

6 October 2020

Andrew Ngeow President, Western Australia Branch The Pharmacy Guild of Australia

Dear Andrew Ngeow

Re: - Financial reporting - The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Western Australia Branch - for year ending 30 June 2020 (FR2020/173)

I refer to the financial report of the Western Australia Branch of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia, in respect of the year ending 30 June 2020. The documents were lodged with the Registered Organisations Commission ('the ROC') on 18 September 2020.

The financial report has been filed. The financial report was filed based on a primary review. This involved confirming whether the financial reporting timelines required under s.253, s.265, s.266 and s.268 of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (RO Act) have been satisfied, all documents required under s.268 of the RO Act were lodged and that various disclosure requirements under the Australian Accounting Standards, RO Act and reporting guidelines have been complied with. A primary review does not examine all disclosure requirements. Please note the report for year ending 30 June 2021 may be subject to an advanced compliance review.

You are not required to take any further action in respect of the report lodged. However I make the following comments to assist when preparing the next report.

New Accounting Standards – AASB 15 and AASB 1058

Australian Accounting Standards AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities are applicable to not-for-profit entities for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. When a new Australian Accounting Standard is adopted, paragraph 28 of Australian Accounting Standard AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors requires an entity to disclose certain information about the new Australian Accounting Standard such as the title, the nature of the change and, if applicable, a description of the transitional provisions.

Please note that in future years the reporting unit must include all relevant/required financial disclosures¹ in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards. In relation to AASBs 15 and 1058, I draw attention to the following, as applicable, for future reference.

AASB 15 - Separate disclosure of revenue from contracts with customers²

Australian Accounting Standard AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers paragraph 113(a) requires an entity to disclose revenue from contracts with customers separately unless already disclosed separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

¹ e.g. updating policy information – see illustrative model financial statements (issued 25 June 2020) [Note 1.7 p.28 ff.]

² e.g. identification of contract revenue/other income categories [model P&L p.12] – disaggregation [model Note 3 p.45]

AASB 15 - Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers²

Australian Accounting Standard AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers paragraph 114 requires an entity to disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors.

AASB 1058 - Disaggregation of income of not-for-profit entities²

Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities paragraph 26 requires an entity to disclose income recognised during the period, disaggregated into categories that reflect how the nature and amount of income are affected by economic factors based on the following categories:

- a. grants, bequests and donations of cash, other financial assets and goods;
- b. recognised volunteer services; and
- c. for government departments and other public sector entities, appropriation amounts recognised as income, by class of appropriation.

Redaction of information

Note 23 sets out particulars of donations exceeding \$1,000. This information replicates information provided in the statement of loans, grants and donations lodged separately in accordance with section 237 of the RO Act. Particulars prescribed by section 237 for the purpose of the statement of loans, grants and donations are not required to be also disclosed in financial reports prepared in accordance with section 253. Since the inclusion of this information in the financial report also does not appear to be a requirement of the rules of the organisation the ROC recommends that the branch discontinue including this information in future financial reports.

Note 22 also includes some personal identifying information. Australian Accounting Standard AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures* paragraph 17 requires the disclosure of certain information relating to key management personnel/related parties, however, AASB 124 does not always require a reporting entity to identify those individuals. For example, where compensation is concerned, only the total category figures are required.

In accordance with its privacy policy, the ROC has redacted this information from its copy of the GPFR before publishing on its website. The ROC takes its obligations relating to privacy seriously and endeavours to ensure compliance with the *Privacy Act 1988*. A copy of the ROC privacy policy can be found via this link.

Reporting Requirements

The ROC website provides a number of factsheets in relation to the financial reporting process and associated timelines. The website also contains the s.253 reporting guidelines and a model set of financial statements. The ROC recommends that reporting units use these model financial statements to assist in complying with the RO Act, the s.253 Reporting Guidelines and Australian Accounting Standards. Access to this information is available via this link.

Yours faithfully

Miplen Cellet

Stephen Kellett Financial Reporting

Registered Organisations Commission

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia (Wa Branch)

s.268 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

Certificate by Prescribed Designated Officer¹

Certificate for the year ended 30 June 2020

I, Andrew Ngeow being the President of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia (WA Branch) certify:

- that the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Pharmacy Guild of Australia (WA Branch) for the period ended referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- that the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on 20th August 2020; and
- that the full report was presented to a general meeting of members of the reporting unit on 15th September 2020 in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer:	Andrew Ugron
Name of prescribed designated officer:	Andrew Ngeow
Title of prescribed designated officer:	President

Dated: 16th September 2020

Regulation 162 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Regulations 2009 defines a 'prescribed designated officer' of a reporting unit for the purposes of s.268(c) as:

 (a) the secretary; or

⁽b) an officer of the organisation other than the secretary who is authorised by the organisation or by the rules of the organisation to sign the certificate mentioned in that paragraph.

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

On 18 August 2020 the Committee of Management of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia WA Branch passed the following resolution in relation to the general purpose financial report (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2020:

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) The financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) The financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- (e) During the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
 - Meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - ii. The financial affairs of the reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - iii. The financial records of the reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
 - iv. Where the organisation consists of 2 or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - v. Where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or the Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or the Commissioner; and
 - vi. where any order for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance;

This declaration is true, and I know that it is an offence to make a declaration knowing that it is false in a material particular – for and on behalf of the Committee of Management:

Andrew Ngeow

Title of Office Held: President

Judien Ugran

Signature

Dated: 18 August 2020

OPERATING REPORT

I, Andrew Ngeow, being the designated officer responsible for preparing this report for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch, report as follows:

1. Principal Activities:

- a) The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch is an employers' organisation servicing the needs of proprietors of independent community pharmacies and to represent their interests in industrial matters.
- b) The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch assists the National Council and the National Executive of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia ("the Guild") in carrying out the overall policy and objectives of the Guild.
- c) Included in the Annual Report are the various reports compiled by The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch's President and Director outlining the activities for the year. There were no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year under review.

2. Significant financial changes:

As a result of Covid 19 PGAWA has had to cancel its August 2020 annual Pharmacy Forum. PGAWA in collaboration with WADoH negotiated funding to maintain and support the continuance of critical community pharmacy services. Part of the funds where disbursed in June 2020 with the balance disbursed in July 2020. As a Not for Profit PGAWA also received a Government Cashflow Boost Grant.

Other than the above there have been no significant changes in The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch's financial affairs during the period to which this report relates.

3. Operating Results

The deficit for the year amounted to \$179,836 (2019: \$238,633 (surplus))

4. Members Advice:

- a) Under Section 174 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, a member may resign from a membership by written notice addressed and delivered to the Branch Director (Rule 36 of the Constitution);
- b) The register of members of the organisation was maintained in accordance with the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009;
- c) Section 272 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 outlines members and the General Manager of FWC's rights to certain prescribed information.

5. Prescribed and other Information:

- a) As at 30 June 2020 to which this report relates the number of financial members of the organisation was 529 including Honorary Life Members;
- b) As at 30 June 2020 the total number of employees employed by the reporting entity was 14.
- c) The persons who have been members of the committee of management of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch during the reporting period are:

Branch Executive

Andrew Ngeow President

National Councillor

Natalie Willis Senior Vice President

National Councillor

Anthony Masi Vice President (Finance)

Alternative National Councillor

Cont..

OPERATING REPORT CONTINUED

Branch Executive cont...

Donna Pearson

Vice President (from 16/08/2019)

Alterative National Councillor (from 16/08/2019)

Branch Committee

Greg Da Rui

Great Southern Country

Paul Rees

North Coast Metro

Paul Jardine

South Eastern Metro

Andrew Ngeow

Eastern Country

Anthony Masi

Northern Country District

Ernie Pirone

Northern Metro

David Manuel

Perth City

Tom Golovoda Adrian Staltari

South Coastal From Eastern Metropolitan

Natalie Willis Donna Pearson South Perth Metro West Coast Metro

Linda Keane Barbara Kirk

South West Country Fremantle Melville

Nicholas Partridge

North Eastern Metro

No officer or member of the reporting unit holds a position as a trustee or director of a superannuation entity or exempt public sector superannuation scheme where the criterion for holding such position is that they are an officer or member of an organisation.

6. Insurance of Officers:

During the financial year, The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch paid insurance to cover all officers of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch. The officers of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch covered by the insurance policy include all the committees of management. Other officers covered by the contract are the management of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch. The liabilities insured include costs and expenses that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch

ANDREW NGEOW

andrew Moron

Date: 18 August 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	NOTE	2020	2019 \$
	NOIL	Ψ	Ψ
Revenue	2	4,643,075	3,054,800
Employee benefits expense	21	(1,584,686)	(1,356,512)
National council dues		(526,983)	(500,359)
Other member services		(81,960)	(52,030)
Pharmacy forum costs		(209,239)	(193,891)
Depreciation and amortisation expense		(59,544)	(52,503)
Capitation Fees – Immunisation Course		(4,485)	(4,863)
Advertising Fees		(28,695)	(3,278)
Affiliation Fees			=10
Expenses incurred in holding meetings		(16,782)	(12,024)
Grants and donations	24	(1,694,668)	(50,627)
Finance costs		-	; - 2)
Legal costs - litigation		September 1997	(#S)
Legal costs - other		(34,855)	(138,919)
Audit fees		(22,500)	(22,250)
Net loss from sale of assets		=	=:
Compulsory levies paid		<u> </u>	=
Consideration to employers for payroll			
deductions		-	
Penalties imposed under to RO Act		<u> </u>	5
Write down and impairment of assets		-	
Other expenses		(558,514)	(428,911)
Surplus (deficit) for the year		(179,836)	238,633
n rener en e ntre mart 21 3 Gentlemanne (e n tot her en plane en de e Total 20			
Other comprehensive Income		=	T.
Total comprehensive income for the year		(179,836)	238,633

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

11011	NOTE	2020	2019
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	5,210,591	5,591,887
Trade and other receivables	5	21,819	237,576
Managed investments – at market value		1,992,026	968,664
Inventories	6	24.425	4 < 7 + 10 7
Other current assets	7	26,637	165,485
Total Current Assets		7,251,073	6,963,612
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	5	::=	018
Property, plant and equipment	8	2,840,852	2,767,480
Total Non Current Assets		2,840,852	2,767,480
TOTAL ASSETS		10,091,925	9,731,092
CURRENT LIABILITIES			÷
Trade and other payables	9	1,798,034	1,299,845
Short term provisions	10	303,288	266,817
Total Current Liabilities		2,101,322	1,566,662
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term provisions	10	11,036	5,027
Trade and other payables	9	-	
Total Non Current Liabilities	40	11,036	5,027
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,112,358	1,571,689
NET ASSETS		7,979,567	8,159,403
EQUITY			-
Reserves		2,447,500	2,447,500
Retained earnings		5,532,067	5,711,903
TOTAL EQUITY		7,979,567	8,159,403

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Retained Earnings General	Retained Earnings Special Projects \$	Capital Equipment Replacement Reserve \$	Capital Building Reserve \$	Asset Revaluation Reserve \$	Total \$
Balance at 30 June 2018	1,984,902	3,488,368	154,348	516,297	1,776,855	7,920,770
Profit for the year Transfer from general	238,633	0 5 1	-	-	-	238,633
funds Transfer to general		(S E)	(= 0)	₩.	-	: * :
funds Revaluation	8 - 4 8 - 3	-			; -	-
Balance at 30 June 2019	2,223,535	3,488,368	154,348	516,297	1,776,855	8,159,403
Profit for the year Transfer from general	(179,836)	S E .		-	=	(179,836)
funds Transfer to general	-	3 ≘ 5	æα	=	=	*
funds	-	:•	= (0	-	-	
Revaluation			;			
Balance at 30 June 2020	2,043,699	3.488,368	154.348	516,297	1,776,855	7,979,567
			1			

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	NOTE	2020 \$	2019 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from members and grants Payments to suppliers, employees and members Interest received		5,010,719 (4,083,850) 69,954	2,846,591 (3,031,036) 148,504
Net cash provided by operating activities	16	996,823	(35,941)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment Purchase of property, plant & equipment Purchase of investments		(132,916) (1,245,203)	10,274 (51,400) (919,783)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(1,378,119)	(960,909)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		(381,296)	(996,850)
Cash at beginning of the year		5,591,887	6,588,737
Cash at end of year	4	5,210,591	5,591,887

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The financial report covers The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Western Australian Branch as an individual entity. The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Western Australian Branch is an organisation registered under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 and is a not for profit entity for purposes of preparing the financial statements. The nature of the operations and the principal activities of the Branch are described in the Operating Report.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below. They have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

a. Income Tax

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Western Australia Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50-15 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

b. Inventories

Inventories consist of stock of unsold product, measured at the lower of cost or net realisable value. The cost of inventories includes all direct costs of acquisition. Costs are assigned on the basis of weighted average cost.

c. Property, Plant & Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the committee to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets' employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

c. Property, Plant & Equipment (Cont)

The depreciable amount of plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives to the Organisation commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Office equipment	15%
Office furniture	10%
Motor vehicles	15%
Computer equipment	33.33%
Structural improvements	2.5%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance date.

The asset's carrying value is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the income statement. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

d. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the organisation becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial Assets

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the association's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the association initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

d. Financial Instruments (continued)

Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid for goods or services received. Trade payables are settled on terms aligned with the normal commercial terms in the Organisation's operation. They are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Non-derivative financial assets

Loans and receivables are fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets.

After initial recognition these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Any change in their value is recognised in profit or loss.

The organisation's trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

Impairment

For trade receivables the Organisation applies the simplified approach permitted by AASB 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual right to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

e. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Organisation reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the assets carrying value. Any excess of the assets carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Organisation estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

f. Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Organisation's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

g. Training Administration Fee

The training administration fee liability represents the amount refundable to employer members for the training administration fee originally charged to employer members.

h. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

i. Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. Any consideration deferred is treated as the provision of finance and is discounted at a rate of interest that is generally accepted in the market for similar arrangements. The difference between the amount initially recognised and the amount ultimately received is interest revenue.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point of delivery as this corresponds to the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and the cessation of all involvement in those goods.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which, for floating rate financial assets, is the rate inherent in the instrument. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Revenue from the provision of membership subscriptions is recognised on a straight-line basis over the financial year.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

j. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Where applicable, receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the cash flow statement on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

k. Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The Committee of Management evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data obtained both externally and from within the Organisation;

Key Estimates

(i) Impairment - general

The Organisation assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the group that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

(ii) Land and Buildings

Land and Buildings are carried at fair value, based on valuations obtained from an independent licenced valuer approximately every three years. Valuations are based on fair value which is a market-based measure.

1. Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

In the current year, the organisation has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (the AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current annual reporting period. The organisation had to change its accounting policies as a result of adopting the following standard:

AASB 16 replaced the current AASB 17 lease standard. AASB 16 removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases, effectively treating all leases as finance leases. Most leases will be capitalised on the balance sheet by recognizing a "right-of-use" asset and a lease liability for the present value obligation. This will result in an increase in the recognised assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position as well as a change in expense recognition, with interest and depreciation replacing operating lease expense.

Lessor accounting remains similar to current practice, i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance and operating leases.

The standard became mandatory for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The change in standard has had no impact to the organisation as the organisation does hold any leases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
2. REVENUE		
Operating Activities		
Operating Activities Manyhamkin Subscriptions	1 201 220	1 255 200
Membership Subscriptions	1,291,330	1,255,308
Other membership services	132,473	124,044
Program income	452,692	445,191
Commission income	275	294
Pharmacy industry training income	289,291	257,682
Pharmacy forum	402,859	379,791
WA Industrial & Management Service Fee	200,426	201,083
Re-imbursements of Industrial Relation Legal Costs	26,350	170,756
Rental income	-	90=0
Interest received	69,536	148,504
Other income	103,017	984
Net gain from sale of assets	% ₩	4,282
Capitation fees received	<u> </u>	:: * ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Compulsory levies raised	2	12
Market value movement in managed investments	(221,841)	48,881
Grant income	1,896,667	18,000
	1,050,007	10,000
	4,643,075	3,054,800
Non-operating Activities		1
non-operating Activities	-	N
Total revenue	4 642 075	2.054.000
Total revenue	4,643,075	3,054,800

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	200	2019
3. AUDITORS REMUNERATION	3	\$
Remuneration of the auditor for:	95, 1211 (2010 2 42)	14.11 (2.51) 4.21 (4.11)
Auditing or reviewing the financial report Other services	17,750 4,750	17,500 4,750
	22,500	22,250
4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank and in hand Short term bank deposits	5,210,591	5,591,887
	:	:
	5,210,591 ======	5,591,887 ======
Reconciliation of cash Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to items in the balance sheet as follows: -		
Cash and cash equivalents - general Cash and cash equivalents - special projects fund Bank overdrafts	5,030,884 179,707	5,470,041 121,846
	5,210,591 ======	5,591,887 ======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	2020	2019 \$
5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	•	Ψ.
CURRENT		
Subscriptions and other receivables Provision for doubtful debts	21,819	237,576
Total current trade and other receivables	21,819 ======	237,576
NON-CURRENT		
Loan to PGWA (Organisation of Employers)	(-)	-

Current trade receivables are non-interest bearing and generally are receivable with 90 days. A provision for impairment is recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade receivable is impaired. No impairment was provided for at 30 June 2020 (2019: Nil).

Credit Risk

The Organisation has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties other than those receivables specifically provided for and mentioned within Note 5. The main source of credit risk to the Organisation is considered to relate to the class of assets described as subscriptions receivable.

The following table details the Organisation's subscriptions receivable exposed to credit risk with aging analysis and impairment provided thereon. Amounts are considered as 'past due' when the debt has not been settled within the terms and conditions agreed between the Organisation and the member or counterparty to the transactions. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining their willingness to pay and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Organisation.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of acceptable credit quality.

	Gross Amount					
2020 Subscriptions	\$	\$	< 30 \$	31 - 60 \$	61 - 90 \$	> 90 \$
and other Receivables	21,819	*	14,873	5,449	808	689
		7	-			72
Total	21,819 ======	-	14,873	5,449 ======	808	689 ======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT)

Credit Risk (Cont)

2019	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Subscriptions and other Receivables	237,576	-	164,844	38,931	28,563	5,238
	()		· ·	0	// ***	
Total	237,576	: -	164,844	38,931	28,563	5,238
	======	=======	======	=======	======	======

The Organisation does not hold any financial assets whose terms have been renegotiated, but which would otherwise be past due or impaired.

Collateral held as security

No collateral is held as security for any of the trade or other receivable balances.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables		2020 \$	2019 \$
Trade and other receivables	Note		
total currenttotal non-current	17 17	21,819	237,576
Total		21,819	237,576

Collateral pledged

No collateral has been pledged for any of the trade and other receivable balances.

6. INVENTORIES

~				-		
	- 1				N. I	
		ю	ю	н.	N	
C	U.			_	u	

Stocks of stationery, packaging and signs

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
7. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Prepayments Accrued income	20,676 5,961	127,381 38,104
	26,637 ======	165,485 ======
8. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT		
Land & buildings Opening independent valuation Revaluation Additions	2,450,000	2,450,000
Closing independent valuation	2,450,000	2,450,000
Office furniture & equipment At cost Accumulated depreciation	1,357,232 (987,769)	
Motor vehicles At cost Accumulated amortisation	369,463 ————————————————————————————————————	288,959 ———————————————————————————————————
	21,389	28,521
Total plant & equipment	390,852	317,480
Total property, plant & equipment	2,840,852	2,767,480

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

8. PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT (CONT)

The Organisation's land & buildings was revalued in June 2017 by independent licenced valuers. Valuations were made on the basis of open market value. The revaluation decrement was debited to an asset revaluation reserve in the equity section of the balance sheet. No deferred tax was provided in relation to the revaluation reserve as The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Western Australia Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50-15 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

Movement in carrying amounts

Movements in carrying amounts for each class of property, plant & equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land & buildings	Office furniture & equipment \$	Motor vehicles \$	Total
Balance at the beginning of year Additions Disposals	2,450,000	288,959 132,915	28,521	2,767,480 132,915
Depreciation & amortisation expense Revaluation	-	(52,411)	(7,132)	(59,543)
Carrying amount at the end of year	2,450,000	369,463	21,389	2,840,852
			2020 \$	2019 \$
9. TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES CURRENT				
Trade payables Legal Costs Payable:			150,384	81,799
LitigationOther legal costs			600	62,576
Training administration fees Income received in advance			3,360 1,249,639	3,360 823,413
Accrued expenses			127,114	132,610
Traineeship fees received in advance			119,149	105,046
Accrued GST & PAYG withholding			147,788	91,041
			1,798,034	1,299,845
			======	======
NON-CURRENT				
			=======	=======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

10.	PROVISIONS	

Long Service Leave 918 Separation and Redundancies - Other -	otal \$ 844 481
Office Holders: Annual Leave 9,718 6, Long Service Leave 918 Separation and Redundancies - Other -	325
Annual Leave 9,718 6, Long Service Leave 918 Separation and Redundancies - Other -	
Subtotal – Office Holders 10,636 6,	,064 464 - -
	528
Employees other than Office Holders: 87,689 69, Annual Leave 176,336 157, Separation and Redundancies - 39,663 38,3 Other 39,663 38,3	(-)
Subtotal – Other employees 303,688 265,	,316
Total Employee Provisions 314,324 271,	
Current 303,288 266,8 Non-current 11,036 5,0	817 027
Total Provisions 314,324 271,8	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

10. PROVISIONS (CONT)

Provision for long term employee benefits

A provision has been recognised for employee entitlements relating to long service leave. In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based on historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria relating to employee benefits has been included in Note 1 to this report.

11. RESERVES

General Reserves

The capital equipment replacement reserve and the capital building reserve record funds set aside for future expansion of the association.

Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records revaluations of land and buildings.

12. CAPITAL & LEASING COMMITMENTS

Payable – minimum lease payments	2019	2019
	\$	\$
- not later than 12 months	55 7 1	2 1 3
- between 12 months & 5 years	-	ST=1
- greater than 5 years	V/ <u>42</u> 1	12
	-	
	=======	=======
	2019	2019
	\$	\$
13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS		. ;
Estimates of the potential effect of contingent		
liabilities and assets that may become payable or receivable:	-	-
	========	=======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

14. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

On the 11th March 2020, the World Health Organisation declared the Coronavirus or COVID 19 a pandemic. COVID 19 is a health risk that has global consequences which has significantly affected the world economy. The strategies adopted by governments in dealing with the virus at an international, domestic and local level are changing daily and re-assessments by governments and world leaders is ongoing. Various industries have and will continue to be impacted more than others for some time to come.

With respect to the financial reporting period ended 30 June 2020 the financial statements have been prepared based upon conditions existing as at that date. There is a consensus that the effects of the COVID 19 outbreak are the result of an event that arose during the reporting period, although its effects have continued to evolve subsequent to year end.

The COVID 19 pandemic has created unprecedented uncertainty in terms of the overall economic environment such that economic events and conditions in future may be materially different from those experienced by the organisation as at the date of this report. At this time, it is not possible for the organisation to estimate the future effects of COVID 19 on its operations as any impact will depend on the magnitude and duration of any economic downturn, with the full range of possible effects unknown.

As a result of Covid 19 PGAWA has had to cancel its August 2020 annual Pharmacy Forum. PGAWA in collaboration with WADoH negotiated funding to maintain and support the continuance of critical community pharmacy services. Part of the funds where disbursed in June 2020 with the balance disbursed in July 2020. As a Not for Profit PGAWA will receive a further Government Cashflow Boost Grant.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the organisation, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the organisation in future financial years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

During the year the organisation received funding from as well as paid a percentage of membership subscriptions to The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, National Secretariat. Details of these transactions are noted below. Transactions with the other Pharmacy Guild state branches are also noted below.

During the year the organisation provided grant funding to the Pharmacy Guild of WA (Organisation of Employers) to the value of \$2,090 this organisation is a related party by virtue of having common officers.

Funds Paid to Related Parties 2020	2020 \$	2019 \$
	Ψ	Ψ.
Total Paid to National Secretariat	526,002	527 270
2019/2020 Subscriptions to National Secretariat.	526,983	537,378
Re-imbursement - Telephone	8,547	9,040
Software & Software Development Re-imbursement	21,374	20,027
Training Qualification Development Cost	-	7.5. 22.7223-22
Student Capitations & CPD Accreditation Costs	4,485	5,349
Travel expense re-imbursement	8 =	(E
Sundry Expenditure	2,836	3,528
	564,225	575,323
Tetal Beld to Bloom on Cally of Anna Proof B		
Total Paid to Pharmacy Guild of Australia QLD CPD Accreditation costs	450	450
Sundry Travel Re-imbursements	430	930
January 114 of 116 information	450	1,380
		1,500
Total Paid to Pharmacy Guild of Australia VIC		
Software Development Re-imbursements		1,001
		1,001
Total Baid to Bharman Crild of Arraturille CA		
Total Paid to Pharmacy Guild of Australia SA		400
Sundry Re-imbursements	-	138
	.=	138
Total Paid to Pharmacy Guild of Western Australia		
Grant funding	1,900	24,186
	1,900	24,186

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT)

Funds Received from Related Parties 2020		
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Total Received from National Secretariat		500.010
Programme Funding	506,211	539,210
Re-imbursement of travel associated costs to attend meetings	2,223	6,798
Re-imbursements of Industrial Relation Legal Costs	26,350	170,756
Sundry Re-imbursement	5,225	6,648
Sponsorship	17.25	1,250
Training Monies collected on behalf of PGAWA Training	88,770	: <u>*</u>
	628,779	724,662
Total Received from Pharmacy Guild of Australia NSW	205	242
Commissions	395	242
	242	242
Total Received from Pharmacy Guild of Australia QLD		
Training income		429
Sundry Re-imbursements	1,565	2,642
matid matid na 🕶 Cita Non Attimusta di Propositat Amatida ai Sastri	1,565	3,071
Total Received from Pharmacy Guild of Australia VIC		
Sundry Re-imbursements	93	362
	93	362
Total Received from Pharmacy Guild of Australia SA		
Sundry Re-imbursements	93	362
	93	362
Total Received from Pharmacy Guild of Australia TAS		
Sundry Re-imbursements	93	362
	93	362
Total Dessived from Dharmany Cyild of Australia ACT		
Total Received from Pharmacy Guild of Australia ACT Sundry Re-imbursements	93	362
Sundry Re-infoursements	93	362
	,,,	202
Total Received from Pharmacy Guild of Australia NT		
Sundry Re-imbursements	93	362
	93	362
Dalama Dania II (Danii II AXV. 72.3		
Balances Receivable/Payable at Year End	74 Page 8	70.005
Receivable from National Secretariat	4,020	70,995
Payable to National Secretariat	33,244	2,277
Receivable from PGA NSW	60	81

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

16. CASHFLOW INFORMATION

Describing of each flow from encertions	2020 \$	2019 \$
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit from ordinary activities:		
Net Profit/(loss)	(179,836)	238,633
Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities		
Non-cash flows in profit	50.544	50.500
- Depreciation and amortisation		52,503
 Net gain on Disposal of Property Plant and Equipment Revaluation of investments 	221,841	(4,282) (48,881)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
- (Increase)/decrease in trade and term debtors	215,757	
- (Increase)/decrease in prepayments		(5,963)
- (Increase)/decrease in accrued income	32,143	38,454
- (Increase)/decrease in inventories	-	(105 110)
- Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		(127,113)
- Increase/(decrease) in employee provisions	42,481	
- Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	-	(189,110)
- Increase/(decrease) in accrued GST	56,746	20,204
Cash flow from operations	996,823	(35,941)
	======	======

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial risk management policies

The Organisation's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short term instruments, accounts receivable and payable.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT)

	Note	2020 \$	2019 \$
Financial Assets			V-10-
Cash and cash equivalents	4	5,210,591	5,591,887
Trade and other receivables	5	21,819	237,576
Managed Investments		1,992,026	968,664
Other current assets	7	26,637	165,485
		7,251,073	6,963,612
Financial Liabilities			
Trade & sundry payables	9	150,984	144,375
		150,984	144,375
		-	

Financial Risk Management Policies

The organisation's management is responsible for, among other issues, monitoring and managing financial risk exposures. The organisation's management monitors the transactions and reviews the effectiveness of controls relating to credit risk, financial risk and interest rate risk. The overall risk management strategy seeks to ensure that the organisation meets its financial targets, whilst minimising potential cash flow shortfalls.

Specific Financial Risk Exposure and Management

The main risks the organisation is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and equity price risk.

a. Interest rate risk

The Organisation is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk since cash balances are maintained at variable rates and borrowings of the organisation are not considered significant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT)

Specific Financial Risk Exposure and Management (Cont)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Organisation might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations related to financial liabilities. The Organisation manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward-looking cash flow analysis in relation to its operational, investing and financing activities;
- · only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- · proactively monitoring the recovery of unpaid subscriptions.

The table below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for financial liabilities. Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectations as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed.

Financial liability and financial assets maturity analysis

	Within	1 year	1 to 5 years		years Over 5 years		Total	
	2020 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2019 \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
Financial liabilities			(\$0)		W.	70	37"	***
Trade & sundry payables	150,984	144,375	-	(70)	175	-	150,984	144,375
	s 8			X		-	-	
Total financial liabilities	150,984	144,375	-	2-1	(-	_	150,984	144,375
	======	======	=====	=====	=====	=====	======	====
Financial assets								
Cash & cash equivalents	5,210,591	5,591,887	<u>a</u>	-	-	8	5,210,591	5,591,887
Managed Investments	1,992,026	968,664	-	•	(B)	-	21,819	968,664
Trade & other receivables	21,819	237,576	_	-	-	<u> </u>	1,992,026	237,576
Other current assets	26,637	165,485		-		Ħ	26,637	165,485
	s 8	:	:	()		2	**	:
Total financial assets	7,251,073	6,963,612	_	(= 1)	6 = 0	_	7,251,073	6,963,612
	======	======	=====	=====	=====	=====	======	=====

Financial assets pledged as collateral

No financial assets have been pledged as security for any financial liability. Refer to Note 5 for further details.

Foreign exchange risk
 The Organisation is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT)

Specific Financial Risk Exposure and Management (Cont)

d. Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss to the Organisation.

Credit risk is managed through maintaining procedures ensuring, to the extent possible, that members and counterparties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness. All subscriptions receivable are past due. Risk is also minimised through investing surplus funds in financial institutions that maintain a high credit rating or in entities that the committee has otherwise cleared as being financially sound.

Credit risk exposure

The maximum exposure to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at balance date is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of any provisions) as presented in the balance sheet.

There is no collateral held by the Organisation securing trade or other receivables.

The Organisation has no significant concentration of credit risk with any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

e. Price risk

The Organisation is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

Net Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the balance sheet. Fair values are those amounts at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Areas of judgement and the assumptions used have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair value is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont)

Net Fair Values (Cont)

		2020		2019	
	Footnote	Net Carrying Value	Net Fair Value	Net Carrying Value	Net Fair Value
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets					
Cash & cash equivalents	(i)	5,210,591	5,210,591	5,591,887	5,591,887
Managed Investments	(i)	1,992,026	1,992,026	968,664	968,664
Trade & other receivables	(i)	21,819	21,819	237,576	237,576
Other current assets	(i)	26,637	26,637	165,485	165,485
		No.			Yr
Total financial assets		7,251,073	7,251,073	6,963,612	6,963,612
		======			======
Financial liabilities					
Trade & sundry payables	(i)	150,984	150,984	144,375	144,375
		***			(3
Total financial liabilities		150,984	150,984	144,375	144,375
		======	======	======	======

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, other current assets and trade and other payables are short term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value.

18. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value Estimation

The Organisation measures and recognises Land & Buildings and Managed Investments at fair value on a recurring basis after initial recognition. The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their carrying values

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13 required the disclosure of fair value information by way of a fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1: Measurement based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets of liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

18 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONT)

Level 2: Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The value of the Organisations Land & Buildings is based on level 2 hierarchy using valuations performed by independent licenced valuers. The Valuer adopted a market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties: income approach using discounted cashflow methodology. Significant inputs used were price per square metre and market capitalisation rates. The value of the Managed Investments is based on level 1 hierarchy, using quoted prices in active markets.

19. ORGANISATION DETAILS

The registered office and principle place of business of the Organisation is:

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia WA Branch 1322 Hay Street West Perth WA 6005

20. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Organisation operates predominately in one business and geographical segment, being the community pharmacy sector, providing industrial representative services to members of the Organisation in Western Australia.

21. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Breakdown of benefits to officers and employees as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	\$	\$
Officers		
Relievers Fees	59,310	36,400
Wages (inc annual leave taken)	107,113	120,344
Superannuation	10,051	11,922
Annual leave accrued	9,718	5,562
LSL	918	464
Separation/Redundancies	20	7 <u>-</u>
Employees (Other than officers)		
Wages (inc annual leave taken)	1,246,541	1,071,119
Superannuation	120,478	102,719
Annual leave accrued	11,974	(12,697)
LSL	18,583	20,679
Separation/Redundancies)3 # 3
Motor Vehicle FBT		10
Total	1,584,686_	1,356,512

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

22. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL REMUNERATION

Key Management Personnel comprise the Branch Executive and Branch Committee (see page 2 and 3) and the Branch Director.

5) und		
	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	,,,,,	1.5840
Salary (inc annual leave taken)	333,555	334,824
Annual Leave accrued	(871)	2,594
Performance bonus	-	1,932
Relievers fees	59,310	36,400
Total short-term employee benefits	391,994	373,818
Post employment benefits		
Superannuation	31,563	33,118
Total post-employment benefits	31,563	33,118
Other long-term benefits	6,790	6,945
Termination benefits		7
Total	430,347	413,881
	======	=======

23. GRANTS AND DONATIONS OVER \$1000

GRANTS OVER \$1000

Name of Recipient of Grant	Address	Amount	Purpose of Grant

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 20

23. GRANTS AND DONATIONS OVER \$1000 (Cont)

DONATIONS OVER \$1000

Name of Recipient	Address of recipient of Donation	Amount	Purpose of Donation

24. GRANTS & DONATIONS

2020	2019
	2.5
1,662,809	24,186
1,586	2,168
30,273	24,273
1,694,668	50,627
	1,662,809 1,586 30,273

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

25. FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009 – SECTION 272 (5) NOTICE

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commissioner:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the General Manager, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

26 OTHER MATTERS

None of the activities set out in items 10, 11 and 12 of the Reporting Guidelines occurred during the year ended 30 June 2020.

In addition, there are no liabilities in respect of the current or prior periods to employers as consideration for the employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions.

27 FINANCIAL SUPPORT PROVIDED TO THE PGWA (Organisation of Employers)

The Pharmacy Guild of Australia WA branch has resolved to provide financial support to the Pharmacy Guild of WA (Organisation of Employers) until 31 August 2021 to enable PGWA to continue operating as a going concern.

STATEMENT BY THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE

In the opinion of the committee the financial report as set out on pages 4 to 32;

- Presents a true and fair view of the financial position of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western
 Australian Branch as at 30 June 2020 and its performance for the year ended on that date in
 accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, mandatory professional reporting requirements
 and other authoritive pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.
- 2. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that The Pharmacy Guild of Australia Western Australian Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

This statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee by:

ANDREW NGEOW

President

NATALIE WILLIS Senior Vice President

Dated this 18th day of August 2020

Andrew Moron



Moore Australia Audit (WA)

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AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PHARMACY GUILD OF AUSTRALIA, WESTERN AUSTRALIA BRANCH

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Western Australia Branch (the "Organisation", "Reporting Unit"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2020, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, the Committee of Management Statement (refer page 1), the Subsection 255 (2A) Report (refer page 39), the Statement by the Members of the Committee (refer page 33) and the officers declaration statement (refer page 40).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of The Pharmacy Guild of Australia, Western Australia Branch as at 30 June 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Reporting Unit is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of my report. We are independent of the Reporting Unit in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the



AUDIT REPORT (CONTINUED)

work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Reporting Unit is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Reporting Unit's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Reporting Unit or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the reporting unit's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee of management.



AUDIT REPORT (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the committee of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the reporting unit's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the reporting unit to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the reporting unit to express an opinion on the financial report. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the reporting unit audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

We communicate with the committee of management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during my audit.

I declare that I am an auditor registered under the RO Act.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of section 257(7) of the RO Act, I am required to describe any deficiency, failure or shortcoming in respect of the matters referred to in section 252 and 257(2) of the RO Act. My opinion on the financial report is not modified in respect of these matters.

MOORE AUSTRALIA AUDIT (WA)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Moore Australia

PERTH

NEIL PACE PARTNER

Neil Pace

REGISTERED AUDITOR #AA2017/14
AND APPROVED AUDITOR FCA AND HOLDER
OF A CURRENT PUBLIC PRACTICE CERTIFICATE

Signed at Perth this 19th day of August 2020.

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 GENERAL FUND

	2020 \$	2019 \$
REVENUE		
Commission Members Services Membership Subscriptions Pharmacy Industry Training Program Income Grant Income Sundry Income	275 132,473 1,291,330 289,291 452,692 1,896,667 103,018	294 142,044 1,255,308 257,682 445,191 - 5,265
TOTAL REVENUE	4,165,746	2,105,784
EXPENDITURE	8	
Auditing Fees Bank Fees Branch Committee Expenses Depreciation - Office Equipment	22,500 6,833 76,092 37,255 7,132 13,533 52,469 29,384 81,960 526,983 82,427 6,273 24,187 29,795 1,454,157 1,775,456	22,250 6,908 52,062 26,563 8,812 15,811 51,865 27,301 52,030 500,359 63,286 26,441 8,237 25,395 9,533 1,241,871
Sundry Expenses Superannuation Telephone and Facsimile Training Division Expenses	78,309 130,529 20,001 6,571	56,040 114,641 18,086 16,574
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	4,461,846	2,344,065
Profit/(Loss) from General Fund for the year	(296,100)	(238,281)

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 SPECIAL PROJECT FUND

	2020 \$	2019 \$
REVENUE		
Rent and Variable Outgoings Received	_	<u>=</u>
WA Industrial & Management Service Fee	200,426	201,083
Re-imbursements of Industrial Relation Legal Costs	26,350	170,756
Interest received	69,536	148,504
Pharmacy forum	402,859	379,791
Market value movement in managed investments	(221,841)	48,881
TOTAL REVENUE	477,330	949,015
EXPENDITURE	8	
Cleaning Services & Supplies	30,267	31,987
Depreciation	12,918	17,128
Industrial Costs	24,597	135,968
Legal Cover Expenses	3,958	2,951
Rates & Taxes	37,037	36,937
Donations	31,859	75 #
Sundry Expenses	11,190	53,239
Pharmacy forum	209,239	193,891
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	361,065	472,101
Profit from Special Projects Fund for the year	116,264	476,914

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A)

andrew Upron

for the year ended 30 June 2020

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) on the Reporting Unit for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Categories of expenditures	2020 \$	2019 \$	
Remuneration and other employment-related costs and expenses - employees	1,584,686	1,356,512	
Advertising	28,695	3,278	
Other operating costs	3,144,402	1,293,185	
Donations to political parties	30,273	24,273	
Legal costs	34,855	138,919	

ANDREW NGEOW

President

Officer declaration statement

I, Andrew Ngeow, being the President of the Pharmacy Guild of Australia WA Branch, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2020.

The reporting unit did not:

- · agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- · receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- incur fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- · have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Signed by the officer: .	a	ndre	~ Up	now	
	,		0		
Dated:	18/	8/:	2020		