

9 December 2025

Neil Henderson Branch Secretary

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Queensland (Services and Northern

Administrative) Branch

Sent via email: general@theservicesunion.com.au

CC: gkent@mgisq.com.au

Dear Neil Henderson

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Queensland (Services and Northern Administrative) Branch

Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2025 – (FR2025/48)

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2025 for the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union-Queensland (Services and Northern Administrative) Branch (the reporting unit). The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (the Commission) on 28 November 2025.

The financial report has now been filed.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under sections 253, 265, 266 and 268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under section 268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 30 June 2026 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

Reporting Requirements

The Commission's website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the section 253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements.

The Commission recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the section 253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via this link.

If you have any queries regarding this letter, please call 1300 341 665 or email regorgs@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Fair Work Commission

Designated Officer's Certificate

s268(c) Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

I, Neil Henderson being the Branch Secretary of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services and Northern Administrative) Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union, Queensland (Services and Northern Administrative) Branch for the period ended 30 June 2025 referred to in s268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 29 August 2025;
 and
- that the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 28 November 2025 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

N∉il Henderson Branch Secretary

Date: 28 November 2025

ABN 86 351 665 653

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Operating Report

The Branch Executive, being the Committee of Management for the purposes of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act), presents its report on the operation of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch (the Branch) for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

Principal Activities

The principal operating activities of the Branch continued to be those of industrial activities that are normally carried out by the Trade Union and are consistent with the objects of the Union and particularly the object of protecting and improving the interests of the members.

Operating Result

The operating surplus for the financial year amounted to \$342,148. Events which contributed to this result include:

- 1. Membership income increased by \$1,006,028 (or 12%) to \$9,364,994. This increase is due to the increase in membership across all areas as a result of the investment the Branch has made into organising and industrial services capacity during the year.
- 2. Wages and salaries expenditure increased by \$288,667 (or 4%) to \$7,188,582 as the Branch continues to invest in organising and member services.
- 3. Other operating costs have remained relatively consistent during the year.

No provision for tax was necessary as the Branch is considered exempt.

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

There was no significant change to the financial affairs of the Branch during the year.

Members Right to Resign

All members have the right to resign from the Branch in accordance with National Rule 32 - Resignation of the Union Rules (and Section 174 of the Act); namely, by providing written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch of which they are a member.

Membership of the Branch

Total number of members as at 30 June 2025: 16,306.

Employees of the Branch

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 46.60.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

The following Officers/ members/ employees of the organisation are Directors of companies that are trustees of superannuation funds where a criterion for the officer of member being the trustee or director is that the officer or member is an officer or member of a registered organisation

Officer/Member/ Employee	Trustee Company	Entity/Scheme	Position	Appointment Date
Jennifer Thomas (Executive President)	Australian Retirement Trust Pty Ltd	Australian Retirement Trust	Director	27 January 2025
Rebecca Girard (Industrial Officer)	Brighter Super Trustee	Brighter Super	Director	1 April 2025

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name Jennifer Thomas Neil Henderson Kathleen Cotter David McDowell Lawrence Doonar Jasmine Spencer Andrew Somerville Margaret Evans Steven Minns Lucas Garretty	Period of Appointment 01/07/24 - 30/06/25 01/07/24 - 30/06/25 01/07/24 - 30/06/25 01/07/24 - 30/06/25 01/07/24 - 30/08/24 30/08/24 - 30/06/25 01/07/24 - 30/06/25 01/07/24 - 17/09/24 12/11/24 - 30/06/25 01/07/24 - 30/06/25	Position Branch Executive President Branch Secretary Branch President Branch Treasurer Vice President Local Authorities Vice President Rail Vice President BCC Vice President BCC Vice President Energy
	12/11/24 – 30/06/25	

Wage Recovery Activity

The Branch continuously undertakes recovery of wages on behalf of members. It is Branch policy that any successful wage recovery from employers is paid directly to those effected members. As a result, no wage recovery activity is accounted through via the Branch's bank accounts and therefore not reflected in these financial statements.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Néil Henderson Branch Secretary

29 August 2025

South Brisbane



accountants + auditors

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE

AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION QUEENSLAND (SERVICES & NORTHERN ADMINISTRATIVE) BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative Branch) for the year ended 30 June 2025; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

MGI Audit Pty Ltd



G Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 29 August 2025

Registration number (as registered by the General Manager under the RO Act): AA2017/2

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

On 29 August 2025, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2025:

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the Branch concerned; and
- ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation, including the rules of the branch concerned; and
- iii. the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act;
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
- where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or General Manager duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or General Manager; and
- vi. where any order for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Mail Handerson

Name of Designated Officer.	NeitHeriderson
Title of Designated Officer:	Branch Secretary
Signature:	
Date:	29 A gust 2025

Name of Designated Officer

accountants + auditors



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Independent Audit Report to the Members of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch as at 30 June 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Declaration

I declare I am a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

I declare that I am an auditor registered under the RO Act.

MGI Audit Pty Ltd



G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 29 August 2025

Registration number (as registered by the General Manager under the RO Act): AA2017/2

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

		2025	2024
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers	3		
Membership subscription	_	9,364,994	8,358,966
Total revenue from contracts with customers	-	9,364,994	8,358,966
Other income			
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		72,629	151,509
Interest	3A	230,761	180,520
Sponsorship income		70,776	77,076
Other revenue	3B	292,714	397,273
Grants	3C	-	40,000
Total other income	_	666,880	846,378
Total revenue	-	10,031,874	9,205,344
Expenses			
Administrative and other operating expenses	4D	(322,088)	(319,975)
Affiliation fees	4C	(237,843)	(222,406)
Audit and accounting fees	12	(47,250)	(46,250)
Campaigns		(89,223)	(36,314)
Capitation fees	4B	(469,873)	(421,969)
Communications		(190,966)	(170,527)
Depreciation and amortisation	4F	(297,447)	(284,653)
Elected structures		(59,531)	(71,098)
Employee expenses	4A	(7,188,582)	(6,899,915)
Finance costs		(54,177)	(37,518)
Grants or donations	4E	(600)	(708)
Legal costs	4G	(38,132)	(10,065)
Membership		(34,866)	(24,807)
Repairs and maintenance		(306,953)	(220,634)
Support services		(66,892)	(85,408)
Travel		(126,745)	(165,337)
Vehicles		(158,558)	(184,505)
Total expenses	_	(9,689,726)	(9,202,089)
Surplus for the year	=	342,148	3,255
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of land and buildings		346,692	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	688,840	3,255

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Total current assets Non-Current Assets Buildings and improvements Land Computers	5A 5B _ 6A 6B	\$ 5,855,755 42,709 5,898,464 949,922	5,508,720 116,816 5,625,536
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Total current assets Non-Current Assets Buildings and improvements Land Computers	5B - -	42,709 5,898,464	116,816
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Total current assets Non-Current Assets Buildings and improvements Land Computers	5B - -	42,709 5,898,464	116,816
Trade and other receivables Total current assets Non-Current Assets Buildings and improvements Land Computers	5B - -	42,709 5,898,464	116,816
Non-Current Assets Buildings and improvements Land Computers	6A	5,898,464	
Non-Current Assets Buildings and improvements Land Computers			5,625,536
Buildings and improvements Land Computers		949,922	
Land Computers		949,922	
Computers	6B	•	1,010,736
•		2,962,500	2,575,000
Office from it we and agree to	6C	87,651	83,042
Office furniture and equipment	6D	106,214	94,630
Motor vehicles	6E	676,015	620,866
Library	6F	5,392	5,392
Intangibles	6G	-	-
Security deposits		598	598
Total non-current assets	_	4,788,292	4,390,264
Total assets	<u>-</u>	10,686,756	10,015,800
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	214,331	174,443
Other payables	7B	448,570	472,571
Employee provisions	8A	1,570,296	1,589,929
Total current liabilities	_	2,233,197	2,236,943
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A _	84,583	98,721
Total non-current liabilities	-	84,583	98,721
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	2,317,780	2,335,664
Net assets	_ _	8,368,976	7,680,136
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		7,180,753	6,838,605
Reserves		1,188,223	841,531
Total equity	-	8,368,976	7,680,136

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

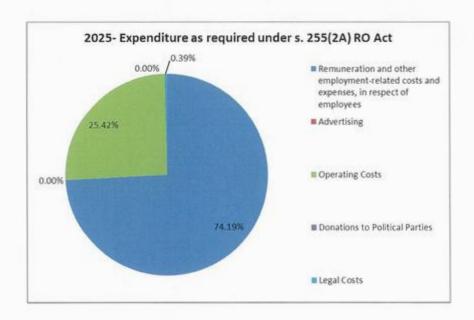
		Asset Revaluation Reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
	Notes	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2023		841,531	6,835,350	7,676,881
Surplus for the year		-	3,255	3,255
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2024		841,531	6,838,605	7,680,136
Surplus for the year		-	342,148	342,148
Other comprehensive income		346,692	-	346,692
Closing balance as at 30 June 2025		1,188,223	7,180,753	8,368,976

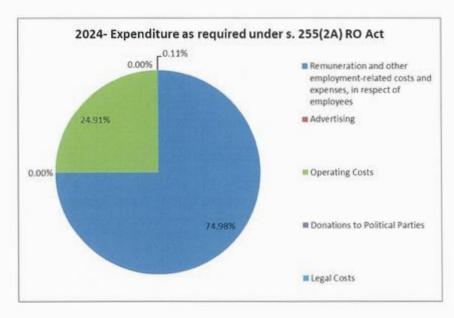
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

		2025	2024
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units	9B	97,840	161,994
Receipts from members and other customers		10,646,952	9,719,360
Interest		230,761	180,520
		10,975,553	10,061,874
Cash used			
Employees and suppliers		(9,553,539)	(9,260,718)
Payment to other reporting units	9B	(798,825)	(643,157)
		(10,352,364)	(9,903,875)
Net cash provided by operating activities		623,189	157,999
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		106,480	206,117
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(382,634)	(516,919)
Net cash used in investing activities		(276,154)	(310,802)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	;	-	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held		347,035	(152,803)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		5,508,720	5,661,523
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	9A	5,855,755	5,508,720

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 on the Branch for the year ended 30 June 2025:





Neil Henderson Branch Secretary

29 August 2025

Brisbane

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009*. For the purpose of preparing the general-purpose financial statements, the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch (the Branch) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Key Estimates

Impairment – general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

Key Judgements

Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

Key Judgements (Continued)

On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workers compensation and payroll tax.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

New accounting standards and amendments applied for the first time for this annual reporting period commencing 1 July 2024 did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in the current or prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect future periods.

1.5 Revenue

The Branch enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

Revenue from contracts with customers

Where the Branch has a contract with a customer, the Branch recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Branch accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- · the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue (Continued)

Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Branch.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Branch recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Branch's promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Branch allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Branch charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), the Branch recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Branch has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Branch at their standalone selling price, the Branch accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

Income of the Branch as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by the Branch to enable the entity to further its objectives. The Branch recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when the Branch obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or services to the customer: and
- the Branch's recognition of the cash contribution does not give to any related liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue (Continued)

Income recognised from transfers

Where, as part of an enforceable agreement, the Branch receives consideration to acquire or construct a non-financial asset such as property, plant and equipment to an identified specification and for the Branch's own use, a liability is recognised for the obligation to acquire or construct the asset. Income is recognised as the obligation to acquire or construct the asset is satisfied, which is typically over time. The asset that is being acquired or constructed is recognised in accordance with the policy on property, plant and equipment.

Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Rental income

Leases in which the Branch as a lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

1.6 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.7 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 120 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

1.8 Leases

For any leases entered into the Branch considers whether a contract is or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition the Branch assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- The contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Branch;
- The Branch has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract;
- The Branch has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use.
- The Branch assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Branch recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Branch, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Branch depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Branch also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Branch measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Branch's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in insubstance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.9 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

1.10 Financial assets

Contract assets and receivables

A contract asset is recognised when the Branch's right to consideration in exchange goods or services that has transferred to the customer when that right is conditioned on the Branch's future performance or some other condition.

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract assets and receivables are subject to impairment assessment. Refer to accounting policies on impairment of financial assets below.

Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Branch's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Branch's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Branch commits to purchase or sell the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:

- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortised cost

The reporting unit measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Branch's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- · The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
 - a) The Branch has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - b) the Branch has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Branch continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Impairment

Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

(i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Branch applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Branch does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Branch recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Branch expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs
 are provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12month ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Branch considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Branch may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Branch is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

1.11 Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost unless or at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Branch's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.11 Financial liabilities (continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

1.12 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.13 Liabilities relating to contracts with customers

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Branch transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Branch performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Refund liabilities

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. The Branch refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount the Branch ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Branch updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.14 Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Revaluations—Land and Buildings

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient frequency such that the carrying amount of assets do not differ materially from those that would be determined using fair values as at the reporting date.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reversed a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the surplus/deficit. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the profit or loss except to the extent that they reverse a previous revaluation increment for that class. Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the asset is restated to the revalued amount.

Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2025	2024
Buildings	33 years	33 years
Computers	3.3 years	3.3 years
Office equipment	10 years	10 years
Motor vehicles - metropolitan	5.8 years	5.8 years
Motor vehicles – regional	4 years	4 years

Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.15 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

1.16 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 2097* however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- · for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.17 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 14.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.17 Fair value measurement (Continued)

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2025, and /or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

2025	2024
\$	\$

Note 3 Revenue and income

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of the Branch's revenue by type of arrangements is provided on the face of the Statement of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer.

Type of customer		
Members	9,364,994	8,358,966
Total revenue from contracts with customers	9,364,994	8,358,966
Note 3A: Interest		
Deposits	230,761	180,520
Total interest	230,761	180,520
Note 3B: Other revenue		
Director fees	216,554	228,963
Staff motor vehicle contributions	32,005	31,867
Wage reimbursement – ASU National Office	-	100,216
Other income	44,155	36,227
Total other revenue	292,714	397,273
Note 20: Crente		
Note 3C: Grants		40.000
Grants		40,000
Total Grants		40,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses		
Note 4A: Employee expenses		
Holders of office:		
Wages and salaries	420,050	415,999
Superannuation	59,254	53,913
Leave and other entitlements	63,807	60,896
Other employee expenses	1,208	753
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office	544,319	531,561
Employees other than office holders:		
Wages and salaries	4,592,713	4,467,674
Superannuation	818,813	756,330
Leave and other entitlements	702,163	673,295
Other employee expenses	118,179	66,622
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	6,231,868	5,963.921
Add: Payroll tax, FBT and Workcover	412,395	404,433
Total employee expenses	7,188,582	6,899,915
Note 4B: Capitation fees		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office	469,873	421,969
Total capitation fees	469,873	421,969
Note 4C: Affiliation fees		
Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland)	96,486	84,025
Queensland Council of Unions	131,982	123,381
Union Shopper	9,375	15,000
Total affiliation fees	237,843	222,406

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Note 4D: Administration and other operating expenses		
Compulsory levies		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office	15,597	20,136
Fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions	-	114
Building/ occupancy expenses	176,691	168,933
Office expenses	129,800	130,792
Total administration and other operating expense	322,088	319,975

Purpose of Levy

The purpose of the levies raised by the ASU – National Office is to fund activities with respect to members within the National Airline Industry Division (\$2,801) and assist with the Rules Coverage Fund (\$12,796).

Note 4E: Grants or donations

Note 4E: Grants or donations		
Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	600	708
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Total grants or donations	600	708
Note 4F: Depreciation and amortisation		
Depreciation		
Buildings and improvement	36,093	32,496
Computers	44,281	39,845
Office furniture and equipment	36,174	37,309
Motor vehicles	180,899	175,003
Total depreciation	297,447	284,653
Amortisation		
Intangible assets	<u> </u>	-
Total amortisation	-	-
Total depreciation and amortisation	297,447	284,653
Note 4G: Legal costs		
Litigation	38,132	8,247
Other legal matters	-	1,818
Total legal costs	38,132	10,065

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025 \$	2024 \$
W	•	Ψ
Note 5 Current Assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	3,318,310	773,676
Short term deposits	2,537,445	4,735,044
Total cash and cash equivalents	5,855,755	5,508,720
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office	1,780	671
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – QLD Together Branch	5,129	9,520
Less provision for doubtful debts (reporting units)	-	-
Receivable from other reporting units (net)	6,909	10,191
Trade receivables		
Membership subscription receivable	-	57,462
Less provision for doubtful debts	-	(14,879)
Trade receivables (net)		42,583
Other receivables:		
Other trade receivables	35,800	64,042
Total other receivables	35,800	64,042
Total trade and other receivables (net)	42,709	116,816

Provision for Doubtful Debts

A provision has been recognised for doubtful debts when membership subscription fees owing has been given to a third party for collection or where full recoverability is unlikely.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

		2025	2024
Note 6	Non-current Assets	\$	\$
	Building and improvements		
_	and improvements – 32 Peel Street South Brisbane (50%		
interest):	endent valuation	500,000	600,000
•	ulated depreciation	(41)	(36,000)
accuii		499,959	564,000
Building a	and improvements – 485 Flinders Street Townsville	400,000	
•	endent valuation	450,000	420,000
•	vements	-	54,152
-	ulated depreciation	(37)	(27,416)
		449,963	446,736
Total bui	Iding and improvements	949,922	1,010,736
As at 1	iation of Opening and Closing Balances of Building and Imp	novements	
	pok value	1,074,152	1,026,216
_	ated depreciation and impairment	(63,416)	
Net boo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • •	(30,920)
Addition	k value 1 July	1,010,736	(30,920) 995,296
		1,010,736	· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
By pu		1,010,736 16,087	· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
By pu Revalua	rchase	· · ·	995,296
Revalua	rchase	16,087	995,296
Revalua	s: rchase tions ation expense	16,087 (40,808)	995,296 47,936
Revalua Deprecia	s: rchase tions tion expense s:	16,087 (40,808)	995,296 47,936
Revalua Deprecia Disposal By sa	s: rchase tions tion expense s:	16,087 (40,808)	995,296 47,936
Revalua Deprecia Disposa By sa Net boo	s: rchase tions ation expense s: lle	16,087 (40,808) (36,093)	995,296 47,936 - (32,496)

Valuation Details

Net book value 30 June

Accumulated depreciation and impairment

(a) On 2 June 2025, the land and buildings at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane was valued by Mr. Tim Ellis – AAPI CPV (Registered Valuers Number: 65620) of Hymans Property. The amount presented in the financial statements represents half of the valuation value for the land and buildings as provided in this valuation, in accordance with the Branch's ownership in these assets.

(78)

949,922

(63,416)

1,010,736

(b) On 9 June 2025, the land and buildings at 485 Flinders Street, Townsville was valued by Mr. Carlo Lando – AAPI (Registered Valuers Number: 2534) of Acumentis Pty Ltd.

Note 6B: Land Land – 32 Peel Street South Brisbane (50% interest): 2,712,500 2,375,000 Land – 485 Flinders Street Townsville independent valuation 250,000 200,000 Total Land 2,962,500 2,575,000 Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land As at 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - - Act book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: Sypurchase - - - Revaluations 387,500 - - - Depreciation expense - - - - Disposals: - - - - By sale - - - - Net book value as of 30 June represented by: - - - - Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 - - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 - - -		2025	2024
Land – 32 Peel Street South Brisbane (50% interest): independent valuation 2,712,500 2,375,000 Land – 485 Flinders Street Townsville independent valuation 250,000 200,000 Total Land 2,962,500 2,575,000 Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land As at 1 July 2 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: - - - By purchase - - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: - - Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000		\$	\$
Independent valuation 2,712,500 2,375,000 Land – 485 Flinders Street Townsville independent valuation 250,000 200,000 Total Land 2,962,500 2,575,000 Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land As at 1 July Gross book value 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: - - By purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: - - Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	Note 6B: Land		
Land – 485 Flinders Street Townsville independent valuation 250,000 200,000 Total Land 2,962,500 2,575,000 Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land As at 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: Sypurchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: 2,962,500 2,575,000 Cross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000	Land – 32 Peel Street South Brisbane (50% interest):		
Independent valuation 250,000 200,000 Total Land 2,962,500 2,575,000 Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land As at 1 July Gross book value 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: - - By purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: - - Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - -	independent valuation	2,712,500	2,375,000
Total Land 2,962,500 2,575,000 Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land As at 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Accumulated July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: - - By purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	Land – 485 Flinders Street Townsville		
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land As at 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: - - By purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	independent valuation	250,000	200,000
As at 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: Sy purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - - Disposals: Sy sale - - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	Total Land	2,962,500	2,575,000
Gross book value 2,575,000 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: - - By purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: - 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land		
Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: - - By purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: - - By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: - 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	As at 1 July		
Net book value 1 July 2,575,000 2,575,000 Additions: By purchase - - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - -	Gross book value	2,575,000	2,575,000
Additions: By purchase Revaluations 387,500 Depreciation expense Disposals: By sale Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-
By purchase - - Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: By sale - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	Net book value 1 July	2,575,000	2,575,000
Revaluations 387,500 - Depreciation expense - - Disposals: By sale - - - Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment - - -	Additions:		
Depreciation expense Disposals: By sale Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment	By purchase	-	-
Disposals: By sale - Net book value 30 June Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Revaluations	387,500	-
By sale Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000 Net book value as of 30 June represented by: Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Depreciation expense	-	-
Net book value 30 June2,962,5002,575,000Net book value as of 30 June represented by:2,962,5002,575,000Gross book value2,962,5002,575,000Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Disposals:		
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:Gross book value2,962,5002,575,000Accumulated depreciation and impairment	By sale	-	-
Gross book value 2,962,500 2,575,000 Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net book value 30 June	2,962,500	2,575,000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
		2,962,500	2,575,000
Net book value 30 June 2,962,500 2,575,000	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-
	Net book value 30 June	2,962,500	2,575,000

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Note 6C: Computers	•	Ψ
Computers:		
at cost	303,107	254,217
accumulated depreciation	(215,456)	(171,175)
Total Computers	87,651	83,042
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Computer	rs	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	254,217	224,566
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(171,175)	(132,509)
Net book value 1 July	83,042	92,057
Additions:		
By purchase	51,962	32,173
Depreciation expense	(44,281)	(39,845)
Disposals:		
By sale	(3,072)	(1,343)
Net book value 30 June	87,651	83,042
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	303,107	254,217
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(215,456)	(171,175)
Net book value 30 June	87,651	83,042

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Note 6D: Office Furniture and Equipment		
Office furniture and equipment		
at cost	323,454	275,697
accumulated depreciation	(217,240)	(181,067)
Total office furniture and equipment	106,214	94,630
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Office	e Furniture and Equipment	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	275,697	267,079
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(181,067)	(144,364)
Net book value 1 July	94,630	122,715
Additions:		
By purchase	47,758	10,208
Depreciation expense	(36,174)	(37,309)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	(984)
Net book value 30 June	106,214	94,630
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	323,454	275,697
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(217,240)	(181,067)
Net book value 30 June	106,214	94,630

	2025	2024
Note OF Mater Vehicles	\$	\$
Note 6E: Motor Vehicles		
Motor Vehicles:		
at cost	1,133,487	1,034,530
accumulated depreciation	(457,472)	(413,664)
Total motor vehicles	676,015	620,866
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Mo	or Vehicles	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	1,034,530	960,304
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(413,664)	(538,756)
Net book value 1 July	620,866	421,548
Additions:		
By purchase	266,827	426,602
Depreciation expense	(180,899)	(175,003)
Disposals:		
By sale	(30,779)	(52,281)
Net book value 30 June	676,015	620,866
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	1,133,487	1,034,530
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(457,472)	(413,664)
Net book value 30 June	676,015	620,866

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Note 6F: Library		
Library:		
at cost	5,392	5,392
accumulated depreciation	-	
Total Library	5,392	5,392
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Library		
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	5,392	5,392
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-
Net book value 1 July	5,392	5,392
Additions:		
By purchase	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	-
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 30 June	5,392	5,392
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	5,392	5,392
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	<u>-</u>	-
Net book value 30 June	5,392	5,392

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Note 6G: Intangibles		
Intangibles:		
at cost	-	-
accumulated amortisation	-	-
Total intangibles	-	-
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Intangibles		
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	-	74,868
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(74,868)
Net book value 1 July	-	-
Additions:		
By purchase	-	-
Amortisation expense	-	-
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 30 June	-	-
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	-	-
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	
Net book value 30 June	-	-

Note 7 Current Liabilities Note 7A: Trade payables Trade creditors and accruals 200,421 168,850 Total trade payables 200,421 168,850 Payables to other reporting units ASU – Queensland Together Branch 13,365 4,542 ASU – National Office 545 1,051 Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Note 7B: Other payables Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - - No more than 12 months - - Total other payables 448,570 472,571		2025	2024
Note 7A: Trade payables Trade creditors and accruals 200,421 168,850 Total trade payables 200,421 168,850 Payables to other reporting units ASU – Queensland Together Branch 13,365 4,542 ASU – National Office 545 1,051 Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Note 7B: Other payables 253,163 294,362 Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - - More than 12 months - -		\$	\$
Trade creditors and accruals 200,421 168,850 Total trade payables 200,421 168,850 Payables to other reporting units 3,365 4,542 ASU – Queensland Together Branch 13,365 4,542 ASU – National Office 545 1,051 Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Note 7B: Other payables 253,163 294,362 Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - - - More than 12 months - - -	Note 7 Current Liabilities		
Payables to other reporting units 300,421 168,850 ASU – Queensland Together Branch 13,365 4,542 ASU – National Office 545 1,051 Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Very set of the payables 253,163 294,362 Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - - - More than 12 months - - -	Note 7A: Trade payables		
Payables to other reporting units ASU – Queensland Together Branch 13,365 4,542 ASU – National Office 545 1,051 Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Value of the payables Value of the payables Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - - - - More than 12 months - - -	Trade creditors and accruals	200,421	168,850
ASU – Queensland Together Branch 13,365 4,542 ASU – National Office 545 1,051 Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. 8 Note 7B: Other payables 253,163 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: A48,570 472,571 More than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - -	Total trade payables	200,421	168,850
ASU – National Office 545 1,051 Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Note 7B: Other payables 253,163 294,362 Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: A48,570 472,571 More than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - -	Payables to other reporting units		
Subtotal payables to other reporting units 13,910 5,593 Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Note 7B: Other payables Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - - - More than 12 months - - -	ASU – Queensland Together Branch	13,365	4,542
Total trade payables 214,331 174,443 Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Variable 100 modes Variable 100 modes </td <td>ASU – National Office</td> <td>545</td> <td>1,051</td>	ASU – National Office	545	1,051
Settlement is usually made within 30 days. Note 7B: Other payables Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables - 8,984 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months	Subtotal payables to other reporting units	13,910	5,593
Note 7B: Other payables Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: 448,570 472,571 No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - -	Total trade payables	214,331	174,443
Unearned revenue 253,163 294,362 GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: 448,570 472,571 No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - -	Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
GST payable 195,407 169,225 Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - - - More than 12 months - - -	Note 7B: Other payables		
Resigned members owed fees - 8,984 Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months	Unearned revenue	253,163	294,362
Total other payables 448,570 472,571 Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months	GST payable	195,407	169,225
Total other payables are expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months More than 12 months	Resigned members owed fees		8,984
No more than 12 months 448,570 472,571 More than 12 months - -	Total other payables	448,570	472,571
More than 12 months	Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
	No more than 12 months	448,570	472,571
Total other payables 448,570 472,571	More than 12 months	-	-
	Total other payables	448,570	472,571

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Statement of financial position

Difference

		2025 \$	2024 \$
Note 8	Provisions	Ψ	Ψ
Note 8A: I	Employee Provisions		
Office Ho	Iders:		
Annual	lleave	90,255	98,387
Long s	ervice leave	232,866	197,368
Subtotal	employee provisions—office holders	323,121	295,755
Employee	es other than office holders:		
Annual	l leave	422,985	486,573
Long s	ervice leave	908,773	906,322
Subtotal (holders	employee provisions—employees other than office	1,331,758	1,392,895
Total emp	ployee provisions	1,654,879	1,688,650
Current		1,570,296	1,589,929
Non-Curre	ent	84,583	98,721
Total emp	oloyee provisions	1,654,879	1,688,650
Note 9A:	Cash Flow Reconciliation		
	ation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement o to Cash Flow Statement:	f Financial	
	cash equivalents as per:	5 055 7 57	5 500 700
Cash flow	statement	5,855,755	5,508,720

5,855,755

5,508,720

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Note 9 Cash Flow (Continued)	Ψ	Ψ
Note 9A: Cash Flow Reconciliation		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Position to Cash Flow Statement (Continued)	Financial	
Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:		
Surplus for the year	342,148	3,255
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Depreciation/ amortisation	297,447	284,653
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(72,629)	(151,509)
Changes in assets/liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in net receivables and prepayments	74,107	63,873
Increase/ (decrease) in trade creditors	39,888	(94,947)
Increase/ (decrease) in other payables	(24,001)	44,485
Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions	(33,771)	8,189
Net cash provided by operating activities	623,189	157,999
Note 9B: Cash flow information		
Cash inflows from other reporting units		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office	10,109	135,876
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch	62,297	26,062
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – NSW/ ACT Branch	-	56
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – VIC/ TAS Authorities Branch	25,434	-
Total cash inflows	97,840	161,994
Cash outflows to other reporting units		
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office	(690,675)	(616,541)
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch	(108,150)	(17,544)
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – WA Branch	-	(9,072)

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

(798,825)

643,157

Total cash outflows

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 9 Cash Flow (Continued)

Note 9C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities,

The Branch has a credit card facility amounting to \$80,000 (2024: \$80,000). This may be terminated at any time at the option of the bank. The balance of this facility is cleared monthly and interest rates are variable.

Note 9D: Non-cash transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the year (2024: Nil).

202	.5 2024
	\$
Note 9E: Net debt reconciliation	
Cash and cash equivalents 5,855,75	5 ,508,720
Borrowings – repayable within one year	
Borrowings – repayable after one year	-
Net debt 5,855,75	5,508,720

Note 9F: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	Other Assets Cash assets	Liabilities from fina	ncing activities		
		Finance lease – due within 1 year	Finance lease – due after 1 year	Total	
Net debt at 1 July 2023	5,661,523	-		-	5,661,523
Cash flows	(152,803)	-		-	-
Net debt at 30 June 2024	5,508,720	-		-	5,508,720
Cash flows	347,035	-		-	347,035
Net debt at 30 June 2025	5,855,755	-		-	5,855,755

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 10 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 10A: Commitments and Contingencies

Capital Commitments

At 30 June 2025 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2024: Nil).

Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, under the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office (ASU – National Office) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch (ASU – Queensland Together Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales Local Government, Clerical, Administrative, Energy, Airlines and Utilities Branch (ASU – NSW United Services Branch)
Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales and Australian
Capital Territory Branch (ASU – NSW & ACT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria/ Tasmania Authorities and Services Branch (ASU – VIC/ TAS Authorities Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria Private Sector Branch (ASU – VIC Private Sector Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – South Australia/ Northern Territory Branch (ASU – SA/ NT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Western Australia Branch (ASU – WA Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Taxation Officers' Branch (ASU – Tax Officers' Branch)

Other Related Entitles

Queensland Services, Industrial Union of Employees

The Queensland Services, Industrial Union of Employees (being a state registered trade union under the *Industrial Relations Act 2016*) has members on its Committee of Management that are consistent with that of the Branch.

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Revenue received from ASU – National Office includes the		
following:		
Reimbursement of office and administration costs	-	7,996
Reimbursement of travel costs	10,198	-
Reimbursement of salaries and wages	-	97,740

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period
Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Expenses paid to ASU – National Office includes the		
following:		
Capitation fees	469,873	421,969
Levy - National Airline Industry Division	2,801	942
Levy – Rules and Coverage Fund	12,796	19,194
Insurance premiums and other costs changed by National Office	28,603	18,975
Subscription/ research costs	2,817	11,104
Legal costs	38,132	-
Reimbursement of affiliation fees	1,961	1,803
Reimbursement of travel, meal and event costs	2,696	4,858
Transfer of leave entitlements	-	37,681
iMIS running costs	66,856	46,623
Other administration costs	3,184	2,704
Amounts owed by ASU – National Office include the following:		
Reimbursement of salaries and wages	-	671
Reimbursement of travel, meal and event costs	1,780	-
Amounts owed to ASU – National Office include the		
following: Reimbursement of office and administration costs		1,051
Reimbursement of travel costs	- 545	1,051
Neimbursement of traver costs	343	_
Revenue received from ASU – Queensland Together Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of property expenses on building located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane	41,428	26,593
Reimbursement of property expenses/ other occupancy costs	15,928	8,172
Expenses paid to ASU – Queensland Together Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of property expenses/ other occupancy costs	30,874	16,109
Reimbursement of membership income	560	590
Reimbursement of affiliation fees	64,877	-
Reimbursement of office and administration costs	10,110	-
Amounts owed by ASU – Queensland Together Branch include the following:		
Property expense reimbursement	5,129	9,520
Amounts owed to ASU – Queensland Together Branch		
include the following:		
Property expense reimbursement	13,365	4,542

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Perio
Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)		
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Expenses paid to ASU – WA Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of legal costs	-	8,247
Revenue received from ASU – NSW/ ACT Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of membership income	-	51
Revenue received from ASU – VIC/ TAS Authorities Branch includes the following:		
Transfer of leave entitlements	25,434	-
Expense paid to Queensland Services, Industrial Union of Employees includes the following:		
Reimbursement of GST	8,068	2,730
Amounts owed to Queensland Services, Industrial Union of	·	
Employees include the following:		
Reimbursement of GST	-	3,016

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2025, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2024: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined key management personnel comprise of:

- Neil Henderson (Branch Secretary)
- Jennifer Thomas (Executive Branch President)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Note 11B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the R	eporting Period	
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual and long-service leave taken)	420,050	415,999
Annual leave accrual	43,104	41,137
Other	1,208	753
Total short-term employee benefits	464,362	457,889
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	59,254	53,913
Total post-employment benefits	59,254	53,913
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave accrual	20,703	19,759
Total other long-term benefits	20,703	19,759
Termination benefits	-	_
Total	544,319	531,561

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

Note 12 Remuneration of Auditors

Value of the services provided		
Financial statement audit services	47,250	46,250
Other services	-	-
Total remuneration of auditors	47,250	46,250

No non-audit services were provided to the Branch during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 13 Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Policy

The Branch Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2025:

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	35,800	-	-	-	35,800
Receivables from other reporting units	6,909	-	-	-	6,909
Total	42,709	-	-	-	42,709

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2024:

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	81,625	25,000	-	-	106,625
Receivables from other reporting units	10,191	-	-	-	10,191
Total	91,816	25,000	-	-	116,816

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2025, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2025 (2024: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within	1 Year	1 to 5 Y	ears	Over 5	Years	То	tal
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	(214,331)	(174,443)	-	-	-	-	(214,331)	(174,443)
Other payables	(448,570)	(472,571)	-	-	-	-	(448,570)	(472,571)
Total expected outflows	(662,901)	(647,014)	-	-	-	-	(662,901)	(647,014)
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	5,855,755	5,508,720	-	-	-	-	5,855,755	5,508,720
Trade and other receivables	42,709	116,816	-	-	-	-	42,709	116,816
Total anticipated inflows	5,898,464	5,625,536	-	-	-	-	5,898,464	5,625,536
Net inflow on financial instruments	5,235,563	4,978,522	-	-	-	-	5,235,563	4,978,522

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(c) Market Risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is managed using a mix of fixed and floating financial instruments. The effective interest rate expenditure to interest rate financial instruments are as follows:

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate			
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	%	%	\$	\$
Floating rate instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	1.80	4.11	5,855,755	5,508.720

ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iii. Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

v. Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

Year ended 30 June 2025	Profit \$	Equity \$
+2% in interest rates -2% in interest rates	117,115 (50,749)	117,115 (50,749)
Year ended 30 June 2024 +2% in interest rates -2% in interest rates	110,174 (94,986)	110,174 (94,986)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Branch has no material direct exposures to currency risk. There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement

Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

		20	25	2024		
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
				\$	\$	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	5,855,755	5,855,755	5,508,720	5,508,720	
Accounts receivable and						
other debtors	(i)	42,709	42,709	116,816	116,816	
Total financial assets		5,898,464	5,898,464	5,625,536	5,625,536	
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	(i)	(214,331)	(214,331)	174,443	174,443	
Other payables	(i)	(448,570)	(448,570)	472,571	472,571	
Total financial liabilities		(662,901)	(662,901)	647,014	647,014	
	-	· ·	· ·	The state of the s	·	

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The following tables provide an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

Fair value hierarchy - 30 June 2025

, ,	Note	Date of Valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value					
Land and buildings – 32 Peel Street,	6A &	2 June 2025	-	3,212,500	-
South Brisbane	6B				
Land and buildings – 485 Flinders	6A &	9 June 2025	-	700,000	-
Street, Townsville	6B	_			
Total			-	3,912,500	-

The Branch does not have any other assets or liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

Fair value hierarchy - 30 June 2024

	Note	Date of Valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value					
Land and buildings – 32 Peel Street,	6A &	15 July 2022	-	2,975,000	-
South Brisbane	6B				
Land and buildings – 485 Flinders	6A &	9 August 2022	-	620,000	-
Street, Townsville	6B	<u>_</u>			
Total		=	-	3,595,000	

The Branch does not have any other assets or liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Note 15 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the General Manager, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

Note 16 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

32 Peel Street SOUTH BRISBANE QLD 4101

Note 17 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in Queensland.

OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT

I, Neil Henderson, being the Branch Secretary of the Australian, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2025:

The reporting unit did not:

- agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- receive capitation fees or any other revenue amount from another reporting unit
- receive revenue via compulsory levies
- receive donations or grants
- receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- pay a grant that exceeded \$1,000
- Pay a donation that exceeded \$1,000
- · pay separation and redundancy to holders of office
- pay separation and redundancy to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay to a person fees or allowances to attend conferences or meetings as a representative of the reporting unit
- Pay legal costs relating to other legal matters
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to litigation
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to other legal matters
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of holders of office
- have other employee provisions in respect of holders of office
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have other employee provisions in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have a fund or account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity

OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

- have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Neil Henderson Branch Secretary

29 August 2025

Brisbane