

18 December 2017

Mr Andrew Foden Secretary, Tasmanian Branch Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union

Sent via email:

Dear Mr Foden

Re: – Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union, Tasmanian Branch - financial report for year ending 30 June 2017 (FR2017/147)

I refer to the financial report of the Tasmanian Branch of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees' Union. The documents were lodged with the Registered Organisations Commission ('the ROC') on 4 December 2017. An amended Designated Officer Certificate was received today.

The financial report has been filed. The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming whether the financial reporting timelines required under s.253, s.265, s.266 and s.268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under s.268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged. However I make the following comments to assist you when preparing the next report. Please note the financial report for the period ending 30 June 2018 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

Documents must be lodged with ROC within 14 days of presentation meeting

Section 268 of the RO Act requires the full report and designated officer's certificate to be lodged with the ROC within 14 days of the meeting at which the full report is presented for the purposes of section 266. The amended Designated Officer's Certificate indicates that this meeting occurred on 21 September 2017. If this is correct the full report should have been lodged with the ROC by 5 October 2017.

Please note that in future financial years if the Branch anticipates that it cannot lodge on time, a written request for an extension of time, signed by a relevant officer, including any reason for the delay, must be made prior to the expiry of the 14 day period prescribed.

Reporting Requirements

On the ROC website is a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The most recent copy of the Reporting Guidelines and a model set of financial statements can also be found. The ROC recommends reporting units use this model as it will assist in ensuring compliance with the RO Act, the s.253 Reporting Guidelines and the Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information may be obtained via this link.

Please note that new Reporting Guidelines will apply to organisations and branches with financial years *commencing* on or after 1 July 2017. Updates and information on the new guidelines will be provided through the ROC website and the <u>subscription service</u>.

Yours faithfully

Stephen Kellett

Financial Reporting

Registered Organisations Commission



Australasían Meat Industry Employees Union Tasmanian Branch

Registered under Workplace Relations Act 1996. ABN: 40 641 210 126

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AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH

s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

Certificate By Prescribed Designated Officer

Certificate for the year ended 30 June 2017

I Andrew Foden being the Branch Secretary of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union — Tasmania Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on the website on the 7th November 2017 and
- That the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 21 September 2017 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer:		
Name of prescribed designated officer:	/	FOREN
Title of prescribed designated officer:	Secretary	TRANSUCAR
Dated: 13/12/2017	*****	

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union

S.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

Certificate for the year ended 30 June 2017

I Andrew Foden being the Secretary/Treasurer of the Tasmania Branch of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on the website and
- that the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 24 August 2017 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer
Name of prescribed designated officerAndrew Foden
Title of prescribed designated officer:Secretary/Treasurer
Dated: 4/12/2017

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH ABN 40 641 210 126 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - TASMANIA BRANCH

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Operating Report

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch ("the Branch"), for the year ended 30 June 2017

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch is to act on behalf of members in pursuit of the objects of the Union's rules Predominately the activities of the Branch are to provide industrial representation and services for members

Operating Results

The deficit for the financial year amounted to \$20,006 (2016 deficit \$2,485)

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

A review of the operations of the Union during the financial year found that there was no significant change in the financial affairs of the Union's operations during the year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Branch or the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Branch

Environmental Issues

The Branch's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory

Members Right to Resign

A member may resign from the Branch by written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch in which membership is held

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - TASMANIA BRANCH

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Membership of the Branch

Total number of members as at 30 June 2017 472 (2016 437)

Employees of the Branch

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 1 0 (2016 1 0)

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows

Name	Period of Appointment	Position
Howard Donovan	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Branch President
Steven McKenna	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Branch Assistant President
Troy Baker	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Branch Secretary
Darren Goodyer	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Branch Assistant Secretary
Cindy Tarrant	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Committee Member
Cynthia Goodyer	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Committee Member
Harry Reasons	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Committee Member
Lisa Cook	1/7/16 - 30/6/17	Committee Member

Indemnifying Officers or Auditors

The Branch has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings, or
- paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings

Wages Recovery Activity

The Branch has not undertaken any recovery of wages activity for the financial years ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

No officers or committee members hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2) (d) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Troy Baker

Branch Secretary

24 August 2017

Launceston



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION
TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE

e info@mgisq.com.au www.mgisq.com.au

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - TASMANIA BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch for the year ended 30 June 2017, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit

M.4.D

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Brisbane

24 August 2017

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act) AA2017/2

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - TASMANIA BRANCH COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

On 24 August 2017, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion.

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards,
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the Commissioner,
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate,
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable, and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- neetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the union concerned; and
- ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation,
- the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act;
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation,
- v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or Commissioner, and
- vi there have been no orders for inspection of financial records made by the Registered Organisations Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year
- (f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting year

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer:

Troy Baker

Title of Designated Officer:

Branch Secretary

Signature:

Date:

24 August 2017

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Independent Audit Report to the Members of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the Committee of Management Statement

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch as at 30 June 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards, and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act)

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

Inherent Uncertainty Regarding Continuation as a Going Concern

Without qualification to the opinion expressed above, we draw attention to Note 1 19 in the financial report, which indicates that the Branch as of 30 June 2017 has limited retained earnings of \$7,700, incurred a deficit of \$20,006 and had operating cash outflows of \$14,230. This condition, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1 19 indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast doubt about the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore the Branch may be unable to release its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business in the absence of support by other reporting units or its members.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Branch's internal control
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate

Opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report

The scope of my work extended to the recovery of wages activity and we have audited the recovery of wages activity financial report for the year ended 30 June 2017

In our opinion, the financial statements and notes and recovery of wages activity financial report properly and fairly report all information required by the reporting guidelines of the Commissioner, including

- any fees charged to, or reimbursements of expenses claimed from, members and others for recovery of wages activity, and
- b) any donations or other contributions deducted from recovered money

Responsibilities

The Committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the recovery of wages activity financial report in accordance with the reporting guidelines of the Commission. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

M.G.T

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G | Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Brisbane

24 August 2017

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act) AA2017/2

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue			
Membership subscription		153,966	165,620
Capitation fees	4A	-	_
Levies	4B	-	-
Interest	4C	563	715
Grants or donations	4D	-	-
Other revenue	_	<u>-</u>	
Total revenue	_	154,529	166,335
Expenses			
Employee expenses	5A	(96,933)	(85,556)
Capitation fees	5B	(9,597)	(9,468)
Affiliation fees	5C	-	-
Administration expenses	5D	(57,252)	(64,371)
Grants or donations	5E	(628)	(768)
Depreciation and amortisation	5F	(4,500)	(1,980)
Legal costs	5G	-	(2,727)
Audit fees	13	(5,625)	(3,950)
Other expenses	5H _		
Total expenses	_	(174,535)	(168,820)
Deficit for the year	=	(20,006)	(2,485)
Other comprehensive income			
Other Comprehensive income (net of income tax)		-	~
Total comprehensive income for the year		(20,006)	(2,485)

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6A	40,605	54,835
Trade and other receivables	6B	-	
Total current assets		40,605	54,835
Non-Current Assets			
Plant and equipment	7A	3,420	7,920
Total non-current assets		3,420	7,920
Total assets		44,025	62,755
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	8A	4,676	1,687
Other payables	8B	6,884	13,645
Employee provisions	9A	24,765	19,717
Total current liabilities	_	36,325	35,049
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	9A	-	
Total non-current liabilities	_		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		36,325	35,049
Net assets	_	7,700	27,706
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		7,700	27,706
Total equity		7,700	27,706

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		Retained earnings	Total equity	
	Notes	\$	\$	
Balance as at 1 July 2015		30,191	30,191	
Deficit for the year		(2,485)	(2,485)	
Other comprehensive income		-	-	
Closing balance as at 30 June 2016	_	27,706	27,706	
Deficit for the year		(20,006)	(20,006)	
Other comprehensive income		-	-	
Closing balance as at 30 June 2017	_	7,700	7,700	

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units	10B	-	-
Receipts from members and other customers		169,363	165,854
Interest		563	715
	-	169,926	166,569
Cash used			
Employees and suppliers		(157,123)	(149,742)
Payment to other reporting units	10B	(27,033)	(21,679)
	_	(184,156)	(171,421)
Net cash used by operating activities	<u> </u>	(14,230)	(4,852)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	-	<u> </u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash held	_	(14,230)	(4,852)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	_	54,835	59,687
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	6A	40,605	54,835

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH RECOVERY OF WAGES ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at beginning of		
year	-	-
Receipts		
Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages etc	-	-
Interest received on recovered money	<u>-</u>	
Total receipts	<u>.</u>	-
Payments		
Deductions of amounts due in respect of membership for		
12 months or less	-	-
Greater than 12 months	-	-
Deductions of donations or other contributions to accounts or		
funds of		
The reporting unit		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Name of other reporting unit of the organisation		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Name of other entity		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	_
Deductions of fees or reimbursement of expenses	-	_
Payments to workers in respect of recovered money	-	_
Total payments	_	
. ,		
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at end of year	-	
The same of the sa		
Number of workers to which the monies recovered relates	-	-
Aggregate payables to workers attributable to recovered mon Payable balance	ies but not yet distribute	ed -
Number of workers the payable relates to		
radifibor of workers the payable relates to	-	-
Fund or account operated for recovery of wages	-	_

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - TASMANIA BRANCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009* For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Australian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch (the Branch) is a not-for-profit entity

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period

Key Estimates

Impairment – general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year

Key Judgements

Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset

Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history

On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workers compensation and payroll tax

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard requirements

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the future reporting period that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include

 AASB 9 Financial Instruments and associated Amending Standards (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

The Standard will be applicable retrospectively (subject to the provisions on hedge accounting outlined below) and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, revised recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments, and simplified requirements for hedge accounting

The key changes that may affect the Branch on initial application include certain simplifications to the classification of financial assets, simplifications to the accounting of embedded derivatives, upfront accounting for expected credit loss, and the irrevocable election to recognise gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income AASB 9 also introduces a new model for hedge accounting that will allow greater flexibility in the ability to hedge risk, particularly with respect to hedges of non-financial items. Should the entity elect to change its hedge policies in line with the new hedge accounting requirements of this Standard, the application of such accounting would be largely prospective.

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 9 will significant affect the Branch

 AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, as deferred by AASB 2015-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of AASB 15)

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to revenue with a single, principles-based model Except for a limited number of exceptions, including leases, the new revenue model in AASB 15 will apply to all contracts with customers as well as non-monetary exchanges between entities in the same line of business to facilitate sales to customers and potential customers

The core principle of the Standard is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for the goods or services

This Standard will require retrospective restatement, as well as enhanced disclosures regarding revenue

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 15 will significant affect the Branch

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements (continued)

 AASB 16 Leases (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019)

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to leases in AASB 117 Leases and related Interpretations AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model that eliminates the requirement for leases to be classified as operating or finance leases. The main changes introduced by the new Standard include

- recognition of a right-to-use asset and liability for all leases (excluding short-term leases with less than 12 months of tenure and leases relating to low-value assets),
- depreciation of right-to-use assets in line with AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment in profit or loss and unwinding of the liability in principal and interest components,
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability using the index or rate at the commencement date,
- by applying a practical expedient, a lessee is permitted to elect not to separate non-lease components and instead account for all components as a lease, and
- additional disclosure requirements

The transitional provisions of AASB 16 allow a lessee to either retrospectively apply the Standard to comparatives in line with AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors or recognise the cumulative effect of retrospective application as an adjustment to opening equity on the date of initial application

Although the Committee of Management anticipate that the adoption of AASB 16 will impact the Branch's financial statements, it is impracticable at this stage to provide a reasonable estimate of such impact

1.5 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable

Revenue from subscriptions is accounted for on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the entity retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods, the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity

Donation income is recognised when it is received

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account. Collectability of debts is reviewed at end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Gains

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer

1.7 Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates

1.8 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

1.9 Leases

Operating lease payments are expensed on a straight-line basis which is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets

1.10 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.12 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised upon trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if

- It has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term, or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking, or
- It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise, or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis, or
- It forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139 'Financial Instruments' Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the reporting unit has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Available-for-sale

Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the reporting unit that are traded in an active market are classified as available-for-sale and are stated at fair value. The reporting unit also has investments in unlisted shares that are not traded in an active market but that are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the reporting unit right to receive the dividends is established. The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognised in profit or loss are determined based on the amortised cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Loan and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis except for debt instruments other than those financial assets that are recognised at fair value through profit or loss

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the reporting units past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 60 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of available-for-sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - TASMANIA BRANCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Branch derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. The difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

1.13 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term, or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking, or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise, or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis, or
- It forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139 'Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings and trade and other payables, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Branch derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the reporting units obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amounts of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

1.14 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote

1.15 Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives

2017 2016 Motor Vehicles 5 years 5 years

Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

1.17 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50 1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1997 however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, and
- for receivables and payables

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

1.18 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 15.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either.

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.19 Going concern

The Branch is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis

The Branch has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis

Notwithstanding the Branch's limited retained earnings balance of \$7,700, incurring a material deficit of \$20,006 and operating cash outflows of \$14,230 during the 30 June 2017 year, the financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlements of liabilities in the ordinary course of business

The Committee of Management has determined that the financial report should be prepared on a going concern basis due to the following reasons

- The Branch's current liabilities at 30 June 2017 totalled \$36,325 of which \$24,765 relate to
 employee leave entitlements. The Committee of Management believe that not all of these
 leave entitlements are likely to be paid out within the next 12 months (even though they are
 currently vesting and the Branch does not have an unconditional right of deferral of more than
 12 months)
- The Branch has cash reserves of \$40,605 at 30 June 2017
- The Branch continues to meet its current creditor commitments
- The Committee of Management and Branch Secretary continue to maintain a focus on both increasing the number of financial members and reducing operating costs of the Branch

The Committee of Management also note that at the date of approval of the financial statements, no formal request for financial assistance (such as the form of a loan, payment of a grant etc.) has been sought by the Branch from any other reporting unit with the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union

Having regard to the above factors, the Committee of Management are of the opinion that the basis upon which the financial report is presented is appropriate given the circumstances Accordingly, no adjustments have been made to the recoverability and reclassification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Branch not continue as a going concern

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - TASMANIA BRANCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 2 Prior Period Error

A prior period error has been identified in the 2016 financial statements in respect to the accounting for the Branch's leave entitlements. A review of all leave entitlements was conducted from the commencement date of each employee of the Branch and as a result, additional leave balances have been reflected in the financial statements.

The impact on the financial statements is as follows

Statement of Comprehensive Income	Note	Previously Audited (30 June 2016)	Adjustments	Revised (30 June 2016)
Revenue				
Membership subscription		165,620	0	165,620
Capitation fees		0	0	0
Levies		0	0	0
Interest		715	0	715
Grants or donations		0	0	0
Other revenue		0	0	0
Total Revenue		166,335	0	166,335
Expenses				
Employee expenses	1	(83,845)	(1,711)	(85,556)
Capitation fees		(9,468)	0	(9,468)
Affiliation fees		0	0	0
Administration expenses		(64,371)	0	(64,371)
Grants or donations		(768)	0	(768)
Depreciation and amortisation		(1,980)	0	(1,980)
Legal costs		(2,727)	0	(2,727)
Audit fees		(3,950)	0	(3,950)
Other expenses		0	0	0
Total expenses		(167,109)	(1,711)	(168,820)
Deficit for the year		(774)	(1,711)	(2,485)
Other comprehensive income				
Other comprehensive income (net of income tax)		(774)	(1,711)	(2,485)

Total comprehensive income for the year

i. Increase relates to the movement in vesting sick leave and associated costs (which previously was not recorded on the statement of financial position

Note 2 Prior Period Error (Continued)

Statement of Financial Position	Note	Previously Audited (30 June 2015)	Adjustments		sed (30 2015)	Previously Audited (30 June 2016)	Adjustments	Revised (30 June 2016)
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		59,687		0	59,687		0	•
Trade and other receivables		234		0	234			
Total current assets		59,921		0	59,921	54,835	O	54,835
Non-Current Assets								
Plant and Equipment		9,900		0	9,900	7,920		
Total Non-current assets		9,900	1	0	9,900	7,920	O	7,920
Total assets		69,821		0	69,821	62,755	C	62,755
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Trade Payables		5,112		0	5,112	· ·		•
Other Payables		19,424		0	19,424	· ·		,
Employee Provisions	1	(543)			15,094			
Total current liabilities		23,993	15,63	37	39,630	15,951	19,098	35,049
Non-Current Liabilities								
Employee Provisions	t	2,490						
Total non-current liabilities		2,490	(2,49	0)	C	4,240	(4,240)	0
Total liabilities		26,483	3 13,14	47	39,630	20,191	14,858	35,049
Net Assets		43,338	(13,14	7)	30,191	42,564	(14,858	27,706
EQUITY								
Retained earnings		43,338	(13,14	7)	30,191	42,564	(14,858)	27,706
Total equity		43,338	(13,14	7)	30,191	42,564	(14,858	27,706
Increase in provisions relates to previously unrecord	ded leave li	abilities, comprising	of					
Long service leave		2,490		75	8,465	4,240	6,203	10,443
Vesting personal leave		C	7,17	72	7,172	2 0	8,655	8,655
Annual Leave		(543		0	(543			
		1,947	7 13,14	47	15,094	4,859	14,858	19,717

Note 2 Prior Period Error (Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

The prior period error did not impact the statement of cash flows

Note 3 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2017, and /or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 4 Income		
Note 4A: Capitation fees	-	_
Total capitation fees	•	
Note 4B: Levies	<u> </u>	
Total levies	•	
Note 4C: Interest		
Deposits	563	715
Total interest	563	715
Note 4D: Grants or donations		
Grants	-	-
Donations		
Total grants or donations		

Note 5 Expenses Note 5A: Employee expenses Holders of office: Wages and salaries 68,759 66,503 Superannuation 9,939 9,462 Leave and other entitlements 4,892 4,622 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses 13,343 4,969 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 96,933 85,556 Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries - - Superannuation - - Leave and other entitlements - - Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Other employee expenses employees other than office holders - - Total employee expenses 96,933 85,556			2017	2016
Note 5A: Employee expenses Holders of office: Wages and salaries Superannuation Superannuation Superantion and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses holders Wages and salaries Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Subtotal employee expenses holders of office Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Superannuation Superanu			\$	\$
Holders of office: Wages and salaries Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superantion and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses holders of office Superannuation Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Superannuation Superannuation Cher employee expenses Other employee expenses Superantion and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses Superantion and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Note 5	Expenses		
Wages and salaries Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superannuation Superantion and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses holders of office Subtotal employee expenses holders of office Superannuation Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Other employee expenses Superannuation Superannu	Note 5A:	Employee expenses		
Superannuation 9,939 9,462 Leave and other entitlements 4,892 4,622 Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses 13,343 4,969 Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 96,933 85,556 Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses employees other than office holders Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Holders o	of office:		
Leave and other entitlements4,8924,622Separation and redundanciesOther employee expenses13,3434,969Subtotal employee expenses holders of office96,93385,556Employees other than office holders:Wages and salariesSuperannuationLeave and other entitlementsSeparation and redundanciesOther employee expensesSubtotal employee expenses employees other than officeholders	Wages	s and salaries	68,759	66,503
Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses holders of office Subtotal employee expenses holders Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Supera	annuation	9,939	9,462
Other employee expenses holders of office 96,933 85,556 Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Leave	and other entitlements	4,892	4,622
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office96,93385,556Employees other than office holders:	Separa	ation and redundancies	-	-
Employees other than office holders: Wages and salaries Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Other e	employee expenses	13,343	4,969
Wages and salaries Superannuation Leave and other entitlements Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Subtotal	employee expenses holders of office	96,933	85,556
Superannuation	Employee	es other than office holders:		
Leave and other entitlements	Wages	and salaries	-	-
Separation and redundancies Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Supera	annuation	-	-
Other employee expenses Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Leave	and other entitlements	-	-
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	Separa	ation and redundancies	-	-
holders	Other e	employee expenses	-	
Total employee expenses 96,933 85,556		employee expenses employees other than office	-	-
	Total emp	ployee expenses	96,933	85,556

Note 5B: Capitation fees \$ \$ Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 9,597 9,468 Total capitation fees - - Note 5C: Affiliation fees - - Total affiliation fees - - Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Compulsory levies - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conflerence and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals Minimum lease payments - 737 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - -		2017	2016
Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 9,597 9,488 Total capitation fees - - Note 5C: Affiliation fees - - Total affiliation fees - - Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expenses 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less		\$	\$
Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 9,597 9,488 Total capitation fees - - Note 5C: Affiliation fees - - Total affiliation fees - - Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expenses 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	Note 5B: Capitation fees		
Note 5C: Affiliation fees - - Total affiliation fees - - Note 5D: Administration expenses - - Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Council 440 1,978 Conference and meeting expenses - - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 4,332 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Orightic expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals 7 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations 5 7,252 64,371 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	•	9,597	9,468
Note 5D: Administration expenses - - Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals - 737 Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - -	Total capitation fees	9,597	9,468
Note 5D: Administration expenses - - Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals - 737 Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - -	•		
Note 5D: Administration expenses Consideration to employers for payroll deductions -	Note 5C: Affiliation fees		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - <td< td=""><td>Total affiliation fees</td><td>-</td><td></td></td<>	Total affiliation fees	-	
Compulsory levies Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Confrectors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals - 737 Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768	Note 5D: Administration expenses		
Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals - 737 Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations 628 768 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Note 5F: Depreciati	Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
Council 440 1,978 Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals - - 737 Total please rentals - - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations Grants - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - Donations - - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - - T	Compulsory levies		
Conference and meeting expenses 2,239 6,181 Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 628 768 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation - - Depreciation - - Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	· · · · ·	440	1,978
Contractors/ consultants 1,758 4,332 Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 628 768 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation - - Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences	-	-
Property expenses 7,207 7,307 Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals	Conference and meeting expenses	2,239	6,181
Office expenses 34,748 30,533 Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals	Contractors/ consultants	1,758	4,332
Other 10,860 13,303 Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals Image: Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation 4,500 1,980	Property expenses	7,207	7,307
Subtotal administration expense 57,252 63,634 Operating lease rentals	Office expenses	34,748	30,533
Operating lease rentals Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations Strants Construction Construction	Other	10,860	13,303
Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 628 768 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	Subtotal administration expense	57,252	63,634
Minimum lease payments - 737 Total administration expenses 57,252 64,371 Note 5E: Grants or donations - - Grants - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 628 768 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	Operating lease rentals		
Note 5E: Grants or donations 57,252 64,371 Grants Strants Strants <td>•</td> <td>_</td> <td>737</td>	•	_	737
Grants Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 628 768 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980		57,252	64,371
Grants Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 628 768 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	Note 5E: Grants or donations		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Donations Total paid that were \$1,000 or less Total paid that were \$1,000 or less Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Total grants or donations Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment			
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Donations Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	_	_
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Total grants or donations Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 Property	•	-	-
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 Total grants or donations 628 768 Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	·		
Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 628 768 768 A,500 1,980	Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	628	768
Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	•	-	_
Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	Total grants or donations	628	768
Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980			
Depreciation Property, plant and equipment 4,500 1,980	Note 5F: Depreciation and amortisation		
	Depreciation		
Total depreciation 4,500 1,980	Property, plant and equipment	4,500	1,980
	Total depreciation	4,500	1,980

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 5G: Legal costs		
Litigation	-	2,727
Other legal matters	<u> </u>	
Total legal costs	-	2,727
Note 5H: Other expenses		
Penalties – via RO Act or RO Regulations		
Total other expenses		
Note 6 Current Assets		
Note 6A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	10,768	25,560
Cash on hand	-	-
Short term deposits	29,837	29,275
Total cash and cash equivalents	40,605	54,835
Nets CD: Trade and Other Descinables		
Note 6B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units		-
Total receivables from other reporting units	-	-
Less provision for doubtful debts		
Total provision for doubtful debts	<u> </u>	
Receivable from other reporting units (net)	-	
Other receivables:		
GST receivable	-	_
Other trade receivables		
Total other receivables	-	
Total trade and other receivables (net)	-	-

		2017	2016
Note 7	Non-current Assets	\$	\$
Note 7A:	Plant and equipment		
	l equipment		
at cost		44,792	44,792
accum	nulated depreciation	(41,372)	(36,872)
Total pla	nt and equipment	3,420	7,920
	liation of Opening and Closing Balances of P	lant and Equipment	
As at 1 J	-		
Gross boo		44,792	44,792
Accumula	ated depreciation and impairment	(36,872)	(34,892)
Net book	value 1 July	7,920	9,900
Additions			
By pure	chase	-	-
Depreciat	tion expense	(4,500)	(1,980)
Disposals	3		
By sale	e		
Net book	value 30 June	3,420	7,920
Net book	value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross boo	ok value	44,792	44,792
Accumula	ated depreciation and impairment	(41,372)	(36,872)
Net book	value 30 June	3,420	7,920

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 8 Current Liabilities Note 8A: Trade payables Trade creditors and accruals 3,640 1,687 Operating lease rentals - - Subtotal trade creditors 3,640 1,687 Payables to other reporting units Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch 1,036 - Subtotal payables to other reporting units 1,036 - Total trade payables 4,676 1,687 Settlement is usually made within 30 days Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - - Legal costs Litigation - - - Litigation - - - - Other legal matters - - - - GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 - - Other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More tha		2017	2016
Note 8A: Trade payables Trade creditors and accruals 3,640 1,687 Operating lease rentals - - Subtotal trade creditors 3,640 1,687 Payables to other reporting units - - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch 1,036 - Subtotal payables to other reporting units 1,036 - Total trade payables 4,676 1,687 Settlement is usually made within 30 days - - Note 8B: Other payables - - Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Legal costs - - Litigation - - Other legal matters - - GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 Other - - Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months - - -		\$	\$
Trade creditors and accruals Operating lease rentals Subtotal trade creditors Raustralasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch Subtotal payables to other reporting units 1,036 - Total trade payables Superannuation Consideration to employers for payroll deductions Legal costs Litigation Other legal matters GST and PAYE payable Total other payables Total other payables Consideration to employers for better the subtock of the settled in No more than 12 months No more than 12 months More 12 months 1,036 - 1,036 - 1,036 - 1,036 - 1,036 - 1,687 - 1,036 - 1,687 - 1,036 - 1,687 -	Note 8 Current Liabilities		
Operating lease rentals -	Note 8A: Trade payables		
Subtotal trade creditors 3,640 1,687 Payables to other reporting units 4 1,036 - Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch 1,036 - Subtotal payables to other reporting units 1,036 - Total trade payables 4,676 1,687 Settlement is usually made within 30 days Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - - Legal costs Littgation - - - Other legal matters - - - - GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 - - Other payables 6,884 13,645 - Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months 6,884 13,645	Trade creditors and accruals	3,640	1,687
Payables to other reporting units Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch Subtotal payables to other reporting units 1,036 - Total trade payables Settlement is usually made within 30 days Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation Consideration to employers for payroll deductions Legal costs Litigation Other legal matters GST and PAYE payable GST and PAYE payables Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months More than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months 6,884 13,645	Operating lease rentals	-	-
Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch Subtotal payables to other reporting units 1,036 - Total trade payables Settlement is usually made within 30 days Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions Legal costs Litigation Other legal matters GST and PAYE payable Other Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months More than 12 months	Subtotal trade creditors	3,640	1,687
Western Australia Branch 1,036 - Subtotal payables to other reporting units 1,036 - Total trade payables 4,676 1,687 Settlement is usually made within 30 days Settlement is usually made within 30 days Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - - Legal costs Litigation - - - Other legal matters - - - - GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 - - Other - - - - Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months 6,884 13,645	Payables to other reporting units		
Total trade payables 4,676 1,687 Settlement is usually made within 30 days Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Legal costs - - Litigation - - Other legal matters - - GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 Other - - Total other payables 6,884 13,645 Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months - - -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,036	-
Settlement is usually made within 30 days Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions Legal costs Litigation Other legal matters GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 Other Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months	Subtotal payables to other reporting units	1,036	
Note 8B: Other payables Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions Legal costs Litigation Other legal matters GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 Other Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months	Total trade payables	4,676	1,687
Superannuation - 4,878 Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Legal costs - - Littgation - - Other legal matters - - GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 Other - - Total other payables 6,884 13,645 Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months - - -	Settlement is usually made within 30 days		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions Legal costs Litigation Other legal matters GST and PAYE payable Other Total other payables Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months More than 12 months	Note 8B: Other payables		
Legal costs Litigation - - Other legal matters - - GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 Other - - Total other payables 6,884 13,645 Total other payables are expected to be settled in 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months - - - More than 12 months - - -	Superannuation	-	4,878
Litigation Other legal matters	Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
Other legal matters GST and PAYE payable 6,884 8,767 Other	G		
GST and PAYE payable Other Total other payables Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months More than 12 months Fig. 12,645 More than 12 months Fig. 13,645 Contact the payable street expected to be settled in Contact the payable street expected to be settled in Contact the payable street expected in Contact the payable street	~	-	_
Other Total other payables 6,884 13,645 Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months	•	-	-
Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months More than 12 months Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months Total other payables are expected to be settled in T	·	6,884	8,767
Total other payables are expected to be settled in No more than 12 months More than 12 months		-	
No more than 12 months 6,884 13,645 More than 12 months - -	Total other payables	6,884	13,645
More than 12 months	· ·		
		6,884	13,645
Total other payables 6,884 13,645	More than 12 months	<u> </u>	
	Total other payables	6,884	13,645

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 9 Provisions		
Note 9A: Employee Provisions		
Office Holders:		
Annual leave	2,543	619
Long service leave	12,370	10,443
Separations and redundancies	-	~
Other	9,852	8,655
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders	24,765	19,717
Employees other than office holders:		
Annual leave	-	~
Long service leave	-	-
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	<u> </u>	
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders	-	~
Total employee provisions	24,765	19,717
Current	24,765	19,717
Non-Current	-	
Total employee provisions	24,765	19,717

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		2017 \$	2016 \$
Note 10	Cash Flow		
Reconciliat	Cash Flow Reconciliation ion of cash and cash equivalents as per Statemen Cash Flow Statement:	t of Financial	
Cash and c	ash equivalents as per:		
Cash flow s	tatement	40,605	54,835
Statement of	of financial position	40,605	54,835
Difference		-	
Reconciliat activities: Deficit for th	ion of profit/(deficit) to net cash from operating e year	(20,006)	(2,485)
Adjustmen	ts for non-cash items		
Depreciation	n/ amortisation	4,500	1,980
Gain on disp	posal of assets	-	-
Changes in	assets/liabilities		
(Increase)/	decrease in net receivables	-	234
Increase/ (d	ecrease) in creditors and other payables	(3,772)	(9,204)
Increase/ (d	ecrease) ın employee provisions	5,048	4,623
Net cash fro	om (used by) operating activities	(14,230)	(4,852)
	Cash flow information		
	s from other reporting unit	-	-
Total cash i	inflows	-	-
Cash outflow			
	Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council	(11,661)	(10,415)
	Meat Industry Employees Union – South and stralia Branch	(14,327)	(11,264)
Australasian	Meat Industry Employees Union – Victoria Branch	(1,095)	
Total cash	outflows	(27,033)	(21,679)

Note Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions

		2017	2016
		\$	\$
Note 11	Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments		
	Commitments and Contingencies		
Operating	lease commitments—as lessee		
Future min	imum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating le	ases as at 30 June are	
Within one	year	-	123
After one y	rear but not more than five years	-	-
More than	five years	-	
		-	123

Capital commitments

At 30 June 2017 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2016 Nil)

Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch

AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – TASMANIA BRANCH NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

2017	2016
\$	\$

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units

The names of those persons who held office for all or part of the year are deemed to be a related party for financial reporting purposes as set out in the accompanying Committee of Management Operating Report

For financial reporting purposes, under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council (AMIEU – Federal Council)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Queensland Branch (AMIEU – Qld Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle and Northern Branch (AMIEU – Newcastle and Northern Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – New South Wales Branch (AMIEU – NSW Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Victoria Branch (AMIEU – VIC Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch (AMIEU – SA/ WA Branch)

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year

Expenses paid to Australasian Meat Industry Employees	
Union – Federal Council includes the following:	
Capitation Fees	

Capitation Fees	9,597	9,468
Levies	440	1,978
Purchase of member journal	504	-
Purchase of equal pay postcards	91	
Expenses paid to Australasian Meat Industry Employees		
Union – South and Western Australia Branch includes the		
following:		
Administration and membership support	13,624	10,243
Reimbursement of member mail out	341	-
Amounts owed to Australasian Meat Industry Employees		
Union – South and Western Australia Branch include the		
following:		
Administration and membership support	1,036	-
Expenses paid to Australasian Meat Industry Employees		
Union – Victoria Branch includes the following:		
Purchase of member medallions	995	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (Continued)

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2017, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2016. Nil.) This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 12B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the F	Reporting Period	
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (ıncludıng annual leave taken)	68,759	66,503
Annual leave accrued	6,836	5,168
Non-cash benefits	-	_
Other	9,472	2,496
Total short-term employee benefits	85,067	74,167
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	9,939	9,462
Total post-employment benefits	9,939	9,462
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave	1,927	1,927
Total other long-term benefits	1,927	1,927
Termination benefits		
Total	96,933	85,556

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee

Note 13 Remuneration of Auditors

Value of the services provided

Financial statement audit services	5,625	3,950
Other services	-	-
Total remuneration of auditors	5,625	3,950

No other services were provided by the auditors of the financial statements

Note 14 Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Policy

The Branch Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2017

	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	**
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	-

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2016

	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	_
Total	-	-		-	-

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2017, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2017 (2016 Nil)

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates,
- maintaining a reputable credit profile,
- managing credit risk related to financial assets,
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions, and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates.

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Ye	1 to 5 Years Over		over 5 Years To		otal	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial liabilities due for payment									
Trade payables	4,676	1,687	-	-	-	-	4,676	1,687	
Other payables	6,884	13,645	-	-	-	-	6,884	13,645	
Total expected outflows	11,560	15,332	-	-	-	-	11,560	15,332	
	_								
Financial assets – cash flow receivable									
Cash and cash equivalents	40,605	54,835	-	-	-	-	40,605	54,835	
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total anticipated inflows	40,605	54,835	-	-	-	-	40,605	54,835	
Net (outflow) / inflow on financial instruments	29,045	39,503	-	-	-	-	29,045	39,503	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(c) Market Risk

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

The financial instruments which expose the Branch to interest rate risk are limited to its cash reserves

ii Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies

III Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk

iv Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

v Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables

2017

2016

	\$	\$
Change in profit		
- Increase in interest rate by 2%	812	1,097
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(812)	(1,097)
Change in members equity - Increase in interest rate by 2%	812	1,097
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(812)	(1,097)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk, as the Branch is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 15 Fair Value Measurement

Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities

		2017		2016		
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	(1)	40,605	40,605	54,835	54,835	
Accounts receivable and other debtors	(i)	-	_	-	-	
Total financial assets		40,605	40,605	54,835	54,835	
Financial liabilities	,		****			
Accounts payable and other payables	(1)	11,560	11,560	15,332	15,332	
Total financial liabilities		11,560	11,560	15,332	15,332	
	=	-				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Branch did not have any assets or liabilities that were recorded using the above fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2017 (2016 Nil)

Note 16 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows

Information to be provided to members or Commission

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1)

Note 17 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is

237 Wellington Street LAUNCESTON TAS 7250

Note 18 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in Tasmania

Note 19 Other Acquisitions of Assets or Liabilities

During the financial year the Branch has not acquired an asset or liability as a result of

- (a) An amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009
- (b) A restructure of branches of the organisaton
- (c) A determine by the Commission under subsection 245(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of an alternative reporting structure for the organisation
- (d) A revocation by the Commission under subsection 249(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of a certificate issued to the organisation under subsection 241(1)
- (e) A business combination