

20 December 2024

David Genford
Branch President
Australian Education Union - Tasmanian Branch
Sent via email: executiveassistant@aeutas.org.au
CC: nick.carter@wlf.com.au

Dear David Genford

Australian Education Union - Tasmanian Branch Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2024 – (FR2024/151)

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2024 for the Australian Education Union - Tasmanian Branch. The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 4 December 2024.

I also acknowledge receipt of the amended designated officer's certificate which was lodged on 20 December 2024.

The financial report has now been filed. You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged.

Reporting Requirements

The Commission website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act), the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via <u>this link</u>.

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please call 1300 341 665 or email regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Fair Work Commission

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

I, David Genford, being the Branch President of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 29/10/2024; and
- that the full report was presented to a general meeting of members of the Union on 22/11/2024 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

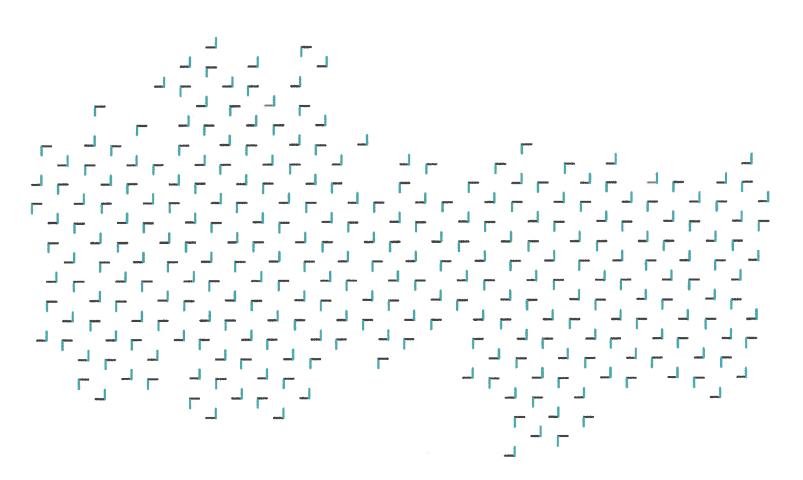
David Genford Branch President

Dated: 20/12/24



Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch

Financial Statements 30 June 2024



Move forward >

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH

OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The Branch Executive presents its report of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch (the Union) for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Union during the financial year were:

- To maintain and improve the working conditions and professional welfare of its members;
- Be a professionally managed and democratic Union which provides maximum opportunities for membership involvement in its activities;
- Provide a wide range of appropriate services and benefits to members; and
- Work towards ensuring a just and equitable society, including by promoting actively public education, training and unionism.

It is noted that during the financial year the activities of the Union were suitably carried out. No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

The surplus/(loss) from ordinary activities amounted to (\$270,336) for the period ended 30 June 2024 (2023: \$103,792).

Financial Affairs

No significant changes were noted to the financial affairs of the Union during the year.

Right to Resign

Resignation from membership and termination of eligibility for membership is regulated by Rule 17 of the Federal Rules.

A member may resign from membership of the Union by written notice addressed to and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch to which the member is attached.

Superannuation Trustees/Directors

There are no members of the Branch Council that are trustees or directors of a superannuation entity or an exempt public sector superannuation scheme.

Number of Members

The Union had 4,859 members at the end of the reporting period (2023: 5,099).

Number of employees

The Union employed 23 staff, expressed as FTE 20.5, as at 30 June 2024 (2023: 20 employees, expressed as 18.8 FTE).

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Payments to Employers

The Union did not make any payments during the financial year to employers as consideration for the employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions.

Names of Committee of Management Members and Period Positions Held During the Financial Year

Names and positions of the Committee of Management for the financial year 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 were:

Branch President GENFORD, David

TAFE Division – Deputy Branch President

BREWER, Deborah - Acting (Term commenced 15 December 2023)

SABOL, Tristan (Resigned 15 December 2023)

General Division – Department of Education Sector – Deputy Branch President CORNELIUS, Lucie

General Division – Support Staff Sector – Deputy Branch President

JACKSON, Mandy (Term completed 31 January 2024) STEVENS, Joanna (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

General Division – Secondary College Staff Sector – Deputy Branch President
RUSSELL, Laura (Term completed 31 January 2024)
BROAD, James (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

Tasmanian Branch

Branch Executive

ANDERSON, Rachael (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

COOMBES, Terri

DUNCAN, David (Term commenced 1 February 2024)
DUNCAN, Lauren (Term commenced 1 February 2024)
BUGG, Claire (Term completed 31 January 2024)

JANSEN-MUNDAY, Nanna

YOUNG, Peter (Term completed 31 January 2024)

COATES, Joy

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Branch Executive (continued)

REVELL-COOK, Peta-Maree (Term completed 31 January 2024)

TAFE Division - Branch Council Delegates

SABOL, Tristan (Resigned 15 December 2023)

BREWER, Deborah

General Division – Secondary College Staff Sector - Branch Council Delegate

BROAD, James HICKS, Peter

JOHANSSON-WONG, Anita (Term commenced 1 February 2024)
PRESTON, Matthew (Term completed 31 January 2024)
REVELL-COOK, Peta-Maree (Term completed 31 January 2024)
RUSSELL, Laura (Term completed 31 January 2024)
SIMPSON, Bradley (Term completed 31 January 2024)

Indigenous Representative

WATSON, Donna (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

General Division – Department of Education – Southern Region – Branch Council Delegate

ANDERSON, Rachel

CEPENIUK, Jessica (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

CLIFFORD, Nicolas COOMBES, Terri

DEVEREUX, Lucy (Term completed 31 January 2024)

DUNCAN, Lauren

FARRANDS, James (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

GIDAS, Daniel (Term commenced 1 February 2024)
HAMILTON, Monique (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

JANSEN-MUNDAY, Nanna LAIRD-VALENTINE, Margaret

KINGSLEY, Mark (Term commenced 8 September 2023)

PAPWORTH, Hannah

PARK, Georgia (Term completed 31 January 2024)
SMIT, Henk (Term completed 31 January 2024)
STOLP, Damian (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

WICKHAM, Marney (Resigned 31 January 2024)

WINGATE, Lindyl (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH

OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

General Division – Department of Education – Northern Region – Branch Council Delegate

COATES, Joy

COOK, Alicia (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

CORNELIUS, Lucie

DJAKIC, Murat (Term completed 31 January 2024)

DUNCAN, David

EDMUNDS, James (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

GEALE, Sallyann KING, Belinda

SCHADE, Kim (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

General Division - Department of Education - North-West Region - Branch Council Delegate

ALLAN, Ian (Term commenced 8 September 2023)

FOGG, Samuel

HABERLE, Raymond (Term completed 31 January 2024)

MULCASTER – Ann-Maree (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

SANDRINGHAM, Paul (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

TAYLOR, Lisa

General Division - Support Staff Sector - Southern Region - Branch Council Delegate

GREEVES, Rebecca

FREESTONE, Ruarc (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

GERA, Komal (Term commenced 8 September 2024)

(Term concluded 31 January 2024)

WATSON, Tania (Term completed 31 January 2024)

General Division - Support Staff Sector - Northern Region - Branch Council Delegate

FODEN, Susan (Term completed 31 January 2024)

STEVENS, Joanna

General Division – Support Staff Sector – North-West Region – Branch Council Delegate

ADAMS, Tanya (Term completed 31 January 2024)

TAFE Division – Vice President

BREWER, Deborah (Elected to Acting TAFE Division President)

SABOL, Tristan (Elected to Higher Office)

General Division – Secondary College Staff Sector – Vice President

REVELL-COOK Peta-Maree (Term completed 31 January 2024)

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Women's Officer - TAFE Division

BREWER, Deborah (Term completed 31 January 2024)
MCDONALD, Kathy (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

Executive Representative of Support Staff Members – TAFE Division

FRECH, Nicolas (Term completed 31 January 2024)

Executive - TAFE Division

BAIN, Angela (Resigned 5 March 2024)

BREWER, Deborah

FRECH, Nicolas (Term completed 31 January 2024)

SABOL, Tristan (Elected to High Officer)

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH OPERATING REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The members of the Committee of Management who held office during the financial year received no remuneration.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Branch Executive:

David Genford

Dated: 28/10/2024

Branch President

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

I, David Genford, being the Branch President of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 22/11 / 2024; and
- that the full report was presented to a general meeting of members of the Union on
 12 /11 / 2024 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

David Genford Branch President

Dated:

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH SUBSECTION 255(2A) REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

The Branch Executive presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
Categories of Expenditures		
Remuneration and other employment-related costs		
and expenses - employees	2,873,449	2,608,484
Advertising	4,372	2,464
Operating costs	965,478	910,576
Donations to political parties	-	PRE
Legal costs	40,448	18,993
	3,883,747	3,540,517

David Genford Branch President

Dated: 28/10/2024

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

I, David Genford, being the Branch President of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2024.

The reporting unit did not:

• have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit.

David Genford Branch President

Dated: 28/10/2024

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH BRANCH EXECUTIVE DECLARATION FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

On the 2% / 10° / 2024 the Branch Executive of the Union passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report (GPFR) for the year ended 30 June 2024:

The Branch Executive of the Union declares that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Union for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Union will be able to pay its debt as and when they become due and payable;
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - (i) meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned;
 - (ii) the financial affairs of the Union have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned;
 - (iii) the financial records of the Union have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act;
 - (iv) as far as is practical and reasonable, the financial records of the Union have been kept in a consistent manner to other national union branches;
 - (v) where information has been sought in any request by a member of the Union or General Manager duly made under section 272 of the RO Act has been provided to the member or the General Manager; and
 - (vi) where any order for inspection of financial records has been made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.
- (f) in relation to the recovery of wages activity, no activity of this nature has been undertaken.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

David Genford Branch President

Dated: 28/10/2024

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 \$	2023 \$
REVENUE	3		
Membership subscriptions Board sitting fees		3,474,085 -	3,582,235
Investment income and interest		268,144	177,123
Rental revenue		38,749	41,190
Other revenue		26,448	33,837
Capitation fees and other revenue from another reporting unit		-	-
Merchandise Sales		161	-
Revenue from recovery of wages activity		_	-
Levies		_	
TOTAL REVENUE	8	3,807,587	3,834,385
OTHER INCOME			
Grants and/or donations		_	_
Net gain from sale of assets		21,858	_
Net movement in managed investments			_
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	8	21,858	-
TOTAL INCOME	3	3,829,445	3,834,385
EXPENSES			
Employee expenses	4(a)	2,873,449	2,608,484
Capitation fees and other expense to another	. ,	_, _ , _ ,	_, ,
reporting unit	4(b)	205,610	203,473
Affiliation fees	4(c)	90,452	87,746
Administration expenses	4(d)	645,175	579,388
Grants or donations	4(e)	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	4(f)	216,034	189,092
Interest expense		2,571	775
Legal costs	4(g)	40,448	18,993
Net losses from sale of assets		_	984
Other expenses	4(h)	26,042	41,658
TOTAL EXPENSES		4,099,781	3,730,593
SURPLUS/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	70	(270,336)	103,792
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		_	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	5	(270,336)	103,792

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 \$	2023 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5(a)	1,111,945	1,449,692
Trade and other receivables	5(b)	178,388	167,794
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,290,333	1,617,486
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Land and buildings	6(a)	1,826,168	1,866,247
Plant and equipment	6(b)	59,131	81,306
Motor vehicles	6(c)	150,649	77,725
Intangibles	6(d)	54,522	65,697
Right-of-use assets	6(e)	81,931	118,404
Other non-current assets	6(f)	3,314,456	3,101,145
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		5,486,857	5,310,524
TOTAL ASSETS		6,777,190	6,928,010
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade payables	7(a)	139,273	94,597
Other payables	7(b)	154,709	94,625
Employee provisions	8	195,297	172,682
Lease liabilities	6(e)	36,390	37,053
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		525,669	398,957
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Employee provisions	8	209,024	182,278
Other non-current liabilities	9	14,766	14,766
Lease liabilities	6(e)	47,649	81,591
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		271,439	278,635
TOTAL LIABILITIES		797,108	677,592
NET ASSETS		5,980,082	6,250,418
EQUITY			
EQUITY Retained profits	10(a)	4,512,652	4,782,988
Reserves	10(b)	1,467,430	1,467,430
TOTAL EQUITY	• ' . !	5,980,082	6,250,418

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Retained Earnings \$	General Reserve \$	Asset Revaluation Reserve \$	Total Equity \$
Closing balance as at 30 June 2022	4,679,196	725,031	742,399	6,146,626
Surplus for the year	103,792		-	103,792
Closing balance as at 30 June 2023	4,782,988	725,031	742,399	6,250,418
Surplus/(Loss) for the year	(270,336)			(270,336)
Closing balance as at 30 June 2024	4,512,652	725,031	742,399	5,980,082

AUSTRALIAN EDUCATION UNION TASMANIAN BRANCH STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 \$	2023 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		·	,
Cash received			
Receipts from members		3,491,710	3,547,639
Interest income		268,144	-
Other income		11,441	59,840
Receipts from other units/controlled entity(s)		-	-
Cash used			
Employees		(2,806,981)	(2,613,001)
Suppliers		(898,527)	(911,200)
Payment to other units/controlled entity(s)	3	_	_
Net cash from / (used by) operating activities	12	(65,787)	83,278
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Cash received Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Trust funds received Cash used Repayments from / (Loans to) members Purchase of plant and equipment Purchase of motor vehicles Purchase of land and buildings Proceeds / (Purchase) of investments Net cash from / (used by) investing activities	S. 9	43,716 - 1,580 (25,370) (155,470) (20,074) (213,311) (368,929)	- 4,919 (33,813) - - - (28,894)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash used Repayment of lease liabilities Net cash from / (used by) financing activities		(34,605) (34,605)	(23,941) (23,941)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		(337,747)	30,443
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		1,449,692	1,419,249
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	5(a)	1,111,945	1,449,692
cash and cash equivalend at the end of the period	- (~)	171117515	.,,

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009*. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch is a not-for-profit entity. Disclosures made in the financial statements with zero values in both financial years are disclosed only due to the mandatory requirements of the Registered Organisations Commission.

The financial report covers the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch as an individual entity. The Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch is a trade union in Tasmania governed by the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.*

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment properties, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

(b) Going Concern

Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis.

Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis

(c) Comparative Amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements is described in Note 8 where judgements have been made in relation to the value of employee entitlements and Note 6 where judgements have been made in relation to the value of right-of-use assets.

(d) New Australian Accounting Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following amendments to accounting standards and other changes in accounting policy, which have been adopted for the first time this financial year:

• AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements.

No new standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the signoff date and are applicable to future reporting periods that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Union.

(e) Current Versus Non-Current Classification

The Union presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) (e) Current versus non-current classification (Continued)

An asset is current when it is:

- expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- it is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The terms of the liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

The Union classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

(f) Revenue

The Union enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, interest, and rental income.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Revenue (Continued)

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Where the Union has a contract with a customer, the Union recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Union accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

Membership Subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Union.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Union recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Union's promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Union allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Union charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), the Union recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Union has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Union at their standalone selling price, the Union accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Revenue (Continued)

Capitation Fees

Where the Union's arrangement with a branch or another reporting unit meets the criteria to be a contract with a customer, the Union recognises the capitation fees promised under that arrangement when or as it transfers the goods or services.

In circumstances where the criteria for a contract with a customer are not met, the Union will recognise capitation fees as income upon receipt (as specified in the income recognition policy below).

Levies

Levies paid by a member (or other party) in an arrangement that meets the criteria to be a contract with a customer is recognised as revenue when or as the Union transfers the goods or services.

In circumstances where the criteria for a contract with a customer are not met, the Union will recognise levies as income upon receipt (as specified in the income recognition policy below).

Volunteer Services

During the year, the Union did not recognise any volunteer services as revenue because it could not reliably measure the fair value of those services.

Gains from Sale of Assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Interest Income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Revenue (Continued)

Rental Income

Leases in which the Union as a lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

(g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(h) Trade Debtors and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less a provision for any uncollectible debts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written-off as incurred.

(i) Other Current Assets

Managed Investments are classified as fair value through profit or loss with any gains or losses arising on measurement recognised in profit or loss. Mortgage Fund investments are valued at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Union becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial Assets

i) Initial recognition and measurement

The Union's financial assets include trade receivables and loans to related parties.

The Union's financial assets are classified as financial assets subsequently measured at amortised cost because both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' on the principal amount outstanding.

The classification of financial assets is performed at an instrument level at initial recognition of the financial asset.

The Union initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs. However, contract assets and trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price as determined in accordance with the revenue policy in Note 1(f).

ii) Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial Instruments (Continued)

iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

iv) Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired. For receivables and contract assets, the Union directly reduces the gross carrying amount of a receivable or contract asset when it has no reasonable expectations of recovering the receivable or contract asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

v) Impairment

Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Union applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Union does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Debt instruments other than trade receivables

The Union recognises an allowance for ECLs for all contract assets, receivables and any other financial assets measured at amortisation cost. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the reporting unit expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Financial Liabilities

i) Initial recognition and measurement

The Union's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

The Unions financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost.

These financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and net of directly attributable transaction costs.

ii) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the statement of financial position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

(I) Liabilities Relating to Contracts with Customers

Contract Liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Union transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Union performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Refund Liabilities

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. The Union's refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount the Union's ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Union updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

(m) Land, Buildings, Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset does not include an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Any such costs would be insignificant.

Recoverable Amount

Non-current assets measured using the cost basis are not carried at an amount above their recoverable amount, and where a carrying value exceeds this recoverable amount, the asset is written down.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Land, Buildings, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2024	2023
Land and buildings	50 years	50 years
Plant and equipment	4 to 5 years	4 to 5 years
Computer equipment	2.5 to 3 years	2.5 to 3 years
Motor vehicles	4 to 5 years	4 to 5 years

Derecognition

An item of land, buildings, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

(q) Intangibles

Intangible assets with finite lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The useful life of Union's intangible assets are:

	2024	2023
Intangibles	10 years	10 years

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(q) Intangibles (Continued)

Derecognition

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

(r) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Union were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

(s) Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Union.

(t) Employee Benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 Employee Benefits) and termination benefits due within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(u) Leases

The Union assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Union as a Lessee

The Union applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Union recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-Use Assets

The Union recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

	2024	2023
Land and Building	4 Years	4 Years
Other Equipment	4 Years	4 Years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Union at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Union recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Union and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Union exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(u) Leases (Continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Union uses the incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(v) Other Income

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

(w) Taxation

The Union is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from or payable to, the taxation authority.

Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(x) Information to be Provided to Members or the General Manager

In accordance with the requirement of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, as amended, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsection (1), (2) and (3) of section 272 which reads as follows:

- i. A member of a reporting unit, or the General Manager, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- ii. The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- iii. A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

(y) Fair Work Disclosures

Users of these financial statements should note that nil disclosures are made to comply with the reporting requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

NOTE 2 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There has not been any other matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Association, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Association in subsequent financial periods.

2024	2023
\$	\$

NOTE 3 REVENUE

During the 2024 financial year, AEU did not receive any revenue from capitation fees, levies, grants or donations, or from recovery of wages activity. The union has not received financial support from any other reporting units.

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of the Union's revenue by type of arrangements is provided on the face of the Statement of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer.

Type of Customer

Total revenue from contracts with customers	3,829,445	3,834,385
Other parties	355,199	252,150
Government	-	-
Other reporting units	-	-
Members	3,474,246	3,582,235

Disaggregation of income for furthering activities

A disaggregation of the Union's income by type of arrangement is provided on the face of the Statement of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of income by funding source:

Income funding sources

Members	-	-
Other reporting units	-	-
Government	-	-
Other parties		-
Total income for furthering activities		

	2024 \$	2023 \$
NOTE 4 EXPENSES		
(a) Employee expenses		
Holders of office		
Wages and salaries	166,030	153,761
Superannuation	24,904	16,401
Leave and other entitlements	19,884	24,513
Executive expenses	30,931	25,698
Employee expenses - holders of office	241,749	220,373
Employees other than office holders		
Wages and salaries	2,160,166	2,004,819
Superannuation	287,311	229,540
Leave and other entitlements	184,223	153,752
Separation and redundancies	-	_
Employee expenses - employees other than office holders	2,631,700	2,388,111
Total employee expenses	2,873,449	2,608,484

There are no other expenses relating to redundancies or other liabilities for office holders and other employees of the Union. No fees have been incurred as consideration for employers making payroll deductions for membership subscriptions.

(b) Capitation fees		
AEU Federal capitation fees	205,610	203,473
Total capitation fees	205,610	203,473
(c) Affiliation fees		
ACTU affiliation	34,174	33,880
Unions Tasmania affiliation	43,443	42,306
Education International affiliation	12,835	11,560
Total affiliation fees	90,452	87,746

	2024 \$	2023 \$
NOTE 4 EXPENSES (CONTINUED)		
(d) Administration expenses		
Accounting and auditing	24,955	32,545
Bank charges	48,400	47,495
Branch Council expenses	28,729	22,659
Compulsory levies (public education levy – AEU Federal Office)	20,454	20,648
Computer maintenance and database upgrades	79,244	76,531
Conference and meeting expenses	34,465	16,572
Consultancy advice	19,160	15,592
Fees/allowances – meeting and conferences	27,221	30,426
Industrial campaigns expenses	38,882	26,666
Insurance expenses	65,607	61,559
Member expenses	31,063	26,858
Postage, printing and stationery	10,511	13,701
Property expenses	107,112	93,785
Repairs and maintenance	25,346	17,657
Research expenses	1,493	1,465
Telephone expenses	27,238	27,313
Total paid to employers for payroll deductions of	_	_
membership subscriptions	55.005	
Travel and motor vehicle expenses	55,295	47,954
Total administration expenses	645,175	579,388
(e) Grants or donations		
Grants:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	_	_
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	_	
Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	_	
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	_	_
Total grants or donations		-

	2024 \$	2023 \$
NOTE 4 EXPENSES (CONTINUED)	*	*
(A. Depreciation and amortication		
(f) Depreciation and amortisation Land and buildings	60,153	58,040
Plant and equipment	36,989	34,639
Motor vehicles	71,244	57,894
Software	11,175	15,816
Right-of-use assets	36,473	22,703
Total depreciation and amortisation	216,034	189,092
(g) Legal costs		
Litigation	40,448	18,993
Other legal matters	-	-
Total legal costs	40,448	18,993
(h) Other expenses		
Contribution to International Trust Fund	26,000	23,745
Sundry	42	959
Bad debts	-	16,954
Penalties – via RO Act or Fair Work Act 2009	26.042	44.650
Total other expenses	26,042	41,658
NOTE 5 CURRENT ASSETS		
(a) Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank	1,111,717	1,449,464
Cash on hand	228	228
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,111,945	1,449,692
(b) Trade and other receivables		
Sundry debtors	92,100	38,183
Loans to members	-	1,580
Prepayments	26,643	50,761
Accrued membership subscriptions	95,531	113,156
Total current receivables	214,274	203,680
Less allowance for expected credit losses	35,886	35,886
Total current receivables (net)	178,388	167,794

2024	2023
\$	\$

NOTE 5 CURRENT ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(b) Trade and other receivables

Sundry debtors are non-interest bearing and generally collected on 30-day terms.

The Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch does not have monies receivable from other reporting units at 30 June 2024.

The Union has recognised the following assets related to contracts with customers:

Receivables – current 178,388 16	57,794 -
	-
Receivables – non-current -	
Contract assets	
Contract assets – current -	-
Contract assets – non-current -	-
NOTE 6 NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
(a) Land and buildings	
At deemed cost 2,886,346 2,8	66,272
Accumulated depreciation (1,060,178) (1,0	00,025)
Total land and buildings 1,826,168 1,8	66,247

On the transition to AIFRS a determination was made that land and buildings be valued at deemed cost. Prior years included land and buildings at executive branch valuation.

Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of land and buildings

Net book value 1 July	1,866,247	1,924,287
Additions	20,074	-
Adjustment to Depreciation	-	-
Depreciation expense	(60,153)	(58,040)
Net book value 30 June	1,826,168	1,866,247

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
NOTE 6 NON-CURRENT ASSETS (CONTINUED)		
Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of land and buildings	(continued)	
Net book value as of 30 June represented by		
Gross book value	2,886,346	2,866,272
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(1,060,178)	(1,000,025)
Net book value 30 June	1,826,168	1,866,247
(b) Plant and equipment		
At cost	424,864	472,778
Accumulated depreciation	(365,733)	(391,472)
Total plant and equipment	59,131	81,306
Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of plant and equipmen		
Net book value 1 July	81,306	83,136
Additions	25,370	33,813
Disposals	(73,284)	(1,004)
Adjustment to Depreciation	62,728 (36,989)	(2.4.620)
Depreciation expense	59,131	(34,639)
Net book value 30 June	33,131	81,306
Net book value as of 30 June represented by		
Gross book value	424,864	472,778
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(365,733)	(391,472)
Net book value 30 June	59,131	81,306
(a) Mataulahida		
(c) Motor Vehicles At cost	446,159	323,341
Accumulated depreciation	(295,510)	(245,616)
Total motor vehicles	150,649	77,725
reconstructed remainder		

	2024 \$	2023 \$
NOTE 6 NON-CURRENT ASSETS (CONTINUED)		
Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of motor vehicles		
Net book value 1 July	77,725	135,619
Additions	155,470	-
Disposals	(32,652)	-
Adjustment to Depreciation	21,350	-
Depreciation expense	(71,244)	(57,894)
Net book value 30 June	150,649	77,725
Net book value as of 30 June represented by		
Gross book value	446,159	323,341
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(295,510)	(245,616)
Net book value 30 June	150,649	77,725
(d) Intangibles Computer software at cost: Internally developed Accumulated amortisation	149,953 (95,431) 54,522	159,892 (94,195)
Total intangibles	<u> </u>	65,697
Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of intangibles		
Net book value 1 July	65,697	81,513
Transfer from work in progress	_	-
Disposals	(9,939)	-
Adjustment to Depreciation	9,939	-
Amortisation	(11,175)	(15,816)
Net book value 30 June	54,522	65,697
Net book value as of 30 June represented by		
Gross book value	149,953	159,892
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(95,431)	(94,195)
Net book value 30 June	54,522	65,697
-		

NOTE 6 NON-CURRENT ASSETS (CONTINUED)	2024 \$	2023 \$
(e) Leases Union as a lessee Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recogn during the period:	ised and the m	novements
As at 1 July	118,404	18,687
Additions	_	122,897
Amortisation expense	(36,473)	(22,703)
Impairment	-	-
Disposals	(63,301)	(477)
Adjustment to Amortisation	63,301	-
As at 30 June	81,931	118,404
Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included loans and borrowings) and the movements during the period:		
As at 1 July	118,644	19,410
Additions	2.574	122,897
Accretion of interest	2,571	775
Disposals	-	(497)
Payments	(37,176)	(23,941)
As at 30 June	84,039	118,644
Current	36,390	37,053
Non-current	47,649	81,591
Total lease liabilities	84,039	118,644
The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in Note 14.		
The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:		
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	36,473	22,703
Interest expense on lease liabilities	2,571	775
Expense relating to short-term leases	_	-
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets (included in		
administrative expenses)	-	-
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	39,044	23,478

NOTE 6 NON-CURRENT ASSETS (CONTINUED)	2024	2023
	\$	\$
(f) Other non-current assets		
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss		
Managed investment	1,220,734	1,125,709
Mortgage fund investment	2,093,722	1,975,436
Total other financial assets	3,314,456	3,101,145

Managed Investment and Mortgage Fund Investment are held for long-term planned purposes and are not held for trading. The Union has elected to designate as at fair value though profit and loss.

NOTE 7 CURRENT LIABILITIES

Total trade payables	139,273	94,597
Accrued expenses	105,731	88,624
Trade creditors	33,542	5,973
rade payables		

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are usually settled within 30 days.

The Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch does not have monies payable to other reporting units at 30 June 2024.

The Union has recognised the following liabilities related to contracts with customers:

Other contract liabilities	139,273	94,597
Contract liabilities – current	139,273	94,597
Contract liabilities – non-current	-	-

Unsatisfied performance obligations

The Union expects that the remaining performance obligations will be met in the next financial year. These performance obligations primarily relate to member subscription contracts and grant program contracts.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
(a) Other payables		
GST payable	69,970	50,442
PAYG withholding tax	84,739	44,183
Consideration to employers for payroll deduction	-	-
Legal costs	-	
Total other payables	154,709	94,625

Wages and salaries and employee payroll deductions were fully paid as at 30 June 2024.

NOTE 8 EMPLOYEE PROVISIONS

Holders of office		
Annual leave	18,509	18,334
Long service leave	3,322	1,565
Employee provisions - holders of office	21,831	19,899
Employees other than office holders		
Annual leave	248,001	221,873
Long service leave	134,489	113,188
Employee provisions - employees other than office holders	382,490	335,061
	404,321	354,960
Current	195,297	172,682
Non-current	209,024	182,278
Total employee provisions	404,321	354,960

There are no other provisions relating to redundancies or other liabilities for office holders and other employees of the Union.

NOTE 9 OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2024 \$	2023 \$
Other non-current liabilities	·	·
Amy Rowntree Memorial Fund	4,877	4,877
Security Bond Hobart Office	9,889	9,889
Total other non-current liabilities	14,766	14,766
NOTE 10 EQUITY		
(a) Retained profits		
Balance at the beginning of the year	4,782,988	4,679,196
Surplus for the year	(270,336)	103,792
Balance at end of year	4,512,652	4,782,988
(b) General reserve		
Balance as at beginning of the year	725,031	725,031
Transferred in or out		
Balance at end of year	725,031	725,031
Asset revaluation reserve		
	742,399	742 200
Balance as at beginning of the year Transferred in or out	, ¬∠,>>>	742,399
Balance at end of year	742,399	742,399
Total reserves	1,467,430	
i Orai i esei ves	1,107,430	1,467,430

There are no other funds relating to compulsory levies or voluntary contributions maintained by the Union.

NOTE 11 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

Total remuneration of auditors	17,515	32,545
Other services	3,315	19,145
Financial statement audit services	14,200	13,400
Value of the services provided by WLF Accounting & Advisory		

Other services includes the preparation of the financial statements in the Registered Organisations Commission model financial statements format.

	2024 \$	2023 \$
NOTE 12 CASH FLOW	4	Ψ
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION		
Surplus/(Loss) for the year	(270,336)	103,792
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Bad Debt Expense	-	16,954
Depreciation and amortisation	216,034	189,092
Net (profit) / loss on disposal of plant and equipment	(21,858)	984
Net market movement in investments	=	(177,123)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	(12,174)	(56,985)
(Increase) / decrease in other non-current assets	-	-
(Decrease) / increase in trade payables	44,676	(4,675)
(Decrease) / increase in other payables	60,084	19,335
(Decrease) / increase in employee provisions	49,361	(8,096)
Net cash from / (used by) operating activities	65,787	83,278
(a) CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash inflows		
Operating activities	3,771,295	3,607,479
Investing activities	43,716	-
Financing activities	-	
Total cash inflows	3,815,011	3,607,479
Cash outflows		
Operating activities	3,705,508	3,524,201
Investing activities	392,571	28,894
Financing activities	34,605	23,914
Total cash outflows	4,132,684	3,577,036

NOTE 13 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Related Parties

The Branch Executive of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch during the

financial year were:

David Genford President

Lucie Cornelius Deputy President – Department of Education Sector

Joanna Stevens Deputy President – Support Staff Sector (Term commenced 1

February 2024)

Mandy Jackson Deputy President – Support Staff Sector (Term completed 31

January 2024)

James Broad Deputy President – Secondary Colleges Sector (Term commenced

1 February 2024)

Laura Russell Deputy President – Secondary Colleges Sector (Term completed

31 January 2024)

Tristan Sabol Deputy President – TAFE Division (Resigned 15 December 2023)

Deborah Brewer Deputy President – TAFE Division – Acting (Commenced 15

December 2023)

Rachael Anderson (Term commenced 1 February 2024)

Terri Coombes

David Duncan (Term commenced 1 February 2024)
Lauren Duncan (Term commenced 1 February 2024)
Claire Bugg (Term completed 31 January 2024)

Nanna Jansen-Munday

Peter Young (Term completed 31 January 2024)

Joy Coates

Peta-Maree Revell-Cook (Term completed 31 January 2024)

2024 2023 \$ \$

The following cash flows occurred between the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch and other related reporting units for the period.

Net Cash flows (to) / from other reporting units

Australian Education Union - Federal Office	(143,023)	(293,107)
Australian Education Union - ACT Branch	-	-
Australian Education Union - VIC Branch	_	-
Australian Education Union - SA Branch	-	-
Australian Education Union - NT Branch	-	-
New South Wales Teachers Federation Branch	-	-
Queensland Teachers Union	_	_

The Union did not make a payment to a former related party of the Union.

2024 2023 \$ \$

NOTE 13 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(b) International Trust Fund

This fund has been set up under Australian Education Union Rules and is audited separately. Australian Education Union branches contribute to the fund.

Contribution by Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch

26.000

23,745

NOTE 14 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Union's principle financial assets comprise cash, cash investments and trade debtors whilst its principle financial liabilities comprise trade payables.

The entity has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Union if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Unions receivables from customers.

The Union's maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date in relation to each class of recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the balance sheet.

The Union does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the Union.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

The majority of the Unions financial assets are held in interest bearing assets that are expected to mature within three months or in financial assets that reset to the prevalent market interest rate on a monthly or quarterly basis. As a result, the Union is subject to limited exposure to interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

An increase / (decrease) in interest rates of 1% will have a corresponding effect on revenue of \$36,048 (2023: \$47,186).

	2024 \$	2023 \$
NOTE 15 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL REMUNERATION		
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	361,550	344,230
Annual leave accrued	55,623	52,959
Total short-term employee benefits	417,173	387,189
Post-employment benefits Superannuation Total post-employment benefits	52,526 52,526	50,484 50,484
Other long-term benefits		
Long service leave accrued	18,495	17,609
Total other long-term benefits	18,495	17,609
Termination benefits	-	
Total benefits	488,194	465,282

NOTE 16 UNION DETAILS

The principal place of business of the Union is:

Level 1/32 Patrick Street HOBART TAS 7000

NOTE 17 SECTION 272 FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009

In accordance with requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of sub-sections (1) to (3) of section 272 which read as follows:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, the General Manager of the Fair Work Commission, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

NOTE 17 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch operates in one geographical segment being Tasmania.

NOTE 18 RELIANCE AND PROVISION OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT

The Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch does not place any reliance on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit of the organisation to operate as a going concern. No financial support was received from another reporting unit during the financial period.

The Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch has not entered into any agreement to provide financial support to another reporting unit of the organisation to assist it to operate as a going concern.

NOTE 19 RECOVERY OF WAGES

There was no recovery of wages activity for the 2023 or 2024 financials years.

NOTE 20 ACQUISITION OF ASSETS AND/OR LIABILITIES THAT DO NOT CONSTITUTE A BUSINESS COMBINATION

There were no assets or liabilities acquired during the 2023 or 2024 financial years as a result of an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches or the branches of the Union, a determination or revocation by the General Manager of the Fair Work Commission under subsections 245(1) or 249(1) of the RO Act.



Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Branch Executive of Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch

In relation to our audit of the financial report of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch for the financial year ended 30 June 2024, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*; and any applicable code of professional conduct.

Wife Lord & Ferguson

Wise Lord & Ferguson



NICK CARTER Partner

1/160 Collins Street HOBART TAS 7000

Dated: 28/10/2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch (the reporting unit), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies, the committee of management statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the officer declaration statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of Australian Education Union Tasmanian Branch as at 30 June 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the reporting guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the reporting unit is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the reporting unit in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The committee of management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the operating report accompanying the financial report.

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Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. we have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The committee of management of the reporting unit is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the committee of management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the committee of management is responsible for assessing the reporting unit's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee of management either intend to liquidate the reporting unit or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit, we also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the reporting unit's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee of management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the committee of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the reporting unit's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the reporting unit to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the reporting unit to express an opinion on the
 financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance
 of the reporting unit audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the committee of management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

I declare that I am an auditor registered under the RO Act.

Wife Lord & Ferguson

WISE LORD & FERGUSON

NICK CARTER

Partner

Wise Lord & Ferguson

Member Chartered Accountants Australia & New Zealand CAANZ

Registered Company Auditor: 450133

Registration number (as registered by the Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/125

Holder of Public Practice Certificate

1/160 Collins Street HOBART TAS 7000 Date: 1811012024