

4 September 2018

Mr John Adley Secretary, South Australian Branch Electrical, Energy and Services Division Communications, Electrical, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia

Dear Mr Adley

Re: – Electrical, Energy and Services Division, South Australian Branch - financial report for year ending 31 December 2017 (FR2017/327)

I refer to the financial report of the South Australian Branch of the Electrical, Energy and Services Division. The documents were lodged with the Registered Organisations Commission ('ROC') on 12 July 2018.

The financial report has been filed. The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming whether the financial reporting timelines required under s.253, s.265, s.266 and s.268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under s.268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements.

You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged. However I make the following comment to assist you when preparing the next financial report. Please note the report for year ending 31 December 2018 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

Documents must be lodged with ROC within 14 days of presentation

Section 268 of the RO Act requires the full report and the designated officer's certificate to be lodged with the ROC within 14 days of the meeting to which the full report is presented for the purposes of section 266. The Designated Officer's Certificate indicates that this meeting occurred on 11 April 2018. If this is correct the full report should have been lodged with the ROC by 25 April 2018.

I acknowledge your advice that the delay in lodgement was due to a misunderstanding about the lodgement.

Reporting Requirements

New Reporting Guidelines will apply to organisations and branches with financial years commencing on or after 1 July 2017. The new Reporting Guidelines are now available on the ROC website and any further information or updates on the guidelines will be provided through the subscription service.

On the ROC website is a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. Along with the new Reporting Guidelines, a model set of financial statements can also be found. The ROC recommends reporting units use this model as it will assist in ensuring compliance with the RO Act, the s.253 Reporting Guidelines and the Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information may be obtained via this link.

Website: www.roc.gov.au

If you have any questions about the above or the reporting requirements, please do not hesitate to contact me by email at stephen.kellett@roc.gov.au.

Yours faithfully

Stephen Kellett Financial Reporting

Kiplen Kellet

Registered Organisations Commission



COMMUNICATIONS ELECTRICAL ELECTRONIC ENERGY INFORMATION POSTAL PLUMBING & ALLIED SERVICES UNION OF AUSTRALIA – SOUTH AUSTRALIAN BRANCH



Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – South Australia Branch

s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

Certificate By Prescribed Designated Officer

Certificate for the year ended 31 December 2017

I John Adley being the Branch Secretary of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – South Australia Branch certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – South Australia Branch for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 15 March 2018; and
- that the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on 11 April 2018 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer:	Meller
()	
	,
Name of prescribed designated officer: John Adley	

Title of prescribed designated officer: Branch Secretary

ABN 71 649 076 521

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Operating Report

The Committee of Management presents its report on the operations of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Pluming and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division - South Australian Branch (the Branch) for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Branch during the year fell in the following categories:

- Organising existing members and new members
- Bargaining, negotiating and arbitrating for improvements in wages and conditions of employment for members of the Branch.
- Representing members in work related grievances or other matters
- Undertaking training and development for delegates of the Branch.

Over the year the Branch negotiated many Collective Agreements delivering improvements in wages and conditions to CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – South Australian Branch members.

There have been no changes in the principal activities of the Branch during the year.

Operating Result

The deficit for the financial year amounted to \$2,012 (2016: \$328,903). No provision for tax was necessary as the Branch is considered exempt.

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

There were no significant changes to the financial affairs of the Branch during the year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Branch or the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Branch.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Environmental Issues

The Branch's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Members Right to Resign

The right of members to resign from the Branch is set out in the Rules of the CEPU – Electrical Division. A member may resign membership by written notice addressed and delivered to the Branch Secretary.

Number of Employees

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time employees and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 8.90 (2016: 11.15).

Number of Members

Total number of members at 31 December 2017: 3,300 (2016: 3,604)

Officer or Members who are superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation fund Trustee

Those who hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2)(d) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation are as follows:

Name	Position	Superannuation Fund
John Adley	Branch Secretary	Electricity Industry Superannuation Scheme
Robert Donnelly	Branch President (1/1/17 – 24/02/17)	Alternate Director Electricity Industry Superannuation Scheme
Benjamin Jewel	Organiser (24/02/17 – present)	Alternate Director Electricity Industry Superannuation Scheme

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such as position is as follows:

Name	Position	Period of Office
Robert Donnelly*	Branch President	1/1/17 – 24/5/17
Jason Harrison*	Branch President	14/6/17 - 31/12/17
	Branch Vice President	1/1/17 — 14/6/17
Darren Brenton*	Branch Vice President	9/8/17 – 31/12/17
	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
John Adley*	Branch Secretary	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Michael Heffernan*	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 10/5/17
Daniel Ramm*	Committee Member	1/1/17 - 31/12/17
Barry Grimes*	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 12/4/17
Michael Allison*	Committee Member	12/7/17 - 31/12/17
Anthony Borg*	Committee Member	1/1/17 — 9/8/17
Bruce Chambers*	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Patrick Skeer	Committee Member	14/6/17 – 31/12/17
Scott Pryor	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Alex Capper	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Rodney Mills	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 19/10/17
Andrew Nagel	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Wayne Weekes	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Carl Muegge	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Jarryd Sweeney	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 23/3/17
Tristan Hyde*	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Christopher Paproth	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Geoff Birrell*	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 31/12/17
Scott Steffan	Committee Member	1/1/17 – 8/3/17
Garth Bush	Committee Member	14/6/17 - 31/12/17
Adrian Valente	Committee Member	9/8/17 – 31/12/17

^{*} Member of Branch Executive

Note:

- Darren Brenton was appointed to Branch Executive on 9 August 2017
- Daniel Ramm was appointed to Branch Executive on 12 July 2017
- Michael Heffernan resigned from Branch Executive on 10 May 2017
- Barry Grimes resigned from Branch Executive on 12 April 2017
- Michael Allison was appointed to Branch Executive on 12 July 2017
- Anthony Borg resigned from Branch Executive on 9 August 2017
- Bruce Chambers was appointed to Branch Executive on 9 August 2017

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Indemnifying Officers or Auditors

The Branch has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Branch Secretary

14 March 2018

Richmond





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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION
TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE

COMMUNICATIONS, ELECTRICAL, ELECTRONIC, ENERGY, INFORMATION, e: info@mgisq.com.au www.mgisq.com.au POSTAL, PLUMBING AND ALLIED SERVICES UNION OF AUSTRALIA – ELECTRICAL, ENERGY AND SERVICES DIVISION – SOUTH AUSTRALIAN BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – South Australian Branch for the year ended 31 December 2017; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

MIGI

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Richmond

14 March 2018

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

On 14 March 2018, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the Commissioner;
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and
- ii. the financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation;
- iii. the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act:
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation;
- v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or the Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or the Commissioner; and
- vi. there have been no orders for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year.
- (f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting period.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer: John Adley

Title of Designated Officer: Branch Secretary

Signature:

Date: 14 March 2018





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Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Division - South Australian Branch

Independent Audit Report to the Members of Communications,

Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia - Electrical, Energy and Services Division -South Australian Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia - Electrical, Energy and Services Division - South Australian Branch as at 31 December 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

Opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report

The scope of my work extended to the recovery of wages activity and we have audited the recovery of wages activity financial report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, the financial statements and notes and recovery of wages activity financial report properly and fairly report all information required by the reporting guidelines of the Commissioner, including:

- a) any fees charged to, or reimbursements of expenses claimed from, members and others for recovery of wages activity; and
- b) any donations or other contributions deducted from recovered money.

Responsibilities

The Committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the recovery of wages activity financial report in accordance with the reporting guidelines of the Commission. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

M.G.I

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Richmond

14 March 2018

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue			
Membership subscription		1,748,409	1,779,726
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		6,671	-
Sustentation fees	3A	-	-
Levies	3B	-	-
Interest	3C	36,122	39,819
Rental income	3D	55,581	47,853
Funding/ project management fees	3E	100,232	113,071
Director fees	3F	27,574	39,746
Grants or donations		-	-
Other revenue	3G	29,039	22,228
Total revenue		2,003,628	2,042,443
Eypopeo			
Expenses Employee expenses	4 A	(1,313,198)	(1,574,595)
Employee expenses Sustentation fees	4A 4B	(223,006)	(238,651)
Affiliation fees	4C	(33,224)	(35,262)
Administration expenses	4C 4D	(259,690)	(317,207)
Audit fees	12	(21,177)	(26,950)
	4E	• • •	(62)
Legal costs	4E 4F	(2,182) (3,640)	(19,300)
Grants or donations	4F 4G	(52,896)	(63,291)
Depreciation and amortisation	4G 4H		(4,625)
Campaign expenses Finance costs	4n 4l	(18,258) (15,718)	(18,347)
	41 4J	(17,554)	(17,071)
Conference and meetings Other operating expenses	45 4K	(41,493)	(52,756)
Levies	4L	(3,604)	(3,229)
Total expenses		(2,005,640)	(2,371,346)
Total expenses	•	(2,000,010)	(2,077,010)
Deficit for the year	-	(2,012)	(328,903)
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of land and buildings (net of income tax)		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(2,012)	(328,903)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	1,385,679	1,383,302
Trade and other receivables	5B	37,363	43,823
Other current assets	5C	23,606	12,139
Total current assets		1,446,648	1,439,264
Non-Current Assets			
Land and buildings	6A	1,919,696	1,932,859
Property improvements	6B	117,554	121,295
Office equipment and furniture	6C	35,482	45,306
Motor vehicles	6D	83,627	110,296
Library	6E	-	-
Total non-current assets	-	2,156,359	2,209, 7 56
Total assets	-	3,603,007	3,649,020
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	41,718	153,003
Other payables	7B	155,203	77,444
Employee provisions	8A	337,350	329,880
Total current liabilities	-	534,271	560,327
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A	14,519	32, 4 64
Total non-current liabilities	-	14,519	32,464
Total liabilities	-	548,790	592,791
Net assets	-	3,054,217	3,056,229
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		3,054,217	3,056,229
Total equity	_	3,054,217	3,056,229

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		Retained earnings	Total equity
	Notes	Notes \$	\$
Balance as at 1 January 2016		3,385,132	3,385,132
Deficit for the year		(328,903)	(328,903)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Closing balance as at 31 December 2016		3,056,229	3,056,229
Deficit for the year		(2,012)	(2,012)
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Closing balance as at 31 December 2017	_	3,054,217	3,054,217

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from other reporting units	9B	76,653	24,613
Receipts from other customers		2,182,226	2,200,671
Interest received		25,980	41,424
Cash used			
Finance Costs		(15,718)	(18,347)
Payments to employees and suppliers		(1,856,441)	(2,098,846)
Payments to other reporting units	9B	(417,495)	(170,271)
Net cash provided by operating activities	=	(4,795)	(20,756)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		33,481	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(26,309)	(17,113)
Net cash used in investing activities	=	7,172	(17,113)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	-
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held	-	2,377	(37,869)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	_	1,383,302	1,421,171
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	9A	1,385,679	1,383,302

RECOVERY OF WAGES ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at beginning of	_	_
year		
Receipts		
Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages etc.	-	-
Interest received on recovered money	-	
Total receipts	•	-
Payments		
Deductions of amounts due in respect of membership for:		
12 months or less	-	-
Greater than 12 months		-
Deductions of donations or other contributions to accounts or funds of:		
The reporting unit:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	_
Name of other reporting unit of the organisation:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	•	-
Name of other entity:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Deductions of fees or reimbursement of expenses		-
Payments to workers in respect of recovered money	-	-
Total payments	-	
, ,		
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at end of year	41	-
Number of workers to which the monies recovered relates	-	-
Aggregate payables to workers attributable to recovered mon Payable balance	ies but not yet distribut	ed -
Number of workers the payable relates to		
The state of the payment to the state of the	**	_
Fund or account operated for recovery of wages	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia – Electrical, Energy and Services Division – South Australian Branch (the Branch) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements are in Australian dollars and have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Key Estimates

Impairment – general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

Key Judgements

Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

Key Judgements

Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workers compensation and payroll tax.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard requirements

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard.

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the future reporting period that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include:

 AASB 9: Financial Instruments and associated Amending Standards (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).

The Standard will be applicable retrospectively (subject to the provisions on hedge accounting outlined below) and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, revised recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments, and simplified requirements for hedge accounting.

The key changes that may affect the Branch on initial application include certain simplifications to the classification of financial assets, simplifications to the accounting of embedded derivatives, upfront accounting for expected credit loss, and the irrevocable election to recognise gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. AASB 9 also introduces a new model for hedge accounting that will allow greater flexibility in the ability to hedge risk, particularly with respect to hedges of non-financial items. Should the entity elect to change its hedge policies in line with the new hedge accounting requirements of this Standard, the application of such accounting would be largely prospective.

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 9 will significant affect the Branch.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements (continued)

 AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, as deferred by AASB 2015-8: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of AASB 15).

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to revenue with a single, principles-based model. Except for a limited number of exceptions, including leases, the new revenue model in AASB 15 will apply to all contracts with customers as well as non-monetary exchanges between entities in the same line of business to facilitate sales to customers and potential customers.

The core principle of the Standard is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for the goods or services.

This Standard will require retrospective restatement, as well as enhanced disclosures regarding revenue.

The Committee of Management does not believe the effects of AASB 15 will significant affect the Branch.

 AASB 16: Leases (applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019)

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to leases in AASB 117: Leases and related Interpretations. AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model that eliminates the requirement for leases to be classified as operating or finance leases. The main changes introduced by the new Standard include:

- recognition of a right-to-use asset and liability for all leases (excluding short-term leases with less than 12 months of tenure and leases relating to low-value assets);
- depreciation of right-to-use assets in line with AASB 116: Property, Plant and Equipment in profit or loss and unwinding of the liability in principal and interest components;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- by applying a practical expedient, a lessee is permitted to elect not to separate non-lease components and instead account for all components as a lease; and
- additional disclosure requirements.

The transitional provisions of AASB 16 allow a lessee to either retrospectively apply the Standard to comparatives in line with AASB 108: Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors or recognise the cumulative effect of retrospective application as an adjustment to opening equity on the date of initial application.

Although the Committee of Management anticipate that the adoption of AASB 16 will impact the Branch's financial statements, it is impracticable at this stage to provide a reasonable estimate of such impact.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any discounts and rebates allowed.

Sustentation revenue from State Branches is recognised on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Publication revenue from State Branches is recognised on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which, for floating rate financial assets, is the rate inherent in the instrument.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST").

1.6 Gains

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

1.7 Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

1.8 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.8 Employee benefits (Continued)

Under the rules of the Union, those employees who have undertaken 3 or more years of continuous service are entitled to have their Long Service Leave balance paid upon termination (on a pro-rata basis). The Branch does not have an unconditional right to deferred settlement (for those employees with greater than 3 or more consecutive years of service), resulting in Long Service Leave entitlements to be reported at reporting date as current liabilities.

1.9 Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, that are transferred to the Branch are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the Branch will obtain ownership of the asset or over the term of the lease.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

1.10 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

1.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised upon trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- · it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which
 is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the
 reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about
 the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139
 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract
 (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the reporting unit has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale

Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the reporting unit that are traded in an active market are classified as available-for-sale and are stated at fair value. The reporting unit also has investments in unlisted shares that are not traded in an active market but that are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the reporting unit right to receive the dividends is established. The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognised in profit or loss are determined based on the amortised cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Loan and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis except for debt instruments other than those financial assets that are recognised at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the reporting units past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 60 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Financial assets (Continued)

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of available-for-sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Branch derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. The difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

1.13 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.13 Financial Liabilities (Continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings and trade and other payables, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Branch derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the reporting units obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amounts of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

1.14 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

1.15 Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Property

Freehold land and buildings are measured on the cost basis and therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses in the event that the carrying amount of the land and buildings are greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated reversible amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.15 Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the Branch Executive to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from those assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows, which will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with that item will flow to the Branch and the costs of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	5%
Plant and equipment	5% - 40%
Motor Vehicles	20%

Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

1.17 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1997 however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

1.18 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 14.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.18 Fair value measurement (continued)

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

1.19 Going concern

The Branch is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis.

The Branch has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 31 December 2017, and/ or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 3 Income		
Note 3A: Sustentation fees	-	-
Total sustentation fees	-	-
Note 3B: Levies	_	_
Total levies	_	
Note 3C: Interest		
Deposits	36,122	39,819
Total interest	36,122	39,819
Note 3D: Rental income		
Rental income at 312-314 South Road, Richmond	55,581	47,853
Total rental income	55,581	47,853
Note 3E: Funding/ project management fees		
Protect management fee	19,979	37,057
JLT management fees	80,253	76,014
Total funding/ project management fees	100,232	113,071
Note 3F: Director Fees		
Director fees	27,574	39,746
Total directors fees	27,574	39,746

Staff and officials of the Branch sit on a number of boards, including Electrical Industry Superannuation Scheme, Building Industry Redundancy Scheme Trust – South Australia, Construction Industry Long Service Leave Board and Energy Skills SA. All board fees are paid directly to the Branch as required by the Rules of the CEPU – Electrical Division.

Note 3G: Other revenue

Recovery of bad debts	6,099	5,669
Sponsorship income	20,691	13,500
Other income	2,249	3,059
Total other revenue	29,039	22,228

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 4 Expenses \$ Note 4A: Employee expenses *** Holders of office: *** Wages and salaries 240,639 264,798 Superannuation 48,118 51,880 Leave and other entitlements 42,296 31,806 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders: ** - Wages and salaries 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustenta			2017	2016
Note 4A: Employee expenses Holders of office: 240,639 264,798 Wages and salaries 240,639 264,798 Superannuation 48,118 51,880 Leave and other entitlements 42,296 31,806 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders: - - Wages and salaries 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentiation fees 223,006 <			\$	\$
Holders of office: Wages and salaries 240,639 264,798 Superannuation 48,118 51,880 Leave and other entitlements 42,296 31,806 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders: - - Wages and salaries 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office ployees other than office ployees other than office ployees other ployee expenses 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 To	Note 4	Expenses		
Wages and salaries 240,639 264,798 Superannuation 48,118 51,880 Leave and other entitlements 42,296 31,806 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders: - - Wages and salaries 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 223,522 18,281 SA Unions	Note 4A:	Employee expenses		
Superannuation 48,118 51,880 Leave and other entitlements 42,296 31,806 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders: Subtotal employee expenses holders 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Uni	Holders o	f office:		
Leave and other entitlements 42,296 31,806 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders: Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expenses - - Total employee expenses 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937	Wages	and salaries	240,639	264,798
Separation and redundancies -<	Supera	innuation	48,118	51,880
Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders: Suges and salaries 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expenses FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 23,006 238,651 CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 23,522 18,281 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective 997 Active Left 500 - <td>Leave</td> <td>and other entitlements</td> <td>42,296</td> <td>31,806</td>	Leave	and other entitlements	42,296	31,806
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office 331,053 348,484 Employees other than office holders:	Separa	tion and redundancies	-	-
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Wages and salaries 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -	Subtotal	employee expenses holders of office	331,053	348,484
Wages and salaries 657,090 941,001 Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 39,143 16,044 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -	Employee	es other than office holders:		
Superannuation 136,976 152,557 Leave and other entitlements 129,316 60,541 Separation and redundancies - - Other employee expenses - - Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -			657,090	941,001
Separation and redundancies -<	•		136,976	152,557
Separation and redundancies -<	Leave	and other entitlements	129,316	60,541
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders 923,382 1,154,099 Add: Payroll tax expense/ FBT expense 58,763 72,012 Total employee expenses 1,313,198 1,574,595 Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -	Separa	tion and redundancies	-	-
Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 590 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -	Other e	employee expenses	-	-
Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -		employee expenses employees other than office	923,382	1,154,099
Note 4B: Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -	Add: Payre	pll tax expense/ FBT expense	58,763	72,012
CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 3 3 4 Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 3 16,044 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 3 4 <th< td=""><td></td><td>__</td><td>1,313,198</td><td>1,574,595</td></th<>		_ _	1,313,198	1,574,595
CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Division 223,006 238,651 Total Sustentation fees 223,006 238,651 Note 4C: Affiliation fees 3 3 4 Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 3 16,044 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 3 4 <th< td=""><td>Note 4B:</td><td>Sustentation fees</td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Note 4B:	Sustentation fees		
Note 4C: Affiliation fees 23,006 238,651 Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -			223,006	238,651
Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -			223,006	238,651
Australian Labor Party (SA Branch) 23,522 18,281 SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -	Note 4C:	Affiliation fees		
SA Unions 9,143 16,044 SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -			23.522	18.281
SA Unions May Day Collective - 937 Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -			·	
Active Left 500 - Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -			-	
Whyalla Trades and Labour Council 59 -		• -	500	-
			59	-
	-		33,224	35,262

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 4 Expenses (Continued) \$ \$ Note 4D: Administration Expenses Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Insurance 32,707 47,124 Contractors/ consultancy expenses 18,608 14,291 Property expenses 51,611 72,256 Office expenses 73,944 73,885 Information technology expenses 27,633 28,457 Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Information technology expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 Other administration expenses 27,182 - Other legal matters 2,182 - Other legal matters 2,182 - Other legal matters 2,182 - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 2,282 - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000
Note 4D: Administration Expenses Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - - Compulsory levies - - - Fees/ allowances – meeting and conferences - - Insurance 32,707 47,124 Contractors/ consultancy expenses 18,608 14,291 Property expenses 51,611 72,256 Office expenses 73,944 73,885 Information technology expenses 27,633 28,457 Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Industrial relations subscription expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,133 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,133 Other legal matters - - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Other legal matters - - 62 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - Donations: 3,640 2,300
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - <td< th=""></td<>
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions - <td< td=""></td<>
Compulsory levies -
Fees/ allowances - meeting and conferences 7
Insurance 32,707 47,124 Contractors/ consultancy expenses 18,608 14,291 Property expenses 51,611 72,256 Office expenses 73,944 73,885 Information technology expenses 27,633 28,457 Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Industrial relations subscription expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 Other legal matters 2,182 - Other legal matters 2,182 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 2,182 62 Other legal matters 2,182 62 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total paid that
Contractors/ consultancy expenses 18,608 14,291 Property expenses 51,611 72,256 Office expenses 73,944 73,885 Information technology expenses 27,633 28,457 Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Industrial relations subscription expenses 24,404 50,180 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,132 Note 4E: Legal costs 2,182 - Litigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - - 62 Total legal costs - - 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations - - - Grants: - - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Note 4G: Depre
Property expenses 51,611 72,256 Office expenses 73,944 73,885 Information technology expenses 27,633 28,457 Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Industrial relations subscription expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 Note 4E: Legal costs 259,690 317,207 Cother legal matters - 62 Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 - Note 4F: Grants or donations - 62 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824
Office expenses 73,944 73,885 Information technology expenses 27,633 28,457 Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Industrial relations subscription expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 259,690 317,207 Note 4E: Legal costs - - Litigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations - - Grants: - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 2,300 Total grants or donations - 17,000 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 <t< td=""></t<>
Information technology expenses 27,633 28,457 Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Industrial relations subscription expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 259,690 317,207 Note 4E: Legal costs 2,182 - Litigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations - - Grants: - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - Donations: Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 33,523 Tot
Travel expenses 24,404 50,180 Industrial relations subscription expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 259,690 317,207 Note 4E: Legal costs Litigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - Donations: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Land and buildings/ property improvements 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Industrial relations subscription expenses 3,070 2,883 Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 259,690 317,207 Note 4E: Legal costs 2,182 - Cher legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations 3,2182 62 Grants: - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - 16,906 16,942 Land and buildings/ property improvements 16,906 16,942 16,942 16,962 16,942 16,962 16,942 16,966 33,523 16,966 33,523 16,966 33,523 16,966 33,523 16,966 33,523 16,966
Other administration expenses 27,713 28,131 259,690 317,207 Note 4E: Legal costs 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations 3,2182 62 Grants: - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Rotal grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Poperciation - 16,906 16,942 </td
Note 4E: Legal costs 259,690 317,207 Litigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations Grants: - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Note 4E: Legal costs 2,182 - Citigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations Grants: - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Litigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Begree in the part of the part o
Litigation 2,182 - Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Begree in the part of the part o
Other legal matters - 62 Total legal costs 2,182 62 Note 4F: Grants or donations Grants: - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 - 17,000 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Note 4F: Grants or donations 2,182 62 Fotal paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations: 3,640 2,300 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation 46,906 16,942 Land and buildings/ property improvements 16,906 16,942 12,826 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Note 4F: Grants or donations Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - - - Donations: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 - 17,000 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations: 3,640 2,300 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations: 3,640 2,300 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations: 3,640 2,300 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation 26,160 16,942 Depreciation 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - - Donations: 3,640 2,300 Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation - 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Donations: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation - 16,906 16,942 Consideration 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less 3,640 2,300 Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation - 16,906 16,942 Company of the equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000 - 17,000 Total grants or donations 3,640 19,300 Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation - <th< td=""></th<>
Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation 3,640 19,300 Depreciation Land and buildings/ property improvements 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Note 4G: Depreciation and amortisation Depreciation Land and buildings/ property improvements Office equipment and furniture Motor vehicles Total depreciation 16,906 16,942 12,826 33,523 15,236 16,166 16,3291
Depreciation 16,906 16,942 Land and buildings/ property improvements 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Depreciation 16,906 16,942 Land and buildings/ property improvements 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Land and buildings/ property improvements 16,906 16,942 Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Office equipment and furniture 9,824 12,826 Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Motor vehicles 26,166 33,523 Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
Total depreciation 52,896 63,291
A second to add to a second to
Amortisation expense -
Total depreciation and amortisation 52,896 63,291
Note 4H: Campaign Expenses
Industrial campaigns 18,258 4,625
Total campaign expenses 18,258 4,625
10,290 4,020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 4 Expenses (Continued)		
Note 4I: Finance costs		
Bank and credit card transactions fees	15,718	18,347
Total finance costs	15,718	18,347
Note 4J: Conference and Meetings		
Conference expenses	5,252	-
Meeting expenses	1,200	3,910
Catering for conference and meeting expenses	11,102	13,161
Total conference and meetings	17,554	17,071
Note 4K: Other Operating Expenses		
Penalties - via RO Act or RO Regulations	-	-
Subscriptions	14,906	7,915
Ambulance service	15,235	25,020
Other operating expenses	11,352	19,821
Total other operating expenses	41,493	52,756
Note 4L: Levies		
CEPU - National Council	3,604	3,229
Total levies	3,604	3,229

The CEPU National Council issued a levy during the year to assist in funding its day to day operations.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 5 Current Assets		
Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at bank	269,136	1 7 1,879
Cash on hand	441	700
Term deposits	1,116,102	1,210,723
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,385,679	1,383,302
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units		
CEPU - Communications Division - SA/ NT Branch	3,875	3,326
Receivables from other reporting units (net)	3,875	3,326
Other receivables:		
Other trade receivables	997	9,078
Accrued membership/ project/ management fees	32,491	31,419
Total other receivables	33,488	40,497
Total trade and other receivables (net)	37,363	43,823
Note 5C: Other Current Assets		
Accrued interest	18,545	8,403
Prepayments	5,061	3,736
Total other current assets	23,606	12,139

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017	2016
Note 6 Non-current Assets	\$	\$
Note 6A: Land and Buildings Land and buildings		
At Cost	2,290,814	2,290,814
accumulated depreciation	(371,118)	(357,955)
Total Land and Buildings	1,919,696	1,932,859

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Land and Buildings

As at 1 January		
Gross book value	2,290,814	2,290,814
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(357,955)	(344,792)
Net book value 1 January	1,932,859	1,946,022
Additions:		
By purchase	-	-
By independent valuation	-	-
Depreciation expense	(13,163)	(13,163)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 31 December	1,919,696	1,932,859
Net book value as of 31 December represented by:		
Gross book value	2,290,814	2,290,814
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(371,118)	(357,955)
Net book value 31 December	1,919,696	1,932,859

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 6B: Property Improvements		
Property improvements:		
at cost	139,307	139,307
accumulated depreciation	(21,753)	(18,012)
Total Property Improvements	117,554	121,295
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Property	y Improvements	
As at 1 January		
Gross book value	139,307	132,461
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(18,012)	(14,231)
Net book value 1 January	121,295	118,230
Additions:		
By purchase	-	6,844
Depreciation expense	(3,741)	(3,779)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 31 December	117,554	121,295
Net book value as of 31 December represented by:		
Gross book value	139,307	139,30 7
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(21,753)	(18,012)
Net book value 31 December	117,554	121,295

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 6C: Office Equipment and Furniture		
Office equipment and furniture:		
at cost	546,957	546,957
accumulated depreciation	(511,475)	(501,651)
Total Office Equipment and Furniture	35,482	45,306
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Office Equ	ipment and Furniture	
As at 1 January		
Gross book value	546,957	536,686
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(501,651)	(488,824)
Net book value 1 January	45,306	4 7,862
Additions:		
By purchase	-	10,270
Depreciation expense	(9,824)	(12,826)
Disposals:		
By sale	-	-
Net book value 31 December	35,482	45,306
Net book value as of 31 December represented by:		
Gross book value	546,957	546,957
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(511,475)	(501,651)
Net book value 31 December	35,482	45,306

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 6D: Motor Vehicles		
Motor vehicles:		
at cost	192,657	227,691
accumulated depreciation	(109,030)	(117,395)
Total Motor Vehicles	83,627	110,296
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Mot	or Vehicles	
As at 1 January		
Gross book value	227,691	431,353
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(117,395)	(287,533)
Net book value 1 January	110,296	143,820
Additions:		
By purchase	26,309	-
Depreciation expense	(26,166)	(33,524)
Disposals:		
By sale	(26,812)	-
Net book value 31 December	83,627	110,296
Net book value as of 31 December represented by:		
Gross book value	192,657	227,691
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(109,030)	(117,395)
Net book value 31 December	83,627	110,296

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 6E: Library		
Library:		
at cost	14,074	14,074
accumulated depreciation	(14,074)	(14,074)
Total Library	-	-
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Library		
As at 1 January		
Gross book value	14,074	14,074
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(14,074)	(14,074)
Net book value 1 January	-	-
Additions:		
By purchase	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	-
Disposals:		
By sale		-
Net book value 31 December	-	-
Net book value as of 31 December represented by:		
Gross book value	14,074	14,074
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(14,074)	(14,074)
Net book value 31 December	-	-

		2017	2016
		\$	\$
Note 7	Current Liabilities		
Note 7A:	Trade payables		
Trade cre	ditors and accrued expenses	31,553	22,598
Subtotal	trade payables	31,553	22,598
Payables	to other reporting units		
CEPU	- Electrical, Energy and Services Division	10,165	130,405
Subtotal	payables to other reporting units	10,165	130,405
Total trac	le payables	41,718	153,003
Settlemer	nt is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 7B:	Other payables		
Considera	ation to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
Grant inco	ome received in advance	95,500	-
Legal cos			
Litigati		-	-
	legal matters	-	-
	uation payable	15,382	17,813
PAYG pay		21,656	24,696
GST paya	• •	22,665	34,935
lotal oth	er payables	155,203	77,444
	r payables are expected to be settled in:		
	re than 12 months nan 12 months	155,203	77,444
	er payables	155,203	77,444
rotar our	o. payantoo	100,200	, , , , , ,

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 8 Provisions		
Note 8A: Employee Provisions		
Office Holders:		
Annual leave	52,218	60,866
Long service leave	69,653	47,943
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders	121,871	108,809
Employees other than office holders:		
Annual leave	93,675	131,232
Long service leave	136,323	122,303
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders	229,998	253,535
Total employee provisions	351,869	362,344
Current	337,350	329,880
Non-Current	14,519	32,464
-	351,869	
Total employee provisions	331,003	362,344

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
Note 9	Cash Flow	\$	\$
Reconcilia	ash Flow Reconciliation tion of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement Cash Flow Statement:	of Financial	
Cash and o	ash equivalents as per:		
Cash flow s	tatement	1,385,679	1,383,302
Statement of	of financial position	1,385,679	1,383,302
Difference		_	-
Reconciliat	ion of surplus to net cash from operating		
Deficit for th	e year	(2,012)	(328,903)
Adjustmen	ts for non-cash items		
Depreciation	n/ amortisation	52,896	63,291
Gain on disp	posal of property, plant and equipment	(6,671)	-
Changes in	assets/liabilities		
(Increase)/	decrease in net receivables	6,460	22,398
(Increase)/	decrease in other current assets	(11,467)	7 ,990
Increase/ (d	ecrease) in trade and other payables	(33,526)	122,120
Increase/ (d	ecrease) in provisions	(10,475)	92,348
Net cash (u	sed in)/ provided by operating activities	(4,795)	(20,756)
	ash flow information s from other reporting units		
	ctrical, Energy and Services Division	1,293	2,231
CEPU - Cor	mmunications Division – SA/ NT Branch	75,360	21,865
CEPU – Ele Branch	ctrical, Energy and Services Division – Tasmania	-	517
Total cash	inflows	76,653	24,613
Cash outflov	vs to other reporting units		
	ctrical, Energy and Services Division	(413,531)	(166,719)
	ional Council	(3,964)	(3,552)
Total cash		(417,495)	(170,271)
	 	(111,110)	()

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2017	2016
\$	\$

Note 9 Cash Flow (Continued)

Note 9C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

The Branch has a credit card facility amounting to \$10,000 (2016: \$10,000). This may be terminated at any time at the option of the bank. The balance of this facility is cleared monthly and interest rates are variable.

Note 9D: Non-cash transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the year (2016: Nil).

Note 10 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

Note 10A: Commitments and Contingencies

Capital commitments

At 31 December 2017 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2016: Nil).

Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

The Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch.

Note 10B: Leasing Commitments

Operating Leases (as a lessor)

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements.

Receivable - Minimum lease payments

Minimum lease payments		-	54,127
greater than 5 years	_	_	
between 12 months and 5 years		-	-
not later than 12 months		-	54,127

The lease relates to the rental agreements for the property located at 312-213 South Road, Richmond, SA 5033.

Operating Leases (as a lessee)

The Branch does not have any operating leases as a lessee at 31 December 2017 (2016; Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the Communications, Electrical, Electronic, Energy, Information, Postal, Plumbing and Allied Services Union of Australia is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

CEPU National Council

Electrical Division

CEPU - Electrical, Energy and Services Division

CEPU - QLD Electrical Branch

CEPU - NSW Electrical Branch

CEPU - VIC Electrical Branch

CEPU - TAS Electrical Branch

CEPU - WA Electrical Branch

Plumbing Division

CEPU - Plumbing Division

CEPU - QLD Plumbing Branch

CEPU - NSW Plumbing Branch

CEPU - VIC Plumbing Branch

CEPU - WA Plumbing Branch

Communications Division

CEPU - Communications Division

CEPU - QLD Communications Branch

CEPU - NSW Communications T&S Branch

CEPU - NSW Communications P&T Branch

CEPU - VIC Communications T&S Branch

CEPU - VIC Communications P&T Branch

CEPU - TAS Communications Branch (until 11 August 2016)

CEPU - SA/ NT Communications Branch

CEPU - WA Communications Branch

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Expenses paid to CEPU – National Council includes the		
following:		
Levies	3,604	3,229
Revenue received from CEPU –Electrical, Energy and		
Services Division includes the following:		
Reimbursement of travel expenses	1,176	2,028
Expenses paid to CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services		
Division includes the following:		
Sustentation fees	223,006	238,651
Reimbursement of wage costs	5,518	2,229
Reimbursement of national journal costs	20,119	17 ,704
Reimbursement of travel expenses	2,100	3,477
Subscriptions/ research	6,638	4,943
Campaign contribution	10,000	
Other operating costs	219	1,131
Amounts owed to CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services		
Division includes the following:		
Reimbursement of national journal costs	10,165	-
Sustentation fees	-	130,405
Revenue received from CEPU – Communications Division –		
SA/ NT Branch includes the following:		
Rent/ occupancy costs	17,843	6,112
Reimbursement of wage costs	44,102	1,030
Reimbursement of ALP affiliation expenses	7,154	5,378
Amounts owed by CEPU – Communications Division – SA/		
NT Branch includes the following:		
Rent/ occupancy costs	2,047	3,326
Reimbursement of wage costs	1,828	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Revenue received from CEPU – Electrical Division – TAS		
Branch includes the following:		
Reimbursement of travel and accommodation costs	-	470
Revenue received from ETU Victoria includes the following:		
Protect insurance commissions	19,979	37,057

The Electrical Trades Union – Victoria is a deemed a related party, given that some members of their committee of management are consistent with that of the CEPU – Electrical, Energy and Services Branch committee of management.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 December 2017, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2016: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 11 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined key management personnel comprise of:

- John Adley (Branch Secretary)
- Simon Pisoni (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:	2017	2016
Note 11B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the R	\$ Reporting Period	\$
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	276 ,17 7	289,703
Other		-
Total short-term employee benefits	276,177	289,703
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	48,118	51,880
Total post-employment benefits	48,118	51,880
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave	6,758	6,901
Total other long-term benefits	6,758	6,901
Termination benefits		-
Total	331,053	348,484

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Note 12 Remuneration of Auditors and Consultants		
Value of the services provided		
Financial statement audit services	13,000	12,500
Other services	8,177	14,450
Total remuneration of auditors	21,177	26,950

Other services relate to taxation services, accounting and non-financial statement audit services provided by MGI Audit Pty Ltd and related entities.

Note 13 Financial Instruments

Financial Risk Management Policy

The Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of sustentation fees from state branches.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2017

	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	33,488	ón	-	-	33,488
Receivables from other reporting units	3,875	-	-	-	3,875
Total	37,363				37,363

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2016

	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	40,497	•		-	40,497
Receivables from other reporting units	3,326	~	-	-	3,326
Total	43,823	-	-	-	43,823

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 31 December 2017, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 31 December 2017 (2016: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within	1 Year	1 to 5 Y	ears	Over 5	Years	То	tal
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	41,718	153,003	-	-	-	-	41,718	153,003
Other payables	155,203	77,444	-	-	-	-	155,203	77,444
Total expected outflows	196,921	230,447	u.	-			196,921	230,447
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	1,385,679	1,383,302	-	u	-	-	1,385,679	1,383,302
Trade and other receivables	37,363	43,823	-	_	-	-	37,363	43,823
Total anticipated inflows	1,423,042	1,427,125	-	-	-	-	1,423,042	1,427,125
Net inflow on financial instruments	1,226,121	1,196,678	-	-	-	-	1,226,121	1,196,678

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 13 Financial Instruments (Continued)

(c) Market Risk

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

The financial instruments which expose the Branch to interest rate risk are limited to its cash reserves.

ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iii. Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a **c**hange in this risk.

v. Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Profit	Equity
	\$	Þ
Year ended 31 December 2017		
+1% in interest rates	+45,403	+45,403
-1% in interest rates	-20,389	-20,389
Year ended 31 December 2016		
+1% in interest rates	+52,758	+52,758
-1% in interest rates	-26,808	-26,808

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Branch has no material direct exposures to currency risk. There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement

Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

		2017		20	16
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	1,385,679	1,385,679	1,383,302	1,383,302
Accounts receivable and					
other debtors	(i)	37,363	37, 363	43,823	43,823
Total financial assets		1,423,042	1,423,042	1,427,125	1,427,125
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	(i)	41,718	41,718	153,003	153,003
Other payables	(i)	155,203	155,203	77,444	77,444
Total financial liabilities		196,921	196,921	230,447	230,447

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 14 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Branch did not have any assets or liabilities that were recorded using the above fair value hierarchy at 31 December 2017 and 31 December 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Note 15 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

Note 16 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

CEPU – Electrical Division – South Australian Branch 312 South Road RICHMOND SA 5033

Note 17 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting business segment being the provision of trade union services.

The Branch operates from one reportable geographical segment being South Australia.

Note 18 Other Acquisitions of Assets or Liabilities

During the financial year the Branch has not acquired an asset or liability as a result of:

- (a) An amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.
- (b) A restructure of Branches or Divisions of the organisation.
- (c) A determination by the Commission under subsection 245(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of an alternative reporting structure for the organisation.
- (d) A revocation by the Commission under subsection 249(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of a certificate issued to the organisation under subsection 241(1).
- (e) A business combination.