

11 January 2024

Wayne Wood Branch Secretary

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Western Australian Branch

Sent via email: wayne.wood@asuwa.org
CC: scross@pkfmack.com.au

Dear Wayne Wood

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Western Australian Branch Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2023 – (FR2023/43)

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2023 for the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Western Australian Branch. The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 14 December 2023.

The financial report has now been filed. You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under sections 253, 265, 266 and 268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under section 268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 30 June 2024 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

Reporting Requirements

The Commission's website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via this link.

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please call 1300 341 665 or email regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Fair Work Commission



Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

Financial Report

For the year ended 30 June 2023

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AUSTRALIAN SERVICES UNION (WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) (the Union), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Committee of Management statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) as at 30 June 2023 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- (a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- (b) any other requirements imposed by Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Union is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Union in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Requirements) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Union is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Union's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Union or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Union's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Union's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Union to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities
 within the Union to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision
 and performance of the Union audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

I declare that I am an auditor registered under the RO Act.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of section 257(7) of the RO Act, we are required to describe any deficiency, failure or shortcoming in respect of the matters referred to in section 252 and 257(2) of the RO Act.

We have no items to report in this regard.

PKF PERTH

SHANE CROSS PARTNER

19 SEPTEMBER 2023 WEST PERTH, WESTERN AUSTRALIA

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/100

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER

Certificate for the year ended 30 June 2023

- I, Wayne Wood, being the Branch Secretary of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) certify:
 - that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
 - that the full report was provided to members of the Reporting Unit on 02 October 2023;
 and
 - that the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 05 December 2023 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer:	Wye Wil
Name of prescribed designated officer:	
Title of prescribed designated officer:	
Dated: 6 /12/23	

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A)

for the year ended 30 June 2023

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) on the Reporting Unit for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Categories of expenditures	2023 \$	2022 \$
Remuneration and other employment-related costs and expenses - employees	2,302,675	2,228,727
Advertising	ুক্	22
Operating costs	123,204	218,807
Donations to political parties	x e r	118,864
Legal costs	50,480	12,411

Signature of designated officer:	M	a puro	1	
Name and title of designated officer:	NATUE	WOOD	BRANCH	SECRETAL
Dated: /9/9/23		***********		

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

OPERATING REPORT

for the year ended 30 June 2023

The Committee of Management presents its operating report on the Reporting Unit for the year ended 30 June 2023.

1. Review of principal activities, the results of those activities and any significant changes in the nature of those activities during the year

The principal activities of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch), during the financial year were the provision of industrial, professional and managerial services to the members, consistent with the object and rules of the Union and in particular, protecting and improving the interests of members.

2. Operating Result

The operating result of the Union/Branch for the year ended 30 June 2023 was a deficit of \$58,557 (2022: deficit of \$77,491). No provision for tax was necessary as the union/branch is considered exempt.

3. Significant changes in financial affairs

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Union's principal activities or financial affairs during the financial year.

4. Right of members to resign

Rule 32 of the Australian Services Union Rules states as follows:

- a) A member may resign membership of the Union by written notice addressed and delivered to the Branch Secretary.
- b) A notice of resignation takes effect:
 - (i) where the member ceases to be eligible for membership of the Union:
 - 1. on the day on which the notice is received; or
 - 2. the day specified in the notice, which is a day not earlier than the day when the member ceases to be eligible to become a member; whichever is the later; or
 - (ii) in any other case:
 - 1. at the end of 2 weeks after the notice is received; or
 - 2. on the day specified in the notice; whichever is the later.
- c) Notice of resignation shall be addressed to the Branch Secretary and delivered to that officer.
- d) Any member resigning shall be liable for the payment of all subscriptions, fines and levies owing to the Union under these Rules at the date of leaving, and such monies may be sued for and recovered in the name of the Union.
- e) Any subscription paid by a member in respect of a period beyond the end of the quarter in which the member's notice of resignation expires shall be remitted to the member if so requested and a member who pays annual subscription by instalments shall not be liable to pay any instalment for any period after the end of the quarter in which the member's notice of resignation expires and a member who resigns where the member ceased to be eligible to become a member of the Union as hereinbefore mentioned shall be entitled to the same remission.

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

OPERATING REPORT (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2023

- f) A notice delivered to the Branch Secretary shall be taken to have been received by the Union when it was delivered.
- g) A notice of resignation that has been received by the Union is not invalid because it was not addressed and delivered to the Branch Secretary.
- h) A resignation from membership of the Union is valid, even if not affected in accordance with sub-clauses a. to g. of this Rule, if the member is informed in writing by or on behalf of the Union, that the resignation has been accepted.
- i) A member on leaving the Union after compliance with this Rule shall be entitled, on written application to the Secretary of the member's Branch, to a clearance certificate in the prescribed form.
- 5. Officers or members who are superannuation fund trustee(s) (include position details) or director of a company that is a superannuation fund trustee where being a member or officer of a registered organisation is a criterion for them holding such position

Officer/Member/ Employee	Trustee Company	Entity/Scheme	Position	Period position held for
Wayne Wood	Aware Super Pty Ltd	Aware Super (Fund)	Member of Aware Super Western Australia Advisory Panel	Two-year term commencing 01/08/2021

6. Officers & employees who are directors of a company or members of a board

	Name of company or board	Principal activities of company or board	How appointed [by virtue of position held, nomination by union or other]
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

7. Number of members

In accordance with Regulation 159 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Regulations 2009:

The number of persons that were at the end of the financial year recorded in the register of members for sec. 230 of the RAO Schedule and who are taken to be members of the registered organisation/branch under sec. 244 of the RAO Schedule was 5,387 (2022: 5,357).

8. Number of employees

The number of persons who were at the end of the financial year employees of the organisation/branch including both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis was 16 (2022: 17).

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

OPERATING REPORT (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2023

9. Names of Committee of Management members and period positions held during the financial year				
Name	Title of Officer			
Paul O'Neill	Branch President – full year			
Elizabeth Hodgson	Deputy Branch President – full year			
Kerry Wood	Branch Vice President (Women) - 1 July 2022 - 31 May 2023			
Jodie Richardson	Branch Vice President (Women) -1 June 2023 - 30 June 2023			
Nigel Rainford	Branch Treasurer – 1 July 2022 - 12 July 2022			
Georgia McMahon	Branch Treasurer – 16 September 2022 - 30 June 2023			
Wayne Wood	Branch Secretary – full year			
Jill Hugo	Assistant Branch Secretary – full year			
Robert Bates	Executive Councillor – full year			
Gregory Jacques	Executive Councillor – 13 July 2022 - 31 May 2023			
Armand Lemonnier	Executive Councillor – 1 June 2023 - 30 June 2023			
Gregory Sbizzirri	Executive Councillor - 1 June 2023 - 30 June 2023			
Allan Jauncey	Executive Councillor – full year			
Georgia McMahon	Executive Councillor – 1 July 2022 - 16 September 2022			
Sara Meese	Executive Councillor – 31 October 2022 - 30 June 2023			
Andrew White	Executive Councillor – 1 July 2022 - 5 July 2022			
Judith Scott	Executive Councillor – 1 July 2022 - 31 May 2023			
Christopher Slater	Executive Councillor – 1 July 2022 - 31 May 2023			
Thomas Wenbourne	Executive Councillor – 13 July 2022- 30 June 2023			
Karen Colli	Executive Councillor – 1 June 2023 - 30 June 2023			
Jesse Steele	Executive Councillor – 1 June 2023 - 30 June 2023			
Claire Brown	Executive Councillor – full year			
Jodie Richardson	Executive Councillor – 1 July 2022 - 31 May 2023			
Denise Callagher	Executive Councillor – 1 June 2023 - 30 June 2023			
Marsha Reid	Executive Councillor – 1 June 2023 - 30 June 2023			
Melinda Martinez	Executive Councillor – full year			
	No Mad			

Signature of designated officer:	
Name and title of designated officer: WATNE WOOD BRANKE SECRETAR	1
Dated: 19/1/23	

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

for the year ended 30 June 2023

On 19 September 2023 the Branch Executive Council of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report (GPFR) for the year ended 30 June 2023:

The Branch Executive Council declares that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - (i) meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (ii) the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (iii) the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
 - (iv) where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner with each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - (v) where information has been sought in any request by a member of the reporting unit or the Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act that information has been provided to the member or the Commissioner; and
 - (vi) where any order for inspection of financial records has been made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

Signature of designated officer:
olg. state of colg.
Name and title of designated officer: WHYNE WOOD BRANCH SECRETARY
Dated: 19/9/23

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2023

,		2023	2022
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Membership subscriptions	3	3,008,757	3,066,372
Capitation fees and other revenue from another reporting unit	3A	E	
Levies	3B	-	-
Interest	3C	14,654	4,113
Other revenue		74,544	40,975
Revenue from recovery of wages activity	3E	海	9 <u>24</u>
Total revenue from contracts with customers	3	3,097,955	3,111,461
Income from furthering objectives			
Grants and/or donations	3D	=	025
Income recognised from volunteer services	3F		
Total income from furthering objectives			
Total income	-	3,097,955	3,111,461
Expenses			
Employee expenses	4A	2,302,675	2,228,727
Capitation fees and other expense to another reporting unit	4B	191,491	194,140
Affiliation fees	4C	97,392	49,343
Administration expenses	4D	282,886	260,059
Grants or donations	4E	2,285	122,364
Depreciation and amortisation	4F	84,040	84,616
Finance costs	4G	889	1,580
Legal costs	4H	50,480	12,411
Audit fees	14	21,160	16,780
Write-down and impairment of assets	41	341	<u> </u>
Net losses from sale of assets	4J	10	124
Other expenses	4K	123,204	218,807
Total expenses		3,156,512	3,188,952
Surplus (deficit) for the year	9	(58,557)	(77,491)
Other comprehensive income Items that will be subsequently reclassified to profit			
or loss			
Net gain on available for sale investments		(2)	35
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss			
Gain or (loss) on revaluation of land & buildings			(63,250)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(58,557)	(140,741)
	,		

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2023

as at 30 June 2023		0000	0000
	N1-4	2023	2022
A 0.0.E.T.O.	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets	5A	991,198	1,096,724
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	5A 5B	·	27,780
Other current assets	5C	22,887 50,208	28,244
Total current assets	30	1,064,293	1,152,749
Total Current assets		1,004,293	1,102,149
Non-Current Assets			
Land and buildings	6A	2,055,716	2,060,000
Plant and equipment	6B	234,962	149,518
Right-of-use assets	6C	11,194	27,985
Other financial assets		02	127
Other non-current assets		· ·	
Total non-current assets		2,301,872	2,237,503
Total assets		3,366,165	3,390,252
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	109,060	84,761
Other payables	7B	155,339	162,679
Employee provisions	8A	704,397	669,666
Lease liabilities	6C	11,885	17,219
Total current liabilities		980,681	934,325
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A	=	
Lease liabilities	6C	-	11,885
Other non-current liabilities	9A	=	,
Total non-current liabilities		2	11,885
Total liabilities		980,681	946,210
Net assets		2,385,484	2,444,042
			*
EQUITY		*	
Asset revaluation reserve	10A	2,052,054	2,052,054
General fund/retained earnings		333,430	391,987
Total equity		2,385,484	2,444,042
			70

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30 June 2023

		Asset revaluation reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
	Notes	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2021		2,115,304	469,478	2,584,782
Adjustment for errors		38	=	
Adjustment for changes in accounting policies		1 (2)	2 0	
Surplus / (deficit)		546	(77,491)	(77,491)
Other comprehensive income		(63,250)	(#)	(63,250)
Transfer to/from [insert fund name]	10A	-	39	표 는
Transfer from retained earnings			=	<u> </u>
Closing balance as at 30 June 2022		2,052,054	391,987	2,444,041
Adjustment for errors		-	(4)	-
Adjustment for changes in accounting policies		2	(4)	ä
Surplus / (deficit)		2	(58,557)	(58,557)
Other comprehensive income		÷	943	~
Transfer to/from [insert fund name]	10A		946	±
Transfer from retained earnings		÷	(*)	<u> </u>
Closing balance as at 30 June 2023		2,052,054	333,430	2,385,484

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2023

or the year ended 30 June 2023			
		2023	2022
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units/controlled entity(s)	11B	×	-
Members		3,013,745	3,082,702
Interest		14,559	4,482
Other	_	42,090	41,925
Cash used			
Employees		(2,267,944)	(2,129,925)
Suppliers		(577,490)	(625,145)
Short term lease payments	6C	Ω.	46
Payment to other reporting units/controlled entity(s)		(196,413)	(243,483)
Net cash from (used by) operating activities	11A	28,547	130,554
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Cash received Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		49,092	
·		49,092	_
Proceeds from sale of land and buildings Other		: - :	:=:
Cash used	<u></u>		
		(164,307)	(34,812)
Purchase of plant and equipment Purchase of land and buildings		(750)	(34,012)
Other		(730)	1 2 1
Net cash from (used by) investing activities	_	(115,965)	(34,812)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Contributed funds Other		~	=
Cash used	2	1753	
Repayment of lease liabilities	6C	(17,219)	(15,672)
Interest	6C	(889)	(1,580)
Net cash from (used by) financing activities	00	(18,108)	(17,252)
· ·	-		
Net increase (decrease) in cash held	-	(105,526)	78,490
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	_	1,096,724	1,018,235
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	5A	991,198	1,096,724
	11		

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

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(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009 (RO Act). For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements except the cash flow information have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Going concern

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

1.3 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.4 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Employee provisions

The liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised if the employee has recorded 5 years of continuous service.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Professional judgement used by independent valuer in determining fair value of Land and Buildings.

(WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BRANCH)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.5 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard requirements

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the future reporting period that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Reporting Unit are detailed below. It is not expected to have a material impact on the Reporting Unit.

AASB No.	Title	Application date of standard	Issue date
AASB 2014-10	Amendments to AASs – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	1 January 2025	March 2020
AASB 2020-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024	March 2020
AASB 2020-3	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018–2020 and Other Amendments	1 January 2022	June 2020
AASB 2021-2	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023	March 2021
AASB 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023	July 2020

1.6 Current versus non-current classification

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

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A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

1.7 Revenue

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Where the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has a contract with a customer, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch).

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for

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example, member services or training course), the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) at their standalone selling price, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

Capitation fees

Where the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s arrangement with a branch or another reporting unit meets the criteria to be a contract with a customer, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises the capitation fees promised under that arrangement when or as it transfers the goods or services to the branch or other reporting unit.

In circumstances where the criteria for a contract with a customer are not met, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) will recognise capitation fees as income upon receipt (as specified in the income recognition policy below).

Levies

Levies paid by a member (or other party) in an arrangement that meets the criteria to be a contract with a customer is recognised as revenue when or as the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) transfers the goods or services to the member or other party.

In circumstances where the criteria for a contract with a customer are not met, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) will recognise levies as income upon receipt (as specified in the income recognition policy below).

Income of the Union as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) to enable the entity to further its objectives. The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or services to the customer; and
- the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s recognition of the cash contribution does not give to any related liabilities.

During the year, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) received cash consideration from the following arrangements whereby that consideration will be recognised as income upon receipt:

donations and voluntary contribution from members (including whip arounds).

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Volunteer services

During the year, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) did not recognise any volunteer services as revenue as the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) did not receive any volunteer services.

Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

1.8 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

1.9 Leases

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) as a lessee

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

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Right-of-use assets

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follow:

Land and building 2 years

2022 2 years

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) and payments of penalties for terminating the lease if the lease term reflects The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) uses the incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s short-term leases are those that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.10 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

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1.11 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

1.12 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

1.13 Financial assets

Contract assets and receivables

A contract asset is recognised when the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s right to consideration in exchange goods or services that has transferred to the customer when that right is conditioned on the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s future performance or some other condition.

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract assets and receivables are subject to impairment assessment. Refer to accounting policies on impairment of financial assets below.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (**OCI**), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

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Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

- For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:
- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (**EIR**) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) measures debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (**OCI**) if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost.

The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

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The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income includes investments in quoted debt instruments included under other non-current financial assets.

Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income

Upon initial recognition, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) elected to classify irrevocably its listed and non-listed equity investments under this category.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

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- a) The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- b) The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment

Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses (ECLs) at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

(i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (**ECLs**) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

(ii) Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Australian Services Union (Western

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Australian Branch) expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

1.14 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost unless or at fair value through profit or loss.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

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Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

1.15 Liabilities relating to contracts with customers

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Refund liabilities

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

1.16 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.17 Land, Buildings, Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

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Land and Buildings

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient frequency such that the carrying amount of assets do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values as at the reporting date.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reversed a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the surplus/deficit. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the profit or loss except to the extent that they reverse a previous revaluation increment for that class. Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the asset is restated to the revalued amount.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2023	2022
Land & buildings	2.5%	2.5%
Plant and equipment	5% - 40%	5% - 40%

Derecognition

An item of land, buildings, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

1.18 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

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1.19 Taxation

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO); and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified within operating cash flows.

1.20 Fair value measurement

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 16 Fair value measurement.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch). The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

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All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2023, and/or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch).

Note 3 Revenue and Income

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s revenue by type of arrangement is provided on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer:

, ,,	2023 \$	2022 \$
Type of customer		
Members	3,008,757	3,066,372
Other reporting units	(#)	=
Government		=
Other parties *	89,198	45,088
Total revenue from contracts with customers	3,097,955	3,111,461

^{*} It includes \$32,454 profit on sale of assets (2022: nil).

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Note 3A: Capitation fees and other revenue from another reporting unit Capitation fees Capitation fees Cother revenue from another reporting unit: Other revenue From another reporting unit Total capitation fees and another revenue from other reporting unit Note 3B: Levies Levies Levies Note 3C: Interest Deposits Loans Total interest 14,654 A,113 Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Grants Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services Total income recognised from volunteer services Total income recognised from volunteer services		2023	2022
another reporting unit Capitation fees Subtotal capitation fees Subtotal capitation fees Other revenue from another reporting unit: Other revenue From another reporting unit: Other revenue From another reporting unit Total capitation fees and another revenue from other reporting unit Note 3B: Levies Levies Levies Total levies Note 3C: Interest Deposits 14,654 4,113 Loans Total interest 14,654 4,113 Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services		\$	\$
Cother revenue from another reporting unit: Other revenue from another reporting unit: Other revenue from another reporting unit Total capitation fees and another revenue from other reporting unit Note 3B: Levies Levies Levies Total levies Note 3C: Interest Deposits Loans Total interest Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	-		
Other revenue from another reporting unit: Other revenue Subtotal other revenue from another reporting unit Total capitation fees and another revenue from other reporting unit Note 3B: Levies Levies Levies Total levies Note 3C: Interest Deposits Loans Total interest Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Capitation fees	-	æ
Other revenue Subtotal other revenue from another reporting unit	Subtotal capitation fees	<u> </u>	
Subtotal other revenue from another reporting unit Total capitation fees and another revenue from other reporting unit Note 3B: Levies Levies Total levies	Other revenue from another reporting unit:		
Total capitation fees and another revenue from other reporting unit Note 3B: Levies Levies Total levies	Other revenue	·	=======================================
Note 3B: Levies Levies Total levies Note 3C: Interest Deposits Loans Total interest Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Grants Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Subtotal other revenue from another reporting unit	5 .	
Levies		·	P.
Note 3C: Interest Deposits 14,654 4,113 Loans Total interest 14,654 4,113 Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Note 3B: Levies		
Note 3C: Interest Deposits 14,654 4,113 Loans Total interest 14,654 4,113 Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Levies	-	.
Deposits Loans Total interest Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations	Total levies	745	
Total interest	Note 3C: Interest		
Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services		14,654	4,113
Note 3D: Grants or donations Grants Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services		44.054	4.440
Grants Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	i otal interest	14,654	4,113
Donations Total grants or donations Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Note 3D: Grants or donations		
Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Grants	(4)	
Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services			
Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Total grants or donations	-	
Interest received on recovered money Total revenue from recovery of wages activity Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Note 3E: Revenue from recovery of wages activity		
Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages		
Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services Amounts recognised from volunteer services	•	<u> </u>	
Amounts recognised from volunteer services	Total revenue from recovery of wages activity	-	120
	Note 3F: Income recognised from volunteer services		
	Amounts recognised from volunteer services		
		-	1/2

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Note 4 Expenses		
Note 4A: Employee expenses		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Holders of office:		
Wages and salaries	340,404	347,291
Superannuation	55,039	47,872
Leave and other entitlements	25,937	(11,051)
Separation and redundancies	n2	-
Other employee expenses	24,925	4,075
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office	446,305	388,187
Employees other than office holders:		
Wages and salaries	1,475,807	1,405,942
Superannuation	194,761	198,018
Leave and other entitlements	8,794	88,683
Separation and redundancies	,	=
Other employee expenses	177,008	147,898
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	1,856,370	1,840,540
Total employee expenses	2,302,675	2,228,727
Note 4B: Capitation fees and other expense to another reporting unit Capitation fees		
Australian Services Union	191,491	194,140
Subtotal capitation fees	191,491	194,140
Other expense to another reporting unit		
Other expense	= \-	=
Subtotal other expense to another reporting unit	104.404	404440
Total capitation fees and other expense to another reporting unit	191,491	194,140
Note 4C: Affiliation fees		
Australian Services Union	4,922	5,577
WA Labor	47,279	5,517
Unions WA	45,191	43,766
Total affiliation fees/subscriptions	97,392	49,343

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Note 4D: Administration expenses		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Total paid to employers for payroll deductions of		·
membership subscriptions	-	=
Compulsory levies	(=)	
Fees/allowances - meeting and conferences		3
Conference and meeting expenses	(#)	36
Contractors/consultants	·5	=
Property expenses	E	4
Office expenses	70,873	69,033
Information communications technology	44,260	56,406
Other	167,753	134,104
Subtotal administration expense	282,886	259,543
Operating lease rentals:		540
Short term, low value and variable lease payments	000.000	516
Total administration expenses	282,886	260,059
Note 4E: Grants or donations		
Grants:		
Total expensed that were \$1,000 or less	22	2
Total expensed that exceeded \$1,000		-
Donations:		
Total expensed that were \$1,000 or less	-	=
Total expensed that exceeded \$1,000	2,285	122,364
Total grants or donations	2,285	122,364
Note 4F: Depreciation and amortisation		
Depreciation		
Buildings	5,034	6,750
Plant and equipment	62,215	61,075
Total depreciation	67,249	67,825
Amortisation		
Buildings	16,791	16,791
Total amortisation	16,791	16,791
Total depreciation and amortisation	84,040	84,616
Note 4G: Finance costs		
	000	4.500
Leases Overdrafts/leans	889	1,580
Overdrafts/loans	-	
Unwinding of discount	200	4.500
Total finance costs	889	1,580

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Note 4H: Legal costs		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Litigation Other leasts	50,480	12,411
Other legal costs Total legal costs	50,480	12,411
Total logal oosts	Ú	
Note 4I: Write-down and impairment of assets		
Asset write-downs and impairments of:		
Land and buildings		!S =
Plant and equipment	-	99-
Intangible assets	•	O e
Other		\
Total write-down and impairment of assets	-	
Note 4J: Net losses from sale of assets		
Land and buildings	=	
Plant and equipment	10	124
Intangibles Total net losses from asset sales	10	124
Total Net 100000 from about out of		*
Note 4K: Other expenses		
Penalties - via RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009		9
Organising expenses	117,766	213,015
Other expenses Total other expenses	5,438 123,204	5,791 218,807
Total other expenses	120,201	210,007
Note 5 Current Assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	6,584	64,839
Cash on hand	5,55 €	50
Short term deposits	984,614	1,031,836
Other		
Total cash and cash equivalents	991,198	1,096,724

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Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Receivables from other reporting unit[s]		
Receivables from other reporting units	-	9
Total receivables from other reporting unit[s]		
Less allowance for expected credit losses		
Provision for expected credit losses	960	*
Total allowance		₹.
Receivable from other reporting unit[s] (net))##:	S
Other receivables:		
Interest receivable	147	52
Other trade receivables	22,740	27,728
Total other receivables	22,887	27,780
Total trade and other receivables (net)	22,887	27,780
Note 5C: Other Current Assets		
Rental bond	4,830	4,830
Prepaid expenses	45,378	23,414
Total other current assets	50,208	28,244
Note 6 Non-current Assets		
Note 6A: Land and buildings		
Land and buildings:		
fair value	2,067,500	2,066,750
at cost accumulated depreciation	(11,784)	(6,750)
Total land and buildings	2,055,716	2,060,000

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land and Buildings			
	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	
Opening balances			
Gross book value	2,130,000	2,130,000	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(70,000)	E	
Net book value at beginning of year	2,060,000	2,130,000	
Additions:			
By purchase	750	Ē	
From acquisition of entities	121	=	
Revaluations	(#)	-	
Impairments		(63,250)	
Depreciation expense	(5,034)	(6,750)	
Other movement	(=)	0 =	
Disposals:			
From disposal of entities	:50	₩	
Other			
Net book value at end of year	2,055,716	2,060,000	
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:			
Gross book value	2,130,000	2,130,000	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(75,034)	(70,000)	
Net book value 30 June	2,055,716	2,060,000	

The revalued land and buildings consist of the property at 102 East Parade, East Perth. Management determined that this constitute one class of assets under AASB 13, based on the nature, characteristics and risk of the property.

The fair value of the properties was determined using the market comparable method. This means that valuations performed by the valuer are based on active market prices, significantly adjusted for the difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific property. The property was last revalued on 25 June 2021 by independent valuation conducted by Valuations WA.

The Union's national office (the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union) is the registered owner of the property. Under rule 21 of the national rules, the Union's national office delegates sole control, custody, administration and management of the property to the Union (Australian Services Union Western Australian Branch).

, and the second of the second	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Note 6B: Plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment:		
at cost	574,409	496,221
accumulated depreciation	(339,447)	(346,703)
Total plant and equipment	234,962	149,518

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Plant and Equipment

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Opening balance		
Gross book value	461,816	461,816
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(346,703)	(286,037)
Net book value at beginning of year	149,518	175,779
Additions:		
By purchase	164,307	34,405
From acquisition of entities (including restructuring)	-	_
Impairments	35	
Depreciation expense	(62,215)	(60,666)
Other movement (asset write-off)	(185)	-
Other movement (asset write-off depreciation adjustment)	175	-
Disposals	(16,638)	-
Add back depreciation on disposals	2₩	i a ti
Net book value at end of year	234,962	149,518
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	574,409	496,221
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(339,447)	(346,703)
Net book value 30 June	234,962	149,518

Note 6C: Leases

Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch as a lessee

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the period:

	Property
	\$
As at 1 July 2021	: # :
Additions	44,776
Depreciation expense	(16,791)
Impairment	-
Disposal	s = :
Other movement	,8,
As at 1 July 2022	27,985
Additions	*
Depreciation expense	(16,791)
Impairment	ŭ.
Disposal	180
Other movement [give details below]	
As at 30 June 2023	11,194

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included under interest-bearing loans and borrowings) and the movements during the period:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
As at beginning of year	29,104	27 1
Additions	÷	44,776
Accretion of interest	889	
Payments	(18,108)	(15,672)
As at end of year	11,885	29,104
Current	11,885	17,219
Non-current	=	11,885
The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:		
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	16,791	16,791
Interest expense on lease liabilities	889	1,580
Expense relating to short-term leases		-
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets (included in administrative expenses)		Z 6 3
Variable lease payments		
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	17,680	18,371

The following provides information on the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s variable lease payments, including the magnitude in relation to fixed payments:

	Fixed payments	Variable payments	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2023			
Fixed rent	18,108	5.	18,108
Variable rent with minimum payment	€	= 27	E
Variable rent only	149	딸)	8
	18,108	#0	18,108
2022	-		
Fixed rent	44,776		44,776
Variable rent with minimum payment	2	2 0	2
Variable rent only	·	940	-
	44,776	#1/	44,776

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Note 7	Current Liabilities		
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Note 7A: T	rade payables		
Trade cred	litors and accruals	109,060	84,761
Operating	lease rentals		; -
Subtotal t	rade creditors	109,060	84,761
Payables	to other reporting unit[s]		
Payables			
Subtotal p	payables to other reporting unit[s]	*	
Total trad	e payables	109,060	84,761
Total trad	e payables	109,000	04,701
Settlement	is usually made within 30 days.		
	20		
Note /B: C	Other payables		
Wages and	d salaries	960	=
Superannı		10,649	11,194
	employers for making payroll deductions of		_
	ip subscriptions		
Legal cost Litigatio			
_	egal costs		
	nts received/unearned revenue	54,714	59,791
GST payal		40,142	46,919
Other		49,834	44,775
Total other	r payables	155,339	162,679
Total other	payables are expected to be settled in:		
	e than 12 months	155,339	162,679
	an 12 months		, (#4)
Total other	r payables	155,339	162,679

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Note 8	Provisions		
Note 8A: E	mployee Provisions		
	20	023	2022
	_	\$	\$
Office Hold	ders:		
Annual I	eave	46,740	42,819
Long se	vice leave	209,886	189,152
Separati	ons and redundancies	=	=
Other		3,886	2,604
Subtotal e	mployee provisions—office holders	260,512	234,575
Employees	s other than office holders:		
Annual I	eave	190,732	199,117
. •	rvice leave	244,950	226,790
-	ons and redundancies	:#:	
Other	Lance and an Alexander	8,203	9,184
Subtotal e holders	mployee provisions—employees other than offic	ce 443,885	435,091
Total empl	oyee provisions	704,397	669,666
Current		704,397	669,666
Non Currer		(/B)	
Total empl	loyee provisions	704,397	669,666
Note 9	Non-current Liabilities		
Note 9A: O	ther non-current liabilities		
Other non-	current liabilities	B	-
Total othe	r non-current liabilities	38	-
		, 	
Note 10	Equity		
Note 10A:	Asset Revaluation Reserve		
Asset Reva	aluation Reserve		
Balance as	s at start of year	2,052,054	2,115,304
Transfe	rred to reserve	***	(63,250)
Transfe	red out of reserve	. 	-2.
Balance as	s at end of year	2,052,054	2,052,054
Total	=	2,052,054	2,052,054
Total	_	2,032,034	2,002,00

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Note 10B: Other Specific disclosures – Funds		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Compulsory levy/voluntary contribution fund – if invested in assets	•	(i e c
Other fund(s) required by rules		
Balance as at start of year		×=
Transferred to reserve	¥	5 =
Transferred out of reserve		(S =
Balance as at end of year		/5
•		
Note 11 Cash Flow		
Note 11A: Cash Flow Reconciliation		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Ba Cash Flow Statement:	alance Sheet to	
Cash and cash equivalents as per:	*	
Cash flow statement	991,198	1,096,724
		, ,
Balance sheet	991,198	1,096,724
	991,198	
Difference Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from	991,198	
Difference Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities:	(58,557)	1,096,724
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items	(58,557)	1,096,724 (77,491)
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation	(#)	1,096,724 (77,491)
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets	(58,557)	1,096,724 (77,491)
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property	(58,557) 84,040	1,096,724 (77,491)
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense	(58,557) 84,040 	1,096,724 (77,491)
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense	(58,557) 84,040	1,096,724 (77,491)
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense Loss/(Gain) on disposal of assets Changes in assets/liabilities	(58,557) 84,040 	1,096,724 (77,491) 86,196
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense Loss/(Gain) on disposal of assets Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/decrease in net receivables	(58,557) 84,040 889 (32,444)	1,096,724 (77,491) 86,196
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense Loss/(Gain) on disposal of assets Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/decrease in net receivables (Increase)/decrease in prepayments	(58,557) 84,040 889 (32,444) 4,893 (21,964)	1,096,724 (77,491) 86,196
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense Loss/(Gain) on disposal of assets Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/decrease in net receivables (Increase)/decrease in prepayments Increase/(decrease) in supplier payables	(58,557) 84,040 889 (32,444) 4,893 (21,964) 24,299	1,096,724 (77,491) 86,196 2,268 36,040
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense Loss/(Gain) on disposal of assets Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/decrease in net receivables (Increase)/decrease in prepayments Increase/(decrease) in supplier payables Increase/(decrease) in other payables	(58,557) 84,040 889 (32,444) 4,893 (21,964) 24,299 (7,340)	1,096,724 (77,491) 86,196 - - 2,268 36,040 5,910
Reconciliation of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating activities: Profit/(deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation/amortisation Net write-down of non-financial assets Fair value movements in investment property Interest expense Loss/(Gain) on disposal of assets Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/decrease in net receivables (Increase)/decrease in prepayments Increase/(decrease) in supplier payables	(58,557) 84,040 889 (32,444) 4,893 (21,964) 24,299	1,096,724

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11B: Cash flow information	2023	2022 \$
Cash inflows Total cash inflows		E
Cash outflows Australian Services Union	196,41	3 199,717
Total cash outflows	196,41	3 199,717

Note 12 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 12A: Commitments and Contingencies

Operating lease commitments—as lessee

Operating lease for Unit 7 Wesley Business Centre, 4 Stirling St, Bunbury Western Australian. Lease term of 2 years from 12 February 2022.

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 June are:

	12,072	29,104
More than five years	-	
After one year but not more than five years	3	11,885
Within one year	12,072	17,219

Capital commitments

At 30 June 2023, the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) does not have any capital commitments, contingent assets or contingent liabilities.

Contingent Liability

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) has received a Concerns Notice dated 11 May 2021 pursuant to section 14 of the Defamation Act 2005 (WA) relating to the possibility of legal action by a third party. No other information is currently available in relation to this notice and for this reason it is not possible to determine if a liability exists or to quantify possible damages.

On 15 March 2022, a person initiated defamation proceedings in the District Court of Western Australia against the ASU and one of its employees. The ASU did not become aware of those proceedings until around 23 December 2022, when the complainant served the application on the ASU.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The complainant's statement of claim does not claim any specific amount against the ASU or its employee. Nor has the complainant furnished any evidence in support of its claim. As such, it is impossible to accurately estimate the extent of the potential contingent liability arising from the proceedings.

Before commencing District Court proceedings, the complainant had asked for \$42,500 to settle the claim. That amount was agreed to in principle by the ASU. However, the complainant refused to agree to the other terms of the settlement paperwork and elected to continue with his legal case. The ASU believes that the complainant's conduct in refusing the settlement offer may give rise to a full defence to the claim.

The ASU and its employee have pleaded a number of defences against the claim. If those defences succeed, then the ASU have no liability to the complainant and will likely obtain a costs order in its favour against the complainant.

Note 13 Related Party Disclosures

Total other long-term benefits

Termination benefits

Total

Note 13A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue received from councillors for the following:		
Membership subscriptions	9,587	9,976
Paid to Australian Services Union		
Capitation Fees	191,491	194,140
Affiliation Fees	4,922	5,577
Note 13B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for	the Reporting Perio	d
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	340,404	347,291
Annual leave accrued	3,921	(29,945)
Other	1,282	(29,943) 2,604
Total short-term employee benefits	345,607	319,950
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	55,039	47,872
Total post-employment benefits	55,039	47,872
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave	20,734	16,290
·		

20.734

421,380

16,290

384,112

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14	Remuneration of Auditors		
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Value of th	ne services provided		
Financia	al statement audit services	21,160	16,780
Other se	ervices		2
Total remu	uneration of auditors	21,160	16,780

Note 15 Financial Instruments

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s activities do not expose it to many financial risks.

Foreign currency risk

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) is not exposed to any foreign currency risk.

Credit risk

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

Interest rate risk

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s main interest rate risk arises from cash deposits. Cash deposits issued at variable rates expose the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) to interest rate risk. Cash deposits at fixed rates expose the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) to fair value risk. The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) maintains approximately 70% of cash reserves in term deposits at a fixed rate to manage exposure to interest rate risk.

Liquidity Risk

Vigilant liquidity risk management requires the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) to maintain sufficient liquid assets (mainly cash and cash equivalents) to be able to pay debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) manages liquidity risk though budgeting and monitoring cash flows. Budgets are established annually and monitored through bi-monthly meetings of the committee of management.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15A:	Categories	of Financial	Instruments

Financial Assets

i manciai Assets		
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Amortised cost:		
Cash and cash equivalents	991,198	1,096,724
Trade and other receivables	22,887	27,780
Carrying amount of financial assets	1,014,085	1,124,504
	-	
Financial Liabilities		
Amortised cost:		
Trade and other payables	264,399	247,440
Lease liabilities	11,885	29,104
Carrying amount of financial liabilities	276,284	276,544

Note 15B: Financial Instruments Risks

Market Risk

Sensitivity analysis of the Interest Rate risk that the Reporting Unit is exposed to for 2023

	Change in risk	Effect	on
Risk variable	variable %	Profit and	Equity
		loss	
		\$	\$
Interest rate risk	1% increase	9,912	9,912
Interest rate risk	1% decrease	(9,912)	(9,912)
Sensitivity analysis of the risk that the entity is expo	sed to for 2022 Change in risk	Effect	on
Risk variable	variable %	Profit and	Equity
		loss	
Interest rate risk Interest rate risk	1% increase 1% decrease	\$ 10,967 (10,967)	\$ 10,967 (10,967)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Liquidity Risk Remaining contractual maturities

The following table details the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)'s remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The table include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

30 June 2023			1- 2	2-5		
	On	< 1 year	years	years	>5 years	Total
	Demand	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade payables	3 <u>5</u> 5	264,399		\ 	_	264,399
Lease liabilities	~	12,067		TE.	_	12,067
Total	:	276,466	-	1.6	-	276,466
				2-5		
30 June 2022	On	< 1 year	1–2 years	years	>5 years	Total
	Demand	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade payables	Y <u>E</u> 4	247,440	-	2	_	247,440
Lease liabilities	200	18,108	12,067		-	30,175
Total	170	265,548	12,067	2	-	277,615
Credit Risk Ageing of financial	assets not impai	red for 2023	3			
30 June 2023		0 to 30	31 to 60	61 to 90	90+	Total
		days \$	days \$	days \$	days \$	\$
Trade receivables		18,053	4,199	125	510	22,887
Total		18,053	4,199	125	510	22,887
Ageing of financial	assets not impai	red for 2022	2			
30 June 2022		0 to 30	31 to 60	61 to 90	90+	Total
		days \$	days \$	days \$	days \$	\$
Trade receivables		days \$ 20,893	days \$ 5,888	days \$ 398	days \$ 600	\$ 27,779

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 16 Fair Value Measurement

The following tables provide an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

Fair value	hierarch	v – 30 June	2023
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•	Date of valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets measured at fair value	\$	\$	\$	
Land and buildings	30-Jun-23	-	2,055,716	85
Total	-	-	2,055,716	Æ
Fair value hierarchy - 30 June 2022				
Assets measured at fair value				
Land and buildings	30-Jun-22	-	2,060,000	(-
Total		(2)	2,060,000	3 2 1.

Note 16A: Financial Assets and Liabilities

Management of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) assessed that cash, trade receivables and trade payables approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

Note 17 Administration of financial affairs by a third party

No third parties administrated the financial affairs of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch) during the financial year ended 30 June 2023 or 30 June 2022.

Note 18 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commissioner:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

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Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch)

OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT

I, Wayne Wood, being the Branch Secretary of the Australian Services Union (Western Australian Branch), declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2023.

The reporting unit did not:

- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity
- have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Signed by the officer:	M	Wal	
		/	
	10	10/12	
Dated:		9/12	



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE MEMBERS OF AUSTRALIAN SERVICES UNION

In relation to our audit of the financial report of Australian Services Union for the year ended 30 June 2023, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standard Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants or any applicable code of professional conduct.

PKF PERTH

SHANE CROSS
PARTNER

19 SEPTEMBER 2023

WEST PERTH,

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

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