

8 July 2019

Mr Peter Ong Secretary, Queensland and Northern Territory Divisional Branch Electrical, Energy and Services Division CEPU

cc. Mr Graeme Kent, Auditor

**Dear Secretary** 

Re: – CEPU, Electrical, Energy and Services Division, Queensland and Northern Territory Divisional Branch - financial report for year ending 31 December 2018 (FR2018/298)

I refer to the financial report of the Queensland and Northern Territory Divisional Branch of the Electrical, Energy and Services Division. The documents were lodged with the Registered Organisations Commission (**ROC**) on 29 May 2019.

The financial report has been filed. The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming whether the financial reporting timelines required under s.253, s.265, s.266 and s.268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (**RO Act**) have been satisfied, all documents required under s.268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements. Please note the report for year ending 31 December 2019 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged. However I make the following comments to assist when preparing the next report.

# Nil activity disclosures

Item 21 of the reporting guidelines states that if any activities identified within items 10-20 of the reporting guidelines have not occurred in the reporting period, a statement to this effect must be included either in the financial statements, the notes or in an officer's declaration statement.

The officer's declaration statement included the following nil activity disclosures for which there was already an equivalent form of disclosure in the body of the notes (as indicated):

- RG10 agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern [Note 1.19]
- RG11 agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern [Note 1.19]
- RG14(e)(i) pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less [nil Grants balance Note 4E]
- RG14(e)(ii) pay a grant that exceeded \$1,000 [nil Grants balance Note 4E]

Nil activity disclosures do not have to be included in the officer's declaration statement if they are already included in the notes.

I also note that the officer's declaration statement included a nil activity disclosure for

• RG16(b)(ii) – have a payable in respect to legal costs relating to other legal matters

Website: www.roc.gov.au

which appears inconsistent with the payable disclosed at Note 7B.

## Reporting Requirements

The ROC website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the s.253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements. The ROC recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the s.253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via <a href="mailto:thesastatements">thesastatements</a> to assist in complying with the RO Act, the s.253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via <a href="mailto:thesastatements">thesastatements</a> to assist in complying with the RO Act, the s.253 reporting guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards.

If you have any questions about the above or the reporting requirements, please do not hesitate to contact me by email at <a href="mailto:stephen.kellett@roc.gov.au">stephen.kellett@roc.gov.au</a>.

Yours faithfully

Rupen Cellet

Stephen Kellett Financial Reporting

Registered Organisations Commission

# CEPU, Electrical, Energy and Services Division Queensland and Northern Territory Divisional Branch

# Certificate of Designated Officer S268 of Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009 ('RO Act')

Certificate for the year ended 31 December 2018

I Peter Ong being the Branch Secretary of the Queensland and Northern Territory Divisional branch of the CEPU, Electrical, Energy and Services Division certify:

- that the documents lodged with the Registered Organisations Commission on the 29<sup>th</sup> of May 2019 are copies of the full report for the CEPU, Electrical, Energy and Services Division Queensland and Northern Territory Divisional Branch
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on the 29<sup>th</sup> of April 2019 and
- that the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on the 20<sup>th</sup> of May 2019 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature:

Peter Ong

**Branch Secretary** 

Dated:

29/5/2019

ABN 80 450 640 455

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### **Operating Report**

The Committee of Management presents its report on the operations of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch (the Branch) for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the Branch during the year fell in the following categories:

- Organising existing members and new members
- Bargaining, negotiating and arbitrating for improvements in wages and conditions of employment for members of the Branch.
- Representing members in work related grievances or other matters
- Undertaking training and development for delegates of the Branch.

Over the year the Branch negotiated many Collective Agreements delivering improvements in wages and conditions to CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch members.

There have been no changes in the principal activities of the Branch during the year.

#### **Operating Result**

The deficit for the financial year amounted to \$1,750,247. No provision for tax was necessary as the Branch is considered exempt.

The current year operating result was impacted by:

- 1. A campaign contribution of \$1,000,000 to the ACTU in relation to the Change the Rules Campaign.
- 2. Membership subscriptions fell by \$140,741 (or 1.96%) due to a reduction in overall financial members of the Branch.
- 3. Employee expenses increased by \$104,776 (or 2.26%) as the Branch invest in its organising staff to ensure members have the industrial representation they required.

## Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

There were no significant changes to the financial affairs of the Branch during the year.

#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

#### **Future Developments**

Likely developments in the operations of the Branch or the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Branch.

#### **Environmental Issues**

The Branch's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

### Members Right to Resign

The right of members to resign from the Branch is set out in the Rules of the CEPU - Electrical Division. A member may resign membership by written notice addressed and delivered to the Branch Secretary.

## **Number of Employees**

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time employees and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 22.74.

#### **Number of Members**

Total number of members at 31 December 2018: 15,129.

### Officer or Members who are superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation fund Trustee

No officer or member of the Branch hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2)(d) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation.

## COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such as position is as follows:

Name	Position	Period of Office
Christopher McGaw	Branch President	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Peter Simpson	Branch Secretary	01/01/18 - 15/01/18
Peter Ong	Branch Secretary	19/02/18 - 31/12/18
Joseph Fiteni	Branch Executive Member	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Jeffrey Christoffel	Branch Executive Member	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Gary Bloxsom	Branch Executive Member	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
John Taylor	Branch Executive Member	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Ariah Goodluck	Branch Executive Member	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Joshua Williams	Branch Executive Member	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
James Walmsley	Branch Executive Member	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Hannah Watts	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Joshua Jahnke	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Kevin Ferguson	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Paul Gambley	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Stephen Bravo	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 05/04/18
Jorge Amaya	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 10/07/18
Allan Forrest	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 30/07/18
Gregory Smith	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Clarke Stein	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Robert Weschler	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Aaron Self	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Gary Baker	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 08/03/18
Daryl Keding	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Mitchell Lord	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Liam Keats	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Gerard Peroni	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Gregory Bloom	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Mace Ngata	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Cameron Humphreys	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Daniel Kilpatrick	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Timothy Rogers	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Jason Sladden	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Scott Sologinkin	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Michael Coxon	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Wayne Williams	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Daniel Burns	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 31/12/18
Jamie Houldsworth	Branch Councillor	01/01/18 - 19/02/18

#### **COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Members of the Committee of Management (Continued)

Amendments to the names of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period ended 31 December 2017, and the period for which he or she held such position is as follows:

Corrections to the list of Committee of Management members and period positions held during the year ended 31 December 2017			
Name	Position	Period of Office	
Benjamin King	Branch Executive Member	01/01/17 – 28/08/17	
Ariah Goodluck	Branch Executive Member	27/11/17 - 31/12/17	
Hannah Watts	Branch Councillor	27/11/17 - 31/12/17	
Joshua Jahnke	Branch Councillor	20/02/17 - 31/12/17	
Craig Thomas	Branch Councillor	01/01/17 - 20/02/17	
Aaron Self	Branch Councillor	20/02/17 - 31/12/17	
Mace Ngata	Branch Councillor	27/11/17 - 31/12/17	
Michael Maniaty	Branch Councillor	01/01/17 17/03/17	

#### Indemnifying Officers or Auditors

The Branch has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

#### Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Peter Ong

**Branch Secretary** 

29 April 2019

South Brisbane



#### accountants + auditors

GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australia t: +61 7 3002 4800 f: +61 7 3229 5603

PO Box 3360 Australia Fair Southport Qld 4215 Australia t: +61 7 5591 1661

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE

COMMUNICATIONS, ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC, ENERGY, INFORMATION, POSTAL, PLUMBING AND ALLIED SERVICES UNION OF AUSTRALIA –

e: info@mgisq.com.au www.mgisq.com.au

f: +61 7 5591 1772

ELECTRICAL, ENERGY AND SERVICES DIVISION – QUEENSLAND AND NORTHERN TERRITORY BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch for the year ended 31 December 2018; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

M.G.S

**MGI Audit Pty Ltd** 

G | Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 29 April 2019

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

On 29 April 2019, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and
- ii. the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation;
- the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act;
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation;
- where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or the Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or the Commissioner; and
- vi. where any order for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year, there has been compliance.
- (f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting period.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Managemer	Th	is declaration	n is made in	accordance with	a resolution of the	Committee of	f Managemen <sup>e</sup>
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Peter Ong

Title of Designated Officer:

Branch Secretary

Signature:

29 April 2019

Name of Designated Officer:





Independent Audit Report to the Members of Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australia t: +61 7 3002 4800 f: +61 7 3229 5603

PO Box 3360 Australia Fair Southport Qld 4215 Australia t: +61 7 5591 1661 f: +61 7 5591 1772

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# Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officers Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch as at 31 December 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  thet are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to drew attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
  manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

M.C.S

**MGI Audit Pty Ltd** 

**G I Kent** 

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane 29 April 2019

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue			
Membership subscription		7,012,931	7,153,672
Fines		11,087	24,137
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		4,397	11,465
Interest	3 <b>A</b>	89,985	101,007
Organising income	3B	357,602	273,447
Conference income	3C	•	208,356
Sponsorship income	3D	439,627	521,558
Other revenue	3E	199,405	307,548
Total revenue		8,115,034	8,601,190
Expenses			
Employee expenses	4A	(4,741,039)	(4,636,263)
Sustentation fees	4B	(947,665)	(965,895)
Affiliation fees	4C	(191,185)	(206,193)
Audit and accounting fees	13	(73,837)	(77,045)
Legal costs and fines	4D	(265,838)	(286,784)
Grants or donations	4E	(59,549)	(98,246)
Depreciation and amortisation	4F	(244,857)	(216,209)
Campaign expenses	4G	(996,007)	(85,221)
Finance costs	<b>4</b> H	(68,383)	(74,447)
Conference and meetings	41	(105,102)	(280,286)
Administration expense	<b>4</b> J	(376,167)	(343,898)
Delegate expense	4K	(57,205)	(92,134)
Maintenance expenses	4L	(144,202)	(88,730)
Motor vehicle expense	4M	(226,318)	(178,605)
National office expense	4N	(43,582)	(59,785)
Printing, postage and merchandise expense	40	(380,470)	(374,831)
Organising expense	4P	(710,544)	(772,847)
Rental and occupancy expense	4Q	(80,341)	(93,930)
Other operating expense	4R	(150,990)	(178,150)
Total expenses		(9,865,281)	(9,109,479)
Deficit for the year		(1,750,247)	(508,289)
Other comprehensive income		•	
Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)			•
Total comprehensive income for the year		(1,750,247)	(508,289)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5 <b>A</b>	1,801,912	2,803,038
Trade and other receivables	5B	608,818	515,047
Other current assets	5C	85,052	89,020
Total current assets		2,495,782	3,407,105
Non-Current Assets			
Financial assets	6 <b>A</b>	2,486,267	3,027,045
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	6B	257,59 <del>6</del>	122,529
Motor vehicles	6C	427,454	415,176
Total non-current assets		3,171,317	3,564,750
Total assets		5,667,099	6,971,855
LIABILITIES			
Current Liebilitles			
Trade payables	7 <b>A</b>	193,123	198,134
Other payables	7B	97,894	336,105
Finance leases	8A	10,692	33,319
Employee provisions	9A	1,300,409	1,191,815
Total current liabilities		1,602,118	1,759,373
Non-Current Liabilities			
Finance leases	8A	23,266	<b>34</b> ,471
Borrowings	8B	600,000	_
Employee provisions	9A	32,418	18,467
Total non-current liabilities		655,684	52,938
Total liabilities		2,257,802	1,812,311
Net assets		3,409,297	5,159,544
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		3,409,297	5,159,544
Total equity		3,409,297	5,159,544

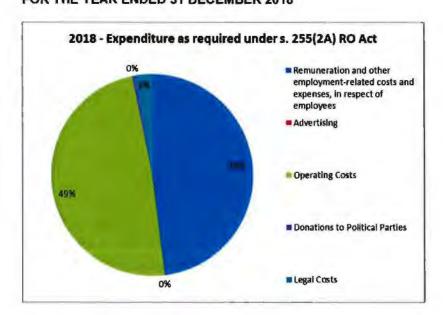
# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

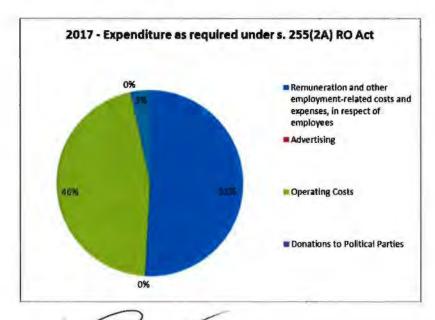
		Retained earnings	Total equity
	Notes	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 January 2017		5,667,833	5,667,833
Deficit for the year		(508,289)	(508,289)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Closing balance as at 31 December 2017	_	5,159,544	5,159,544
Deficit for the year		(1,750,247)	(1,750,247)
Other comprehensive income		•	
Closing balance as at 31 December 2018	_	3,409,297	3,409,297

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	2018	2017
Notes	\$	\$
10B	2,364	92,035
	8,620,257	9,363,824
	50,225	61,087
	(68,383)	(74,447)
	(9,185,049)	(8,389,414)
10B	(1,187,615)	(1,280,491)
	(1,768,201)	(227,406)
	55,749	57,273
	(443,554)	(283,914)
	588,712	-
	200,907	(226,641)
10F	(33,832)	(29,319)
8B	600,000	
	566,168	(29,319)
	(1,001,126)	(483,366)
	2,803,038	3,286,404
10A	1,801,912	2,803,038
	10B	Notes \$  10B

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018





Peter Ong Branch Secretary

29 April 2019

South Brisbane

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

### 1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009*. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch (the Branch) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements are in Australian dollars and have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### 1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

## 1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

## **Key Estimates**

#### Impairment - general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

#### Key Judgements

### Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

#### Key Judgements (Continued)

#### Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

### On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workers compensation and payroll tax.

#### 1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

#### Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard requirements

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard.

#### Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the future reporting period that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include:

 AASB 16: Leases (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019)

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to leases in AASB 117: Leases and related Interpretations. AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model that eliminates the requirement for leases to be classified as operating or finance leases. The main changes introduced by the new Standard include:

- recognition of a right-to-use asset and liability for all leases (excluding short-term leases with less than 12 months of tenure and leases relating to low-value assets);
- depreciation of right-to-use assets in line with AASB 116: Property, Plant and Equipment in profit or loss and unwinding of the liability in principal and interest components;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- by applying a practical expedient, a lessee is permitted to elect not to separate non-lease components and instead account for all components as a lease; and
- additional disclosure requirements.

The transitional provisions of AASB 16 allow a lessee to either retrospectively apply the Standard to comparatives in line with AASB 108: Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors or recognise the cumulative effect of retrospective application as an adjustment to opening equity on the date of initial application.

The Committee of Management are yet to finalise their assessment on the impact on AASB 116, however it is acknowledge that given the number of property leases held by the Branch, that there will be an impact upon adoption of AASB 116.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

#### Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements (continued)

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 1058 clarifies and simplifies the income recognition requirements that apply to not-to-profit (NFP) entities, in conjunction with AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. These Standards supersede all the income recognition requirements relating to private sector NFP entities, and the majority of income recognition requirements relating to public sector NFP entities, previously in AASB 1004 Contributions.

Under AASB 1058, the timing of income recognition depends on whether a NFP transaction gives rise to a liability or other performance obligation (a promise to transfer a good or service), or a contribution by owners, related to an asset (such as cash or another asset) received by an entity.

This standard applies when a NFP entity enters into transactions where the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than the fair value of the asset principally to enable the entity to further its objectives. In the latter case, the entity will recognise and measure the asset at fair value in accordance with the applicable Australian Accounting Standard (e.g. AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment).

Upon initial recognition of the asset, AASB 1058 requires the entity to consider whether any other financial statement elements (called 'related amounts') should be recognised, such as:

- Contributions by owners;
- Revenue, or a contract liability arising from a contract with a customer;
- A lease liability;
- A financial instrument; or
- A provision.

These related amounts will be accounted for in accordance with the applicable Australian Accounting Standard.

The Branch is yet to undertake a detailed assessment of the impact of AASB 1058. However, based on the Branch's preliminary assessment, the Standard is not expacted to have a material impact on the transactions and balances recognised in the financial statements when it is first adopted for the year ending 31 December 2019.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.5 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from subscriptions is accounted for on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the entity retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods, the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account. Collectability of debts is reviewed at end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Gains

#### Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

## 1.7 Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

### 1.8 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 1.8 Employee benefits (Continued)

Under the rules of the Union, those employees who have undertaken 3 or more years of continuous service are entitled to have their Long Service Leave balance paid upon termination (on a pro-rata basis). The Branch does not have an unconditional right to deferred settlement (for those employees with greater than 3 or more consecutive years of service), resulting in Long Service Leave entitlements to be reported et reporting date as current liabilities.

#### 1.9 Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, that are transferred to the Branch are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the Branch will obtain ownership of the asset or over the term of the lease.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 1.10 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### 1.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the ecquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.12 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised upon trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

### Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which
  is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the
  reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about
  the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139
   'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract
   (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the reporting unit has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.12 Financial assets (Continued)

### Available-for-sale

Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the reporting unit that are traded in an active market are classified as available-for-sale and ere stated at fair value. The reporting unit also has investments in unlisted shares that are not traded in an active market but that are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the reporting unit right to receive the dividends is established. The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognised in profit or loss are determined based on the amortised cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### Loan and receivables

Trade receivables, loens and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis except for debt instruments other than those financial assets that are recognised at fair value through profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 1.12 Financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the reporting units past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 60 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.12 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of available-for-sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Branch derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. The difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.13 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'.

## Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting
  unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded darivatives, and AASB 139
  'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract
  (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

## 1.13 Financial Liabilities (Continued)

### Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings and trade and other payables, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Branch deracognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the reporting units obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amounts of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.14 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may erise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

#### 1.15 Plant and Equipment

### Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.15 Plant and Equipment (Continued)

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the Branch Executive to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from those assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows, which will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with that item will flow to the Branch and the costs of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Plant and equipment	10% - 20%
Motor Vehicles	20% - 25%

#### Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

### 1.17 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1997 however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

## 1.18 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 15.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.18 Fair value measurement (continued)

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, charecteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

## 1.19 Going concern

The Branch is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis.

The Branch has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 31 December 2018, and/ or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 3 Income		
Note 3A: Interest		
Deposits	42,052	58,977
Related entity (ETU-Q)	47,933	42,030
Total interest	89,985	101,007
Note 3B: Organising income		
Organising income (ETU-Q)	357,602	266,083
Other		7,364
Total organising income	357,602	273,447
Note 3C: Conference income		
Conference income (ETU-Q)	-	208,356
Total conference income		208,356
Note 3D: Sponsorship income		
Sponsorship income - general	378,127	414,975
Sponsorship income - training	61,500	106,583
Total sponsorship income	439,627	521,558

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
Note 3	Income (Continued)		
Note 3E:	Other revenue		
Administra		110,840	138,818
Merchand	lise income	12,452	11,962
Board fee	income	•	55,677
Campaigr	nincome	-	28,261
Other me	mbership income	47,798	9,510
Other inco	ome	28,315	63,320
Total other	er revenue	199,405	307,548
Note 4	Expenses		
Note 4A:	Employee expenses		
Holders o	of office:		
Wages	s and salaries	389,588	460,76 <b>7</b>
	annuation	54,092	56,540
Leave	and other entitlements	87,081	55,991
Separa	ation and redundancies	-	-
Other	employee expenses	•	
Subtotal	employee expenses holders of office	530,761	573,298
Employe	es other than office holders:		
Wages	s and salaries	2,858,886	3,025,263
Supera	annuation	683,145	704,984
Leave	and other entitlements	463,031	127,169
Separa	ation and redundancies	•	-
Other	employee expenses	-	
Subtotal holders	employee expenses employees other than office _	4,005,062	3,857,416
Add: Pavi	roll tax expense	205,216	205,549
•	ployee expenses	4,741,039	4,636,263
Note 4R:	Sustentation fees		
	Electrical, Energy and Services Division	947,665	965,895
	stentation fees	947,665	965,895
		;	,

2018

2017

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		\$	\$
Note 4	Expenses (Continued)		
Note 4C:	Affiliation fees		
	Labor Party (State of Queensland)	57,756	71,478
Australian Labor Party (Northern Territory) Branch		7,080	4,415
	and Council of Unions	86,463	82,091
	Territory Trades and Labour Council	6,611	6,649
Union Shopper		32,375	38,860
	Labour History Association	100	100
	Disease Support Society	800	500
	Asia Workers Links		2,000
	ent and Peaceful Australia Network		100
	liation fees	191,185	206,193
Note 4D:	Legal costs and fines		
Litigation		227,588	221,784
Other legal matters		38,250	
Total leg		265,838	221,784
Fines - F	ederal Court of Australia		65,000
Total leg	al costs and fines	265,838	286,784
	nch was fined during the 2017 year by the Federal d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens		ustrial action
conducte Note 4E:	그리아 마음에 있는 그림, 그리아 아이를 가게 먹었다면 하는데		ustrial action
Note 4E: Grants	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens  Grants or donations		ustrial action
Note 4E: Grants Donation	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens  Grants or donations s:	land.	-
Note 4E: Grants Donation Total p	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens  Grants or donations s: eaid that were \$1,000 or less	land. - 4,849	2,892
Note 4E: Grants Donation Total p	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens Grants or donations s: aid that were \$1,000 or less aid that exceeded \$1,000	4,849 54,700	2,892 95,354
Note 4E: Grants Donation: Total p	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens  Grants or donations s: eaid that were \$1,000 or less	land. - 4,849	2,892
Note 4E: Grants Donation Total p Total gra  Note 4F:	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens Grants or donations s: aid that were \$1,000 or less aid that exceeded \$1,000 ants or donations  Depreciation and amortisation	4,849 54,700	2,892 95,354
Note 4E: Grants Donation Total p Total gra  Note 4F: Deprecia	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens Grants or donations s: aid that were \$1,000 or less aid that exceeded \$1,000 ants or donations  Depreciation and amortisation tion	4,849 54,700 59,549	2,892 95,354 98,246
Note 4E: Grants Donation Total p Total gra  Note 4F: Deprecia Furnitu	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens Grants or donations s: aid that were \$1,000 or less aid that exceeded \$1,000 ants or donations  Depreciation and amortisation tion are, fittings and office equipment	4,849 54,700 59,549	2,892 95,354 98,246
Note 4E: Grants Donation Total p Total gra  Note 4F: Deprecia Furnitu	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens Grants or donations s: Paid that were \$1,000 or less Paid that exceeded \$1,000 Parts or donations  Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation and office equipment Depreciation and office equipment Depreciation and office equipment	4,849 54,700 59,549 50,952 193,905	2,892 95,354 98,246 44,367 171,842
Note 4E: Grants Donation: Total p Total gra  Note 4F: Deprecia Furnita	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens Grants or donations s: aid that were \$1,000 or less aid that exceeded \$1,000 ants or donations  Depreciation and amortisation tion are, fittings and office equipment	4,849 54,700 59,549	2,892 95,354 98,246
Note 4E: Grants Donation: Total p Total gra  Note 4F: Deprecia Furnitu Motor: Total dep	d at a number of construction sites throughout Queens Grants or donations s: Paid that were \$1,000 or less Paid that exceeded \$1,000 Parts or donations  Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation and office equipment Depreciation and office equipment Depreciation and office equipment	4,849 54,700 59,549 50,952 193,905	2,892 95,354 98,246 44,367 171,842

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses (Continued)	13.0	
Note 4G: Campaign Expenses		
Industrial campaigns		2,727
Community campaigns		82,494
ACTU Change the Rules campaign	996,007	
Total campaign expenses	996,007	85,221
Note 4H: Finance costs		
Interest expense	2,822	5,917
Bank fees and charges	65,561	68,530
Total finance costs	68,383	74,447
Note 4I: Conference and Meetings		
Conference expenses	57,478	208,356
Meeting expenses	47,624	71,910
Total conference and meetings	105,102	280,266
Note 4J: Administration expense		
Fringe benefits tax	40,751	41,472
Staff amenities	26,882	43,894
Telephone	127,106	110,435
Insurance	83,897	59,860
Debt collection fees	183	19,279
Subscriptions	58,349	23,194
Other administration expenses	38,999	45,764
Total administration expense	376,167	343,898
Note 4K: Delegate expense		
Delegate expenses	57,205	92,134
Total delegate expense	57,205	92,134
Note 4L: Maintenance expense		
Maintenance expense	144,202	88,730
Total maintenance expense	144,202	88,730
Note 4M: Motor vehicle expense		
Fuel	128,954	96,753
Registrations	18,508	18,837
Service/ repairs	34,501	22,594
Other motor vehicle expenses	46,355	40,421
Total motor vehicle expense	228,318	178,605

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses (Continued)		
Note 4N: National office expense		
National office expenses	43,582	59,785
Total national office expenses	43,582	59,785
Note 40: Printing, postage and merchandise expense		
Journal expense	98,959	130,350
Merchandise	62,021	107,683
Printing	76,369	47,136
Stationery	7,915	11,684
Postage and freight	135,206	77,978
Total printing, postage and merchandise expenses	380,470	374,831
Note 4P: Organising expense		
Labour Day expenses	112,159	107,965
Travelling costs	323,357	225,451
Direct organising costs	34,788	152,562
Other organising expenses	240,240	286,869
Total organising expense	710,544	772,847
Note 4Q: Rental and occupancy expense		
Rent expense	75,973	77,106
Other occupancy costs	4,368	16,824
Total rental and occupancy expense	80,341	93,930
Note 4R: Other Operating Expenses		
Levies - CEPU National Council	17,351	16,480
Sponsorship expense	53,750	59,532
Doubtful debt expense		28,620
Other operating expenses	79,889	73,518
Total other operating expenses	150,990	178,150

## Levies

The CEPU National Council issued a levy during the year to assist in funding its day to day operations.

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 5 Current Assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	580,344	634,184
Cash on hand	17,565	14,929
Term deposits	1,204,003	2,153,925
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,801,912	2,803,038
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-
Other receivables:		
Other trade receivables	5,742	68,802
Less: Provision for doubtful debtors		-
Accrued interest	3,349	11,523
Accrued income	65,629	1.4
Related party receivable (ETU-Q)	418,771	402,096
Related party receivable (DMB Fund)	115,327	32,626
Total other receivables	608,818	515,047
Total trade and other receivables (net)	608,818	515,047
Note 5C: Other Current Assets		
Prepayments	85,052	89,020
Total other current assets	85,052	89,020

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 6 Non-current Assets		
Note 6A: Financial Assets		
Related party loan receivable – ETU-Q	2, <b>486,267</b>	2,438,333
Related party loan receivable - DMB Fund		588,712
Total financial asset	2,486,267	3,027,045

#### Loan Terms and Conditions

### ETU - Q Loan

The following terms and conditions are applicable on the related party loan:

- 1. The CEPU Electrical, Energy and Services Division Qld/ NT Branch has secured the loan over the properties located at 37 Peel Street, South Brisbane and 63 Ross River Street, Mundingburra.
- Interest is charged based on the variable rate published by the Commonwealth Bank of Australia for Bank Bills.
- 3. There is no set repayment date on the loan and the Division must pay the lender back upon a written demand being provided by the lender.

#### DMB Fund Loan

There loan is not secured against any assets of the DMB Fund nor is any interest paid by the Fund to the Branch.

#### Note 6B: Furniture, Fittings and Office Equipment

Furniture, fittings and office equipment:

at cost	876,498	690,480
accumulated depreciation	(618,902)	(567,951)
Total Furniture, Fittings and Office Equipment	257,596	122,529

#### Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Furniture, Fittings and Office Equipment

As at 1 January		
Gross book value	690,480	647,542
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(567,951)	(523,583)
Net book value 1 January	122,529	123,959
Additions:		
By purchase	230,969	42,937
Depreciation expense	(50,952)	(44,367)
Disposals:		
By sale	(44,950)	-
Net book value 31 December	257,596	122,529
Net book value as of 31 December represented by:		
Gross book value	876,498	690, <b>480</b>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(618,902)	(567,951)
Net book value 31 December	257,596	122,529

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 6C: Motor Vehicles		
Office equipment and furniture:		
at cost	834,320	822,527
accumulated depreciation	(406,866)	(407,351)
Total Motor Vehicles	427,454	415,176
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Motor	Vehicles	
As at 1 January		
Gross book value	822,527	<b>7</b> 31,933
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(407,351)	(340,084)
Net book value 1 January	415,176	391,849
Additions:		
By purchase	212,585	240,977
Depreciation expense	(193,905)	(171,842)
Disposals:		
By sale	(6,402)	(45,808)
Net book value 31 December	427,454	415,176
Net book value as of 31 December represented by:		
Gross book value	834,320	822,527
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(406,866)	(407,351)
Net book value 31 December	427,454	415,176

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 7 Current Liabilities	T	
Note 7A: Trade payables		
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	145,183	153,499
Subtotal trade payables	145,183	153,499
Payables to other reporting units		
CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division	47,940	44,635
Subtotal payables to other reporting units	47,940	44,635
Total trade payables	193,123	198,134
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 7B: Other payables		
Income received in advance	-	29,000
Legal costs		
Litigation	15,597	6,431
Other legal matters	5,246	-
Credit card liabilities	20,604	19,148
Superannuation payable	2,184	70,780
PAYG payable		145,602
GST payable (net)	38,119	44,900
Other sundry payables	16,144	20,244
Total other payables	97,894	336,105
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months	97,894	336,105
More than 12 months	-	
Total other payables	97,894	336,105

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Note 8 Financial Liabilities		-
Note 8A: Finance Lease		
Current	10,692	33,319
Non-Current	23,266	34,471
Total finance lease	33,956	67,790
Lease Commitments		
Payable – Minimum lease payments		
not later than 12 months	12,788	36,574
Between 12 months and 5 years	24,323	37,378
Greater than 5 years		
Minimum lease payments	37,111	73,952
Less: Future financing charges	(3,153)	(6,162)
Present value of minimum lease payments	33,958	67,790
Finance leases relate to a motor vehicles which commenced 2 charged at 7.28% and secured over the motor vehicles.	015 that will expire 2020. Inter	est is

## Note 8B: Borrowings

Current	-	-
Non-Current	600,000	-
Total borrowings	600,000	_
Borrowings		

600,000

## Loan Terms and Conditions

Unsecured Loan - DMB Fund

The terms and conditions associated with the loan from the DMB Fund are:

- 1. The loan in interest free

- The loan is unsecured
   There are no formal repayment terms
   The DMB Fund can demand repayment, only after providing 13 months written notice that it intends to do so.

Note 9   Provisions   S   S   S   S   Note 9   Provisions			2018	2017
Note 9A: Employee Provisions           Office Holders:           Annual leave         62,286         43,009           Long service leave         134,469         97,111           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—office holders:         196,755         140,120           Employees other than office holders:         -         -           Annual leave         532,235         454,939           Long service leave         603,837         615,223           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders         1,136,072         1,070,162           Total employee provisions         1,332,827         1,210,282           Current         1,300,409         1,191,815           Non-Current         32,418         18,467			\$	\$
Office Holders:           Annual leave         62,286         43,009           Long service leave         134,469         97,111           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—office holders         196,755         140,120           Employees other than office holders:         -         -           Annual leave         532,235         454,939           Long service leave         603,837         615,223           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders         1,136,072         1,070,162           Total employee provisions         1,332,827         1,210,282           Current         1,300,409         1,191,815           Non-Current         32,418         18,467	Note 9	Provisions		
Annual leave         62,286         43,009           Long service leave         134,469         97,111           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—office holders         196,755         140,120           Employees other than office holders:         -         -           Annual leave         532,235         454,939           Long service leave         603,837         615,223           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders         1,136,072         1,070,162           Total employee provisions         1,332,827         1,210,282           Current         1,300,409         1,191,815           Non-Current         32,418         18,467	Note 9A:	Employee Provisions		
Long service leave       134,469       97,111         Separations and redundancies       -       -         Other       -       -         Subtotal employee provisions—office holders       196,755       140,120         Employees other than office holders:       -       -         Annual leave       532,235       454,939         Long service leave       603,837       615,223         Separations and redundancies       -       -         Other       -       -         Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders       1,136,072       1,070,162         Total employee provisions       1,332,827       1,210,282         Current       1,300,409       1,191,815         Non-Current       32,418       18,467	Office Ho	lders:		
Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—office holders:         196,755         140,120           Employees other than office holders:         -         -           Annual leave         532,235         454,939           Long service leave         603,837         615,223           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders         1,136,072         1,070,162           Total employee provisions         1,332,827         1,210,282           Current         1,300,409         1,191,815           Non-Current         32,418         18,467	Annua	lleave	62,286	43,009
Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—office holders         196,755         140,120           Employees other than office holders:         -	Long s	ervice leave	134,469	97,111
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders         196,755         140,120           Employees other than office holders:         332,235         454,939           Long service leave         603,837         615,223           Separations and redundancies         -         -           Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders         1,136,072         1,070,162           Total employee provisions         1,332,827         1,210,282           Current         1,300,409         1,191,815           Non-Current         32,418         18,467	Separa	ations and redundancies	-	-
Employees other than office holders:         Annual leave       532,235       454,939         Long service leave       603,837       615,223         Separations and redundancies       -       -         Other       -       -         Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders       1,136,072       1,070,162         Total employee provisions       1,332,827       1,210,282         Current       1,300,409       1,191,815         Non-Current       32,418       18,467	Other		-	-
Annual leave 532,235 454,939 Long service leave 603,837 615,223 Separations and redundancies Other Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders 1,136,072 1,070,162  Total employee provisions 1,332,827 1,210,282  Current 1,300,409 1,191,815 Non-Current 32,418 18,467	Şubtotal	employee provisions—office holders	196,755	140,120
Long service leave       603,837       615,223         Separations and redundancies       -       -         Other       -       -         Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders       1,136,072       1,070,162         Total employee provisions       1,332,827       1,210,282         Current       1,300,409       1,191,815         Non-Current       32,418       18,467	Employe	es other than office holders:		
Separations and redundancies	Annua	l leave	532,235	454,939
Other         -         -           Subtotal employee provisions         1,136,072         1,070,162           Total employee provisions         1,332,827         1,210,282           Current         1,300,409         1,191,815           Non-Current         32,418         18,467	Long s	ervice leave	603,837	615,223
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders         1,136,072         1,070,162           Total employee provisions         1,332,827         1,210,282           Current         1,300,409         1,191,815           Non-Current         32,418         18,467	Separa	ations and redundancies		-
holders       1,136,072       1,070,162         Total employee provisions       1,332,827       1,210,282         Current       1,300,409       1,191,815         Non-Current       32,418       18,467	Other		-	
Current       1,300,409       1,191,815         Non-Current       32,418       18,467		employee provisions—employees other than office —	1,136,072	1,070,162
Non-Current 32,418 18,467	Total em	ployee provisions	1,332,827	1,210,282
	Current		1,300,409	1,191,815
Total employee provisions 1,332,827 1,210,282	Non-Curre	ent	32,418	18,467
	Total emi	ployee provisions	1,332,827	1,210,282

Note 10   Cash Flow			2018	2017
Note 10A: Cash Flow           Note 10A: Cash Flow Reconciliation           Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial           Position to Cash Flow Statement:           Cash and cash equivalents as per:           Cash flow statement         1,801,912         2,803,038           Statement of financial position         1,801,912         2,803,038           Difference         -           Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:           Deficit for the year         (1,750,247)         (508,289)           Adjustments for non-cash items           Depreciation/ amortisation         244,857         216,209           Interest income (ETU −Q)         (47,934)         (42,039)           Cash on disposal of property, plant and equipment         (4,397)         (11,465)           Changes in assets/liabilities         (Increase) decrease in net receivables         (93,771)         51,330           (Increase) decrease in net receivables         (93,771)         51,330           (Increase)			\$	\$
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement:	Note 10	Cash Flow		
Cash and cash equivalents as per:   Cash and cash equivalents   1,801,912   2,803,038     Statement of financial position   1,801,912   2,803,038     Difference	Note 10A:	Cash Flow Reconciliation		
Cash flow statement         1,801,912         2,803,038           Statement of financial position         1,801,912         2,803,038           Difference         -         -           Reconcilitation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:         -         -           Deficit for the year         (1,750,247)         (508,289)           Adjustments for non-cash items         244,857         216,209           Depreciation/ amortisation         244,857         216,209           Interest income (ETU –Q)         (47,934)         (42,030)           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         (4,397)         (11,465)           Changes in assets/liabilities         (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables         (93,771)         51,330           (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets         3,968         20           Increase/ (decrease) in provisions         122,545         (76,518)           Net cash used in operating activities         (1,768,199)         (227,406)           Note 10B: Cash flow information         2,364         90,585           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division         -         1,450           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division         (1,156,955)         (1,172,377)           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Di			of Financial	
Statement of financial position	Cash and	cash equivalents as per:		
Difference	Cash flow	statement	1,801,912	2,803,038
Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:  Deficit for the year (1,750,247) (508,289)  Adjustments for non-cash items  Depreciation/ amortisation 244,857 216,209 Interest income (ETU –Q) (47,934) (42,030) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (4,397) (11,465)  Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets 3,968 20 Increase)/ decrease in other current assets 3,968 20 Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables (243,222) 143,337 Increase/ (decrease) in provisions 122,545 (76,518) Net cash used in operating activities (1,768,199) (227,406)  Note 10B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units CEPU – Plumbing Division (Qld Branch) 2,364 90,585  Total cash inflows to other reporting units CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (1,156,955) (1,172,377) CEPU – National Council (19,087) (18,128) CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (2PU – Communications Division (Qld Branch) (2,200) CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW (11,573) (87,786)	Statement	of financial position	1,801,912	2,803,038
activities:           Deficit for the year         (1,750,247)         (508,289)           Adjustments for non-cash items         244,857         216,209           Interest income (ETU –Q)         (47,934)         (42,030)           Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         (4,397)         (11,465)           Changes in assets/liabilities         (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables         (93,771)         51,330           (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets         3,968         20           Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables         (243,222)         143,337           Increase/ (decrease) in provisions         122,545         (76,518)           Net cash used in operating activities         (1,768,199)         (227,408)           Note 10B: Cash flow information         Cash inflows from other reporting units         -         1,450           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division         -         1,450           CEPU – Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)         2,364         92,035           Cash outflows to other reporting units         (1,156,955)         (1,172,377)           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division         (1,156,955)         (1,172,377)           CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)         -         (2,200)      <	Difference	9		-
Adjustments for non-cash items   Depreciation/ amortisation   244,857   216,209   Interest income (ETU –Q)   (47,934)   (42,030)   Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment   (4,397)   (11,465)		•		
Depreciation/ amortisation   244,857   216,209     Interest income (ETU –Q)   (47,934)   (42,030)     Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment   (4,397)   (11,465)     Changes in assets/liabilities     (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables   (93,771)   51,330     (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets   3,968   20     Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables   (243,222)   143,337     Increase/ (decrease) in provisions   122,545   (76,518)     Net cash used in operating activities   (1,768,199)   (227,406)     Note 10B: Cash flow information     Cash inflows from other reporting units     CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division   2,364   90,585     Total cash inflows   (2,364   92,035     Cash outflows to other reporting units     CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division   (1,156,955)   (1,172,377)     CEPU – National Council   (19,087)   (18,128)     CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)   - (2,200)     CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW   (11,573)   (87,786)     CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW   (11,573)	Deficit for	the year	(1,750,247)	(508,289)
Interest income (ETU –Q)	Adjustme	ents for non-cash items		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment         (4,397)         (11,465)           Changes in assets/liabilities         (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables         (93,771)         51,330           (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets         3,968         20           Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables         (243,222)         143,337           Increase/ (decrease) in provisions         122,545         (76,518)           Net cash used in operating activities         (1,768,199)         (227,406)           Note 10B: Cash flow information         2         20           Cash inflows from other reporting units         2         20           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division         2,364         90,585           Total cash inflows         2,364         92,035           Cash outflows to other reporting units         (1,156,955)         (1,172,377)           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division         (1,156,955)         (1,172,377)           CEPU – National Council         (19,087)         (18,128)           CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)         -         (2,200)           CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW         (11,573)         (87,786)	Depreciati	on/ amortisation	244,857	216,209
Changes in assets/liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables (93,771) 51,330 (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets 3,968 20 Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables (243,222) 143,337 Increase/ (decrease) in provisions 122,545 (76,518) Net cash used in operating activities (1,768,199) (227,406)  Note 10B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division - 1,450 CEPU – Plumbing Division (Qld Branch) 2,364 90,585  Total cash inflows  Cash outflows to other reporting units CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (1,156,955) (1,172,377) CEPU – National Council (19,087) (18,128) CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch) - (2,200) CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW	Interest in	come (ETU -Q)	(47,934)	(42,030)
(Increase)/ decrease in net receivables         (93,771)         51,330           (Increase)/ decrease in other current assets         3,968         20           Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables         (243,222)         143,337           Increase/ (decrease) in provisions         122,545         (76,518)           Net cash used in operating activities         (1,768,199)         (227,406)           Note 10B: Cash flow information         2         20           Cash inflows from other reporting units         - 1,450         - 1,450           CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division         - 2,364         90,585           Total cash inflows         2,364         92,035           Cash outflows to other reporting units         (1,156,955)         (1,172,377)           CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division         (1,156,955)         (1,172,377)           CEPU - National Council         (19,087)         (18,128)           CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW         - (2,200)           CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW         (11,573)         (87,786)	Gain on di	isposal of property, plant and equipment	(4,397)	(11,465)
(Increase)/ decrease in other current assets       3,968       20         Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables       (243,222)       143,337         Increase/ (decrease) in provisions       122,545       (76,518)         Net cash used in operating activities       (1,768,199)       (227,406)         Note 10B: Cash flow information       20       227,406         Cash inflows from other reporting units       -       1,450         CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division       -       1,450         CEPU – Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)       2,364       92,035         Cash outflows to other reporting units       -       (1,156,955)       (1,172,377)         CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division       (1,156,955)       (1,172,377)         CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)       -       (2,200)         CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW       (11,573)       (87,786)	Changes	in assets/liabilities		
Increase   (decrease) in trade and other payables   (243,222)   143,337     Increase   (decrease) in provisions   122,545   (76,518)     Net cash used in operating activities   (1,768,199)   (227,406)     Note 10B: Cash flow information     Cash inflows from other reporting units     CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division   - 1,450     CEPU - Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)   2,364   90,585     Total cash inflows   2,364   92,035     Cash outflows to other reporting units     CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division   (1,156,955)   (1,172,377)     CEPU - National Council   (19,087)   (18,128)     CEPU - Communications Division (Qld Branch)   - (2,200)     CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)   ETU NSW   (11,573)   (87,786)     CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)   ETU NSW   (11,573)   (87,786)     CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)   ETU NSW   (11,573)   (87,786)	(Increase)	/ decrease in net receivables	(93,771)	51,330
Increase	(Increase)	/ decrease in other current assets	3,968	20
Note 10B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division CEPU - Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)  Cash outflows to other reporting units  CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU - National Council  CEPU - Communications Division (Qld Branch)  CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW  (11,573)  (227,406)  (1,768,199)  (227,406)  (1,450,199)  (227,406)  (1,450,199)  (227,406)  (1,450,199)  (227,406)  (1,450,199)	Increase/	(decrease) in trade and other payables	(243,222)	143,337
Note 10B: Cash flow information Cash inflows from other reporting units CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division CEPU - Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)  Total cash inflows  Cash outflows to other reporting units CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division CEPU - National Council CEPU - National Council CEPU - Communications Division (Qld Branch) CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW  (11,573)  (87,786)	Increase/	(decrease) in provisions	122,545	(76,518)
Cash inflows from other reporting units  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU – Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)  Total cash inflows  Cash outflows to other reporting units  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU – National Council  CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW  Branch)/ ETU NSW  1,450  2,364  90,585  2,364  92,035  (1,172,377)  (1,172,377)  (18,128)  (2,200)  (11,573)  (87,786)	Net cash	used in operating activities	(1,768,199)	(227,406)
CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division CEPU – Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)  Total cash inflows  Cash outflows to other reporting units CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division CEPU – National Council CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch) CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW  1,450 2,364 92,035 (1,172,377) (1,172,377) (18,128) (19,087) (18,128) (11,573) (11,573)	Note 10B	: Cash flow information		
CEPU – Plumbing Division (Qld Branch)  Total cash inflows  Cash outflows to other reporting units  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU – National Council  CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW  2,364  92,035  (1,172,377)  (1,172,377)  (18,128)  (19,087)  (11,573)  (11,573)				
Total cash inflows  Cash outflows to other reporting units  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU – National Council  CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW  Branch)/ ETU NSW  2,364  92,035  (1,172,377)  (18,128)  (18,128)  (2,200)  (11,573)  (87,786)			:	1,450
Cash outflows to other reporting units  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU – National Council  CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW  Branch)/ ETU NSW  (1,156,955)  (1,172,377)  (18,128)  (2,200)  (2,200)				
CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division  CEPU – National Council  CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch)  CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW  Branch)/ ETU NSW  (1,172,377)  (18,128)  (2,200)  (11,573)  (87,786)	Total cas	h inflows	2,364	92,035
CEPU – National Council (19,087) (18,128) CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch) (2,200) CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW (11,573)	Cash outf	lows to other reporting units		
CEPU – Communications Division (Qld Branch) (2,200) CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW Branch)/ ETU NSW (11,573)	CEPU	<ul> <li>Electrical, Energy and Services Division</li> </ul>	(1,156,955)	(1,172,377)
CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division (NSW granch)/ ETU NSW (11,573) (87,786)			(19,087)	(18,128)
Branch)/ ETU NSW (67,766)			•	(2,200)
			(11,573)	(87,786)
			(1,187,615)	(1,280,491)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 10 Cash Flow (Continued)		
Note 10C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities		
Finance Leases		
Used facility	33,958	67,790
Unused facility		<u> </u>
Total facility	33,958	67,790
The financing facility has been arranged with Esanda Chattel Mort		
expire in 2020 with security being held over the motor vehicle in wi	hich the facility relates to.	
CBA Mastercard Facility		
Used facility	1,051	20
Unused facility	38,949	39,980
Total facility	40,000	40,000
American Express Facility		
Used facility	19,553	19,128
Unused facility	140,447	140,872
Total facility	160,000	160,000
Loan Facility - DMB Fund		
Used facility	600,000	-
Unused facility		
Total facility	600,000	
Note 10D: Non-cash transactions  There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during	ng the year (2017: Nil).	
Note 10E: Net debt reconciliation		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,801,912	2,803,038
Borrowings - repayable within one year	(10,692)	(33,319)
Borrowings – repayable after one year	(623,266)	(34,471)
Net debt	1,167,954	2,735,248

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 10 Cash Flow (Continued)

## Note 10F: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	Other Assets	Liabilities from financing activities			
	Cash assets	Finance lease  – due within 1  year	Finance lease - due after 1 year	Borrowings – due after 1 year	Total
Net debt at 1 January 2017	3,286,404	(35,535)	(61,574)	<b>+</b>	3,189,295
Cash flows	(483,366)	2,216	27,103	-	(454,047)
Net debt at 31 December 2017	2,803,038	(33,319)	(34,471)	-	2,735,248
Cash flows	(1,001,126)	22,627	11,205	(600,000)	(1,567,294)
Net debt at 31 December 2018	1,801,912	(10,692)	(23,266)	(600,000)	1,167,954

### Note 11 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

### Note 11A: Commitments and Contingencies

### Capital commitments

At 31 December 2018 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2017: Nil).

## Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

The Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2018	2017
\$	\$

### Note 11 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments (Continued)

#### Note 11B: Leasing Commitments

#### Operating Leases (as a lessee)

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements.

#### Payable - Minimum lease payments

not later than 12 months	8,800	27,097
between 12 months and 5 years	5,883	-
greater than 5 years	•	
Minimum lease payments	14,683	27,097

The leases relate to rent of regional office located at Gladstone. The lease expires on 31 August 2020.

### Operating Leases (as a lessor)

The Branch does not have any operating leases as a lessor at 31 December 2018 (2017: Nil).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Note 12 Related Party Disclosures

## Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

#### **CEPU National Council**

#### **Electrical Division**

CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division

CEPU - NSW Electrical Branch

CEPU - VIC Electrical Branch

CEPU - TAS Electrical Branch

CEPU - SA Electrical Branch

CEPU - WA Electrical Branch

#### Plumbing Division

CEPU - Plumbing Division

CEPU - QLD Plumbing Branch

CEPU - NSW Plumbing Branch

CEPU - VIC Plumbing Branch

CEPU - WA Plumbing Branch

#### Communications Division

CEPU - Communications Division

CEPU - QLD Communications Branch

CEPU - NSW Communications T&S Branch

CEPU - NSW Communications P&T Branch

CEPU - VIC Communications T&S Branch

CEPU - VIC Communications P&T Branch

CEPU - SA/ NT Communications Branch

CEPU - WA Communications Branch

#### Other Related Parties

Electrical Trades Union of Employees Queensland

Electrical Trades Union of Employees Oueensland (ETU Division)

Electrical Trades Union of Employees Queensland (AFULE Division)

The Electrical Trades Union of Employees Queensland (being a state registered trade union) has members on its Committee of Management that are consistent with that of the Branch. Further, all members of the Branch are joint members with the state registered union.

Distress, Mortality and Building Fund

The Branch is the trustee of the DMB Fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

# Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.		
Expenses paid to CEPU – National Council includes the		
following: Levies	47 254	16 490
FÉAIG2	17,351	16,480
Revenue received from CEPU -Electrical, Energy and		
Services Division includes the following:		
Reimbursement of travel expenses	-	1,318
Expenses paid to CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services		
Division includes the following:		
Sustentation fees	947,665	965,895
Reimbursement of wage costs	•	23,960
Reimbursement of national journal costs	43,582	94,345
Reimbursement of travel expenses	20,532	5,208
Subscriptions/ research	24,251	17,261
Other operating costs	18,752	-
Amounts owed to CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services		
Division includes the following:	47.040	44.635
Reimbursement of national journal costs	47,940	44,635
Expense paid to CEPU – Communication Division – Qld		
Branch includes the following:		
Rent	-	2,002
Expenses paid to CEPU – Electrical Division – NSW Branch/ ETU NSW includes the following:		
Reimbursement of wage costs		85,392
Reimbursement of travel expenses	11,574	00,002
Trainbursement of Barel expenses	11,014	
Revenue received from CEPU - Plumbing Division - QLD		
Branch includes the following:	4 888	45 050
Reimbursement of legal fees	1,929	17,350
Reimbursement of fines	-	65,000
Other operating costs	220	-

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

## Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Revenue received from Electrical Trades Union, Industrial		
Union of Employees (ETU Division) includes the following:		
Interest income	47,933	42,030
Reimbursement of organising expenses	357,802	266,083
Reimbursement of conference expenses	40,867	208,356
Administration fees	31,818	54,545
Reimbursement of travel expenses	47,588	-
Other sundry income	1,465	390
Expenses paid to Electrical Trades Union, Industrial Union		
of Employees Queensland (ETU Division) includes the		
following:		
Transfer of levies	1,416,100	1,530,212

The Branch collects levies from members on behalf of the Electrical Trades Union, Industrial Union of Employees Queensland (ETU Division). Levies are collected for the following:

- Campaign levy
- 2. Coal levy
- 3. Lift industry levy
- Electrical contracting levy
   Suppler industry levy
- 6. Apprentice levy
- OH&S levy
- 8. Supply TND and Supply TNDC levy
- 9. Support levy

All levies are paid to the Electrical Trades Union, Industrial Union of Employees (ETU Division) each month with the Branch not controlling any levies/ funds on behalf of the state registered union.

## Amounts owed by Electrical Trades Union, Industrial Union of Employees Queensland (ETU Division) Includes the following

Loan receivable	2,486,266	2,438,333
Trade receivable	418.771	402.096

The Loan between the Branch and the state registered union is secured over the real property of the state union and interest is charged at the variable interest rate as published by the Commonwealth Bank of Australia of Bank Bills.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

# Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Revenue received from Distress, Mortality and Building Fund includes the following:		
Honorary membership fees	80,652	78,572
Reimbursement of training expenses	25,739	49,331
Administration fees	79,022	84,273
Reimbursement of the purchase of capital assets	-	39,000
Reimbursement of other expenses	1,868	-
Expenses paid to Distress, Mortality and Building Fund includes the following:		
Transfer of DMB Levy	791,972	857,562

The Branch collects from members a DMB levy on behalf of the DMB Fund. All levies collected each month by the Branch are paid across to the DMB Fund and no monies are controlled by the Branch.

#### Amounts owed by DMB Fund includes the following

Loan payable

Trade receivable	115,327	32,626
Loan receivable	-	588,712
Amounts owed to DMB Fund includes the following		

600,000

The Loan between the Branch and the DMB Fund is unsecured with no interest charged between the entities.

#### Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are mede on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2017: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

### Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined key management personnel comprise of:

- Peter Simpson (Branch Secretary) retired 15 January 2018
- Peter Ong (Assistant Branch Secretary) (1 January -2018 19 February 2019), Branch Secretary 19
   February 2018 31 December 2018
- Keith McKenzie (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 12B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the R	eporting Period	
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	465,507	508,494
Other	-	-
Total short-term employee benefits	465,507	508,494
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	54,092	56,540
Total poet-employment benefits	54,092	56,540
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave	11,162	8,264
Total other long-term benefits	11,162	8,264
Termination benefits		
Total	530,761	573,298

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018	2017
		\$	\$
Note 13	Remuneration of Auditors and Consultants		
Value of th	e services provided		
Financia	al statement audit services	47,500	46,000
Other se	ervices	26,337	31,045
Total remu	neration of auditors	73,837	77,045

Other services relate to taxation services, accounting and non-financial statement audit services provided by MGI Audit Pty Ltd and related entities.

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments

#### Financial Risk Management Policy

The Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

#### (a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of sustentation fees from state branches.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

### Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2018

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	190,047	-	-	418,771	608,818
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	•	-
Total	190,047	•	-	418,771	618,818
Ageing of financial assets the	nat were past due Within	but not impaired for	2017		
	trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	80,325	-	•	434,722	515,047
Receivables from other	_	_	_	_	_

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

434,722

515,047

80,325

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 31 December 2018, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

### Collateral held as security

reporting units

Total

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 31 December 2018 (2017: Nil).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### (b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation.

Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

#### Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	193,123	198,134	-		-		193,123	198,134
Other payables	97,894	336,105		-	-	-	97,894	336,105
Finance leases	10,692	33,319	23,266	34,471		-	33,958	67,790
Loans	•	-		-	600,000	-	600,000	-
Total expected outflows	301,709	567,558	23,266	34,471	600,000	-	924,975	602,029

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

## Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis (Continued)

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5	1 to 5 Years O		Years	Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	S	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	1,801,912	2,803,038					1,801,912	2,803,038
Trade and other receivables	608,818	515,047		-		-	608,818	515,047
Financial assets		-		-	2,486,267	3,027,045	2,486,267	3,027,045
Total anticipated inflows	2,410,730	3,318,085		-	2,486,267	3,027,045	4,896,997	6,345,130
Net inflow on financial instruments	2,109,021	2,750,527	(23,266)	(34,471)	1,886,267	3,027,045	3,972,022	5,743,101

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

### (c) Market Risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is managed using a mix of fixed and floating financial instruments. The effective interest rate expenditure to interest rate financial instruments are as follows:

	Weighted A Effective I Rat			
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	%	%	\$	\$
Floating rate instruments				
Cash and cash equivalents	1.48	1.92	1,801,912	2,803,038
Financial assets	2.02	1.43	2,486,267	3,027,045
Financial liabilities	6.71	7.11	33,958	67,790
Loans			600,000	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

### (c) Market Risk (Continued)

## i. Interest rate risk (Continued)

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Profit	Equity
	\$	\$
Year ended 31 December 2018		
+1% in interest rates	36,542	36,542
-1% in interest rates	(42,622)	(42,622)
Year ended 31 December 2017		
+1% in interest rates	58,829	58,829
-1% in interest rates	(47,235)	(47,235)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Branch has no material direct exposures to currency risk. There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year

#### ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

#### iii. Price risk

The Branch is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Note 15 Fair Value Measurements

#### Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

		20	18	2017		
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Csrrying value	Fair value	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and	(i)	1,801,912	1,801,912	2,803,038	2,803,038	
other debtors	(i)	608,818	608,818	515,047	515,047	
Financial assets	(i)	2,486,267	2,486,267	3,027,045	3,027,045	
Total financial assets		4,896,997	4,896,997	6,345,130	6,345,130	
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	(i)	193,123	193,123	198,134	198,134	
Other payables	(i)	97,894	97,894	336,105	336,105	
Financial liabilities	(i)	33,958	33, <b>958</b>	<b>67</b> ,790	67,790	
Loans	(i)	600,000	800,000	-	-	
Total financial liabilities	,	924,975	924,975	602,029	602,029	

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables and leases are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 15 Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

#### Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

#### Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

### Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Branch did not have any assets or liabilities that were recorded using the above fair value hierarchy at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### Note 16 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

#### Note 17 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

CEPU – Electrical Division – Queensland and Northern Territory Branch 41 Peel Street SOUTH BRISBANE QLD 4101

#### Note 18 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting business segment being the provision of trade union services.

The Branch operates from one reportable geographical segment being Queensland and the Northern Territory.

#### OFFICER DECLARATION STATEMENT

I Peter Ong, being the Branch Secretary of the Communications, Electrical, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia - Electrical, Energy and Services Division - Queensland and Northern Territory Branch, declare that the following did not occur during the reporting period ended 31 December 2018:

#### The reporting unit did not:

- Agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refer to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amounts)
- Agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continued as a going concern (refer to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amounts)
- Acquired an asset or liability due to an amalgamation Under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination of revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- Receive capitation fees from another reporting unit
- Receive revenue via compulsory levies
- Receive a donation or grants
- Receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- Incur fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- Pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- Pay a grant that exceeds \$1,000
- Pay a person fees or allowances to attend conferences or meetings as a representative of the reporting unit.
- Pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- Have a receivable with other reporting unit(s)
- Have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- Have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to other legal matters
- Have a fund of account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- Transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled
- Have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- Make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

29 April 2019

Peter Ong

Branch Secretary