

19 February 2009

To Mr Robert Peck
President
Association of Consulting Architects Australia
Box 17 Flinders Lane Post Office
Melbourne Victoria 8009
email: nat@aca.org.au

cc: T J Ryan

Principal, T J Ryan & Co Chartered Accountants PO Box 435 Collins Street West Melbourne Victoria 8007

Dear Mr Peck

Financial Report for the Association of Consulting Architects Australia for year ended 30 June 2008: FR 2008/343

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report of the Association of Consulting Architects Australia (ACAA) for the year ended 30 June 2008. The documents were lodged in the Industrial Registry on 18 December 2008.

I also acknowledge receipt of a letter dated 30 January 2009 from Mr T J Ryan, Principal of T J Ryan & Co, Chartered Accountants, in which he confirms that in his view there is no defect, irregularity, deficiency, failure or shortcoming in the records of the Association. I also note that he has confirmed that the Association has now implemented new controls in relation to membership listings such that he envisages that an unqualified opinion will be issued in the future.

The financial report for the Association of Consulting Architects Australian for year ended 30 June 2008 (FR2008/343) has now been filed.

I have also attached an addendum for your consideration in which I make comments about some minor matters to assist you when you next prepare a financial report. If you wish to discuss any matters further, I can be contacted on 03 86617929 or via email eve.anderson@airc.gov.au. A copy of this letter will also be forwarded to your auditor.

Yours sincerely

Eve Anderson

Statutory Services Team

Principal Registry

Emby for

Tel: 03 86617929; Email: eve.anderson@airc.gov.au

Addendum to the Financial Reports for the Association of Consulting Architects Australia for year ended 30 June 2008: FR 2008/343

The following comments are made to assist you when you next prepare a financial report.

1. Auditor's opinion

Subsection 257(5) of Schedule 1 to the Workplace Relations Act 1996 (the RAO Schedule) states that:

- 5) An auditor must, in his or her report, state whether in the auditor's opinion the general purpose financial report is presented fairly in accordance with any of the following that apply in relation to the reporting unit:
 - (a) the Australian Accounting Standards;
 - (b) any other requirements imposed by this Part.

If not of that opinion, the auditor's report must say why.

The auditor's opinion for the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2008 satisfies subsection 257(5) in that an opinion has been given regarding the Australian Accounting Standards, mandatory professional reporting requirements and any statutory requirements in Australia. The auditor's words "any statutory requirements" includes the obligations of subsection 257(5)(b) "any other requirements imposed by this Part." However it is the preference of this office that the auditor's opinion states explicitly that the financial report presents fairly (or not, as the case may be) in accordance with the requirements imposed by Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the RAO Schedule of the Workplace Relations Act 1996. Please ensure that your auditor makes this explicit in future audit reports (I have provided Mr Ryan with a copy of this addendum).

2. Operating Report - Review of Principal Activities

As noted in our letter dated 17 March 2008 regarding the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2007, <u>subsection 254(2)(a) of the RAO schedule</u> requires an operating report to contain a review of the principal activities of the reporting unit, the results of those activities and any significant changes in the nature of those activities. I note that the operating report for the year ended 30 June 2008 provides a review of the principal activities and explains that there were no significant changes to those activities. I also note that the operating report makes a statement regarding the trading results. As noted in our previous correspondence, it is the view of this office that subsection 254(2)(a) requires a review of the results of the principal activities, not a trading (financial) result. In future years please provide a brief description of the results of the principal activities.

3. Operating Report – Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

Subsection 254(2)(b) of the RAO schedule requires an operating report to give details of any significant changes in the financial affairs during the year. I note that the operating report states that "[t]here are no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company not otherwise disclosed in the report or in the financial statements". In order to satisfy subsection 254(2)(b) the details any significant changes in the financial affairs of the Association need to be in the operating report. In future years please ensure that the operating report details any significant changes in the financial affairs, or if there are no significant changes, the report should state this.

4. Committee of Management Statement –Financial Records Kept and Maintained in accordance with the RAO Schedule and RAO Regulations

Item 25(e)(iii) of the Reporting Guidelines requires the Committee of Management Statement to declare whether during the financial year and since the end of that year the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RAO Schedule and the RAO Regulations. This declaration was not included in the Committee of Management Statement. Please ensure that this is declared in future Committee of Management Statements.

5. Disclosures in the GPFR - Legal Costs, Subscriptions, Levies Raised & Sponsorships

<u>Item 11 (j) of the Reporting Guidelines</u> requires that either the profit and loss statement or the notes to the financial report disclose legal costs and other expenses related to litigation or other legal matters. I note that the income statement combines legal and accounting expenses as one item. In future years legal expenses need to be separately disclosed.

Item 10(a) of the Reporting Guidelines requires that either the profit and loss statement or the notes to the financial report disclose revenue from entrance fees or periodic subscriptions (membership subscriptions) in respect of membership of the organisation. Item 10(d) of the Reporting Guidelines requires that either the profit and loss statement or the notes to the financial report disclose revenue from compulsory levies raised from the members or as appeals for voluntary contribution for the furtherance of particular purposes. Both the amount and a brief description of the purpose of the levy or appeal are to be disclosed. I note that the income statement combines subscriptions and levies. In future years, if the Association raises compulsory levies or voluntary appeals for contributions, these amounts and a brief description of the purposes of such levies or appeals need to be disclosed separately from subscriptions.

Item 11(f) of the Reporting Guidelines requires that either the profit and loss statement or the notes to the financial report disclose the balance of expenses for grants or donations. I note that the income statement discloses an item of expense entitled sponsorship. It is unclear whether sponsorship includes grants or donations. In future years, if any grants or donations are made these should be separately disclosed. As no subsection 237(1) statement has been lodged we assume that no single grant or donation exceeded \$1000. Should this not be the case, please immediately advise the Registry of the details and ensure that there is compliance with the reporting requirements of section 237, other than with respect to the required timeframe.

6. Timescale requirements: Documents to be lodged within 14 days of meeting

<u>Section 268 of the RAO Schedule</u> requires reporting units to lodge in the Registry the financial report and designated officer's certificate within 14 days of the general meeting of members at which the financial report was presented. The financial report was presented to a General Meeting on 24 November 2008 but was not lodged in the Registry until 18 December 2008. In future financial years the documents should be lodged in the Industrial Registry within 14 days of the meeting at which they were presented.

The Registry aims to assist reporting units in complying with their obligations under the RAO Schedule and Reporting Guidelines by providing advice. Please note the comments raised in this addendum for attention in future financial reports.



Association of Consulting Architects

Australia

The Registrar Statutory Services Branch Australian Industrial Registry 11 Exhibition Street Melbourne Vic 3000

16 December 2008

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Box 17

Flinders Lane Post Office Melbourne

Victoria 8009 Australia

T 61 3 9650 8577

F 61 3 9650 8577

E nat@aca.org.au

Dear Sir / Madam

Financial Return – year ending 30 June 2008 Association of Consulting Architects – Australia

- I, Robert Peck, being the National President of the Association of Consulting Architects Australia, certify:
 - That the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report referred to in s268 of the RAO Schedule;
 - That the full report was provided to members on 28 October 2008 via email notification that the documents are on the ACA website; and
 - That the full report was presented to the Annual General Meeting of the Association of Consulting Architects Australia on 24 November 2008 in accordance with s266 of the RAO Schedule.

Yours sincerely

Robert Peck National President

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THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

ANNUAL REPORT

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THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA OPERATING REPORT 30 JUNE 2008

The members of the Committee of Management hereby present the financial report for the year ending 30th June 2008.

Members of the Committee of Management

The persons who held office as members of the Committee of Management of the Association during the reporting period are:

Robert Peck President
Steve Kennedy Vice President
Keith Neighbour Secretary
Graham Hobbs Treasurer

Steve Huntingford Committee Member Richard Young Committee Member Chris Bullard Committee Member

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Association during the reporting period were to provide industrial and organising services to the members consistent with the objects of the Association and particularly the object of protecting and improving the interests of members. There was no significant change in the nature of the Association's principal activities.

Trading Results

The net amount of profit/(loss) resulting from the principal activities for the Association for the year ending 30th June 2008 was a profit of \$5,775 (2007, \$32,451)

Manner of Resignation

Members may resign from the Association in accordance with the Constitution of the Association Rule 15

Number of Members

The number of persons, who at the end of the year ending 30th June 2008, were recorded on the Register of Members of the Association was 439.

Number of Employees

Nil (1 contracting administration)

Trustee or Director of Trustee Company of Superannuation Entity or Exempt Public Sector Superannuation Scheme

Nil

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There are no significant changes in the state of affairs of the company not otherwise disclosed in this report or in the financial statements.

Significant Events After Year End

Directors are not aware of any matter or circumstance, which has arisen since the end of the financial year which has significantly effected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company in subsequent financial years.

Auditors Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out below.

Dated: 18

Robert Peck President

Auditor's Independence Declaration

To: The Committee of the Association of Consulting Architects Australia

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30th June 2008 there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements in relation to the audit, and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit

T J Ryan & Co

T J Ryan Principal

Melbourne

Dated: 19 Myull 2008

THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT 30 JUNE 2008

18 August 2008 On, the Committee of Management of The Association of Consulting Architects Australia passed the following resolution in relation to the general-purpose financial reports (GPFR) of The Association of Consulting Architects Australia for the year ending 30th June 2008.

The Committee of Management declares that in relation to the GPFR in its opinion:

- a) The financial statements and notes comply with Australian Accounting Standards;
- b) The financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the Industrial Registrar;
- c) The financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of The Association of Consulting Architects Australia for the financial year ended 30th June 2008;
- There are reasonable grounds to believe that The Association of Consulting Architects Australia will be able to pay its debts when they become due and payable;
- During the financial year to which the GPFR relate and since the end of that year;
 - i) The financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - ii) Meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of the branch concerned; and
 - iii) The financial affairs of The Association of Consulting Architects Australia have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of the branch concerned; and
 - iv) The information sought in any request of a member of The Association of Consulting Architects Australia or a Registrar duly made under section 272 of the RAO Schedule has been furnished to the member or Registrar; and
 - v) There has been compliance with any order for inspection of financial reports made by the Commission under section 273 of the RAO Schedule.

For Committee of Management:

Title of Office held: President

Signature: Date: 18 August 2008

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA 30 JUNE 2008

We have audited the accompanying financial report for the Association of Consulting Architects Australia comprised of the Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and cash flow statement, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to and forming part the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2008.

The Association's Officers are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations). The responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagement and plan to perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Qualification

The accompanying accounts being the balance sheet and income and expenditure statement and notes to and forming part of the accounts of the Association of Consulting Architects Australia are in accordance with the books and records of the Association which have been subjected to normal auditing procedures and which have been properly maintained by the Association.

As an audit procedure it was not practicable to extend our examination of income received by the Association beyond the accounting for amounts received as shown by the books and records of the Association.

Independence

We are independent of the Association, and have met the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.

Audit opinion

Subject to the foregoing matter referred to in the Qualification paragraph above, in our opinion the financial report presents fairly in all material respects and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements and statutory requirements in Australia, the financial position of the Association of Consulting Architects Australia as at 30 June 2008 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended and the requirements of the RAO schedule.

20 October

TJRYAN

Registered Company Auditor

Dated:

2008

THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA BALANCE SHEET 30 JUNE 2008

	Note	2008 \$	2007 S
ASSETS		J	Ü
Cash & Cash Equivalents Trade & Other Receivables Property & Equipment	4	50.531 7.706 723	50.73 1.577 823
TOTAL MEMBERS FUNDS		58.960	53.131
LIABILITIES			
Trade & Other Payables		54	-
NET ASSETS		58.906	
MEMBERS FUNDS			
Balance Brought Forward Profit: (Loss) for the period		53,131 5.775	20.680
TOTAL MEMBERS FUNDS		58,906	53,131

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

	2008 \$	2007 \$
INCOME	3	y
Interest	1,033	1,164
Subscriptions and levies from members	84,910	74,200
	85,944	75,364
TOTAL INCOME		
EXPENDITURE		
Auditors Fees	1,000	1,000
Sub Contractors Fees	8,761	2,000
Website	98	2,397
Bank Charges	154	188
Dues & Subscriptions	27,493	9,174
Sponsorship	9,000	2,272
Insurance		-
Legal & Accounting	9,078	1,542
Meetings	3,845	4,304
Miscellaneous	245	-
Admin/Secretarial	16,490	12,985
Office Supplies	рав	27
Rent	112	105
Telephone	904	944
Travel & Accommodation	2,889	5,875
Depreciation Expenses	100	100
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	80,169	42,913
PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS	5,775	32,451

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

	Note	2008 \$	2007 \$
Net Income Recognised Directly in Equity		5,775	32,451
Profit (Loss) for the Period Total Recognised Income and Expenses for the Period	-	5,775 5,775	32,451 32,451

The statement of recognised income and expense is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements.

THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2008	2007
Cash receipts in the course of operations Interest Received		77.377 1.034	78.500 1.164
Cash payments in the course of operations	_	(78.611)	(43.659)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	(200)	36,005
Cash flows from investing activities		-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	_		
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash Held Cash at beginning of the financial year	_	(200) 50.731	36,005 14.726
Cash at the end of the financial year	=	50.531	50,731

(i) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and Investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of The year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash Assets	50.531	50.731

(ii) Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by operating activities to operating profit after income tax

(Loss) profit from ordinary activities after income tax	5.775	32.451
Depreciation	100	100
Decrease (Increase) in current receivables	(6.129)	3.794
Decrease (Increase) in current inventories	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in other creditors	54	(340)
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	(200)	36.005

THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS 30 JUNE 2008

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The significant policies which have been adopted in the preparation of the Financial Reports are;

(a) Statement of Compliance

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards ("AASBs"), (including Australian Interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB"). The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") which form the basis of Australian Accounting Standards ("AASBs"), adopted by the AASB.

(b) Basis of Preparation

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of historical cost and except where stated, does not take into account changing money values or current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

In the application of AIFRS management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimate and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstance, the results of which form the basis of making judgements. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Accounting policies are selected and applied in a manner which ensures that the resultant financial information satisfies the concepts of relevance and reliability, thereby, ensuring that the substance of the underlying transactions and other events is reported.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied and, except where there is a change in accounting policy are consistent with those of the previous year. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

(c) Revenue

Revenues are recognised at fair value of the consideration received net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) payable to the taxation authority. Exchanges of goods and services of the same nature and value without any cash consideration are not recognised as revenues.

Revenue comprises subscriptions, government grants, sponsorships and sundry income. These revenue items are recognised when the goods are provided, or when the fee in respect of services provided is receivable.

Interest Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield of the financial asset.

(d) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at their cost less impairment losses (see below).

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are reportable on demand and form an integral part of the company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2008

(f) Property, Plant & Equipment

(1) Owned Assets

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see below). The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads.

(2) Subsequent Costs

The Company recognises in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when the cost is incurred if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other costs are recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

(3) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant & equipment. Land is not depreciated.

Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition. The residual value, if not insignificant, is reassessed annually.

(g) Payables

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

(h) Goods and Services Tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST). except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included as a current asset or liability in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

2. INFORMATION TO BE SUPPLIED TO MEMBERS OR REGISTRAR

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or a Registrar, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

Note: This subsection is a civil penalty subsection (see section 305)

THE ASSOCIATION OF CONSULTING ARCHITECTS AUSTRALIA NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2008

3. INCOME TAX

The Association is a non-profit organisation and as such is exempt from income tax.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, interest rate and currency risks arise in the normal course of the Association's business.

Credit Risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

At the balance sheet date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

Effective interest rates and repricing analysis

In respect of income-earning financial assets, the following table indicates their effective interest rates at the balance sheet date and the years in which they reprice.

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate		Floating Interest Rate Total	
	2008	2007 \$	2008 \$	2007 \$
Financial Assets Cash & cash equivalents Total Financial Assets	3.45	3.45	50,531 50,531	50,730 50,730

Fair values

The fair values are the same as the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet.



15 January 2009

To Mr Robert Peck
President
Association of Consulting Architects Australia
Box 17 Flinders Lane Post Office
Melbourne Victoria 8009
email: nat@aca.org.au

cc: T J Ryan Principal, T J Ryan & Co Chartered Accountants PO Box 435 Collins Street West Melbourne Victoria 8007

Dear Mr Peck

Financial Reports for the Association of Consulting Architects Australia for year ended 30 June 2008: FR 2008/343

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report of the Association of Consulting Architects Australia (ACAA) for the year ended 30 June 2008. The documents were lodged in the Industrial Registry on 18 December 2008.

The financial report has not been filed as the auditor's opinion is qualified. I note that the qualification is the same as in the previous year's report, namely that it is not practicable to extend the examination of the income received beyond accounting for amounts received as shown by the books.

In relation to the report for the previous year I note that on 8 February 2008 your auditor advised that in his/her view there was no defect, irregularity, deficiency, failure or shortcoming in the records of the ACAA. Your auditor also undertook to review the requirement for this qualification in relation to 2008 after consultation with Australian Professional Accounting bodies. It is our view there should not be a need for a qualification that it is not practicable to extend the examination on the income received beyond accounting for amounts received as shown by the books (as explained below). However we would be pleased to receive and consider the advice that your auditor has gained from his consultations with Australian Professional Accounting bodies.

In explanation of our view, <u>subsections 252 (1) (b) and (c)</u> of Schedule 1 to the Workplace Relations Act 1996 (the RAO Schedule) requires an organisation to keep its financial records in such a manner that will enable a general purpose financial report to be prepared as well as enabling the accounts to be conveniently and properly audited. The qualification in the audit would appear to be counter to these requirements. In particular, the auditor needs to be able to access records of the ACAA that enable him/her to assess whether the income received from subscriptions is not materially misstated. The membership register would likely provide a base from which the auditor can make this assessment.

In future years, in our view, appropriate records need to be made available to the auditor so that the auditor's report is no longer qualified in this manner.

With regards to the 2008 report, under <u>subsection 332(1)</u> of the RAO Schedule a Registrar is obliged to investigate any deficiency, failure or shortcoming disclosed in an auditor's report. However the Registrar is not required to investigate the deficiency, failure or shortcoming if after consultation with the reporting unit concerned and the auditor, the Registrar is satisfied that the deficiency, failure or shortcoming is trivial or will be remedied in the following year (<u>s.332(2)</u>).

Accordingly I seek the following from the ACAA and your auditor:

- The advice received from Australian Professional Accounting bodies regarding the qualification that it is not practicable to extend the examination of the income received beyond accounting for amounts received as shown by the books; and
- With regard to the qualification regarding the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2008, further information as to the nature and detail of the qualification. This information needs to include the auditor's opinion as to whether the qualification is a deficiency, failure or shortcoming in the context of sections 252 and 257, and, if the auditor considers it to be such, the auditor's opinion as the materiality of the deficiency, failure or shortcoming.

If you wish to discuss the matter further, I can be contacted on 03 86617929 or via email eve.anderson@airc.gov.au. A copy of this letter will also be forwarded to your auditor.

Yours sincerely

Eve Anderson

Statutory Services Team

Principal Registry Tel: 03 86617929

Embyr A Ke

Email: eve.anderson@airc.gov.au

T J RYAN & CO Chartered Accountants

Suite 812, Temple Court 422 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000 P.O. Box 435, Collins Street West, Victoria 8007 Telephone (03) 9602 1740 Facsimile (03) 9602 1876

30 January 2009

Ms Eve Anderson Australian Industrial Registry Statutory Services Team GPO Box 1994 Melbourne Vic 3001

Dear Ms Anderson,



Association of Consulting Architects - Victoria and Australia

We refer to your letter dated 15 January 2009 in relation to the respective Auditor's reports for the Association of Consulting Architects – Victoria and Australia and the matters arising in your correspondence.

We confirm our previous advice that it is a normal auditing procedure in relation to unincorporated associations and that it is customary for the auditor to clarify the scope of the audit, particularly if committee members maintain the records of the association on a voluntary basis, by including the following clause:

"As an audit procedure it was not practicable to extend our examination of income received by the Association beyond the accounting for amounts received as shown by the books and records of the Association."

We confirm that in our view there is no:

- (i) defect or irregularity; or
- (ii) deficiency, failure or shortcoming

in the records of either association and that the Auditor's opinion is unqualified in every other respect and that the records have been properly maintained by each Association.

As not all architectural firms are members of the various state Associations of Consulting Architects, it was not always practicable from an audit perspective to confirm that all members are included in the membership register.

Reference to the Professional Accounting Bodies has confirmed that onus is placed upon the auditor in exercising professional judgement and when conducting an audit of a financial report, the auditor must consider a number of factors which may influence the auditor's decision on the planning, performance and reporting aspects of the audit.

Such factors may include audit objectives, the nature of the subject matter(s) subject to audit, expectations, practicality, sufficiency and appropriateness of audit evidence, reliability of information and alternative audit tools and techniques. When exercising professional judgement, the auditor maintains independence and objectivity, and adopts an attitude of professional scepticism in order to achieve the audit objectives.

This policy applies to both Associations and the audit process involves performing audit procedures to assess the risk of material misstatement and to seek to limit detection risk by performing further audit procedures based on that assessment. The audit process involves the exercise of professional judgement in designing the audit approach

In light of the Registrar's suggestions both Associations have now implemented new controls in relation to the membership listings of both Associations and accordingly we have come to the conclusion that in relation to the 2009 financial year, the audit risk has been reduced and we envisage that an unqualified audit opinion will be issued for both Associations in the future.

We confirm that our reservations in relation to the membership listings were not considered by us to be of a material nature and that in every other respect the financial records of both Associations are properly maintained to reflect the operations of each entity.

Please contact us if you have any queries in respect to the above.

Yours faithfully,

T J Ryan & Co

T J Ryan Principal

cc Mr R Peck - Association of Consulting Architects Australia and Victoria