364)	(334,352)
Total Plant and Equipment	376,779	495,548
4. 1		
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Plant and	d Equipment	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	829,900	751,434
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(334,352)	(429,505)
Net book value 1 July	495,548	321,929
Additions:		
By purchase/ leasing arrangement	67,244	373,665
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(186,013)	(146,189)
Disposals:		(50.057)
By sale/ disposal	-	(53,857)
Net book value 30 June	376,779	495,548
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	897,143	829,900
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(520,364)	(334,352)
Net book value 30 June	376,779	495,548
Included in the net carrying amount of plant and equipment are ri	ght to use assets as follo	wings
Right of use asset		04:
At cost	244,937	244,937
accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	(191,868)	(145,681)
Total right of use asset – plant and equipment	53,069	99,256
	-	

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 6B: Motor Vehicles		
Motor Vehicles:		
at cost	524,829	512,794
accumulated depreciation	(410,349)	(350,971)
Total motor vehicles	114,480	161,823
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Motor	Vehicles	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	512,794	510,787
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(350,971)	(231,199)
Net book value 1 July	161,823	279,588
Additions:		
By purchase	37,704	56,994
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(78,095)	(157,837)
Disposals:		
By sale	(6,952)	(16,922)
Net book value 30 June	114,480	161,823
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	524,829	512,794
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(410,349)	(350,971)
Net book value 30 June	114,480	161,823

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 6C: Land and Buildings		
Land and Buildings:		
at cost	1,626,867	1,885,858
accumulated depreciation	(345,735)	(37,835)
Total land and buildings	1,281,132	1,848,023
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land	and Buildings	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	1,885,858	799,084
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(37,835)	(403,243)
Net book value 1 July	1,848,023	395,841
Additions:		
By purchase/ leasing arrangement	-	1,885,858
Depreciation/ amortisation expense	(331,854)	(433,676)
Disposals:		
By sale/ disposal	(235,037)	-
Net book value 30 June	1,281,132	1,848,023
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	1,626,867	1,885,858
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(345,735)	(37,835)
Net book value 30 June	1,281,132	1,848,023
Included in the net carrying amount of land and buildings are	right to use assets as followin	gs
Right of use asset		
At cost	1,626,867	1,885,858
accumulated depreciation/ amortisation	(345,735)	(37,835)
Total right of use asset – land and buildings	1,281,132	1,848,023

2023

2022

#### **Land and Buildings**

In addition to the above land and buildings (acquired via the requirements of AASB 16 – Leases), the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (State Registered Union) owns a 50% interest in the land and buildings located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane. An independent valuation was undertaken on 15 July 2022 (effective 30 June 2022) by Mr Michael Galvin, AAPI CPV (Registered Valuers Number: 1779) of Hymans Property. This valuation indicated that the value of the land was \$4,750,000 and the building was \$1,200,000 (total \$5,950,000) of which 50% or \$2,975,000 relates to the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees.

Under the Deed of Arrangement (refer Note 12A), in the event that these assets were sold, the net proceeds would be passed through to the Branch. The above value is not reflected in the financial statements of the Branch at 30 June 2023.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 7 Current Liabilities		
Note 7A: Trade payables		
Trade creditors and accruals	202,332	279,379
Subtotal trade creditors	202,332	279,379
Payables to other reporting units		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union  – National Office	821	-
Subtotal payables to other reporting units	821	
Payables to other related parties		
Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	1,000,000	505,454
Subtotal payables to other related parties	1,000,000	505,454
Total trade payables	1,203,153	784,833
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 7B: Other payables		
Superannuation	158,770	116,939
Legal costs		0.40
Litigation Other legal metters	-	640 790
Other legal matters Income received in advance	563,483	569,043
GST payable	279,579	207,337
Total other payables	1,001,832	894,749
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months	1,001,832	894,749
More than 12 months	· -	
Total other payables	1,001,832	894,749

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 8 Provisions		
Note 8A: Employee Provisions		
Office Holders:		
Annual leave	118,361	136,936
ADO leave	-	26,384
Long service leave	107,920	96,691
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders	226,281	260,011
Employees other than office holders:		
Annual leave	1,013,347	1,064,157
ADO leave	4,030	89,758
Long service leave	1,418,229	1,481,042
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders	2,435,606	2,634,957
Total employee provisions	2,661,887	2,894,968
Current	2,553,370	2,744,684
Non-Current	108,517	150,284
Total employee provisions	2,661,887	2,894,968
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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2023	2022
\$	\$

#### Note 9 Borrowings

#### Note 9A: Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

Current	372,391	369,670
Non-Current	1,104,303	1,616,258
Total leases	1,476,694	1,985,928

The Branch leases 3 commercial offices, located at 43 Peel Street, South Brisbane,178 Quay Street, Rockhampton and 25-31 Grafton Street, Cairns, as well as a number of computer/ printer leases. With the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected in the statement of financial position as a right-to-use asset and a lease liability. The Branch classifies its right-to-use assets in a consistent manner to its property, plant and equipment (see Note 6).

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Branch to sublet the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Branch. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. The Branch is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. For leases over office buildings, the Branch must keep those properties in a good state of repair and return the properties in their original condition at the end of the lease.

The table below describes the nature of the Branch leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on the statement of financial position:

Right of use asset	No of right of use assets leased	Range of remaining term	Average remaining term	No of leases with extension options	No of leases with options to purchase	No of leases with variable payments linked to index	No of leases with termination options
Office building	3	0-60 months	3.42 years	1	-	3	-
IT equipment	1	1.08 years	1.08 years	-	-	-	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 9A Leases (continued)

Future minimum lease payments at 30 June 2023 were as follows:

#### Minimum lease payments due

	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	After 5 years	Total
30 June 2023							
Lease payments	416,955	354,108	360,316	365,972	79,832	-	1,577,183
Future finance charges	(44,564)	(28,696)	(18,664)	(8,166)	(399)	-	(100,489)
Net present value	372,391	325,412	341,652	357,806	79,433		1,476,694
30 June 2022							
Lease payments	430,402	444,452	396,830	396,279	402,569	87,815	2,158,347
Future finance charges	(60,732)	(47,882)	(33,854)	(20,534)	(8,980)	(438)	(172,419)
Net present value	369,670	396,570	362,976	375,745	393,589	87,378	1,985,928

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 10 Cash Flow		
Note 10A: Cash Flow Reconciliation Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement Position to Cash Flow Statement:	of Financial	
Cash and cash equivalents as per: Cash flow statement Statement of financial position  Difference	11,313,920 11,313,920 -	10,253,151 10,253,151 -
Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:		
Surplus for the year	227,332	303,149
Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/ amortisation Interest expense on leases (non-cash) Gain on sale of plant and equipment Loss on sale of plant and equipment	595,962 55,958 (19,552) -	737,701 32,008 (11,258) 55,426
Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables (Increase)/ decrease in prepayments Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions  Net cash provided by/ (used in) operating activities	282,800 34,546 525,403 (233,081) 1,469,368	(190,701) 910 762,083 (37,938) 1,651,380
Note 10B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch Total cash inflows	11,249 11,249	15,451 15,451
Cash outflows to other reporting units Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office Total cash outflows	(23,939) (1,080,219) 1,104,158	(31,429) (1,103,953) (1,135,382)

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 10C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

The Branch did not have any credit facilities during the 2023 financial year (2022: Nil).

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 10D: Net debt reconciliation		
Cash and cash equivalents	11,313,920	10,253,151
Borrowings – repayable within one year	(372,391)	(369,670)
Borrowings – repayable after one year	(1,104,303)	(1,616,258)
Net debt	9,837,226	8,267,223

# Note 10E: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	Other Assets	Liabilities from fina	ncing activities	
	Cash assets	Lease – due within 1 year	Leases – due after 1 year	Total
Net debt at 1 July 2021	9,528,431	(460,356)	(130,319)	8,937,756
Cash flows	724,720	90,686	(1,485,939)	(670,533)
Net debt at 30 June 2022	10,253,151	(369,670)	(1,616,258)	8,267,223
Cash flows	1,060,769	(2,721)	511,955	1,570,003
Net debt at 30 June 2023	11,313,920	(372,391)	(1,104,303)	9,837,226

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 11 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

#### **Note 11A: Commitments and Contingencies**

#### **Capital Commitments**

At 30 June 2023 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2022: Nil).

#### Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 12 Related Party Disclosures

#### Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period

#### Related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, under the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, the Australian, Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office (ASU – National Office) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch (ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales Local Government, Clerical, Administrative, Energy, Airlines and Utilities Branch (ASU – NSW United Services Branch) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory Branch (ASU – NSW & ACT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria/ Tasmania Authorities and Services Branch (ASU – VIC/ TAS Authorities Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria Private Sector Branch (ASU – VIC Private Sector Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – South Australia/ Northern Territory Branch (ASU – SA/ NT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Western Australia Branch (ASU – WA Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Taxation Officers' Branch (ASU – Tax Officers' Branch)

In addition, the Branch's state registered body – Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees is a related party, as there are common members on both committees of management.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2022	2023	
\$	\$	

#### Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (Continued)

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

Expenses paid to ASU – National Office includes the following:		
Capitation fees	963,024	975,643
National airline industry division levy	4,477	4,477
ACTU levy, insurance premium and other costs recharged	15,834	20,872
Revenue received from ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of expenses/ other occupancy costs	13,596	14,122
Reimbursement of labour day expenses		-
Expenses paid to ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of property expenses on building located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane	23,939	24,401
Reimbursement of training expenses		
Amounts owed by ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch include the following:		
Property expenses	3,707	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (C	Continued)	
Expenses paid to Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees includes the following:		
Service agreement expenses	24,000	24,000
Proceeds from sale for motor vehicle sales	-	5,454
Contribution towards Public Sector Defence Fund	1,000,000	500,000
Amounts owed to Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees include the following:		
Proceeds from sale for motor vehicle sales	-	5,454
Contribution towards Public Sector Defence Fund	1,000,000	500,000
Amounts owed from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees include the following		
Reimbursement of campaign/ election expenditure	-	303,412

#### Transfer of Assets from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees

A Deed of Agreement was entered into between the Branch and Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (the state registered union) that outlined in exchange for the transfer of net assets, the Branch would:

- be responsible for all liabilities of Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (both actual and any contingent) prior to 1 July 2015;
- 2. from 1 July 2015 be liable for the payment of accrued employee entitlements and well as payment of all future employment costs;
- require all membership subscriptions are to be receipted into the Branch's authorised bank accounts; and
- 4. be responsible for the ongoing day-to-day operations of the Branch.
- 5. In the event that Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees sold any remaining assets (which comprise of 50% ownership of the land and buildings located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane and motor vehicles) that the net proceeds will be paid to the Branch.

#### Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2023, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2022: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 12B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the Reporting Period

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined that key management personnel comprises of:

- Alexander Scott (Branch Secretary)
- Sharon Abbott (Branch President- 5 December 2022- 30 June 2023))
- Michael Thomas (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- Danielle Spink (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- Sean Waugh (Staff Delegate to Conference 1 July 2022 24 May 2023)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, the key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	792,544	600,496
Annual leave and ADO accrued	84,445	72,258
Non-cash benefits	45,209	39,180
Other	45,076	48,208
Total short-term employee benefits	967,274	760,142
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	146,755	112,567
Total post-employment benefits	146,755	112,567
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave	24,017	20,568
Total other long-term benefits	24,017	20,568
Termination benefits	-	-
Total	1,138,046	893,277

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 13 Remuneration of Auditors and Other Professional Fees

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Value of the services provided		
Financial statement audit services	43,200	40,150
Other services	-	<u>-</u>
	43,200	40,150
Professional Fees (not provided by external auditor)	175,638	168,608
Total remuneration of auditors and other professional fees	218,838	208,758

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments

#### **Financial Risk Management Policy**

Branch Executive monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Executive meets on a monthly basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

#### (a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2023

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	20,495	-	-	-	20,495
Receivables from other reporting units	3,707	-	-	-	3,707
Total	24,202	-	-		24,202

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2022

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	307,002	-	-	-	307,002
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-
Total	307,002	-	-	-	307,002

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### (a) Credit Risk (Continued)

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2023, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

#### Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2023 (2022: Nil).

#### (b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### **Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis**

	Within	1 Year	1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	(1,203,153)	(784,833)	-	-	-	-	(1,203,153)	(784,833)
Other payables	(1,001,832)	(894,749)	-	-	-	-	(1,001,832)	(894,749)
Lease liabilities	(372,391)	(369,670)	(1,104,303)	(1,528,880)	-	(87,378)	(1,476,694)	(1,985,928)
Total expected outflows	(2,577,376)	(2,049,252)	(1,104,303)	(1,528,880)	-	(87,378)	(3,681,679)	(3,665,510)
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	11,313,920	10,253,151	-	-	-	-	11,313,920	10,253,151
Trade and other receivables	24,202	307,002	-	-	-	-	24,202	307,002
Total anticipated inflows	11,338,122	10,560,153	-	-	-	-	11,338,122	10,560,153
Net inflow/ (outflow) on financial instruments	8,760,746	8,510,901	(1,104,303)	(1,528,880)		(87,378)	7,656,443	6,894,643

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is managed using a mix of fixed and floating financial instruments. The effective interest rate expenditure to interest rate financial instruments are as follows:

	Effect	ted Average ive Interest Rate		
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	%	%	\$	\$
Floating rate instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.10	0.65	11,313,920	10,253,151

#### ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

#### iii. Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### iv. Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Change in profit		
Increase in interest rates by 2%	225,933	204,308
Decrease in interest rates by 2%	(114,898)	(66,910)
Change in members equity		
Increase in interest rates by 2%	225,933	204,308
Decrease in interest rates by 2%	(114,898)	(66,910)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk, as the Branch is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

#### Note 15 Fair Value Measurement

#### **Fair Values**

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

2023

2022

		2023		2022	
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	11,313,920	11,313,920	10,253,151	10,253,151
Accounts receivable and other debtors	(i)	24,202	24,202	307,002	307,002
Total financial assets		11,338,122	11,338,122	10,560,153	10,560,153
Financial liabilities					
Accounts payable and other payables	(i)	2,204,985	2,204,985	1,679,582	1,679,582
Lease liabilities		1,476,694	1,476,694	1,985,928	1,985,928
Total financial liabilities		3,681,679	3,681,679	3,665,510	3,665,510
	:				

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

#### Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

#### Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

#### Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Branch did not have any assets or liabilities that were recorded using the above fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2023 (2022: Nil).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

#### Note 16 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

#### Note 17 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

Level 4, 43 Peel Street, SOUTH BRISBANE QLD 4001

#### Note 18 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in Queensland.

#### OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT

I, Alex Scott, being the Branch Secretary of the Australian, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2023:

#### The reporting unit did not:

- agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- · receive capitation fees from another reporting unit
- · receive revenue via compulsory levies
- · receive donations or grants
- receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- · pay a grant that exceeded \$1,000
- pay a donation that was \$1,000 or less
- pay separation and redundancy to holders of office
- · pay other employee expenses to holders of office
- pay other employee expenses to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay separation and redundancy to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay to a person fees or allowances to attend conferences or meetings as a representative of the reporting unit
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- have a payable to other reporting unit(s)
- have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to litigation
- have a payable of legal costs relating to other legal matters
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of holders of office
- have other employee provisions in respect of holders of office
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have other employee provisions in respect of employees (other than holders of office)

#### OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

- have a fund or account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity
- · have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Alex Scott Branch Secretary

16 November 2023

South Brisbane





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# Independent Audit Report to the Members of t: +61 7 30 the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch as at 30 June 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Declaration**

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

I declare that I am an auditor registered under the RO Act.

**MGI Audit Pty Ltd** 

S C Greene

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 16 November 2023

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/119