

11 May 2010

Mr Raj Rajaramanan Finance Manager Civil Contractors Federation - South Australia

Email: raj.r@civiltrainsa.com.au

Dear Mr Rajaramanan

Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2009

I acknowledge receipt of the financial report of the South Australian Branch of the Civil Contractors Federation for the year ended 2009. The documents were lodged with Fair Work Australia on 5 March 2010.

I also acknowledge receipt on 22 April 2010 of your email forwarding further documentation including amended auditor's report (from Cleland McFarlane Selth), Designated Officer's Certificate and 2009 Annual General Meeting Notice.

The financial report has now been filed.

I make the following comments to assist you when you next prepare a financial report. You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged.

References to legislation

In future years please ensure that all financial documents refer to the relevant provisions of the current legislation:

Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Regulations 2009.

The <u>Reporting Guidelines</u> previously issued by the Industrial Registrar continue to apply under the above legislation.

Materiality

AASB 101(29) requires material items to be presented separately. Note 2 to the financial statements reports \$1,340,943 as income, which is a material amount. In future years please ensure that any material items within income are separately disclosed.

Operating Report – results of the principal activities

<u>Subsection 254(2)(a) of the RO Act</u> requires an operating report to contain a review of the principal activities of the reporting unit, *the results of those activities* (my emphasis) and any significant changes in the nature of those activities. I note that the Operating Report lodged by the AEIA provides a review of the principal activities and changes to them, but does not describe the results of those activities. Although the Operating Report provides a statement regarding the operating results, it is the view of this office that subsection 254(2)(a) requires a descriptive review of the results of the principal activities, not an operating (financial) result. Please ensure that future operating reports provide such a description.

Operating Report – significant changes in financial affairs

<u>Subsection 254(2)(b) of the RO Act</u> requires an operating report to give details of any significant changes in the financial affairs of the AEIA during the year. As no details were provided in the Operating Report lodged, I assume that there were no significant changes. In future years if there

were no significant changes in the financial affairs of the AEIA during the financial year, then this should be explicitly stated.

Should you wish to discuss the matters raised in this letter, or if you require further information on the financial reporting requirements of the Act, I may be contacted on (03) 8661 7822 or by email at margaret.williams@fwa.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Margaret Williams

Tribunal Services and Organisations



Civil Contractors Federation

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN BRANCH: 60 Woodville Road, Woodville SA 5011
Telephone: (08) 8244 0922 • Fax: (08) 8244 0933 • ABN: 65 484 720 549
E-mail: ccfsa@civilcontractors.com • www.civilcontractors.com

12th April 2010

Ms Margaret Williams Fair Work Australia GPO Box 1994 Melbourne VIC 3001

Dear Madam,

Re: Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch lodgement of financial reports for year ended 30th June 2009

I refer to your letter dated 6th April 2010 and to your subsequent telephone discussion with our Finance Manager, Raj Rajaramanan.

I hereby confirm that the Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch held it's 2009 annual general meeting on 9th September 2009 where the full financial report for the year ended 30th June 2009 was presented and accepted by members.

A copy of the annual general meeting notice is attached for your information.

Should you require any further information please feel free to contact us.

Yours Sincerely,

Christopher Reynolds

Branch President









Civil Contractors Federation

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN BRANCH: 60 Woodville Road, Woodville SA 5011
Telephone: (08) 8244 0922 • Fax: (08) 8244 0933 • ABN: 65 484 720 549
E-mail: ccfsa@civilcontractors.com • www.civilcontractors.com

2009 Annual General Meeting Notice

5 August 2009

Dear Member

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the rules of the Civil Contractors Federation that the Annual General Meeting of Members of the Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch is to be held on September 9, 2009.

Meeting details and the Agenda for the meeting are set out below. Also attached are the Minutes of the 2008 Annual General Meeting and the 2008/09 Annual Report which includes the full Financial Reports and Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2009.

Date: Wednesday September 9, 2009

Time: 6.15pm for 7.00pm start

Location: Sunnybrae Function Centre

Tikalara Street, Regency Park (enter via Tikalara St or Gallipoli Gr)

CCF SA Agenda

- 1. Welcome
- Apologies
- 3. Adoption of Minutes
- President's Report
- 5. Acceptance of Annual Accounts
- 6. Subscriptions for 2008/2009
- 7. Appointment of Auditor
- Appointment of Returning Officers
- Declaration of Office Bearers
- 10. General Business

Yours sincerely

Peter Nolan Chief Executive Officer SA Branch









DESIGNATED OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

DESIGNATED OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE

In accordance with section s268 of Schedule 1 Workplace Relations Act 1996

I Christopher Reynolds being the designated officer of the Civil Contractors Federation - SA Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report referred to in s268 of the RAO Schedule; and
- that the audited financial report was provided to members on 5 August 2009 and
- that the full report was presented at a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 3 August 2009 in accordance with section 266 of the RAO Schedule.

Signature

Christopher Reynolds

Branch President

Date: 12 April 2010



5554\AHC\TA\AUD\L-CoverEngletter2009.doc

16 April 2010

Raj Rajaramanan Finance Manager Civil Contractors Federation South Australian Branch PO Box 75 DRY CREEK SA 5094

Dear Raj

Re: Audit for the year ended 30 June 2009

We have amended audit report to comply with the Fair Work (Registered Organizations) Act 2009. The same has been enclosed

We have also forwarded the amended audit report to the Tribunal Services Organization.

If you have any queries, please contact me.

Andrew blee

Yours sincerely

Andrew Cleland Partner

Encl.

Adelaide SA 5000 GPO Box 1300 Adelaide SA 5001 T: (08) 8407 1300 F: (08) 8407 1301 DX 130 www.cmsea.com.au info@cmsea.com.au

191 Flinders Street

Level 1

Cleland Metarlane Selfin ABN 36-865-663-894

PARTNERS

AH Cleland IA McFarlane RJ Selth GR Rowse

CONSULTANT

PDH Hill

SENIOR ASSOCIATE

T Anthon



INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CIVIL CONTRACTORS FEDERATION SOUTH AUSTRALIAN BRANCH

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch (CCFSA), which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes, the Committee Management Statement and the Operating Report.

CCFSA Board's responsibility for the financial report

The CCFSA Board are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009. This responsibility also includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness accounting estimates made by the CCFSA Board, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Level 1
191 Flinders Street
Adelaide SA 5000
GPO Box 1300
Adelaide SA 5001
T: (08) 8407 1300
F: (08) 8407 1301
DX 130
www.cmsca.com.au
info@cmsca.com.au

Cleford McLarlane Selffi ABN 36-865-663-894

PARTNERS

AH Cleland IA McFarlane RJ Selth GR Rowse

CONSULTANT
PDH Hill

SENIOR
ASSOCIATE
T Anthon

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.

Auditor's opinion

- 1. In our opinion the general purpose financial report is presented fairly in accordance with the applicable Australian Accounting Standards and the requirements imposed by Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009
- 2. In relation to recovery of wages activity, there has been no recovery of wages activity during the year.
- 3. There were kept by CCFSA in respect of the year to 30 June 2009, satisfactory accounting records detailing the sources and nature of the income (including income from members) and the nature and purposes of the expenditure of CCFSA.

Dated this /b day of April 2010.

Andrew H Cleland

Registered Company Auditor

Cleland McFarlane Selth

CIVIL CONTRACTORS FEDERATION - SA BRANCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Committee C	of Management Statement	2
Operating Re	eport	3-5
Designated (Officer's Certificate	6
Income State	ement	7
Balance She	et	8
Statement of	Changes Of Equity	9
Cash Flow S	tatement	10
Notes to the	financial statements	
Note 1	Statement of Significant Accounting Polices	11-17
Note 2	Revenue and Other Income	18
Note 3	Profit - expenses and significant items of revenue and expense	18
Note 4	Cash and Cash Equivalents	18
Note 5	Auditors Remuneration	18
Note 6	Trade and Other Receivables	19
Note 7	Other Assets	20
Note 8	Property, Plant & Equipment	20
Note 9	Trade and Other Payables	21
Note 10	Provisions	21
Note 11	Cash Flow Information	22
Note 12	Financial Risk Management	22-24
Note 13	Capital Management	24
Note 14	Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	24
Note 15	Related Party Transactions	25
Note 16	Retained Earnings	25
Note 17	Events after Balance Sheet Date	25
Note 18	Key Management Personnel Compensation	25
Note 19	Branch Details	26
ndependent Audit Report		27

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

On 3 August 2009, the Committee of Management (Board) of the CCF SA Branch passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2009:

The Committee of Management (Board) declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the Industrial Registrar;
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - (i) meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the branch including the rules of a branch concerned;
 - (ii) the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the branch including the rules of a branch concerned;
 - (iii) the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with Schedule 1 of the Workplace Relations Act 1996, and the RAO Regulations;
 - (iv) the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the branch;
 - (v) no requests were received from any member of the reporting unit or a Registrar for information under section 272 of the RAO Schedule;
 - (vi) no orders have been made by the Commission under section 273 of the RAO Schedule; and
 - (vii) in relation to recovery of wage activity, there has been no recovery of wage activities during the year.

For Committee of Management (Board): Christopher Reynolds CCF SA Branch President

Signature:

Date: 3 August 2009

OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

OPERATING REPORT

In accordance with section 254 of the Workplace Relations Act 1996 and Workplace Relations (Registration And Accountability Of Organisations) Regulations 2003, the operating report is as follows

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Branch during the financial year were: The provision of advocacy, management systems, training and the conduct of regular industry meetings, functions and events to comply with the relevant objects of the Federation. s 254(2) (a)

Operating Result

The operating result of the branch for the year ended 30 June 2009 was a surplus of \$1,061,049. s 254(2) (a)

Significant Changes in the nature of principal activities

During the year Earthmovers and Contractors Association became part of Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch and contributed \$922,041 in capital. s 254(2) (a)

Significant Changes in the Branch's Financial Affairs

No matters or circumstances arose during the year which significantly affected the financial affairs of the Federation ss 254(2)(b)

Superannuation Office Holders

There are no officers and/or members of the branch that are directors of companies that are trustees of superannuation funds which require one or more of their directors to be a member of a registered branch – s254(2)(d)

Economic Dependency

Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch is not economically dependant on any other entity.

Other Prescribed Information

In accordance with Regulation 159 of the Workplace Relations (Registration of Accountability of Branches) Regulations –

- (a) the number of persons that were at the end of the financial year recorded in the register of members for Sec 230 of the RAO Schedule and who are taken to be members of the registered branch under Sec 240 of the RAO Schedule was 118 Associate members, 13 Associate Stakeholders (also known as Affiliates) and 215 Full members. Total being 346.
- (b) the number of persons who were at the end of the financial year employees of the branch including both full and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis was for CCF SA Branch 7.6 and Civil Train SA 25.7 being a total of 33.3.

OPERATING REPORT (cont) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

(c) the names of those who have been members of the Committee of Management of the branch at any time during the financial year -

	Name	Period Of Office
Title		
Christopher Reynolds	Branch President	04-08-08 to 30-06-09
Garry Stewart	Branch Vice President	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Andrew Young	Branch Honorary Treasurer	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
SA Board Members		
Andrew Lukasik	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Aaron Blackmore	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Allan Wilkey	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Ted Paluszek	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Dennis Lorenzin	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 04-08-08
Brian Sickerdick	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
James Melnike	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 04-08-08
John Allen	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Ben Lucas	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 04-08-08
Philip Cornish	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Kevin Renfrey	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 04-08-08
Anthony Baulderstone	Branch Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Peter Little	Branch Board Member	04-08-08 to 30-06-09
Gerard Beltrame	Branch Board Member	04-08-08 to 30-06-09
Stephen Fines-Phillips	Branch Board Member	04-08-08 to 30-06-09
Peter Nolan	Chief Executive Officer	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Joel Mathews	Associate Member Rep (Observer)	04-08-08 to 30-06-09
Nick Anderson	Associate Member Rep (Observer)	04-08-08 to 30-06-09
The persons who held or year were:	ffice as Board Members of the Na	tional Branch during the Financial
Anthony Baulderstone	National Board Member	01-07-08 to 30-06-09
Christopher Reynolds	Alternate Board Member	04-08-08 to 30-06-09

OPERATING REPORT (cont) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Rights of Members

Subject to the rules of the branch and Sec 174 of the Act, members have the rights to resign from membership of the branch by written notice addressed to and delivered to the secretary of the branch.

Manner of resignation

Members may resign from the Federation in accordance with rule 9, which reads as follows:

"9 - RESIGNATION OF MEMBERS

- (a) A member may resign from the Federation by written notice addressed and delivered to the Chief Executive Officer (National).
- (b) A notice of resignation from membership of the Federation takes effect:
 - (i) at the end of two weeks after the notice is received by the Federation; or
 - (ii) on the day specified in the notice;

whichever is later.

- (c) Any dues payable but not paid by a former Member of the Federation in relation to a period before the Member's resignation from the Federation took effect, may be sued for and recovered in the name of the Federation, in a court of competent jurisdiction, as a debt due to the Federation.
- (d) A notice delivered to the person mentioned in sub rule (1) shall be taken to have been received by the Federation when it was delivered.
- (e) A notice of resignation that has been received by the Federation is not invalid because it was not addressed and delivered in accordance with sub rule (a) of Rule 9.
- (f) A resignation from membership of the Federation is valid even if it is not affected in accordance with this section if the Member is informed in writing by or on behalf of the Federation that the resignation has been accepted."

Other Relevant Information

Nil

For Committee of Management (Board): Christopher Renyolds Branch President

Signature:

Date: 3 August 2009

Page 5

DESIGNATED OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

DESIGNATED OFFICER'S CERTIFICATE

In accordance with section s268 of Schedule 1 Workplace Relations Act 1996

- I Christopher Reynolds being the designated officer of the Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch certify:
- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report referred to in s268 of the RAO Schedule; and
- that the audited financial report was provided to members on 5 August 2009 and
- that the full report was presented at a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 3 August 2009 in accordance with section 266 of the RAO Schedule.

Signature

Christopher Reynolds

Branch President

Date:

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
Revenue	2	5,941,566	4,099,587
Administration Expenses		590,105	499,854
Employee benefits expense		2,239,887	1,776,369
Depreciation and amortisation expenses		279,079	250,379
Seminar / Training expenses		870,649	333,373
Leasing Costs		-	63,000
Publication costs		41,443	28,318
Other Expenses		849,147	788,126
Financial Costs		10,207	9,457
Profit from operations	3	1,061,049	350,711

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2009

	Note	2009	2008
CURRENT ASSETS		\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	1,171,133	453,233
Trade and Other Receivables	6	955,282	622,305
Investments		1,278,719	998,000
Other Assets	7	40,381	54,691
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		3,445,515	2,128,229
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	8	4,047,313	2,501,246
1 21 31 32 33 33 33 33	-	3.2.7.7.2	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		4,047,313	2,501,246
TOTAL ACOUTO		7.400.000	4.000.475
TOTAL ASSETS		7,492,828	4,629,475
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and Other Payables	9	630,563	570,015
Short Term Provisions	10	71,069	87,523
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		701,632	657,538
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	10		
Long Term Provisions	10	12,947	26,778
		72,0 77	20,110
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		12,947	26,778
TOTAL LIADUITIES		744 570	004.040
TOTAL LIABILITIES		714,579	684,316
NET ASSETS		6,778,249	3,945,159
EQUITY		4.007.500	0.540.454
Retained Earnings		4,604,500	3,543,451
Reserves Capital Distribution from ECA		1,251,708 922,041	401,708
TOTAL EQUITY		6,778,249	3,945,159
1 0 11 1m m mg 0 11 1		0,170,240	3,010,100

The accompanying notes form part of the financial report.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
RETAINED EARNINGS		0 540 454	2 102 740
Balance at Beginning of Reporting Period		3,543,451	3,192,740
Net Surplus		1,061,049	350,711
Balance at End of Reporting Period		4,604,500	3,543,451
Asset Revaluation Reserve	a.	1,251,708	401,708
Transfer From ECA	b.	922,041	-
TOTAL EQUITY		6,778,249	3,945.159

a. Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records revaluations of non-current assets.

b. Transfer of Funds From ECA

This represents the transfer of funds from Earthmovers and Contractors Association for the 2009 year.

The accompanying notes form part of the financial report.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2009 \$	2008 \$
Receipts from Members & Other Customers Receipts from CCF QLD Payments to suppliers & employees Payments to CCF National Interest Received Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	11	5,678,516 32,727 (4,637,760) (109,803) 87,543 1,051,223	3,417,547 30,000 (2,979,362) (104,754) 60,863 424,294
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant & Equiptment Investment in Financial Assets Net Cash (Used In) Investing Activities		(157,843) 12,636 (280,719) (425,926)	(233,145) 3,136 (800,000) (1,030,009)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Funds received from Merger Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		92,603 92,603	876,453 876,453
NET INCREASE IN CASH HELD		717,900	270,738
CASH AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		453,233	182,495
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR	4(a)	1,171,133	453,233

The accompanying notes form part of the financial report.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations and the Workplace Relations Act 1996.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

(a) Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. Any consideration deferred is treated as the provision of finance and is discounted at a rate of interest that is generally accepted in the market for similar arrangements. The difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount ultimately received is interest revenue.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which, for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument

(b) Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of twelve months or less.

(c) Property, Plant & Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and Equipment

Plant & equipment is measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount is reviewed annually by the Board to ensure that it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets' employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present value in determining recoverable amount.

All repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation reserve in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to the income statement.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line and diminishing value basis over the asset's useful life to the consolidated group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Fixture & Fittings	10 - 30%
Plant & Equipment	10 - 30%
Motor Vehicles	10 - 30%
Other	10 - 30%
Buildings	2.5%

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the income statement. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

(d) Branch Relationship with the Civil Contractors Federation

This Branch, while autonomous in relation to most of its day to day operations, is not considered to be a separate entity by law from the Civil Contractors Federation.

The ownership of Branch assets and responsibility for Branch liabilities are believed to ultimately rest with the Civil Contractors Federation. It is therefore possible that Branch assets may be appropriated by the Civil Contractors Federation to meet its obligations, which could include providing financial support to other branches.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Going Concern

While the branch, if viewed as an autonomous legal entity, is believed to be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due, no assessment has been made as to the likelihood of the Branch being called upon to financially support the Civil Contractors Federation either nationally or in respect of its other Branches

Assets and liabilities of the Branch have been brought to account on the basis that the Branch activities will continue. The values attributed in the accounts to assets and the stated amounts of liabilities may not be realised or settled at their recorded values in the event that the branch ceased to continue its business and there may also be changes in the dates of maturity of liabilities. Such potential differences in values have not been quantified.

(f) Leases

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the period they occur.

(g) Income Tax

The Civil Contractors Federation - SA Branch is exempt from income tax in accordance with Section 50-15 of the Income Tax Assessment Act.

(h) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(i) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Branch's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Those cashflows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows.

(j) Workplace Relations Act 1996

In Accordance with the requirement of the Workplace Relations Act 1996, the attention of the members is drawn to the provision of sub-sections (1), (2) and (3) of Section 272, which reads

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or a Registrar, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(I) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Branch reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Branch estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(m) Financial Instruments Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the branch commits itself either purchase or sell the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss' in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Finance instruments are subsequently measured at either fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or cost. Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as: (i) the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition; (ii) less principal repayments; (iii) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method; and (iv) less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

The group does not designate any interests in subsidiaries, associates or joint venture entities as being subject to the requirements of accounting standards specifically applicable to financial instruments.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement (cont)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets are classified at 'fair value through profit or loss' when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss. The branch has not held any financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the current or comparative financial year.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the branch's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not capable of being classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

(v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the branch assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual right to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The board members evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the branch.

Key Estimates - Impairment

The branch assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the branch that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value in use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

Key Judgements - Provision for impairment of receivables

Included in trade receivables at reporting date is an amount receivable from sales made by Civil Contractors SA Branch during the current financial year amounting to \$60,505 that may be impaired and may not be derived by CCF SA Branch.

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) New Accounting Standards

Certain new accounting standards and UIG interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2009 reporting period.

- AASB 3 Business Combinations
- AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements
- AASB 123 Borrowing Costs
- AASB 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
- AASB 2007-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 123
- AASB 2007-8 & AASB 2007-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101
- AASB 2008-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations arising on Liquidation
- AASB 2008-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 3 and AASB 127
- AASB 2008-5 & AASB 2008-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project
- AASB 2008-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate
- AASB 2008-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Eligible Hedged Items
- AASB 2008-9 Amendments to AASB 1049 for Consistency with AASB 101
- AASB 2008-11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard Business Combinations Among Notfor-Profit Entities
- AASB 2008-12 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Reclassification of Financial Assets
- Effective Date and Transition
- AASB 2008-13 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB Interpretation 17 —
 Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners
- Interpretation 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate
- Interpretation 16 Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation
- Interpretation 17 Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners
- Interpretation 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers

The Branch is of the view that none of the above new standards or interpretations will affect any of the amounts recognised in the financial statements, but that they may impact certain information otherwise disclosed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	2009	2008
NOTE 2 - REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME	•	•
Operating Revenue Qualifications Short Courses Member Subscriptions Other	1,718,082 2,279,855 446,143 1,340,943 5,785,023	1,092,447 1,074,007 369,460 1,442,552 3,978,466
Other Revenue Interest Received Sponsorship Staffing Grants Total Revenue	87,543 69,000 - 156,543 5,941,566	60,863 48,250 12,008 121,121 4,099,587
Total Revenue	5,941,500	4,099,567
NOTE 3 - PROFIT		
Significant revenues and expenses The following significant revenue and expense items are relevant in explaining the financial performance:		
Qualifications Income Salaries and Wages National Levy Legal Costs Conference Costs	1,718,082 2,239,887 104,200 5,124 215,769	1,092,447 1,776,869 84,793 7,303 223,956
NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CURRENT Cash at Bank Short term bank deposits	1,171,133 - 1,171,133	413,776 39,457 453,233
(a) Reconciliation of cash Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Cash Flow Statement is reconciled to items in the Balance Sheet as follows: Cash and cash equivalents	1,171,133 1,171,133	453,233 453,233
NOTE 5 - AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
Remuneration of the auditor for: - auditing or reviewing the financial report - other audit services	11,560 4,500 16,060	10,795

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

		2009 \$	2008 \$
NOTE 6 - TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
CURRENT			
Accounts receivable	6 (b)	1,010,694	637,305
Provision for Impairment	6 (a)	(60,505)	(15,000)
GST Refund		5,093	-
	6 (c)	955,282	622,305

(a) Provision for impairment of receivables

Current trade and term receivables are non-interest bearing loans and generally on 30-day terms. Non-current trade and term receivables are assessed for recoverability based on the underlying terms of the contract. A provision for impairment is recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade or term receivable is impaired. These amounts have been included in the other expenses item. Movement in the provision for impairment of receivables is as follows:

	\$
Provision for impairment as at 30 June 2007	-
Charge for year	15,000
Written off	
Provision for impairment as at 30 June 2008	15,000
Charge for year	45,505
Written off	
Provision for impairment as at 30 June 2009	60,505

(b) Credit Risk

The group has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties other than those receivables specifically provided for and mentioned within Note 6. The main source of credit risk to the group is considered to relate to the class of assets described as 'trade and other receivables'.

The following table details the group's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk (prior to collateral and other credit enhancements) with ageing analysis and impairment provided for thereon. Amounts are considered as 'past due' when the debt has not been settled within the terms and conditions agreed between the group and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the group.

The balances of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality

	Gross Amount \$	Past Due	< 30 \$	31 -60 \$	61-90 \$	
2009		·	-	•	,	
Trade and Term						
Receivables	1,010,694	-	575,823	216,698	77,620	
Impaired	(60,505)	(60,505)				
Total	950,189	(60,505)	575,823	216,698	77.620	
(c) Financial	Assets clas	sified as lo	ans and r	eceivables		
				Note	2009	2008
Trade and	d Other Rec	eivables:				
-	Total curren	t			950,189	622,305
-	Total Non-c	urrent			-	-
Financial	Assets			12	950,189	622,305

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 7 - OTHER ASSETS CURRENT	2009 \$	2008 \$
Prepayments Other	40,381 - 40,381	21,504 33,187 54,691
NOTE 8 - PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT		
Buildings At Valuation Less: accumulated depreciation	1,492,209 (81,363) 1,410,847	664,710 (67,515) 597,195
Plant and Equipment At cost Less: accumulated depreciation	1,497,042 (1,047,921) 449,121	1,451,122 (891,012) 560,110
Fixtures and Fittings At cost Less: accumulated depreciation	355,452 (274,332) 81,119	279,406 (215,517) 63,889
Motor Vehicles At cost Less: accumulated depreciation	499,904 (256,346) 243,558	430,334 (163,016) 267,318
Other At cost Less: accumulated depreciation	62,000 (49,333) 12,667	62,000 (49,269) 12,731
Freehold Land At Valuation	1,850,000 1,850,000	1,000,000
Total Property Plant and Equipment	4,047,313	2,501,243

Movement in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year

Balance at beginning of the year
Merger
Additions
Disposals
Depreciation
Revaluation Balance at end of year

						Total
Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Fixtures & Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Land	Other	
597,195	560,110	63,889	267,318	1,000.000	12,731	2,501.243
820,000	- 1	9,438	-	-	-	829,438
7,500	6,561	47,853	95,929			157.843
			(12,132)			(12 132)
(13,848)	(117,550)	(40,050)	(107,557)	-	(64)	(279,079)
				850,000	-	850,000
1,410,847	449 121	81,120	243,558	1,850,000	12,667	4,047.313

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 9 - TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES CURRENT Unsecured Trade Payables Sundry Payables and Accrued Expenses Leave Entitlement Amounts Received In Advance		9a.	275,464 49,420 71,069 305,679 701,632	2008 \$ 300,914 15,022 87,523 254,079 657,538
a. Financial Liabilities at amortised of Trade and other payables: Total current Total non-current Less - leave entitlements - Amounts Received In Adva Financial liabilities as trade and of NOTE 10 - PROVISIONS Employee benefits - Short Term Employee benefits - Long Term	ance	12	701,632 - 701,632 (71,069) (305,679) 324,884 71,069 12,947 84,016	657,538 (87,523) (254,079) 315,936 87,523 26,778 114,301
Employee Benefits Opening balance at 1 July 2008 Additional Provisions Raised during the year Amounts Used Balance at 30 June 2009 Analysis of Total Provisions Current Non Current	114,301 111,603 (141,888) 84,016 2009 \$ 71,069 12,947 84,016	2008 \$ 87,523 26,778 114,301	-	

Provision for Long-term Employee Benefits

A provision has been recognised for employee entitlements relating to long service leave. In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based on historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria relating to employee benefits has been included in Note 1 to this report.

The Provision for Employee Benefits has been reduced as AASB 119 has now been introduced. AASB 119 uses probability analysis to predict on a percentage basis employees who will actually reach 7 years of service. As a result of applying this Accounting Standard in the 2008/2009 Financial year it has resulted in a significant reduction in the Employee Benefits provision.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 11 - CASH FLOW INFORMATION	2009 \$	2008 \$
Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations with Profit from Ordinary Activities		
Profit from Ordinary Activities Non-cash flows in profit	1,061,049	350,711
Depreciation	279,079	250,379
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equiptment	(501)	(908)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(332,977)	(575,269)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	14,310	(24,892)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	60,548	333,501
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	(30,285)	90,772
Cashflow from operations	1,051,223	424,294

NOTE 12 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial Risk Management

The Branch's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Note	2009	2008
		\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,171,133	453,233
Loans and other receivables	6 (c)	950,189	622,305
Investments		1,278,719	998,000
		3,400,041	2,073,538
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
Trade and other payables	9 (a)	324,884	315,936
		324,884	315,936

Financial Risk Management Policies

The branch's board is responsible for, among other issues, monitoring and managing financial risk exposures of the branch. The board meets monthly and reviews currency and interest rate exposure and to evaluate treasury management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts.

Specific Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risks the Branch is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

a. Interest rate risk

The Branch does not have any borrowings that would be affected by movements in interest rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 12 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont)

b. Foreign currency risk

The Branch is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies.

c. Liquidity risk

The Branch manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows.

d Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements.

The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the Branch.

e. Price risk

The Branch is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

Net Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The net fair values of listed investments have been valued at the quoted market bid price at balance date adjusted for transaction costs expected to be incurred. For other assets and other liabilities the net fair value approximates their carrying value. No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form other than listed investments.

Due to the nature of the financial instruments held by the branch the costs associated with their settlement are not material. As a result the fair value of the instrument is calculated at its face value. In the case of debtors an allowance has been made for doubtful debts where appropriate.

		2009		2008		
	Footnote	Net	Net Fair	Net Carrying	Net Fair Value	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash	(i)	1,171,133	1,171,133	453,233	453,233	
equivalents		1,171,133	1,171,133	455,255	400,200	
Investments	(ii)	1,278,719	1,278,719	998,000	998,000	
Trade and other	(i)	955.282	955,282	622,305	622,305	
receivables						
Total financial assets	_	3,405,134	3,405,134	2,073,538	2,073,538	
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	(i)	275,464	275,464	300,914	300,914	
Accrued Expenses	(i)	49,420	49,420	15,022	15,022	
Total financial liabilities		324,884	324,884	315,936	315,936	

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and trade and other receivables are short term instruments in nature, whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables excludes amounts provided for relating to annual leave and amounts received in advance as they are not considered a financial instrument.

Investments are long term instruments in nature, whose carrying value is equivalent to (ii) fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 12 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont)

Sensitivity analysis

Interest rate risk

The branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

As at 30 June 2009, the effect on profit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

		2009	2008
		\$	\$
Change in profit			
	Increase in interest rate by 2%	48,997	29,025
*********	Decrease in interest rate by 2%	48,997	29,025
Change in equity			
-	Increase in interest rate by 2%	48,997	29.025
	Decrease in interest rate by 2%	48,997	29,025

This sensitivity analysis has been performed on the assumption that all other variables remain unchanged. No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign currency risk as the branch is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

NOTE 13: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The committee members control the capital of the branch in order to maintain a good debt-to-equity ratio and to ensure that the branch can fund its operations and continue as a going concern.

The branch's debt and capital includes financial liabilities, supported by financial assets. There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

The committee members effectively manage the branch's capital by assessing the branch's financial risks and adjusting its capital structure in response to changes in these risks and in the market. These responses include the management of debt levels.

There have been no changes in the strategy adopted by management to control the capital of the branch since the prior year. This strategy is to ensure that there is sufficient cash to meet trade and sundry payables and borrowings.

NOTE 14: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

The Branch is believed to be liable for unpaid debts for the Civil Contractors Federation to the extent of the branch asset and at the date of this report, no known liability exists for any contingent liability. The organisation is not aware of any known contingent assets at 30 June 2009.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 15 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

Liabilities with related parties	2009 \$
Civil Contractors Federation	11,885
Civil Contractors Federation - TAS	1,100
Civil Contractors Federation - VIC	4,494

Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch President, Christopher Reynolds has a financial interest in Crownco Pty Ltd, during the year CCF used Crownco Pty Ltd on an arms length basis to supply a service.

NOTE 16 - RETAINED EARNINGS

\$
100,000
497,000
54,759
130,000
781,759

NOTE 17 - EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

Civil Contractors Federation have made an offer to purchase a building - this will be funded by a mix of uncommitted retained earnings and loan funding.

NOTE 18 - KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

			Other	
		Post	Long	
	Short Term	Employment	Term	
	Benefits	Benefit	Benefits	Total
2009				
Total compensation	387,634	•	-	387,634
	387,634		-	387,634

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

NOTE 19 - BRANCH DETAILS

The registered office of the Branch is: Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch 60 Woodville Road WOODVILLE SA 5011

The principal places of business are: Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch 60 Woodville Road WOODVILLE SA 5011

Civil Train SA 53 – 57 Magazine Road Dry Creek SA 5094 PO Box 75 Dry Creek SA 5094



INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CIVIL CONTRACTORS FEDERATION SOUTH AUSTRALIAN BRANCH

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Civil Contractors Federation SA Branch (CCFSA), which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes, the Committee Management Statement and the Operating Report.

CCFSA Board's responsibility for the financial report

The CCFSA Board are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Workplace Relations Act 1996. This responsibility also includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness accounting estimates made by the CCFSA Board, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.

Auditor's opinion

- 1. In our opinion the financial report of CCFSA is in accordance with the Workplace Relations Act 1996, including:
 - a. giving a true and fair view of CCFSA's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - b. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Workplace Relations Act 1996.
- 2. In relation to recovery of wages activity, there has been no recovery of wages activity during the year.
- 3. There were kept by CCFSA in respect of the year to 30 June 2009, satisfactory accounting records detailing the sources and nature of the income (including income from members) and the nature and purposes of the expenditure of CCFSA.

Dated this # day of August 2009.

Andrew H Cleland

Registered Company Auditor

Cleland McFarlane Selth