



1 November 2024

Ian Wakefield
Branch Secretary
The Australian Workers' Union - Tasmanian Branch
Sent via email: ian.wakefield@awutas.org.au
CC: david.palmer@bdo.com.au

Dear Ian Wakefield

**The Australian Workers' Union - Tasmanian Branch
Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2024 – (FR2024/73)**

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2024 for the Australian Workers' Union - Tasmanian Branch (reporting unit). The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 14 October 2024.

I also acknowledge receipt of the amended loans, grants and donations statement which was lodged with the Commission on 25 October 2024.

The financial report has now been filed.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under sections 253, 265, 266 and 268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under section 268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 30 June 2025 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged. I make the following comments to assist you when you next prepare a financial report. The Commission will confirm these concerns have been addressed prior to filing next year's report.

Audit scope to include officer's declaration statement

Where nil activity disclosures are contained in an officer's declaration statement, in accordance with reporting guideline 21, the officer's declaration statement also forms part of a general purpose financial report prepared under section 253 of the RO Act (see subsection 253(2)(c) of the RO Act.)

An officer's declaration statement must, where one is prepared, be identified by title in the auditor's statement in accordance with paragraph 24(c) of Australian Auditing Standard ASA 700 Forming an Opinion and Reporting on a Financial Report.

An officer's declaration statement was included in the copy of the documents lodged with the Commission but the auditor did not refer to the statement in the auditor's report.

The reporting unit's auditor has confirmed on 31 October 2024 that officer's declaration statement was audited before the signing of the audit report.

Please ensure that in future years, where an officer's declaration statement is prepared, it must also be included in the audit scope.

Reporting Requirements

The Commission's website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via [this link](#).

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please call 1300 341 665 or email regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Fair Work Commission

The Australian Workers Union, Tasmania Branch

s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

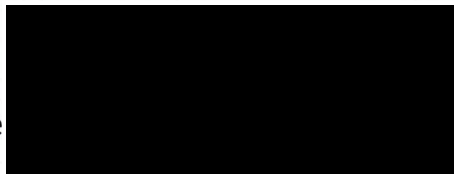
Certificate By Prescribed Designated Officer

Certificate for the year ended 30th June 2024

I Ian Wakefield being the *Branch Secretary* of the *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on *5th September 2024*; and
- that the full report was presented to and approved at a Branch Executive meeting held on the 11th October 2024 in accordance with s.266 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*.

Signature of prescribed designated officer



.....

Name of prescribed designated officer Ian Wakefield

Title of prescribed designated officer: Branch Secretary

Dated: 14th October 2024

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch

Financial Report

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

Financial Statements 2023–24

Financial Statements 2023–24 1

Auditor’s independence Declaration 2

Report required under subsection 255(2A) 3

Operating report 4

Committee of management statement 6

Statement of comprehensive income 7

Statement of comprehensive income (continued) 8

Statement of financial position 9

Statement of changes in equity 10

Statement of cash flows 11

Index to the notes of the financial statements 12

Officer declaration statement 37

Independent Auditor’s Report.....40



Tel: +61 3 6234 2499
Fax: +61 3 6234 2392
www.bdo.com.au

Level 8, 85 Macquarie Street
Hobart TAS 7000
GPO Box 1681 Hobart TAS 7001
Australia

**DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY DAVID E PALMER TO THE AUSTRALIAN WORKERS' UNION -
TASMANIA BRANCH**

As lead auditor of The Australian Workers' Union - Tasmania Branch for the year ended 30 June 2024, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Accounting Professional Ethical Pronouncements* in relation to the audit; and
2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.


DAVID E PALMER

Partner

BDO Audit (TAS)

Hobart

2 September 2024

Report required under subsection 255(2A)

for the year ended 30 June 2024

The committee of management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) on the reporting unit for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Descriptive form

Categories of expenditures	2024 (\$)	2023 (\$)
Remuneration and other employment-related costs and expenses – employees	1,434,978	1,147,191
Advertising	369	232
Operating costs	524,023	475,599
Donations to political parties	25,000	–
Legal costs	1,296	8,337

Signature of designated officer: 

Name and title of designated officer:

Jan Wakelid Branch secretary

Dated: *30/8/2024*

Operating report

for the year ended 30 June 2024

The committee of management presents its operating report on the reporting unit for the year ended 30 June 2024.

Review of principal activities, the results of those activities and any significant changes in the nature of those activities during the year

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch ('the Branch') principal activities during the year have been the operation of a trade union. The Branch functions as a single entity and acts under its Constitution and Rules and reports under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

No significant changes in the nature of the Union's activities occurred during the financial year.

Significant changes in financial affairs

There were no significant changes in the Union's financial affairs during the financial year.

Officers or members who are superannuation fund trustee(s) (include position details) or director of a company that is a superannuation fund trustee where being a member or officer of a registered organisation is a criterion for them holding such position

No officers or employees of the reporting unit holds a position as a trustee or director of a superannuation entity or exempt public superannuation funds scheme, where the criteria for holding such a position is that they are an officer or member of the reporting unit.

Number of members and right to resign

As at 30 June 2024, The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch has 3,619 members (2023; 3,410).

Number of employees

As at 30 June 2024, The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch maintains employments of 8 full time equivalent employees in total (2023; 8).

Names of committee of management members and period positions held during the financial year

Name	Position	Period
Laurie Gregson	Branch President	Resigned 4/03/2024
Sharon Tuttle	Branch President	Elected 4/04/2024
John Dusautoy	Branch Vice President	Elected 4/04/2024
Ian Wakefield	Branch Secretary	Full year
Robert Flanagan	Branch Assistant Secretary	Full year
Danny Munday	Branch Organiser	Full year
Anthony Bevan	Branch Executive Committee Member	Full year
Noel Cannan	Branch Executive Committee Member	Full year
Steven Dowling	Branch Executive Committee Member	Full year
Alanah McLean	Branch Executive Committee Member	Full year
Bill Lowe	Branch Executive Committee Member	Full year
Robert Rootes	Branch Executive Committee Member	Full year

Signature of designated office



Name and title of designated officer: Ian Wakefield Branch Secretary

Dated: 30/8/2024

Committee of management statement

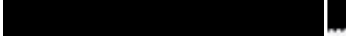
for the year ended 30 June 2024

On 29/8 / 2024 the Branch Committee of *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report (GPFR) for the year ended 30 June 2024:

The *Branch Committee* declares that in its opinion:

- a. the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- b. the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (the RO Act);
- c. the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- d. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- e. during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - i. meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - ii. the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - iii. the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
 - iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner with each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - v. where information has been sought in any request by a member of the reporting unit or the General Manager duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or the General Manager; and
 - vi. where any order for inspection of financial records has been made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the committee of management.

Signature of designated officer: 

Name and title of designated officer: Jan Whitefield Branch Secretary

Dated: 30/8/2024

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch

Statement of comprehensive income

for the year ended 30 June 2024

	Notes	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers	3		
Membership subscriptions		1,644,235	1,647,701
Total revenue from contracts with customers		<u>1,644,235</u>	<u>1,647,701</u>
Other income			
Net gains from sale of assets	3A	5,483	-
Interest income	3B	65,727	42,162
Other income	3C	33,462	14,947
Sponsorship		8,825	8,610
Total other income		<u>113,497</u>	<u>65,718</u>
Total income		<u>1,757,732</u>	<u>1,713,419</u>
Expenses			
Accounting & Audit fees		9,337	13,700
Administration expenses	4C	25,040	36,316
Advertising		369	232
Affiliation fees	4B	12,312	12,074
Branch executive		2,309	6,453
Depreciation	4E	12,900	13,355
Employee expenses	4A	1,434,978	1,147,191
Grants or donations	4D	26,500	1,118
Industrial campaigns		-	264
Insurance		15,156	18,918
Maintenance AWU National Office	4B	180,142	180,510
Merchandise		45,549	17,055
Motor vehicle expense		88,779	93,595
Postage		4,937	5,651
Printing & Stationary		28,928	23,028
Rates and taxes		11,723	9,488
Rent		11,039	12,450
Repairs and maintenance		12,354	15,893
Sundry		36,932	20,087
Telephone and fax		12,019	11,528
Training		8,883	-
Utilities		5,480	5,807
Total expenses		<u>1,985,666</u>	<u>1,644,713</u>
Surplus (deficit) for the year		<u>(227,934)</u>	<u>68,706</u>

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch

Statement of comprehensive income (continued)

Other comprehensive income

for the year ended 30 June 2024

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss		
Gain/(loss) on revaluation of land & buildings	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(227,934)	68,706

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

Statement of financial position

as at 30 June 2024

	Notes	2024 \$	2023 \$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	497,936	710,043
Trade and other receivables	5B	135,750	173,657
Term deposits		2,780,313	2,361,135
Total current assets		3,413,999	3,244,835
Non-current assets			
Other receivables	5C	-	149,250
Property, plant and equipment	6A	300,180	314,371
Total non-current assets		300,180	463,621
Total assets		3,714,179	3,708,456
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7A	100,109	119,938
Employee provisions	8A	491,507	317,565
Total current liabilities		591,616	437,503
Non-current liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A	171,571	92,027
Total non-current liabilities		171,571	92,027
Total liabilities		763,187	529,530
Net assets		2,950,992	3,178,926
EQUITY			
General fund/retained earnings		2,950,992	3,178,926
Total equity		2,950,992	3,178,926

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

Statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 30 June 2024

	General funds / retained earnings	Total equity
	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2022	3,110,220	3,110,220
Surplus / (deficit)	68,706	68,706
Closing balance as at 30 June 2023	3,178,926	3,178,926
Surplus / (deficit)	(227,934)	(227,934)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2024	2,950,992	2,950,992

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

Statement of cash flows

for the year ended 30 June 2024

	Notes	2024 \$	2023 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Membership contributions and other income		1,688,902	1,659,896
Interest		65,727	42,162
Cash used			
Suppliers and Employees		(1,688,678)	(1,311,107)
Payment to other reporting units	11B	(249,924)	(230,979)
Net cash from (used by) operating activities		(183,973)	159,972
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		14,517	(297)
Cash used			
Purchase of plant and equipment		(42,651)	(36,824)
Other		-	(31,178)
Net cash from (used by) investing activities		(28,134)	(68,299)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(212,107)	91,673
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		710,043	618,370
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	5A	497,936	710,043

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

Index to the notes of the financial statements

Note 1	Summary of material accounting policies
Note 2	Events after the reporting period
Note 3	Revenue and income
Note 4	Expenses
Note 5	Current assets
Note 6	Non-current assets
Note 7	Current liabilities
Note 8	Provisions
Note 9	Non-current liabilities
Note 10	Equity
Note 11	Cash flow
Note 12	Contingent liabilities, assets and commitments
Note 13	Related party disclosures
Note 14	Remuneration of auditors
Note 15	Financial instruments
Note 16	Fair value measurements
Note 16A	Financial assets and liabilities
Note 17	Administration of financial affairs by a third party
Note 18	Section 272 <i>Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009</i>

Note 1 Summary of material accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009* (RO Act). For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment properties, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by accounting standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch has made the following judgements in the process of applying its accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Employee Benefits

For the purpose of measurement, the entity expects that most employees will not take their annual leave entitlement within a 12 month period in which they are earned, but this will not have a material impact on the amount recognised in respect of obligations for employees' leave entitlement.

The following estimates have been made in the process of applying *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's* accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Impairment

The Branch Committee assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluation conditions specific to the Branch that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. No impairment has been recognised for the year ended 30 June 2024.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standards and amendments

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard.

Future Australian Accounting Standards

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to future reporting periods that are expected to have a future financial impact on *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* include:

AASB 2020–1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

This Standard amends AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements (AASB 101) to clarify requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current. For example, the amendments clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. This Standard, as amended by AASB 2022–6 (refer below) applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. Earlier application is permitted.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch does not expect the adoption of this amendment to have a material impact on its financial statements.

1.5 Current versus non-current classification

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- it is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

1.6 Revenue

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Where *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* has a contract with a customer, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch*.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's* promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling price of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction

price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* at their standalone selling price, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

Income of *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* to enable the entity to further its objectives. *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or services to the customer; and
- *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's* recognition of the cash contribution does not give rise to any related liabilities.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch receives cash consideration from the following arrangements whereby that consideration is recognised as income upon receipt:

- donations and voluntary contributions from members (including whip arounds); and
- government grants.

Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of comprehensive income when the asset is derecognised.

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

1.7 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits in the circumstances set up below.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts.

The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

1.8 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

1.9 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

1.10 Financial assets

Contract assets and receivables

A contract asset is recognised when *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's* right to consideration in exchange goods or services that has transferred to the customer when that right is conditioned on *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's* future performance or some other condition.

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Initial recognition and measurement

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's financial assets include trade receivables and loans to related parties.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's financial assets are classified as financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost because both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' on the principal amount outstanding.

The classification of financial assets is performed at an instrument level at initial recognition of the financial asset.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs. However contract assets and trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price as determined in accordance with the revenue policy in Note 1.6.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired. For receivables and contract assets, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* directly reduces the gross carrying amount of a receivable or contract asset when it has no reasonable expectations of recovering the receivable or contract asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment

Expected credit losses (ECLs)

i. Debt instruments other than trade receivables

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch recognises an allowance for ECLs for all contract assets, receivables and any other financial assets measured at amortisation cost. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the reporting unit expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

ii. Trade receivables and contract assets

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs.

Therefore, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

1.11 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost.

These financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

1.12 Liabilities relating to contracts with customers

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities

are recognised as revenue when *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* performs under the contract (i.e. transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Refund liabilities

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's* refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount [reporting unit's] ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

1.13 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.14 Land, buildings, plant and equipment

Asset recognition threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the statement of financial position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Land and buildings

Land and buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight-line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

Asset Class	Depreciation Rate
Leasehold improvements	3%
Motor Vehicles	12.5%

Asset Class	Depreciation Rate
Office Equipment	7% - 33%
Phones	10% - 33%

Derecognition

An item of land, buildings, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

1.15 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated, and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* were deprived of the asset, its recoverable amount is its fair value.

In other cases, for the purposes of determining recoverable amount, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

1.16 Taxation

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has an obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO); and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified within operating cash flows.

1.17 Fair value measurement

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch measures non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch*. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties.

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There has not been any matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch*, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* in subsequent financial periods.

2024	2023
\$	\$

Note 3 Revenue and income

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch's* revenue by type of arrangement is provided on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer:

Type of customer

Members	1,644,325	1,647,701
Total revenue from contracts with customers	1,644,325	1,647,701

Note 3A: Net gains from sale of assets

Motor vehicles	5,483	-
Total net gain from sale of assets	5,483	-

Note 3B: Investment income

Interest		
Deposits	65,727	42,162
Total investment income	65,727	42,162

Note 3C: Other income

<i>Training</i>	16,200	-
<i>Merchandise</i>	8,558	-
<i>Sundry</i>	8,704	14,947
Total other income	33,462	14,947

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses		
Note 4A: Employee expenses		
Holders of office:		
Wages and salaries	526,732	443,215
Superannuation	82,191	69,613
Leave and other entitlements	193,983	48,238
Overnight expenses – organisers	12,712	9,031
Fringe benefit tax	18,679	18,904
Fares	5,464	5,403
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office	839,761	594,404
Employees other than office holders:		
Wages and salaries	389,294	367,316
Superannuation	64,234	57,798
Leave and other entitlements	51,832	41,767
Overnight expenses – organisers	8,479	5,552
Fringe benefit tax	7,667	6,733
Fares	1,759	540
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	523,265	479,706
Other payroll expenses		
Payroll tax	63,755	66,944
Other	8,197	6,137
Subtotal other payroll expenses	71,952	73,081
Total employee expenses	1,434,978	1,147,191
Note 4B: Affiliation fees		
Affiliation fees – Australian Labour Party	12,312	12,074
Maintenance AWU National Office	180,142	180,510
Total affiliation fees/subscriptions	192,454	192,584

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Note 4C: Administration expenses		
Conference and meeting expenses	-	2,593
Legal fees	1,296	8,336
AWU National Office – contact centre expenses	4,800	4,800
AWU National Office – membership system	18,944	13,982
AWU National Office - conference	-	6,605
Subtotal administration expense	25,040	36,316

Note 4D: Grants or donations

Grants:		
Total expensed that were \$1,000 or less	-	-
Total expensed that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Donations:		
Total expensed that were \$1,000 or less	1,500	-
Total expensed that exceeded \$1,000	25,000	1,118
Total grants or donations	26,500	1,118

Note 4E: Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation		
Property, plant and equipment	12,900	13,555
Total depreciation	12,900	13,555
Amortisation		
Intangibles	-	-
Total amortisation	-	-
Total depreciation and amortisation	12,900	13,555

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Note 5 Current Assets		
Note 5A: Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank	497,936	710,043
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>497,936</u>	<u>710,043</u>
Note 5B: Trade and other receivables		
Trade receivables	324,844	358,638
Provision for doubtful debts	(189,094)	(184,981)
Total trade and other receivables	<u>135,750</u>	<u>173,657</u>
Note 5C: Other receivables		
Other receivables:		
AWU National Office receivable	-	149,250
Total other receivables	<u>-</u>	<u>149,250</u>

Note 6 Non-current Assets

Note 6A: Property, Plant and Equipment

2024

	Leasehold Improvements	Motor vehicles	Plant and Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, Plant and Equipment: carrying amount	91,486	246,726	149,021	487,233
accumulated depreciation	(10,498)	(63,875)	(112,680)	(187,053)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	80,988	182,851	36,341	300,180

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of property, plant and equipment

Net book value 1 July 2023	83,275	189,047	42,049	314,371
Additions:				
By purchase	-	39,117	4,904	44,022
Depreciation expense	(2,287)	(8,358)	(10,613)	(21,258)
Other movement [give details below]	-	-	-	-
Disposals:				
By sale	-	(36,955)	-	(36,955)
Net book value 30 June 2024	80,988	182,851	36,341	300,180

Note 6A: Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

2023

	Leasehold Improvements	Motor vehicles	Plant and Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Property, Plant and Equipment: carrying value	91,486	244,564	144,116	480,166
accumulated depreciation	(8,211)	(55,517)	(102,067)	(165,795)
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	83,275	189,047	42,049	314,371

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of property, plant and equipment

Net book value 1 July 2022	85,562	162,020	29,965	277,547
Additions:				
By purchase	-	90,213	23,153	113,366
Depreciation expense	(2,287)	(10,757)	(11,069)	(24,113)
Other movement (prior period adjustment)	-	21,514	-	21,514
Disposals:				
By sale	-	(73,943)	-	(73,943)
Net book value 30 June 2023	83,275	189,047	42,049	314,371

	2024	2023
	\$	\$

Note 7 Current Liabilities

Note 7A: Trade and other payables

Trade creditors and accruals	27,084	40,740
Subtotal trade creditors	<u>27,084</u>	<u>40,740</u>
Trade payables AWU National Office	15,488	21,642
Subtotal payables to other Offices	<u>15,488</u>	<u>21,642</u>
Total trade payables	<u>42,572</u>	<u>62,382</u>

Settlement is usually made within 30 days.

Other payables

GST payable	38,953	39,656
PAYG tax payable	18,584	17,900
Total trade and other payables	<u>100,109</u>	<u>119,938</u>

Total trade other payables are expected to be settled in:

No more than 12 months	100,109	119,938
More than 12 months	-	-
Total trade and other payables	<u>100,109</u>	<u>119,938</u>

	2024	2023
	\$	\$

Note 8 Provisions

Note 8A: Employee provisions

Office holders:

Annual leave	189,638	121,436
Long service leave	365,854	156,316
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-

<i>Subtotal employee provisions—office holders</i>	555,492	277,752
---	----------------	----------------

Employees other than office holders:

Annual leave	62,067	64,663
Long service leave	45,519	67,178
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-

<i>Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders</i>	107,586	131,841
--	----------------	----------------

Total employee provisions	663,078	409,593
----------------------------------	----------------	----------------

Current	491,507	317,565
---------	---------	---------

Non-current	171,571	92,027
-------------	---------	--------

Total employee provisions	663,078	409,593
----------------------------------	----------------	----------------

2024	2023
\$	\$

Note 9 Cash Flow

Note 9A: Cash flow reconciliation

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per statement of financial position to statement of cash flow:

Cash and cash equivalents as per:

Statement of cash flow	497,936	710,043
Statement of financial position	497,936	710,043
<i>Difference</i>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Note 9B: Cash flow information

Cash inflows

<i>The Australian Workers' Union, National Office</i>	-	-
---	---	---

Total cash inflows	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
---------------------------	----------	----------

Cash outflows

<i>The Australian Workers' Union, National Office</i>	249,924	230,979
---	---------	---------

Total cash outflows	<u>249,924</u>	<u>230,979</u>
----------------------------	----------------	----------------

Note 10 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 10A: Commitments and contingencies

There are no commitments or contingencies at year end (2023: Nil).

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures

Note 11A: Related party transactions for the reporting period

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

Name	Annual Membership	Conference & Dinner Events	Member Services	Outstanding 30 June 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Laurie Gregson	-	-	-	-
Sharon Tuttle	728	-	73	75
John Dusautoy	728	-	-	196
Ian Wakefield	728	-	1038	32
Robert Flanagan	728	-	2200	32
William (Bill) Lowe	-	-	238.56	-
Stephen (Steve) Dowling	728	-	159.6	66
Alanah McLean	728	-	652.93	112
Anthony Beven	728	-	2120	44
Robert Rootes	10	-	-	-
Noel Cannan	728	-	-	54

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2024, *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2023: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Expected credit losses are immaterial and have not been recognised in relation to any outstanding balances, and no expense has been recognised in respect of expected credit losses due from loan to a related party.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$

Note 11B: Key management personnel remuneration for the reporting period

Short-term employee benefits

Salary (including annual leave taken)	504,687	421,461
Annual leave accrued	52,020	26,081
Overnight and activist allowances	5,496	3,476
Vehicle	68,010	69,968
Total short-term employee benefits	<u>630,213</u>	<u>520,986</u>

Post-employment benefits:

Superannuation	104,236	91,367
Total post-employment benefits	<u>104,236</u>	<u>91,367</u>

Other long-term benefits:

Long-service leave	119,919	22,157
Total other long-term benefits	<u>119,919</u>	<u>22,157</u>

Termination benefits

	-	-
Total	<u>854,368</u>	<u>634,510</u>

Note 11C: Transactions with key management personnel and their close family members

There were no additional transactions with key management personnel or their close family members.

Note 12 Remuneration of Auditors

Value of the services provided

Financial statement audit services	6,800	6,500
Total remuneration of auditors	<u>6,800</u>	<u>6,500</u>

2024	2023
\$	\$

Note 13 Financial Instruments

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch has financial instruments that are cash or cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade and some other payables that are carried at amortised cost.

Note 13A: Categories of Financial Instruments

Financial assets

At amortised cost:

Cash and cash equivalents	497,936	710,043
Term deposits	2,780,313	2,361,135
Trade and other receivables	135,750	173,657
Other receivables	-	149,250
Total	3,413,999	3,394,085
Carrying amount of financial assets	3,413,999	3,394,085

Financial liabilities

At amortised cost:

Trade and other payables	100,109	119,938
Total	100,109	119,938
Carrying amount of financial liabilities	100,109	119,938

Note 13B: Net income and expense from financial assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Interest revenue	65,727	42,162
Impairment	-	-
Net income/(expense) from financial assets	65,727	42,162

Note 13C: Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits held with banks.

For trade receivables and contract assets, customer credit risk is managed in accordance with The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer

segments with similar loss patterns. Generally, trade receivables are written-off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* does not hold collateral as security. *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables and contract assets as low.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed in accordance with *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch* policy.

Note 13D: Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch manages risk through the following mechanisms:

- Preparing forward looking cashflow analysis in relation to its operational investing and financial activities;
- Monitoring credit facilities;
- Obtaining funding from a variety of sources; and
- Maintaining a reputable credit risk profile.

The following tables sets out the liquidity risk of financial liabilities held by *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch*. They represent the contractual maturity of financial liabilities, calculated based on undiscounted cash flows relating to the liabilities at reporting date. The undiscounted cash flows in these tables differ from the amounts included in the statement of financial position that are based on discounted cash flows.

Contractual maturities for financial liabilities and lease liabilities are as follows:

	On Demand	< 1 year \$	1– 2 years \$	2– 5 years \$	>5 years \$	Total \$
Financial liabilities 30 June 2024						
Trade and other payables	-	100,109	-	-	-	100,109
Total	-	100,109	-	-	-	100,109
Financial liabilities 30 June 2023						
Trade and other payables	-	119,938	-	-	-	119,938
Total	-	119,938	-	-	-	119,938

Note 13E: Market risk

Interest rate risk

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk.

Note 14 **Fair value measurements**

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch does not hold any assets at fair value (2023: Nil).

Note 15 **Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009**

In accordance with the requirements of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or the General Manager:

1. A member of a reporting unit, or the General Manager, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
2. The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
3. A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).


Officer declaration statement

I, Ian Wakefield, being the Branch Secretary of *The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch*, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2024.

The Australian Workers' Union, Tasmania Branch did not:

- agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- receive capitation fees or any other revenue amount from another reporting unit
- receive revenue via compulsory levies
- receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- incur fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- pay compulsory levies
- pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- pay a grant that exceeded \$1,000
- pay separation and redundancy to holders of office
- pay separation and redundancy to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay legal costs relating to litigation
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the *Fair Work Act 2009*
- have a receivable with other reporting unit(s)
- have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to litigation
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to other legal matters
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of holders of office
- have other employee provisions in respect of holders of office
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have other employee provisions in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity
- have a balance within the general fund
- provide cash flows to another reporting unit and/or controlled entity

- receive cash flows from another reporting unit and/or controlled entity
- have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Signed by the officer: 

Dated: 30/8/2024 ✓



Tel: +61 3 6234 2499
Fax: +61 3 6234 2392
www.bdo.com.au

Level 8, 85 Macquarie Street
Hobart TAS 7000
GPO Box 1681 Hobart TAS 7001
Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of The Australian Workers' Union - Tasmania Branch

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of The Australian Workers' Union - Tasmania Branch (the reporting unit), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information, the Committee of Management Statement and the subsection 255(2A) report.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of The Australian Workers' Union - Tasmania Branch, presents fairly, in all material respects the reporting unit's financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and any other requirement imposed by these Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the reporting unit in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Committee of Management are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the reporting unit's operating report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the reporting unit are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management are responsible for assessing the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entities either intends to liquidate the registered entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

- As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Reporting Unit's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists

related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Reporting Unit's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Reporting Unit to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Reporting Unit to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Reporting Unit audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during our audit.


This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Declaration by the auditor

I, David Palmer, declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of the Chartered Accountants Australia New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

BDO Audit (TAS)

BDO Audit (TAS)



DAVID E PALMER
Partner

Hobart 2 September 2024