25 February 2019

Ms Patricia Fernandez Branch Secretary Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union, New South Wales Branch

By e-mail: <u>amieunsw@amieu.asn.au</u>

Dear Ms Fernandez

Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union, New South Wales Branch Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2018 - FR2018/162

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018 for the Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union, New South Wales Branch (**the reporting unit**). The financial report was lodged with the Registered Organisations Commission (**ROC**) on 11 December 2018.

The financial report has now been filed. You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged.

Whilst the 2018 report has been filed the following should be addressed in the preparation of the next financial report.

1. Recovery of wages disclosure

Please note that under the 5th edition of the Reporting Guidelines (RG) made under section 255 of the RO Act issued 4 May 2018 a recovery of wages activity statement is no longer required. Furthermore, the RGs no longer require a statement in regard to recovery of wages activity in the committee of management statement.

In place of the former requirements, item 13(e) of the 5th edition RGs requires a statement in regard to recovery of wages in either the notes to the financial statements or on the face of the statement of comprehensive income.

2. Operating report

Prescribed information in operating report

Regulation 159(c) requires an operating report to contain the name of each person who has been a member of the committee of management of the reporting unit at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position. The ROC takes the words "at any time" to mean that all persons, whether they held their position for the full year or for part of the year, must be included.

I note that the names of Andy Devine, Brad McKinnon and Anthony Grassmayr appeared in the previous year's operating report but did not appear in this year's operating report. There was no indication that these persons had resigned during, or at the end of, the previous year, and without any such indication the question arises whether their names have been inadvertently omitted.

In future, please ensure that all members of the committee of management are included in the operating report.

3. General Purpose Financial Report (GPFR)

Key management personnel compensation – redaction of information

In the financial report, certain information disclosed in Note 11C 'Transactions with Key Management and their Close Family Members', on page 51, has been redacted from the copy of the 2018 financial report by the ROC before publishing it on its website.

The Australian Accounting Standard AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures (paragraph 17) requires the disclosure of certain information relating to key management personnel and their close family members however, AASB 124 does not require a reporting entity to identify those individuals by name.

The ROC takes its obligations relating to privacy seriously and endeavours to ensure compliance with the requirements under the *Privacy Act 1988* (**Privacy Act**). The redactions have been effected in accordance with the ROC privacy policy to protect the personal information of persons identified in the financial report. A copy of the ROC privacy policy can be found via this link.

Should you wish to discuss the matters raised in this letter, or if you require further information on the financial reporting requirements of the Act, I may be contacted on (03) 9603 0707 or by email at ken.morgan@roc.gov.au

Yours faithfully

KEN MORGAN

Financial Reporting Specialist

Registered Organisations Commission

The Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union



NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

62 Prospect Street Rosehill NSW 2141 Ph: (02) 9893 9011 Toll free: 1800 451 535

Fax No: (02) 9687 6853

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

CERTIFICATE BY PRESCRIBED DESIGNATED OFFICER

Certificate for the year ended 30 June 2018

I Patricia Fernandez being the Branch Secretary of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union New South Wales Branch for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 22 October 2018; and
- that the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 11 December 2018 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer:

Name of prescribed designated officer: Patricia Fernandez

Title of prescribed designated officer: Branch Secretary

Dated: 11 December 2018

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH ABN 89 738 670 685 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

CONTENTS

	Page No
Committee of Managamenta Operating Depart	0
Committee of Management's Operating Report	
Auditor's Independence Declaration	6
Committee of Management Statement	7
Independent Audit Report	8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	11
Statement of Financial Position	12
Statement of Changes in Equity	13
Statement of Cash Flows	14
Statement of Receipts and Payments for Recovery of Wages Activity	15
Statement Required under Subsection 255(2A) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Ac	t 2009.16

Notes to the Financial Statements......18

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Operating Report

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch ("the Branch"), for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch is to uphold the rights of organisation of labour and to improve, protect and foster the best interest of its members and to subscribe to and/ or co-operate with policy of improving the cultural and living standards of its members. The Branch maintains living standards of its members through enterprise bargaining and industrial representation on behalf its members.

Operating Results

The surplus for the financial year amounted to \$891,010 (2017: \$226,551 – deficit). The surplus for the year has been significantly impacted by the sale of the building located at Unit 3, 190 George, Parramatta. The gain on sale of the building amounted to \$1,379,571.

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

A review of the operations of the Branch during the financial year found that there was no significant change in the financial affairs of the Branch's operations during the year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Branch or the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Branch.

Environmental Issues

The Branch's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Members Right to Resign

A member may resign from the Branch by written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch in which membership is held.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Membership of the Branch

Total number of members as at 30 June 2018: 4,701.

Employees of the Branch

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 12.0.

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name Deborah Hart Glen Meylan Patricia Fernandez Stephen Aquilina Christopher Clark Michael Holden Mark Perkins Diana Sully Bradley Bourke Grant Bowling Rebecca Dirickx David Knapp Joe Majnaric Faith Montecillo Carl Nash Stephen Niumata Millicent Noa	Period of Appointment 01/07/17 - 30/06/18	Position President Vice President Secretary – Treasurer Organiser Organiser Organiser Organiser Organiser Committee Member
•		
Truy Tabaley	0 /01/ / = 30/00/ 10	Committee Member

Indemnifying Officers or Auditors

The Branch has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Wages Recovery Activity

The Branch has not undertaken any recovery of wages activity for the financial years ended 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017.

Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

Those who hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2) (d) of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation are as follows:

Patricia Fernandez

- Member and Committee of Management Member of the Branch
- Director of the Trustee of the Meat Industry Employee's Superannuation Fund

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Patricia Fernandez Branch Secretary

17 October 2018

Rosehill





GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australia t: +61 7 3002 4800

f: +61 7 3229 5603

PO Box 3360 Australia Fair Southport Qld 4215 Australia t: +61 7 5591 1661

f: +61 7 5591 1772

e: info@mgisq.com.au www.mgisq.com.au

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch for the year ended 30 June 2018; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

M.C.I

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Rosehill

17 October 2018

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

On 17 October 2018, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

(a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;

(b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);

(c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate;

(d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and

(e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:

i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the Branch concerned; and

ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation;

iii. the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act:

iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation;

v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or Commissioner; and

vi. there have been no orders for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year.

(f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting period.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer:

Patricia Fernandez

Title of Designated Officer:

Branch Secretary

Signature:

Date:

Øctober 2018





GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australia

t: +61 7 3002 4800 f: +61 7 3229 5603

PO Box 3360 Australia Fair Southport Qld 4215 Australia

Independent Audit Report to the Members of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch

t: +61 7 5591 1661 f: +61 7 5591 1772

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

e: info@mgisq.com.au www.mgisq.com.au

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; ; and the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officer Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch as at 30 June 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

Opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report

The scope of my work extended to the recovery of wages activity and we have audited the recovery of wages activity financial report for the year ended 30 June 2018.

In our opinion, the financial statements and notes and recovery of wages activity financial report properly and fairly report all information required by the reporting guidelines of the Commissioner, including:

- a) any fees charged to, or reimbursements of expenses claimed from, members and others for recovery of wages activity; and
- b) any donations or other contributions deducted from recovered money.

Responsibilities

The Committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the recovery of wages activity financial report in accordance with the reporting guidelines of the Commission. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

M.4.I

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G | Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Rosehill

17 October 2018

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		2018	2017
_	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue			
Membership subscription		1,206,000	1,213,530
Capitation fees	3A	-	-
Levies	3B	-	-
Rental income		10,400	1,600
Investment income	3C	18,725	118,336
Grants or donations	3D	-	-
Other revenue	3E	32,489	5,400
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		1,379,571	-
Gain on revaluation of financial assets	_	2,938	18,980
Total revenue	=	2,650,123	1,357,846
Expenses			
Employee expenses	4A	(1,151,501)	(1,071,152)
Capitation fees	4B	(86,941)	(84,997)
Affiliation fees	4C	(30,472)	(31,033)
Administration expenses	4D	(323,461)	(249,431)
Grants or donations	4E	(2,401)	(1,145)
Depreciation	4F	(85,875)	(35,877)
Legal costs	4G	(53,972)	(99,161)
Audit and accounting fees	41	(24,490)	(4,500)
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		-	(7,101)
Other expenses	4H	-	
Total expenses	_	(1,759,113)	(1,584,397)
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year	=	891,010	(226,551)
Other comprehensive income			
Other Comprehensive income (net of income tax)		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	891,010	(226,551)

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	2,339,429	800,841
Trade and other receivables	5B	73,552	14,061
Other current assets	-	-	
Total current assets		2,412,981	814,902
Non-Current Assets			
Loans receivable	6A	15,000	15,000
Investments	6B	501,272	498,334
Furniture and fittings	6C	26,219	2 7 ,653
Computer software	6D	21,532	-
Motor vehicles	6E	115,000	131,570
Land and Buildings	6F	3,150,998	3,783,702
Total non-current assets		3,830,021	4,456,259
Total assets		6,243,002	5,271,161
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	35,350	35,551
Other payables	7B	48,907	85,258
Employee provisions	8A	558,151	117,045
Total current liabilities		642,408	237,854
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A	42,948	366,671
Total non-current liabilities		42,948	366,671
Total liabilities		685,356	604,525
Net assets		5,557,646	4,666,636
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		5,557,646	4,666,636
Total equity		5,557,646	4,666,636

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		Retained earnings	Total equity
	Notes	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2016		4,893,187	4,893,187
Deficit for the year		(226,551)	(226,551)
Other comprehensive income		_	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2017	_	4,666,636	4,666,636
Surplus for the year		891,010	891,010
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2018	-	5,557,646	5,557,646

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

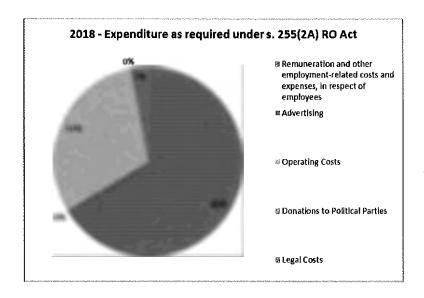
		2018	2017
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units	9B	•	1,107
Receipts from members and other customers		1,306,705	1,212,754
Investment cash flows	_	18,725	117,904
		1,325,430	1,331,765
Cash used			
Employees and suppliers		(1,583,796)	(1,974,503)
Payment to other reporting units	9B	(100,918)	(95,290)
	_	(1,684,714)	(2,069,793)
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(359,284)	(738,028)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(41,503)	(3,285,884)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1,939,375	82,852
Loans provided – AMIEU SA/ WA Branch	*****		(15,000)
Net cash provided by/ (used in) investing activities	_	1,897,872	(3,218,032)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2002	-	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held		1,538,588	(3,956,060)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	2000	800,841	4,756,901
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	5A _	2,339,429	800,841

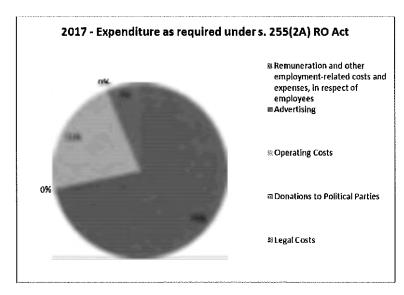
AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH RECOVERY OF WAGES ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at beginning of		
year		
Receipts		•
Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages etc.	-	_
Interest received on recovered money	-	
Total receipts	-	
Payments		
Deductions of amounts due in respect of membership for:		
12 months or less	<u></u>	-
Greater than 12 months	-	-
Deductions of donations or other contributions to accounts or		
funds of:		
The reporting unit:		
name of account		-
name of fund	-	-
Name of other reporting unit of the organisation:		
name of account	_	
name of fund	-	-
Name of other entity:		
name of account	-	
name of fund	-	***
Deductions of fees or reimbursement of expenses	-	-
Payments to workers in respect of recovered money	-	
Total payments	_	-
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at end of year	-	_
Number of workers to which the monies recovered relates	-	-
Aggregate payables to workers attributable to recovered mon Payable balance	iles but not yet distribute	d -
Number of workers the payable relates to	-	-
Fund or account operated for recovery of wages	-	

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES COUNCIL REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 on the Branch for the year ended 30 June 2018:





Patricia Fernandez/ Branch Secretary/

17 October 2018

Rosehill

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

For the purposes of the subsection 255(2A) statement, the following assumptions were utilised:

Remuneration and other employment-related costs and expenses, in respect of employees

Costs comprise of:

- Salaries and wages
- Superannuation
- Payroll tax
- Fringe benefits tax
- Clothing and motor vehicle allowances
- Workers compensation and other employment insurances
- All other employment associated costs (for example, staff amenities, training etc.).

Donations to Political Parties

Donations comprise of:

- Cash donations
- In-kind donations (such as printing costs, postage costs etc.).

Legal Costs

Legal costs comprise of all costs associated with the engaging external legal services as well as any court fees and charges. In house industrial staff costs are disclosed in remuneration and other employment costs and expenses.

Operating Costs

All costs associated with the Branch pursuing the objects of the Union were deemed by the Committee of Management to be an operating cost (unless disclosed elsewhere within the subsection 255(2A) Statement).

Advertising Costs -

Advertising costs include any costs incurred by the Branch for the promotion of a product, service or idea. Advertising costs include paid advertising space in print or online, broadcast and/or radio and direct mail advertising.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Index to the Notes of the Financial Statements

Note 1	Summary of significant accounting policies
Note 2	Events after the reporting period
Note 3	Income
Note 4	Expenses
Note 5	Current assets
Note 6	Non-current assets
Note 7	Current liabilities
Note 8	Provisions
Note 9	Cash flow
Note 10	Contingent liabilities, assets and commitments
Note 11	Related party disclosures
Note 12	Remuneration of auditors
Note 13	Financial instruments
Note 14	Fair value measurements
Note 15	Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009
Note 16	Branch details
Note 17	Segment information
Note 18	Other acquisitions of assets or liabilities

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009*. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch (the Branch) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Key Estimates

Impairment - general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

Key Judgements

Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workers compensation and payroll tax.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard requirements

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following standards and amendments, which have been adopted for the first time this financial year

 AASB 2016-2 Amendment to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative Amendments to AASB 107, which amends AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows (August 2015) to require entities preparing financial statements in accordance with Tier 1 reporting requirements to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and no-cash changes.

The Branch has provided the information for both current and comparative period in Note 9E & 9F.

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the future reporting period that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include:

 AASB 9: Financial Instruments and associated Amending Standards (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).

The Standard will be applicable retrospectively (subject to the provisions on hedge accounting outlined below) and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, revised recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments, and simplified requirements for hedge accounting.

The key changes that may affect the Branch on initial application include certain simplifications to the classification of financial assets, simplifications to the accounting of embedded derivatives, upfront accounting for expected credit loss, and the irrevocable election to recognise gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. AASB 9 also introduces a new model for hedge accounting that will allow greater flexibility in the ability to hedge risk, particularly with respect to hedges of non-financial items. Should the entity elect to change its hedge policies in line with the new hedge accounting requirements of this Standard, the application of such accounting would be largely prospective.

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 9 will significantly affect the Branch.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

 AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, as deferred by AASB 2015-8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of AASB 15).

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to revenue with a single, principles-based model. Except for a limited number of exceptions, including leases, the new revenue model in AASB 15 will apply to all contracts with customers as well as non-monetary exchanges between entities in the same line of business to facilitate sales to customers and potential customers.

The core principle of the Standard is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for the goods or services.

This Standard will require retrospective restatement, as well as enhanced disclosures regarding revenue.

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 15 will significantly affect the Branch.

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements (continued)

 AASB 16: Leases (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019)

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to leases in AASB 117: Leases and related Interpretations. AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model that eliminates the requirement for leases to be classified as operating or finance leases. The main changes introduced by the new Standard include:

- recognition of a right-to-use asset and liability for all leases (excluding short-term leases with less than 12 months of tenure and leases relating to low-value assets);
- depreciation of right-to-use assets in line with AASB 116: Property, Plant and Equipment in profit or loss and unwinding of the liability in principal and interest components;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- by applying a practical expedient, a lessee is permitted to elect not to separate non-lease components and instead account for all components as a lease; and
- additional disclosure requirements.

The transitional provisions of AASB 16 allow a lessee to either retrospectively apply the Standard to comparatives in line with AASB 108: Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors or recognise the cumulative effect of retrospective application as an adjustment to opening equity on the date of initial application.

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 16 will significantly affect the Branch.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from subscriptions is accounted for on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the entity retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods, the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

Donation income is recognised when it is received.

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account. Collectability of debts is reviewed at end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

1.6 Gains

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

1.7 Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION -- NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.8 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

1.9 Leases

Operating lease payments are expensed on a straight-line basis which is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets.

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.10 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.12 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised upon trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting
 unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION -- NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which
 is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the
 reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about
 the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the reporting unit has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Available-for-sale

Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the reporting unit that are traded in an active market are classified as available-for-sale and are stated at fair value. The reporting unit also has investments in unlisted shares that are not traded in an active market but that are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the reporting unit right to receive the dividends is established. The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognised in profit or loss are determined based on the amortised cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Loan and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis except for debt instruments other than those financial assets that are recognised at fair value through profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the reporting units past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 60 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of available-for-sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Branch derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. The difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

1.13 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on Initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting
 unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings and trade and other payables, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Branch derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the reporting units obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amounts of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.14 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.15 Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2018	2017
Motor Vehicles	4 years	5 years
Buildings	40 years	nil
Fixtures and Fittings	1 – 3 years	1 – 3 years
Office Equipment	3 years	nil

Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION -- NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

1.17 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1997 however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- · where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1.18 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 14.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.18 Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

1.19 Going concern

The Branch is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis.

The Branch has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.20 Reclassification

The presentation of certain statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income items have been reclassified from the prior year to more accurately align with the Reporting Guidelines issued by the Registered Organisations Commissioner.

As a result, the following have been reclassified from the 2017 financial report:

Statement of Financial Position

	Original		
	Balance	Reclassification	New Balance
Cash and Cash equivalents	294,654	506,187	800,841
Trade and other receivables	29,061	(15,000)	14,061
Other current assets	498,334	(498,334)	
Total current assets	822,049	(7,147)	814,902
Loans receivable	_	15,000	15,000
Investments	506,187	(7,853)	498,334
Furniture and fittings	159,223	(131,570)	27,653
Motor vehicles	-	131,570	131,570
Land and buildings	3,783,702	-	3,783,702
Total non-current assets	4,449,112	7,147	4,456,259
Total assets	5,271,161		5,271,161
Trade payables	-	35,551	35,551
Other payables	120,809	(35,551)	85,258
Employee provisions	117,045	, , ,	117,045
Total current liabilities	237,854	-	237,854
Employee provisions	366,671	-	366,671
Total non-current liabilities	366,671	-	366,671
Total liabilities	604,525	-	604,525
Net assets	4,666,636	***	4,666,636
Retained Earnings	4,666,636		4,666,636
Total equity	4,666,636	-	4,666,636

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.20 Reclassification (Continued)

Statement of Financial Performance

	Original Balance	Reclassification	New Balance
Revenue	Dalance	Reclassification	Dalance
Membership subscription	1,213,530	-	1,213,530
Capitation fees	-	-	-
Levies	-	-	-
Rental income	_	1,600	1,600
Investment income	117,904	432	118,336
Other revenue	7,432	(2,032)	5,400
Grants or donations	-	_	-
Gain on revaluation of financial			
assets	18,980	-	18,980
Total revenue	1,357,846	-	1,357,846
Expenses			
Employee expenses	(1,071,152)	-	(1,071,152)
Capitation fees	(86,160)		(84,997)
Affiliation fees	(31,033)	-	(31,033)
Administration expenses	(248,268)	(1,163)	(249,431)
Grants or donations	(1,145)	-	(1,145)
Depreciation	(35,877)	-	(35,877)
Legal costs	(99,161)	-	(99,161)
Audit and accounting fees	(4,500)	-	(4,500)
Loss on sale of property, plant			
and equipment	(7,101)	-	(7,101)
Other expenses	-	-	
	(1,584,397)	-	(1,584,397)
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year	(226,551)		(226,551)

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.20 Reclassification (Continued)

Statement	of cash	flows
-----------	---------	-------

Operating Activities	Original Balance	Reclassification	New Balance
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting			
units	-	1,107	1,107
Receipts from members and	4 242 254	/a a 0=1	4 040 754
other customers	1,213,861		
Investment cash flows	117,904 1,331,765	-	117,904 1,331,765
	1,331,703	-	1,331,703
Cash used			
Employee and suppliers	(2,084,793)	110,290	(1,974,503)
Payment to other reporting			
units		(95,290)	
	(2,084,793)	15,000	(2,069,793)
Net cash provided by/ (used in) operating activites	(753,028)	15,000	(738,028)
- F	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Investing Activities			
Payments for property, plant			
and equipment	(3,285,884)	-	(3,285,884)
Loans provided - SA/ WA Branch	_	(15,000)	(15,000)
Proceeds on the sale of		,,,	,,,
property plant and equipment	76,666	6,186	82,8\$2
Proceeds on the sale of	2 500 000	(2.500.000)	
investments Net cash provided by/ (used in)	2,500,000	(2,500,000)	
investing activities	(709,218)	(2,508,814)	(3,218,032)

Financaing Activities	-	-	•
Net increase/ decrease in cash	M-11		
held	(1,462,246)	(2,493,814)	(3,956,060)
Cash & cash equivalents at the		,	
beginning of the reporting			
period	1,756,901	3,000,000	4,756,901
Cash & cash equivalents at the	22.5	505.455	800.01
end of the reporting period	294,655	506,186	800,841

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2018, and /or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 3 Income		
Note 3A: Capitation fees	<u>.</u>	_
Total capitation fees	-	-
Note 3B: Levies	-	-
Total levies		-
Note 3C: Investment income		
Interest income	18,161	117,904
Dividend income	564	432
Total interest	18,725	118,336
Note 3D: Grants or donations		
Grants	-	-
Donations	<u> </u>	
Total grants or donations	pd.	***
N		•
Note 3E: Other revenue	E 606	E 000
Directors fees	5,666	5,000
Sundry income	26,823	400
Financial support from another reporting unit		- 400
Total other revenue	32,489	5,400

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
Note 4	Expenses		
Note 4A: I	Employee expenses		
Holders o			
_	and salaries	482,895	419,180
Supera	nnuation	82,092	117,995
Leave a	and other entitlements	157,240	(548,697)
Separa	tion and redundancies	be	4 7 1,213
Other e	mployee expenses	in the second se	92,065
Subtotal e	employee expenses holders of office	722,227	551,757
Employee	s other than office holders:		
Wages	and salaries	360,722	397,046
Supera	nnuation	31,314	114,682
Leave a	and other entitlements	20,309	-
Separa	tion and redundancies	-	7,667
Other e	mployee expenses	16,929	_
Subtotal e	employee expenses employees other than office	429,274	519,395
Total emp	loyee expenses	1,151,501	1,071,152
Note 4B: (Capitation fees		
Australasia	an Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council	86,941	84,997
Total capi	tation fees	86,941	84,997
N-4. 40	A SCI Hard Source Control		
	Affiliation fees	44.055	4.4.400
	Labor Party (New South Wales Branch)	14,855	14,103
Unions NS		14,594	15,907
Unions AC		750	750
	mber Connect	273	273
i otal affili	ation fees	30,472	31,033

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 4D: Administration and other operating expenses		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	11,258
Compulsory levies		
Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council	-	4,200
Payroll tax	15,804	45,037
Fringe benefits tax	1,371	20,697
Meetings and conference expenses	8,710	43,825
Property expenses	48,083	18,036
Office expenses/ other administration and other operating expenses	220,208	86,788
IT/ computer costs	29,285	19,590
Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences	-	-
Total administration and other operating expense	323,461	249,431

The purpose of the above levies is as follows:

AMIEU - Federal Council

The AMIEU - Federal Council raised a levy to assist in the funding of its operations.

Note 4E: Grants or donations Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	-	-
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Donations:	-	_
	2,401	1,145
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	2,401	1,145
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Total grants or donations	2,401	1,145
Note 4F: Depreciation		
Depreciation		
Furniture and Fittings	5,283	11,810
Motor Vehicles	31,499	24,067
Computer software	1,193	_
Buildings	47,900	-
Total depreciation	85,875	35,877
Note 4G: Legal costs		
Litigation	6,139	85,438
Other legal matters	47,833	13,723
Total legal costs	53,972	99,161

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 4H: Other expenses		
Penalties - via RO Act or Fair Work 2009 Act		-
Total other expenses		
Note 4I: Audit and accounting fees		
External audit fees	12,000	4,500
Bookkeeping and other consultant fees	12,490	-
Total audit and accounting fees	24,490	4,500
Note 5 Current Assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	1,829,701	290,613
Cash on hand	200	700
Short term deposits	509,528	509,528
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,339,429	800,841
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units		
Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - SA/ WA Branch	2,263	2,263
Less provision for doubtful debts (reporting units)	*	-
Receivable from other reporting units (net)	2,263	2,263
Other receivables:		
Accrued membership	48,436	-
Loans to members (financial hardship)	17,536	-
Other trade receivables	5,317	11,798
Total other receivables	71,289	11,798
Total trade and other receivables (net)	73,552	14,061

	2018	2017
Note 6 Non-current Assets	\$	\$
Note 6A: Loans Receivable		
Loans to other reporting units (AMIEU – SA/ WA Branch)	15,000	15,000
Less provision for impairment		-
Total Loans Receivable	15,000	15,000
Details of loans to other reporting units are disclosed at Note 11 – Related Party Transactions		
Note 6B: Investments		
ANZ capital notes	487,113	487,113
IAG shares	14,159	11,222
Total Investments	501,272	498,334

The Committee of Management's expectation is that the Branch will continue to hold onto both the ANZ capital notes and the IAG shares for a period of greater than 12 months (i.e. a non-current asset). Both investments have been designated as a fair value through profit and loss financial asset, with market gains and losses accounted through the Branch's statement of comprehensive income each year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 6C: Furniture and fittings		
Furniture and fittings:		
at cost	52,589	48,740
accumulated depreciation	(26,370)	(21,087)
Total furniture and fittings	26,219	2 7 ,653
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Furn	iture and Fittings	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	48,740	37,822
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(21,087)	(15,739)
Net book value 1 July	27,653	22,083
Additions:		
By purchase	3,849	10,918
Depreciation expense	(5,283)	(5,348)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 30 June	26,219	27,653
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	52,590	48,740
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(26,370)	(21,087)
Net book value 30 June	26,219	27,653

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 6D: Computer software		
Computer software:		
at cost	22,725	-
accumulated depreciation	(1,193)	-
Total computer software	21,532	-
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Co	mputer Software	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	-	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		-
Net book value 1 July	w	-
Additions:		
By purchase	22,725	-
Depreciation expense	(1,193)	-
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 30 June	21,532	-
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	22,725	-
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(1,193)	-
Net book value 30 June	21,532	

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 6E: Motor Vehicles	•	
Motor Vehicles:		
at cost	181,457	155,637
accumulated depreciation	(66,457)	(24,067)
Total motor vehicles	115,000	131,570
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Mo	otor Vehicles	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	155,637	234,990
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(24,067)	(64,423)
Net book value 1 July	131,570	170,567
Additions:		
By purchase	14,929	76,072
Depreciation expense	(31,499)	(24,067)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	(91,002)
Net book value 30 June	115,000	131,570
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	181,457	155,637
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(66,457)	(24,067)
Net book value 30 June	115,000	131,570

	2018	2017
Note 6F: Land and Buildings	\$	\$
Land and buildings:		
at cost	3,198,898	3,783,702
accumulated depreciation	(47,900)	0,700,702
Total land and buildings	3,150,998	3,783,702
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land	and Buildings	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	3,783,702	584,804
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	-
Net book value 1 July	3,783,702	584,804
Additions:		
By purchase	-	3,198,898
Depreciation expense	(47,900)	-
Disposals:		
By sale	(584,804)	-
Net book value 30 June	3,150,998	3,783,702
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	3,198,898	3,783,702
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(47,900)	-

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 7 Current Liabilities		
Note 7A: Trade payables		
Trade creditors and accruals	34,297	31,351
Subtotal trade creditors	34,297	31,351
Payables to other reporting units		
AMIEU – Federal Council	1,053	4,200
Subtotal payables to other reporting units	1,053	4,200
Total trade payables	35,350	35,551
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 7B: Other payables		
Superannuation	11,186	-
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
Legal costs		
Litigation	4,647	-
Other legal matters	-	-
GST payable	22,253	11,215
PAYG payable	10,731	12,814
Other	90	65,229
Total other payables	48,907	85,258
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months	48,907	85,258
More than 12 months		_
Total other payables	48,907	85,258

Note 8 Provisions Note 8A: Employee Provisions Office Holders: Annual leave 180,513 128,381 Vesting personal leave 82,855 28,579 Long service leave 238,961 78,660 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 46,678 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: - 46,678 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716			2018	2017
Note 8A: Employee Provisions Office Holders: Annual leave 180,513 128,381 Vesting personal leave 82,855 28,579 Long service leave 238,961 78,660 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 46,678 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: - - Annual leave 56,587 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671			\$	\$
Office Holders: Annual leave 180,513 128,381 Vesting personal leave 82,855 28,579 Long service leave 238,961 78,660 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 46,678 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: - 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Note 8	Provisions		
Annual leave 180,513 128,381 Vesting personal leave 82,855 28,579 Long service leave 238,961 78,660 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 46,678 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Note 8A:	Employee Provisions		
Vesting personal leave 82,855 28,579 Long service leave 238,961 78,660 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 46,678 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: - - Annual leave 56,587 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Office Ho	lders:		
Long service leave 238,961 78,660 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 46,678 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: - 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Annual	leave	180,513	128,381
Separations and redundancies -	Vestino	g personal leave	82,855	28,579
Other - 46,678 Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: - - Annual leave 56,587 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Long s	ervice leave	238,961	78,660
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders 502,329 282,298 Employees other than office holders: 356,587 123,985 Annual leave 56,587 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Separa	ations and redundancies	-	-
Employees other than office holders: Annual leave 56,587 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Other		-	46,678
Annual leave 56,587 123,985 Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Subtotal	employee provisions—office holders	502,329	282,298
Vesting personal leave 17,678 23,707 Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Employee	es other than office holders:		
Long service leave 24,505 29,055 Separations and redundancies - - Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Annual	leave	56,587	123,985
Separations and redundancies	Vestino	g personal leave	17,678	23,707
Other - 24,671 Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Long s	ervice leave	24,505	29,055
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Separa	ations and redundancies	-	-
holders 98,770 201,418 Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716 Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Other		-	24,671
Current 558,151 117,045 Non-Current 42,948 366,671		employee provisions—employees other than office	98,770	201,418
Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Total emp	ployee provisions	601,099	483,716
Non-Current 42,948 366,671	Current		558,151	117,045
Total employee provisions 601,099 483,716	Non-Curre	ent	42,948	
	Total emp	oloyee provisions	601,099	483,716

Note 9 Cash Flow Reconciliation Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement: Cash and cash equivalents as per: Cash flow statement 2,339,429 800,841 Difference 2,339,429 800,841 Difference 2,339,429 800,841 Difference 3,339,429 800,841 Difference 4,339,429 800,841 Difference 8,339,429 800,841 Difference 9,339,429 800,841 Difference 9,339,429 800,841 Difference 8,339,429 800,841 Difference 9,339,429 800,841 Difference 9,399,429 Differen			2018	2017
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement: Cash and cash equivalents as per: 2,339,429 800,841 Statement of financial position 2,339,429 800,841 Difference - - Reconcilitation of deficit to net cash from operating activities: Surplus/ (deficit) for the year 891,010 (226,551) Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information (359,284) 1,107 Total cash inflows 1,107 Cas	Note 9	Cash Flow	\$	\$
Cash flow statement 2,339,429 800,841 Statement of financial position 2,339,429 800,841 Difference - - Reconciliation of deficit to net cash from operating activities: Surplus/ (deficit) for the year 891,010 (226,551) Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (increase)/ decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units 4 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units 4 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting un	Reconcilia	ation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement o	f Financial	
Statement of financial position 2,339,429 800,841 Difference - - Reconciliation of deficit to net cash from operating activities: Surplus/ (deficit) for the year 891,010 (226,551) Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units 1,107 Total cash inflows from other reporting units 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units 4,107 AMIEU – Federal Council (95,290)	Cash and	cash equivalents as per:		
Reconciliation of deficit to net cash from operating activities: Surplus/ (deficit) for the year 891,010 (226,551) Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (increase)/ decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units 1,107 Total cash inflows 1,107 Total cash inflows 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units (95,290)	Cash flow	statement	2,339,429	800,841
Reconciliation of deficit to net cash from operating activities: Surplus/ (deficit) for the year 891,010 (226,551) Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council 1,107 Total cash inflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	Statement	of financial position	2,339,429	800,841
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year 891,010 (226,551) Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units - 1,107 Total cash inflows - 1,107 - 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units (100,918) (95,290)	Difference			-
Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council - 1,107 Total cash inflows - 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units (100,918) (95,290)	Reconcilia	ation of deficit to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation 85,875 35,877 Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (2,938) (18,980) (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) 7,870 Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables (59,491) 3,866 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) 8,587 Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 117,383 (548,697) Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council - 1,107 Total cash inflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	Surplus/ (d	eficit) for the year	891,010	(226,551)
Unrealised (gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments (Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets (1,379,571) Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables (11,552) Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions	Adjustme	nts for non-cash items		
(Gain)/ loss on disposal of assets Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in cr	Depreciation	on	85,875	35,877
Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other	Unrealised	(gain)/ loss on revaluation of managed investments	(2,938)	(18,980)
(Increase)/ decrease in net receivables Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) increase/ (decrease) in creditors	(Gain)/ loss	s on disposal of assets	(1,379,571)	7,870
Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Increase/ (decrease) in creditors Increase/ (decrease) in creditors Increase/ Increase/ (decrease) increase/ Increase/ (decrease/ (decrease) increase/ Increase/ (decrease/ (decrease) increase/ Increase/ (decrease/ (dec	Changes i	n assets/liabilities		
Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Net cash used in operating activities (359,284) (738,028) Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council - 1,107 Total cash inflows Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	(Increase)/	decrease in net receivables	(59,491)	3,866
Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables	(11,552)	8,587
Note 9B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council - 1,107 Total cash inflows - 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions	117,383	(548,697)
Cash inflows from other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council - 1,107 Total cash inflows - 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	Net cash ι	used in operating activities	(359,284)	(738,028)
AMIEU – Federal Council - 1,107 Total cash inflows - 1,107 Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)				
Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)		, •	-	1,107
AMIEU - Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	Total cash	inflows	-	1,107
AMIEU - Federal Council (100,918) (95,290)	Cash outflo	ows to other reporting units		•
			(100,918)	(95,290)
	Total cash	outflows	(100,918)	(95,290)

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

Note 9C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

The Branch does not have any credit standby arrangements or loan facilities (2017: Nil).

Note 9D: Non-cash transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the year (2017: Nil).

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 9E: Net debt reconciliation		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,339,429	800,841
Borrowings – repayable within one year	-	-
Borrowings – repayable after one year	•	-
Net debt	2,339,429	800,841

Note 9F: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	Other Assets	Liabilities from fina	ncing activities		
	Cash assets	Borrowings – due within 1 year	Borrowings – due after 1 year	Total	
Net debt at 1 July 2016	4,756,901	-	-		4,756,901
Cash flows	(3,956,060)	-	-		(3,956,060)
Net debt at 30 June 2017	800,841	-	-		800,841
Cash flows	1,538,588	-	-		1,538,588
Net debt at 30 June 2018	2,339,429	-	-		2,339,429
		Commence of the second			

Note 10 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 10A: Commitments and Contingencies

Capital commitments

At 30 June 2018 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2017: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 10A: Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch.

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units

The names of those persons who held office for all or part of the year are deemed to be a related party for financial reporting purposes as set out in the accompanying Committee of Management Operating Report.

For financial reporting purposes, under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - Federal Council (AMIEU - Federal Council)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Queensland Branch (AMIEU – QLD Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch (AMIEU – Newcastle & Northern Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - Victoria Branch (AMIEU - Victoria Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch (AMIEU – Tasmania Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - South and Western Australia Branch (AMIEU - SA/ WA Branch)

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

and reference years.	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Revenues received from AMIEU – Federal Council includes		
the following:		
Reimbursement of travel costs	-	1,006
Expenses paid to AMIEU – Federal Council includes the		
following:		
Capitation fees	86,941	84,997
Levies	-	4,200
Purchase of meatworker journals	866	1,162
Purchase of equal pay postcards	**	137
Purchase of AMIEU medallions	-	332
Reimbursement of conference fees	764	-
Amounts owed to AMIEU – Federal Council includes the		
following:		
Levies	m	4,200
Reimbursement of meatworker journal costs	289	-
Reimbursement of conference fees	764	<u></u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period
Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

2018	2017
\$	\$
	·
84	2,263
15,000	15,000
2,263	2,263
	- 15,000

During the 2017 financial year the Branch agreed to lend \$15,000 to the AMIEU- SA/ WA Branch on a non-commercial arm's length basis. Repayment terms are set out in the loan term which states repayment must be made within 4 years. There is no interest payable or security provided on this loan.

Under Australian Accounting Standards, loans and receivables require an entity to measure interest free loans at fair value, using commercial market interest rates issued on an arm's length basis on similar loan terms in the market place. It was determined that the fair value of the loan was not materially difference from the carrying value and as a result, the Committee of Management have not fair valued this loan at reporting date.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

With the exception of the loan to the SA/ WA Branch, the sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2018, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2017: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 11 Relat	ed Partv [Disclosures	(Continued)
---------------	------------	-------------	-------------

Note 11	Related Party Disclosures (Continued)		
		2018	2017
		\$	\$
	: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for	the Reporting Period	
	m employee benefits	400 000	400.004
	(including annual leave taken)	482,895	169,604
	and personal leave accrued	37,576	111,5 7 1
Other			
i otai sno	ort-term employee benefits	520,471	281,175
Post-emp	ployment benefits:		
Supera	nnuation	82,092	27,237
Total pos	t-employment benefits	82,092	27,237
Other Ion	ng-term benefits:		
	ervice leave	119,664	62,739
_	er long-term benefits	119,664	62,739
	ion benefits		
Total		722,227	371,151
Note 11C	: Transactions with Key Management and their		
	mily Members		
		<u>-</u>	
	_		_
		_	

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 12	Remuneration	of Auditors

Value of the services provided	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Financial statement audit services	12,000	4,500
Other services		_
Total remuneration of auditors	12,000	4,500

No other services were provided by the external auditor to the Branch.

The auditor of the Branch changed from WL Browne & Associates to MGI Audit Pty Ltd during the year.

Note 13 Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Policy

The Branch Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2018

	Within trading terms	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables Receivables from	71,289	•	-	-	-	71,289
other reporting units	-	-	-	-	2,263	2,263
Total	71,289	-	=	=	2,263	73,552

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2017

	Within trading terms	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables Receivables from	11,798	-	-	-	-	11,798
other reporting units	2,263	-	-	-	-	2,263
Total	14,061	-	-	-	-	14,061

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2018, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within 1 Year 1 to 5 Years		ears	Over 5	Years	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	35,350	35,551	-	-	•	-	35,350	35,551
Other payables	48,907	85,258	-	-	•	-	48,907	85,258
Total expected outflows	84,257	120,809	-	-	-	-	84,257	120,809
•	North Control of the				mannes se les des			
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	2,339,429	800,841	-	-	-	-	2,339,429	800,841
Trade and other receivables	73,552	14,061	15,000	15,000	-	-	88,552	29,061
Investments	-	w	-	-	501,272	498,334	501,272	498,334
Total anticipated inflows	2,412,981	814,902	15,000	15,000	501,272	498,334	2,929,253	1,328,236
Net (outflow) / inflow on financial instruments	2,328,724	694,093	15,000	15,000	501,272	498,334	2,844,996	1,207,427

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(c) Market Risk

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is managed using a mix of fixed and floating financial instruments. The effective interest rate expenditure to interest rate financial instruments are as follows:

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate				
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
	%	%	\$	\$	
Floating rate instruments					
Cash and cash equivalents	0.65	2.03	2,339,429	800,841	

ii. Other price risk

Other price risk relates to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) of securities held.

The Branch is exposed to other price risk on its investments held in direct shares and capital notes. Such risk is managed through diversification of investments and held in large listed companies with strong credit ratings.

iii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

iv. Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

v. Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

vi. Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Profit	Equity
Year ended 30 June 2018	\$	Ф
+2% in interest rates	46,789	46,789
-2% in interest rates	(10,351)	(10,351)
+/-5% in investments	+/ -25,064	+/-25,064
Year ended 30 June 2017		
+2% in interest rates	16,017	16,017
-2% in interest rates	(11,274)	(11,274)
+/-5% in investments	+/ -23,795	+/- 23,795

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Branch has no material direct exposures to currency risk. There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement

Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

		20	18	20	2017			
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value			
		\$	\$	\$	\$			
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	2,339,429	2,339,429	800,841	800,841			
Accounts receivable and	(i)							
other debtors	,,	73,552	73,552	14,061	14,061			
Loans receivable		15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000			
Financial assets at fair value								
through profit or loss:								
- at fair value	(ii)	501,272	501,272	498,334	498,334			
Total financial assets		2,929,253	2,929,253	1,328,236	1,328,236			
	•							
Financial liabilities								
Accounts payable and other	(i)	84,257	84,257	120,809	120,809			
payables	- •							
Total financial liabilities		84,257	84,257	120,809	120,809			

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, loans receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.
- (ii) For listed investments (via a managed investment fund), closing quoted bid prices at the end of the reporting period are used.

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(iii) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The following tables provide an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

Fair value hierarchy - 30 June 2018

	Note	Date of Valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value					
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss					
- IAG shares	6 B	30 June 2018	14,159	-	-
- ANZ commercial notes	6 B	30 June 2018	487,113	-	-
Total financial assets recognised at fair					
value on a recurring basis			501,272	=	•

The Branch does not have any liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

Fair value hierarchy - 30 June 2017

	Note	Date of Valuation	Lev,el 1	Level 2	Level 3
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss		ŕ	·	·	·
- IAG Shares	6B	30 June 2017	487,113	-	-
- ANZ commercial notes	6B	30 June 2017	11,222	-	-
Total financial assets recognised at fair					
value on a recurring basis			498,334	*	-

The Branch does not have any liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

Note 15 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

Note 16 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

62 Prospect Street Rosehill NSW 2142

Note 17 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in New South Wales.

Note 18 Other Acquisitions of Assets or Liabilities

During the financial year the Branch has not acquired an asset or liability as a result of:

- (a) An amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.
- (b) A restructure of Branches of the organisation.
- (c) A determination by the General Manager of the Fair Work Commission under subsection 245(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of an alternative reporting structure for the organisation.
- (d) A revocation by the General Manager of the Fair Work Commission under subsection 249(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of a certificate issued to the organisation under subsection 241(1).
- (e) A business combination.