

23 December 2015

Mr Brian Crawford Branch Secretary The Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union, Queensland Branch Level 1, 39 Lytton Road EAST BRISBANE QLD 4169

via email: admin@amieuqld.asn.au

Dear Mr Crawford

The Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union Queensland Branch Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2015 - [FR2015/210]

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union Queensland Branch (the reporting unit). The documents were lodged with the Fair Work Commission (FWC) on 10 December 2015.

The financial report has now been filed.

The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming that the financial reporting timelines required under s.253, s.265, s.266 and s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under s.268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and Reporting Guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

Please note that the financial report for the year ending 30 June 2016 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

I make the following comments to assist you when you next prepare a financial report. You are required to take further action in respect of the issue identified under the sub-heading Statement of Loans, Grants and Donations.

Statement of comprehensive income

Statement of Loans, Grants and Donations

A Loans, Grants and Donations statement for the reporting unit was lodged with the FWC as required under subsection 237(1) of the RO Act on 27 October 2015. A figure for donations that exceeded \$1,000 was also supplied in the financial report however this figure for donations is different to the figure supplied on the Loans, Grants and Donations Statement.

Can you please confirm that the figure report in the Loans, Grants and Donations statement is correct, and if not, submit an amended statement.

Reporting Requirements

On the FWC website a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines are available. The most recent copy of the Reporting Guidelines and a model set of financial statements can also be found. The FWC recommends reporting units use this model as it will assist in ensuring compliance with the RO Act, the s.253 Reporting Guidelines and the Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information may be obtained via this link.

Telephone: (03) 8661 7777

Melbourne VIC 3001

Should you wish to discuss this letter, or if you require further information on the financial reporting requirements of the Act, I may be contacted on 03) 8656 4681 or by email at joanne.fenwick@fwc.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Joanne Fenwick

Financial Reporting Specialist Regulatory Compliance Branch

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION QUEENSLAND BRANCH

CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO S. 268 FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISTIONS) ACT 2009

- I, Brian Crawford, Secretary of the Queensland Branch of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union, certify:
- (a) that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report, referred to in Section 268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act; and
- (b) that the full report was provided to the members on 2 October 2015 (by publishing the report on the AMIEU federal office website at the following url: https://amieuqld.asn.au/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/Financial-Statement-Year-ended-30-June-2015.pdf; and
- (c) that the full report was presented to the committee of management of the reporting unit on 30 November 2015; in accordance with section 266(3) of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act.*

Dated at Brisbane this 10th day of December 2015.

Signature:

Brian Crawford Secretary

AMIEU Queensland Branch

B.P. brand ord

THE AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES' UNION

(Queensland Branch)

ABN 68 929 349 791



Branch Secretary
BRIAN CRAWFORD

Level 1, 39 Lytton Road, East Brisbane Qld 4169, Australia

Telephone: (07) 3217 3766 Facsimile: (07) 3217 4462 Email: admin@amieuqld.asn.au

Website: www.amieuqld.asn.au

10 December 2015

The General Manager Fair Work Commission Level 8, Terrace Towers 80 William Street EAST SYDNEY NSW 2011

Dear Sir or Madam

Re: AMIEU Queensland Branch - Financial Return for 2014/2015 Financial Year

I refer to the above and, enclose:

- (i) A copy of the full financial report of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union Queensland Branch for the year ending 30 June 2015 (including the committee of management certificate, signed by Mr Matthew Journeaux Assistant Branch Secretary, who was Acting Branch Secretary at the time of signing)
- (ii) The certificate pursuant to Section 268(c) of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, signed by the Queensland Branch Secretary, Mr Brian Crawford.

If you have any queries about the above, or the enclosed documents, please direct them to either myself, on the number listed above, or our national industrial officer, Craig Buckley, who can be contacted on (07) 3217 3766.

Yours faithfully,

BRIAN CRAWFORD

B.P. brand ord

QUEENSLAND BRANCH SECRETARY

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES' UNION

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - QUEENSLAND BRANCH

ABN 68 929 349 791

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Operating Report

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Queensland Branch ("Union"), for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Queensland Branch is was to act on behalf of members in pursuit of the Objects of the Union (as detailed on page 40 of the financial report).

Operating Results

The deficit for the financial year amounted to \$302,153 (2014 deficit: \$147,955).

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

A review of the operations of the Union during the financial year found that there was no significant change in the financial affairs of the Union's operations during the year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters of circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Union, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Union in future financial years.

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Union are the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Union.

Environmental Issues

The Union's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Members Right to Resign

A member may resign from the Union by written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch in which membership is held.

Membership of the Union

Number of members as at 30 June 2015; 5,789 (2014; 5,810).

Employees of the Union

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Union, where the number of employees include both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 15.0 (2014: 16.0).

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Union at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name

| *Ainsworth,M | Whole Period |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Allen, K | Whole Period |
| Bateson, M | Whole Period |
| Bell, T | Whole Period |
| Brunjes, F | Whole Period |
| *Crawford, B | Whole Period |
| De Git, G | Whole Period |
| *Haslem, K | Whole Period |
| *Journeaux, M | Whole Period |
| Kemp, N | Whole Period |
| Kerle, T | Whole Period |
| *Lebsanft, H | Appointed 28 November 2014 |
| McKey, D | Whole Period |
| Meiers, N | Whole Period |
| Phillips, D | Whole Period |
| Prange, K | Whole Period |
| Sexton, G | Whole Period |
| *Western, R | Resigned 28 November 2014 |
| | |

^{*} Member of the Branch Executive

The members have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Indemnifying Officers or Auditors

The Union has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

Wages Recovery Activity

The Union has not undertaken any recovery of wages activity for the financial years ended 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014.

Other Information

The Union does not consider any other information to be relevant.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Membership of Superannuation Scheme

Those who hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2) (d) of Schedule 1B, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation are as follows:

Brian Crawford

- Member and Branch Secretary on behalf of the Union
- Director of Meat Industry Employee's Superannuation Fund

Auditor's Independence Declaration

KD Itas lem

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Keith Haslem President

29 September 2015

Matthew Journeaux Assistant Branch Secretary

29 September 2015

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

On 29 September 2015, the Executive Committee on behalf of the Committee of Management of the Union passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial Report (GPFR) of the Union for the year ended 30 June 2015.

The Executive Committee on behalf of the Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the General Manager;
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Union for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Union will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the branch concerned; and
 - ii. the financial affairs of the Union have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of the branch concerned; and
 - iii. the financial records of the Union have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
 - iv. the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or General Manager duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or General Manager; and
 - vi. there have been no orders for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year.
- (f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting year.

This declaration is made by for the Executive Committee on behalf of the Committee of Management

| For the Committee of Management: | Matthew Journeaux | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | |

Title of Office held: Assistant Branch Secretary

Signature: Matt Nounoux

Date: 29 September 2015



accountants + auditors

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE DIRECTORS OF AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION -- QUEENSLAND BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Queensland Branch for the year ended 30 June 2015, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2015 there has been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

M.G.I

MGI Audit (Q) Pty Ltd

G I Kent Director

Brisbane

29 September 2015

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| | Notes | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|---|---|--|
| Revenue Net gain / (loss) on revaluation of financial assets Affiliation fees Capitation fees Depreciation expense Employee benefits expense Motor vehicle expenses Finance costs Legal costs Grants and donations Administration expenses Other expenses | 2 3 (f) 3 (i) 3 (j) 3 (c) 3 (a) 3 (b) 3 (e) 3 (d) 3 (g) 3 (h) | 2,396,097 4,658 (76,512) (133,443) (130,316) (1,625,557) (72,858) - (52,426) (10,182) (91,553) (510,061) | 2,534,426 27,969 (95,663) (132,982) (177,691) (1,529,696) (105,075) - (19,120) (21,518) (101,947) (526,658) |
| Deficit before income tax | · (··) | (302,153) | (147,955) |
| Income tax expense | 1 (b) | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> _ |
| Deficit for the year | | (302,153) | (147,955) |
| Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax) Other comprehensive income (net of income tax) | | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | (302,153) | (147,955) |
| Deficit attributable to: | | | , |
| Members of the Union | | (302,153) | (147,955) |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: | | | |
| Members of the Union | | (302,153) | (147,955) |

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT 30 JUNE 2015**

| | Notes | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|--|-------|------------|--------------|
| ASSETS | | • | • |
| CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents | 4 | 2,511,805 | 2,682,146 |
| Trade and other receivables | 5 | 99,276 | 155,414 |
| Inventories | 6 | 21,033 | 26,533 |
| Other assets | 7 | 34,777 | 33,557 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,666,891 | 2,897,650 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | 5 | | 7 |
| Investments | 8 | 773,261 | 738,260 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 9 | 323,092 | 335,185 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | 1,096,353 | 1,073,445 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 3,763,244 | 3,971,095 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 10 | 115,353 | 125,821 |
| Short-term provisions | 11 | 678,787 | 574,017 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 794,140 | 699,838 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Long-term provisions | 11 | | |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 794,140 | 699,838 |
| NET ASSETS | | 2,969,104 | 3,271,257 |
| MEMBERS EQUITY | | | |
| Retained earnings | | 2,969,104 | 3,271,257 |
| | | 2,969,104 | 3,271,257 |
| | | | |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| | Retained Earnings | Total |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2013 Deficit for the year Other Comprehensive income for the year | 3,419,212 (147,955) | 3,419,212 (147,955) |
| Balance at 30 June 2014 | 3,271,257 | 3,271,257 |
| Balance at 1 July 2014 Deficit for the year Other Comprehensive income for the year | 3,271,257 (302,153) | 3,271,257 (302,153) |
| Balance at 30 June 2015 | 2,969,104 | 2.969,104 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | Notes | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|-------|-------------|-------------|
| Receipts from members and other customers | | 2,465,037 | 2,518,631 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (2,691,514) | (2,621,231) |
| Interest received | | 83,473 | 125,019 |
| Dividends received | | 30,342 | 49,870 |
| Net cash (used in)/ provided by operating activities | 12(b) | (112,662) | 72,289 |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | | |
| Payment for property, plant & equipment | | (120,500) | (109,274) |
| Proceeds from the sale of property, plant & equipment | | 13,164 | 200 |
| Purchase of additional units in managed investments | | (30,343) | (49,870) |
| Repayment of loans issued to AMIEU – Victoria Branch | | 80,000 | 75,000 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (57,679) | (83,944) |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities | | <u> </u> | |
| Net decrease in cash held | | (170,341) | (11,655) |
| Cash at beginning of financial year | | 2,682,146 | 2,693,801 |
| Cash at end of financial year | 12(a) | 2,511,805 | 2,682,146 |

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR RECOVERY OF WAGE ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| Cash assets in respect of recovery money at beginning of year | Notes | 2015 \$ | 2014 3 \$ |
|---|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Receipts Amount recovered from employers in respect of wages etc. Interest received on recovered money | | <u>-</u> | - |
| Total Receipts | | | |
| Payments Deductions of amounts due in respect of membership for: - 12 months or less - greater than 12 months | | - | <u>-</u> |
| Deductions of donations or other contributions to accounts or funds of - the Union - other entity | | - - | - |
| Deductions of fees or reimbursements of expenses Payments to workers in respect of recovered money | | <u>-</u> | - |
| Total Payments | | | |
| Cash assets in respect of recovery money at end of year | | - | - |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General Information

The financial statements cover the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - Queensland Branch ("Union") as an individual entity. The Union was established as a trade union which is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

(a) Basis of Preparation

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.* The Union is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by IASB. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements has been prepared, except for the cash flow information on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, modified where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 29 September 2015 by the executive committee on behalf of the Committee of Members of the Union.

(b) Income Tax

The Union is exempt from income tax by virtue of section 50-1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*, however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

(c) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(d) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the Committee of Management to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from those assets. The recoverable amount is assessed, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, when impairment indicators are present (refer Note 1(e) for details of impairment). In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with that item will flow to the group and the costs of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including capitalised leased assets, is depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives to the Union commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of assets are:

| Class of Fixed Asset | Depreciation Rate |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Buildings | 5% |
| Motor vehicles | 22.5% |
| Furniture and fittings | 7.5% - 33% |
| Office equipment | 7.5% - 33% |

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

(e) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Union reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the assets carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Union estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, at bank, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown with short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(g) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Union commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or cost. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment, and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense item in profit or loss.

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Union's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement (Continued)

(iv) Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial assets that are either not capable of being classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with any re-measurements other than impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets when they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as current assets.

(v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities other than financial guarantees are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Union assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets will be deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of the occurrence of one or more events (a "loss event"), which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of available-for-sale assets, a significant or prolonged decline in the market value of the instrument is considered a loss event. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss immediately. Also, any cumulative decline in fair value previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include indications that the debtors, or a group of debtors, are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, indications that they will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having undertaken all possible measures of recovery, if the management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the writing off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance accounts.

When the terms of financial assets that would otherwise have been past due or impaired have been renegotiated, the Union recognises the impairment for such financial assets by taking into account the original terms as if the terms have not been renegotiated so that the loss events that have occurred are duly considered.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability, which is extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(h) Employee Benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. Reporting Unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Union has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(i) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from membership subscriptions is accounted for on an accruals basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the entity retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods, the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Revenue (Continued)

Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term on the relevant lease.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST").

(k) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the Union during the reporting period which remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of the recognition of the liability.

(I) Leases

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. The Union did not hold any finance leases at 30 June 2015 (2014: Nil)

(m) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Tax Office is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

(n) Trade and Other Receivables

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts due from members as well as amounts receivable from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Accounts receivable are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 1(e) for further discussion on the determination of impairment losses.

(o) Comparative Figures

When required by Australian Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgement

The Union's Committee of Management evaluates estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Union.

Key Estimates

Impairment - General

The Union assess impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Union that may lead to the impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year (2014: Nil).

(q) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

The Union adopted the following Australian Accounting Standards, together with the relevant consequential amendments arising from related Amending Standards, from the mandatory application date of 1 January 2013:

- AASB 10: Consolidated Financial Statements
- AASB 11: Joint Arrangements
- AASB 12: Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities; and
- AASB 127: Separate Financial Statements

The adoption of the above accounting standards did not impact on the financial statements as the Union does not hold any investment in other entities.

(r) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Union. The Union has decided not to early adopt any of the new and amended pronouncements. The Union's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Union but applicable in future reporting periods is set out below:

 AASB 9: Financial Instruments: AASB 9 (December 2014) is a new Principal standard which replaces AASB 139. This new Principal version supersedes AASB 9 issued in December 2009 (as amended) and AASB 9 (issued in December 2010) and includes a model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting.

AASB 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. However, the Standard is available for early application. The own credit changes can be early applied in isolation without otherwise changing the accounting for financial instruments.

The final version of AASB 9 introduces a new expected-loss impairment model that will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. Specifically, the new Standard requires entities to account for expected credit losses from when financial instruments are first recognised. The Standard also requires to recognise full lifetime expected losses on a more timely basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(r) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

Amendments to AASB 9 (December 2009 & 2010 editions) (AASB 2013-9) issued in December 2013 included the new hedge accounting requirements, including changes to hedge effectiveness testing, treatment of hedging costs, risk components that can be hedged and disclosures.

AASB 9 includes requirements for a simpler approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139.

The main changes are described below.

- (a) Financial assets that are debt instruments will be classified based on (1) the objective of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; (2) the characteristics of the contractual cash flows.
- (b) Allows an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. Dividends in respect of these investments that are a return on investment can be recognised in profit or loss and there is no impairment or recycling on disposal of the instrument.
- (c) Financial assets can be designated and measured at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities, or recognising the gains and losses on them, on different bases.
- (d) Where the fair value option is used for financial liabilities the change in fair value is to be accounted for as follows:
 - The change attributable to changes in credit risk are presented in other comprehensive income (OCI)
 - The remaining change is presented in profit or loss

AASB 9 also removes the volatility in profit or loss that was caused by changes in the credit risk of liabilities elected to be measured at fair value. This change in accounting means that gains caused by the deterioration of an entity's own credit risk on such liabilities are no longer recognised in profit or loss.

Consequential amendments were also made to other standards as a result of AASB 9, introduced by AASB 2009-11 and superseded by AASB 2010-7, AASB 2010-10 and AASB 2014-1 – Part E (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(r) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

- AASB 2014-1 Part A Annual Improvements 2011 2013 Cycle: Annual improvements to IFRS 2011-2013 cycle address the following items:
 - AASB 13 Clarifies that the portfolio exception in paragraph 52 of AASB 13 applies to all contracts within the scope of AASB 139 or AASB 9, regardless of whether they meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities as defined in AASB 132.
 - AASB 140 Clarifies that judgment is needed to determine whether an acquisition of investment property is solely the acquisition of an investment property or whether it is the acquisition of a group of assets or a business combination in the scope of AASB 3 that includes an investment property. That judgment is based on guidance in AASB 3 (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2015).
- AASB 2014-4: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (Amendments to AASB 116 and AASB 138): AASB116 and AASB 138 both establish the principle for the basis of depreciation and amortisation as being the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits of an asset.

The IASB has clarified that the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset.

The amendment also clarified that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset. This presumption, however, can be rebutted in certain limited circumstances (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016).

- AASB 2014-2: Amendments to AASB 1053 Transitions to and between Tiers, and related Tier 2 Disclosure Requirements (AASB 1053): The standard makes amendments to AASB 1053 Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards to:
 - Clarify that AASB 1053 relates only to general purpose financial statements.
 - Make AASB 1053 consistent with the availability of the AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes to Accounting Estimates and Errors option in AASB 1 First-Time Adoption of Australian Accounting Standards.
 - Clarify certain circumstances in which an entity applying Tier 2 reporting requirements can apply the AASB 1008 option in AASB 1; permit an entity applying Tier 2 reporting requirements for the first time to do so directly using the requirements in AASB 108 (rather than applying AASB 1) when, and only when, the entity had not applied, or only selectively applied, applicable recognition and measurement requirements in its more recent previous annual special purpose financial statements.
 - Specify certain disclosure requirements when an entity resumes the application of Tier 2 reporting requirements (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2015).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(r) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

- AASB 2015-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012-2014 Cycle. The Subjects of the principal amendments to the Standards are set out below:
 - AASB 119 Employee Benefits Discount rate: regional market issue clarifies that
 the high quality corporate bonds used to estimate the discount rate for postemployments benefit obligations should be denominated in the same currency as
 the liability. Further it clarifies that the depth of the market for high quality corporate
 bonds should be assessed at the currency level.
- AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101.
 - The Standard makes amendment to AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements arising from the IASB's Disclosure Initiative project. The amendments are designed to further encourage companies to apply professional judgement in determining what information to disclose in the financial statements. For example, the amendments make clear that materiality applies to the whole of financial statements and that the inclusion of immaterial information can inhibit the usefulness of financial disclosures. The amendments also clarify that companies should use professional judgement in determining where and in what order information is presented in the financial disclosures.

The Union is still determining whether any adoption of these standards will have any impact on the future reporting periods.

(s) Gains

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

(t) Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are to be recognised on an accrual basis and records as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

(u) Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

(v) Going Concern

The Union has not entered into an agreement with another reporting unit for financial support to continue on a going concern basis.

The Union has not entered into any agreements to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

The Union has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(w) Acquisition of Assets and Liabilities

The Union did not acquire any assets or liabilities during the year as a result of:

- (a) an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act in with the organisation (of which the reporting unit form part) was the amalgamated organisation; or
- (b) a restructure of the branches of the organisation; or
- (c) a determination by the General Manager under subsection 245(1) of the RO Act of an alternative reporting structure for the organisation; or
- (d) a revocation by the General Manager under subsection 245(1).

The Union did not acquire any assets or liabilities during the year as a part of a business combination.

(x) Recovery of Wages

The Union has not undertaken any recovery of wages activities during the year or the comparative year.

(y) Fair Value Measurement

The Union measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 20.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Union. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Union uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(y) Fair Value Measurement (continued)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Union determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Union has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

| NOTE 2 – REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|---------------|------------|
| (a) Sales revenue | | |
| - Sale of goods | 4,655 | 5,200 |
| - Membership subscriptions | 2,170,385 | 2,269,717 |
| | 2,175,040 | 2,274,917 |
| (b) Investment revenue | | |
| - Dividends received | 30,342 | 49,870 |
| - Rental income received | 79,898 | 77,741 |
| - Interest received | | |
| - related parties | 5,051 | 15,048 |
| - other persons | 83,671 | 102,803 |
| | 88,722 | 117,851 |
| Total investment income | 198,912 | 245,462 |
| (c) Other income | | |
| - Capitation fees received | _ | _ |
| - Compulsory levies received | - | - |
| - Grants and donations | - | 2,000 |
| - Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment | 10,887 | |
| - Sundry income received | <u>11,258</u> | 12,047 |
| | 2,396,097 | 2,534,426 |

The Union did not receive any other financial support from another reporting unit to ensure that the provision of the principal activities are possible.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| TOR THE TEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013 | | |
|--|---|--|
| NOTE 3 – EXPENSES | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
| Profit before income tax from continuing operations includes the following specific expenses: | Ψ | Ψ |
| (a) Employee benefits expense | | • |
| Holders of Office: - Salaries and wages - Annual and personal leave expense - Long service leave expense - Superannuation - Separation and redundancies | 245,949 8,523 8,447 38,367 | 269,540 21,867 11,827 41,367 |
| Employees other than office holders: Salaries and wages Annual and personal leave expense Long service leave expense Superannuation Separation and redundancies | 1,077,988 39,541 21,740 158,483 26,519 1,324,271 | 984,501 23,575 35,311 141,708 - 1,185,095 |
| Total employee benefits expense | 1,625,557 | 1,529,696 |
| Officeholders consist of the those elected to hold office, which at 3 Secretary, Assistant Branch Secretary and the Committee of Mana | | of the Branch |
| (b) Finance Costs – related entities | - | - |
| (c) Depreciation and amortisation | 130,316 | 177,691 |
| (d) Grants and Donations - Grants that were \$1,000 or less - Grants that exceed \$1,000 - Donations that were \$1,000 or less | - - 546 | - - 1,518 |

20,000

21,518

9,120

10,000

19,120

(27,969)

9,636

10,182

52,436

52,436

(4,658)

- Donations that exceed \$1,000

(f) Unrealised (gain)/loss on managed investments

(e) Legal Costs
- Litigation

- Other Matters

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| NOTE 3 – EXPENSES (CONTINUED) | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|---|--|
| (g) Administration expenses Fees/allowances – meetings and conferences Penalties – via RO Act or RO Regulations Consideration to employers for payroll deductions | - - - | - - - |
| Commissions and honorariums Conference and meeting expenses Compulsory Levies | 79,856 11,697 | 80,363 9,354 |
| - AMIEU – Federal (Queensland portion of the Australian Council of Trade Unions IR levy) | - | 12,230 |
| ,, | 91,553 | 101,947 |
| (h) Other expenses Advertising Member functions and events Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Bad and doubtful debts Building maintenance Travel Translation and communication Merchandise Organising expenses Printing, postage and stationery Professional fees Computer expenses Insurances Website Other expenses | 17,613 19,086 | 53,758 17,082 368 1,301 63,729 32,886 36,907 3,848 76,328 61,994 17,750 38,194 22,252 28,542 71,719 526,658 |
| (i) Affiliation fees Queensland Council of Unions Rockhampton Branch Queensland Council of Unions Townsville Branch Queensland Council of Unions Union Shopper Australian Labor Party State of Queensland The Left Ipswich Trades Hall & Labor Day Committee | 50 100 45,994 - 30,338 - 30 76,512 | 45 50 37,876 12,837 44,816 9 30 95,663 |
| (j) Capitation fees- Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union –Federal Council (AMIEU – Federal Council) | 133,443 | 132,982 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|---|---|
| Cash on hand Cash at bank Short-term bank deposits | 2,120 568,532 1,941,153 2,511,805 | 2,404 795,412 1,884,330 2,682,146 |
| The effective interest rate on the Union's cash assets was 2.79% (2014) | 3.33%). | |
| NOTE 5 -TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES | | |
| CURRENT Receivables from other reporting units - AMIEU – Federal Council - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Victorian Branch (AMIEU – Victorian Branch) | - - | 94 74,949 |
| Less provision for doubtful debts Total Receivable from other reporting units | | 75,043 - 75,043 |
| Other receivables - Other Trade receivables - Accrued income Total other receivables | 4,607 94,669 99,276 | 80,371 80,371 |
| Total current trade and other receivables | 99,276 | 155,414 |
| NON-CURRENT Receivables from other reporting units - AMIEU – Victorian Branch Total non-current trade and other receivables | | |
| Total trade and other receivables | 99,276 | 155,414 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 5 -TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk - Trade and Other Receivables

The Union has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Union. On a geographical basis, the Union's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Union's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Union and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating the debt may not be fully repaid by the Union.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

| | Gross Amount | Past due and | e Past due but not impaired | | ired | Within initial trade terms | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----|-------------|----------------------------|---------|
| | | impaired | | (da | ys overdue) | | |
| | \$ | • \$ | < 30 | • | 31-60 | 60+ | \$ |
| 2015 | | | | | | | |
| Receivables from other reporting units | - | - | | - | - | - | <u></u> |
| Other receivables | 99,276 | _ | | - | - | - | 99,276 |
| Total | 99,276 | | | _ | | | 99,276 |
| 2014 | | | | | | | |
| Receivables from other reporting units | 75,043 | _ | | - | - | - | 75,043 |
| Other receivables | 80,371 | _ | | - | - | - | 80,371 |
| Total | 155,414 | - | | - | - | | 155,414 |

(b) Collateral held as security

The Union does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2014 (2013: Nil).

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|--------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| (c) Financial assets classified as loans and receivables | | |
| Trade and other receivables | | |
| - current | 99,276 | 155,414 |
| - non-current | | |
| Total financial assets | 99,276 | 155,414 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| NOTE 6 – INVENTORY | | |
| Finished goods | 21,033 21,033 | 26,533 26,533 |
| NOTE 7 – OTHER ASSETS | | |
| Prepayments Security deposit | 33,977 800 34,777 | 32,757 800 33,557 |
| NOTE 8 – FINANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| NON-CURRENT Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 8 (a) | 773,261 | 738,260 |
| (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise: Managed Investment – Q-Invest | 773,261 773,261 | 738,260 738,260 |
| It is the Committee of Management's expectation that the Union management funds for a period of greater than 12 months. | will continue to | hold onto its |
| NOTE 9 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | |
| Furniture and fittings: At cost Accumulated Depreciation Total furniture and fittings | 59,999 (47,431) 12,568 | 59,999 (42,896) 17,103 |
| Land and building: At cost Accumulated Depreciation Total land and building | 1,260,791 (1,201,521) 59,270 | 1,260,791 (1,190,064) 70,727 |
| Office equipment: At cost Accumulated Depreciation Total office equipment | 166,185 (109,890) 56,295 | 131,605 (87,630) 43,975 |
| Motor Vehicles: At cost Accumulated Depreciation Total motor vehicles | 482,196 (287,237) 194,959 | 475,487 (272,107) 203,380 |
| Total Property, Plant & Equipment | 323,092 | 335,185 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 9 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

| | Furniture & Fittings | Land & Buildings | Office Equipment | Motor Vehicles | Total |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Balance at 1 July 2013 | 17,767 | 133,767 | 57,988 | 291,215 | 500,737 |
| Additions | 4,278 | - | 8,430 | · - | 12,708 |
| Disposals (at written down value) | - | _ | (569) | _ | (569) |
| Depreciation expense | (4,942) | (63,040) | (21,874) | (87,835) | (177,691) |
| Carrying amount at 30 June 2014 | 17,103 | 70,727 | 43,975 | 203,380 | 335,185 |
| | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2014 | 17,103 | 70,727 | 43,975 | 203,380 | 335,185 |
| Additions | - | - | 34,788 | 85,712 | 120,500 |
| Disposals (at written down value) | - | - | - | (2,277) | (2,277) |
| Depreciation expense | (4,535) | (11 <u>,</u> 457) | (22,468) | (91,856) | (130,316) |
| Carrying amount at 30 June 2015 | 12,568 | 59, 2 70 | 56,295 | 194,959 | 323,092 |

(b) Valuations

The Union had its land and buildings revalued for insurance purposes on 21 August 2012 at \$3,170,000. The Union's accounting policy is to hold its land and buildings at cost less accumulated depreciation. As a result, this valuation has not been reflected in the Union's financial statements.

| | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| NOTE 10 - TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | Ψ | Ψ |
| Trade payables - Trade payables and accruals | 22,640 | 44,334 |
| Other payables - GST payable - Legal costs payable - Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - Other payables | 40,324 - - 52,389 92,713 | 41,123 - - - 40,364 81,487 |
| Payables to other reporting units | | |
| Total Trade and other Payables | 115,353 | 125,821 |
| (a) Financial Liabilities at amortisation cost Classified as trade payables Trade and other payables | 115,353 | 125,821 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 11 - PROVISIONS

| Opening balance at 1 July 2014 Additional provisions raised during the year Amounts used | Annual Leave \$ 210,309 123,546 (98,944) | Vesting Sick Leave \$ 111,911 63,997 (40,536) | Long Service Leave \$ 251,797 41,616 (11,428) | Separation & Redundancy \$ - 26,519 | Total \$ 574,017 255,678 (150,908) |
|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Balance at 30 June 2015 | 234,911 | 135,372 | 281,985 | 26,519 | 678,787 |
| | | | | 2015 | 2014 |
| Analysis of total provisions Current employee benefits | | | | \$ | \$ |
| - Annual leave | | | | 34,911 | 210,309 |
| - Vesting personal leave | | | | 35,372 | 111,911 |
| Long service leaveSeparation and redundancies | | | | 81,985 26,519 | 251,797 |
| - Separation and redundancies | | | | 78,787 | 574,017 |
| Total employee benefits provisions | | | 6 | 78,787 | 574,017 |
| Employee benefits split between: Officeholders | | | | | |
| - Annual leave | | | • | 78,643 | 82,693 |
| - Separation and redundancies | | | | - 45 022 | - |
| Vesting sick leaveLong service leave | | | | 45,833 80,378 | 41,971 73,767 |
| - Other | | | , | - | 73,707 |
| Gillo | | | 2 | 04,854 | 198,431 |
| Non-officeholders | | | | | |
| - Annual leave | | | | 56,268 | 127,616 |
| - Separation and redundancies | | | | 26,519 20,520 | - |
| Vesting sick leaveLong service leave | | | | 89,539 01,607 | 69,940 178,030 |
| - Other | | | 2 | - 1,00 <i>1</i> | 170,030 |
| Ottion | | | 4 | 73,933 | 375,586 |
| Total employee benefits | | | 6 | 78,787 | 574,017 |

NOTE 12 - CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, at banks and on deposits or any other cash held that can be readily convertible to a known amount of cash and be subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

| Cash on hand | 2,120 | 2,404 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Cash at bank | 568,532 | 795,412 |
| Short-term bank deposits | 1,941,153 | 1,884,330 |
| | 2,511,805 | 2,682,146 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
|---|---|--|
| NOTE 12 – CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED) | Ψ | Ψ |
| (b) Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Net Profit after Income Tax | | |
| Deficit from ordinary activities | (302,153) | (147,955)_ |
| Non cash flows in profit from ordinary activities - Depreciation & Amortisation - Unrealised (gain)/ loss on managed investment - (Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - Net interest (income) /expense on related party loan Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) / decrease in trade receivables (Increase) / decrease in other assets (Increase) / decrease in inventories Increase / (decrease) in trade payables and accruals Increase / (decrease) in provisions | 130,316 (4,658) (10,887) (5,051) 109,720 (18,811) (1,220) 5,500 (10,468) 104,770 79,771 | 177,691 (27,969) 370 (15,048) 135,044 (53,349) 17,814 (6,066) 34,222 92,579 85,200 |
| Net Cash provided by Operating Activities | (112,662) | 72,289 |
| (c) Credit Standby Arrangements and Loan Facilities | | |
| The Union has a credit card facility amounting to \$20,000 (2014: \$20,000) any time at the option of the bank. The balance of the facility is cleared (d) Cash flows to/from other reporting units Included in the statement of cash flows under operating activities are the following receipts and payments to other reporting units | | terminated at |
| Receipts from other reporting units - AMIEU – Federal Council - AMIEU – Victorian Branch - Construction, Forestry, Mining and Energy Union Total receipts from other reporting units | 2,027 80,000 - 82,027 | 1,779 75,000 94 76,873 |
| Payments to other reporting units - AMIEU – Federal Council Total payments to other reporting units | 146,787 146,787 | 165,509 165,509 |

Net cash paid to other reporting units

64,760

88,636

^{*}The above transactions are inclusive of GST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

| 2014 | 2015 |
|------|------|
| \$ | \$ |

NOTE 13 – LEASING COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating Lease Commitments Receivable - Building

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements.

| Minimum lease payments | 56,627 | 140,016 |
|----------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| - greater than 5 years | _ | |
| - between 12 months and 5 years | 19,771 | 85,543 |
| - not later than 12 months | 36,856 | 54,473 |
| Payable – Minimum lease payments | | |

The office space located on 39 Lytton Road, East Brisbane is leased to two tenants. The leases are non-cancellable leases with terms between 3 - 5 years, and rent is payable monthly in advance. Contingent rental provisions within the lease agreement require that the minimum lease payments shall be increased by the lower of CPI or 3% per annum.

NOTE 14 - INTER-BRANCH TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with other branches of Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Queensland Branch (AMIEU – Queensland Branch) are on terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

| (a) AMIEU – Federal Council | | |
|---|---------|---------|
| *Ticket sales received | 373 | 369 |
| *Reimbursement of various expenses received | 1,470 | 1,373 |
| *Capitation fees paid to AMIEU Federal Council | 133,443 | 132,982 |
| *Compulsory levy paid to AMIEU Federal Council | - | 12,230 |
| *Journal costs paid to AMIEU Federal Council | - | 5,001 |
| *Sponsorship paid to AMIEU Federal Council | - | 250 |
| Other various expenses receivable from AMIEU | - | 94 |
| (b) Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle and Northern Branch | | |
| *Reimbursement of translation costs received | - | 85 |
| | | |
| (c) AMIEU – Victorian Branch | | |
| Loan repayments received | 80,000 | 75,000 |

The above transactions are shown net of GST. GST is applicable on all the above transactions marked with a "*" and therefore would increase the value by 10%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 15 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Union's main related parties are as follows:

(a) Key Management Personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any committee of management member of the Union, is considered key management personnel.

For details of disclosures relating to key management personnel, refer to Note 16.

(b) Other Related Parties

Other related parties include other Australasian Meat Industry Employee Union branches including the Federal Branch.

(c) Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal Commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

For details of the transactions with other related parties refer to Note 14.

Details of the loan receivable from the AMIEU - Victorian Branch are as follows:

| S | v |
|---|------|
| ii. Trade and other receivables | · |
| - beginning of the year 74,949 134 | ,900 |
| | 000) |
| - unwinding of the discounted loan value 5,051 15 | ,049 |
| | ,949 |

During the 2012 financial year the Union agreed to lend \$200,000 to the AMIEU-Victorian Branch on a non-commercial arm's length basis. Repayment terms are set out in the loan term which states repayment must be made by April 2015. There is no interest payable or security provided on this loan.

Under Australian Accounting Standards, loans and receivables require an entity to measure interest free loans at fair value, using commercial market interest rates issued on an arm's length basis on similar loan terms in the market place. In determining the value of this related party loan, the Committee of Management have fair valued the loan balance using an interest rate of 9% as a market based interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 16 - KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Key management personnel comprise of those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Union. During the year, the key management personnel of the Union were remunerated as follows:

| | Short-Term Benefits | Post-Employment Benefits | Termination Benefits | Total |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2015 Total compensation | 245,949 | 38,367 | - | 284,316 |
| 2014 Total compensation | 269,540 | 41,366 | _ | 310,906 |
| Key management personnel committee of Management me | | anch Secretary, Assistar | t Branch Secretary | / and |
| Committee of Management Inc | ombers. | | 2015 \$ | 2014 \$ |
| NOTE 17 – AUDITORS REMU | INERATION | | • | ř |
| Amounts received or due and | receivable by the | auditor of the Union for | : | |
| (a) audit of the financial statem (b) other services | ents of the Unior | 1 | 17,850 1,900 19,750 | 17,350 1,365 18,715 |

NOTE 18 - EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Union, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Union in future financial years.

NOTE 19 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Union operates solely in one reporting segment being the provision of trade union services in Australia.

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Union's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

| Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Loans and receivables Fair value through profit or loss: | 4 5 | 2,511,805 99,276 | 2,682,146 155,414 |
|---|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| - Managed Investments | 8 | 773,261 3,384,342 | 738,260 3,575,820 |
| Financial liabilities – at amortised cost: - Trade and other payables | 10 | 115,353 115,353 | 125,821 125,821 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Financial Risk Management Policies

The Committee of Management monitors the Union's financial risk management policies and exposures and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to commodity price risk, counterparty credit risk, currency risk, financing risk and interest rate risk. The Committee of Management meets monthly to review the financial exposure of the Union.

The main risk the Union is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, consisting of interest rate risk.

(a) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss for the Union.

The Union does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees and dues.

Credit Risk Exposures

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

Accounts receivable and other debtors that are neither past due nor impaired are considered to be of high credit quality. Aggregates of such amounts are detailed in Note 5.

The Union has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. Details with respect to credit risk of accounts receivable and other debtors are provided in Note 5.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved Board policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealths bank guarantee. At 30 June 2015, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Union might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Union manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Union does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Financial liability and financial asset maturity analysis

| | Within 1 Year | | 1 to 5 Years Over 5 Years Total | | Within 1 Year 1 to 5 Years Over 5 Years | | Over 5 Years | | al |
|--|---------------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------|---|---------|--------------|-----------|----|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Financial liabilities due for payment | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other payables (excluding estimated annual leave) | 115,353 | 125,821 | - | - | - | _ | 115,353 | 125,821 | |
| Total expected outflows | 115,353 | 125,821 | - | | <u>-</u> | | 115,353 | 125,821 | |
| Financial assets – cash flows realisable | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 2,511,805 | 2,682,146 | - | - | - | - | 2,511,805 | 2,682,146 | |
| Accounts receivable and other debtors | 99,276 | 155,414 | - | - | - | - | 99,276 | 155,414 | |
| Other financial assets | | <u> </u> | | | 773,261 | 738,260 | 773,261 | 738,260 | |
| Total anticipated inflows | 2,611,081 | 2,837,560 | | | 773,261 | 738,260 | 3,384,342 | 3,575,820 | |
| Net (outflow)/inflow on financial instruments | 2,495,728 | 2,711,739 | _ | <u>-</u> | 773,261 | 738,260 | 3,268,989 | 3,449,999 | |

(c) Market risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Union is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

The financial instruments which expose the Union to interest rate risk are limited to its cash investments.

ii. Other price risk

Other price risk relates to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) of securities held.

The Union is exposed to other price risk on its investments held within a managed investment fund. Such risk is managed through diversification of investments across industries and geographical locations.

The Union's investments are held in the following sectors at reporting date:

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|
| | % | % |
| Cash assets | 0-35 | 0-35 |
| Diversified fixed interest | 0-35 | 0-35 |
| Property | 0-15 | 0-15 |
| Australian shares | 20-60 | 20-30 |
| International shares | 20-60 | 20-30 |
| Alternative investments | 0-45 | 0-35 |
| Foreign currency exposure | -2-30 | -2-25 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Market risk (Continued)

iii. Foreign Exchange Risk

The Union is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iv. Price Risk

The Union is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

Sensitivity analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Union's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

| | Profit | Equity |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Year ended 30 June 2015 | | |
| +2% in interest rates | +50,194 | +50,194 |
| -2% in interest rates | -48,909 | -48,909 |
| +/-10% in managed investment funds | +/-77,326 | +/-77,326 |
| Year ended 30 June 2014 | | |
| +2% in interest rates | +55,194 | +55,194 |
| -2% in interest rates | -51,623 | -51,623 |
| +/-10% in managed investment funds | +/-73,826 | +/-73,826 |

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Union has no material exposures to currency risk.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

Fair values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Union. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Union.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Market risk (Continued)

Fair values (Continued)

Fair value estimation (Continued)

| | • | 2015 | | 20 | 14 |
|--|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|
| | Footnote | Carrying value | Fair value | Carrying value | Fair value |
| Financial courts | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and | (i) (i) | 2,511,805 | 2,511,805 | 2,682,146 | 2,682,146 |
| other debtors Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - at fair value | (4) | 99,276 | 99,276 | 155,414 | 155,414 |
| - managed investment funds | (ii) | 773,261 | 773,261 | 738,260 | 738,260 |
| Total financial assets | | 3,384,342 | 3,384,342 | 3,575,820 | 3,575,820 |
| Financial liabilities Accounts payable and other payables | (i) | 115,353 | 115,353 | 125,821 | 125,821 |
| Total financial liabilities | | 115,353 | 115,353 | 125,821 | 125,821 |
| | | | | | |

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

- (i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.
- (ii) For listed investments (via a managed investment fund), closing quoted bid prices at the end of the reporting period are used.

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Market risk (Continued)

The following tables provide an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

Fair value hierarchy – 30 June 2015

| | Note | Date of Valuation | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|--|------|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Assets measured at fair value Financial Assets at fair value | | | | | |
| through profit or loss - Shares in managed funds | 8 | 30 June 2015 | 773,261 | - | - |
| Total financial assets recognised at fair value on a recurring basis | | == | 773,261 | - | - |

The Union does not have any liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

Fair value hierarchy – 30 June 2014

| | Note | Date of Valuation | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|------|----------------------|-------------|---------|---------|
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Assets measured at fair value Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss - Shares in managed funds | 8 | 30 June 2014 | 738,260 | - | - - |
| Total financial assets recognised at fair value on a | | - | 738,260 | | |
| recurring basis | | = | | | |

The Union does not have any liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

NOTE 21 – UNION DETAILS

The principal place of business of the Union is:

Level 1 39 Lytton Road EAST BRISBANE QLD 4169

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 22 – NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the following provision of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of Section 272, which reads as follows:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the General Manager, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

The purposes of which the Union is established are:

- (a) To uphold the rights of organisation of labour and to improve, protect and foster the best interests of its members, and to subscribe and/ or co-operate with a policy of improving the cultural and living standards of its members.
- (b) To protect the interests of workers in the regulation of conditions of labour, with the ultimate view of securing to the workers the full value of their labour by the socialisation of industry, production, distribution and exchange.
- (c) To promote industrial peace by amicable means and to make arrangements to settle industrial disputes.
- (d) To assist, by just and equitable methods, in the settlement of any differences which may arise between the members and their employers.
- (e) To negotiate agreements with the employers of members through collective bargaining and lawful collective industrial action.
- (f) To establish a fund for the purpose of advancing the best interests of its members.
- (g) To provide legal and other assistance to financial members whenever and wherever considered necessary.
- (h) To raise funds by levy for the attainment of the objects of the Union as set out herein.
- (i) To establish branches in the Commonwealth.
- (j) To affiliate, to federate with, or otherwise combine with any Trade or Industrial Union or Association of Trade Unions or any other organisations having objects in whole or in part similar with other Unions.
- (k) To establish funeral and other benefits.
- (I) To assist any establishment and maintenance of Labour and Trade union Newspapers and other television, radio, internet and other media organisations and to invest in shares in such Newspapers and Broadcasting and Television Stations.
- (m) To pay affiliation fees to assist financially or otherwise any bona fide Labour or Trade Union organisation or association.
- (n) To establish and manage a Union Journal.
- (o) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire and otherwise acquire any real property and in particular any land, buildings or easements for any purpose connected with the conduct of the Union.
- (p) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Union may see fit, to secure the same, or the re-payment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred, or to be entered into by the Union in any way, and to redeem or pay off such securities.
- (q) Sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, leave, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Union.
- (r) To establish, operate and maintain services for health.
- (s) To enter into contracts and agreements and to borrow for the purpose of furthering directly or indirectly any one or more of these objects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 23 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Union (2014: Nil).





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TO THE MEMBERS OF AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - QUEENSLAND BRANCH

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

Report on the Financial Report

e: info@mgisq.com.au www.mgisq.com.au

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - Queensland Branch ("The Union"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of recovery of wages activity for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes and the Committee of Management's Operating Report.

Committee's Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the committee of management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Matters Relating to the Electronic Presentation of the Audited Financial Report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Union for the year ended 30 June 2015 included on Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - Queensland Branch website. The Union's Committee of Management are responsible for the integrity of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - Queensland Branch's website. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - Queensland Branch's website. The auditor's report refers only to the statements named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/ from these statements. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on this website.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of Australian

professional ethical pronouncements.

Declarations

We declare that we are an approved auditor as defined in Regulation 4 of the Fair Work

(Registered Organisations) Regulations 2009.

We declare that we are members of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and hold a

current Public Practice Certificate.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union -

Queensland Branch is in accordance with:

(1) the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, including:

(i) giving a true and fair view of the Union's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its

performance for the year ended on that date; and

(ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards.

(2) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed

in Note 1.

(3) the Union has kept satisfactory accounting records for the financial year including records of:

(i) the sources and nature of the Union's income, including membership subscriptions and

other income from members; and

(ii) the nature of and reasons for the Union's expenditure.

(4) All the information and explanations that officers or employees of the Union were required to

provide have been provided.

(5) There was no deficiency, failure or shortcoming in any matters referred to in (1) to (4) above.

(6) The Union's use of the going concern basis of accounting used in the preparation of the

Union's financial statements is appropriate.

M.C.I

MGI Audit (Q) Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Chartered Accountant and holder of a Certificate of Public Practice

Brisbane

29 September 2015

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